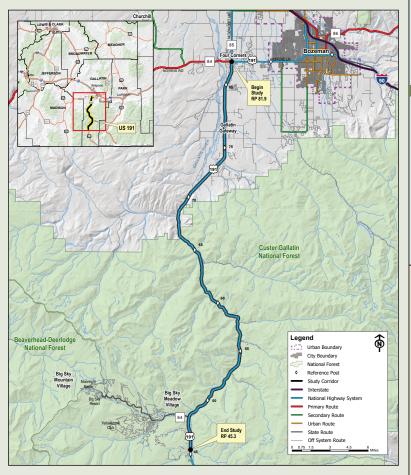


#### STUDY AREA



#### US 191 provides access to:

- · Unincorporated communities:
- Four Corners
- Gallatin Gateway
- Big Sky
- · Private residences
- Agricultural lands
- · Commercial operations
- National Forest lands
- Yellowstone National Park

- · Recreational opportunities: Hiking
- Camping
- Rock climbing
- Rafting
- Fishing
- Hunting
- Skiing
- Snowmobiling









#### **PAST PLANNING**

#### **Gallatin Canyon Safety Improvements**

- Phase 1 completed in 1998
- Phase 2 completed in 2014
- Phase 3 under review and not yet advanced



Four Corners Community Plan Strategies to support transportation system · Pedestrian and bicycle facilities

Mitigating traffic speeds

Improving traffic flows
 Parking opportunities

#### **Gallatin County Park and Trails** Comprehensive Plan

- Recommendations include:
- · Shared use path Gallatin Gateway to Four
- · Pedestrian accommodations at Zachariah Lane Gooch Hill Road, Cottonwood Road, and Little Rear Subdivision

#### **Gallatin Triangle Planning Study**

 Area between Bozeman, Belgrade, and Four Corners
 Efforts are currently underway to develop a Community Plan for the area



## Big Sky Transportation Study

 MT 64 corridor between US 191 and Big Sky Includes analysis of US 191/MT 64 intersect · Improvements pending awarded \$10.3 M TIGER grant



Separate Travel Management Plan

**Custer Gallatin National Forest Plan Revision** 

Natural resource management activities for the National Forest

## Gallatin Gateway Community Plan

#### Improvements include

- · Traffic signal at Mill Street
- · Reduced speed zones
- Enhanced signage
- · Expanded nedestrian and hicycle facilities



#### Gallatin Canyon River Access Site Assessment

· Mapped access points to Gallatin River used for recreation

Four Corners MCS Scale Site Traffic Study

Future relocation of the scale site

the interim

· Minor improvements recommended in

· Over 70 access points are within study area



**Gallatin County Growth Policy** 

Efforts currently underway to update

· Supported by several other planning

documents

#### Big Sky Trails Master Plan

study corridor

- · Plan for interconnected
- trail system Three trail connections recommended near the

#### POPULATION AND ECONOMIC TRENDS

#### Mode of Transportation to Work (Gallatin County)



100,000

90,000

70 000

60,000

40 000

30,000

20 000

10,000

1980

1990

2000

2010

g 50,000







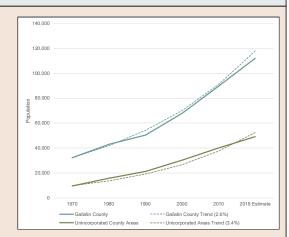
Gallatin County Total Full/Part-Time Employment











## Employment by Industry (Gallatin County)



Agricultural Services and Forestry 0.7%



Mining & Construction 11.1%



Transportation & Public Utilities 2.4%



2017

Manufacturing 5.1%









42.4%



Government & Military 12.6%

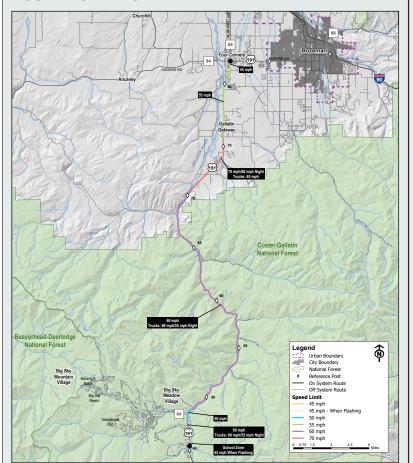




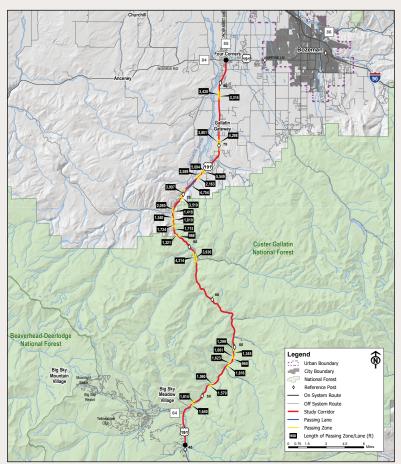




## **POSTED SPEEDS**



#### **PASSING ZONES**



# MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS



- Level I Winter Maintenance
  - Four Corners to mouth of Gallatin Canyon
  - Eligible for 24 hour coverage during winter storm
- Level II Winter Maintenance
  - · Gallatin Canyon through end of study area
  - Eligible for 17-hour coverage (5 AM to 10 PM)
- MCS Scale Site (RP 81.8)
- 3 VMS Boards (RP 72.1, 55.1, and 48.2)



- Limited Cell Coverage through Canyon
  - 3 Emergency Call Boxes (RP 61, 56, and 55)
- Emergency Services Gallatin County Emergency Management
  - Gallatin Gateway Rural Fire District
  - · Big Sky Fire Department
  - West Gallatin National Forest Fire Management Zone

## **ACCESS POINTS**

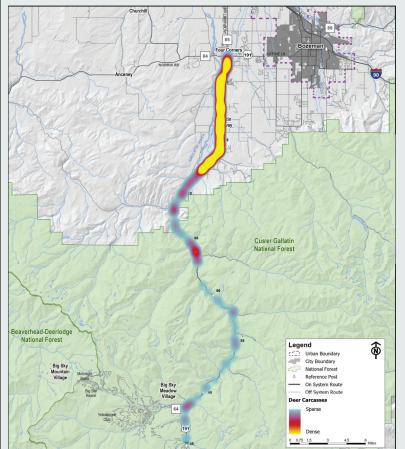
	Begin	End	Length	Access Points					Density	Skewed
Segment	RP	RP	(mi)		Private	Farm	Rec	Turnout	(per mi)	
Four Corners to Gallatin Gateway	81.9	76.3	5.6	28	57	16			18.04	0
Gallatin Gateway to Gallatin South Road	76.3	70.4	5.9	13	17	26	1		9.66	2
Gateway South Road to Squaw Creek Bridge	70.4	65.2	5.2	5	16	5	7		6.35	3
Squaw Creek Bridge to Cascade Creek Road	65.2	61.4	3.8	8	38	1	5	6	15.26	2
Cascade Creek Road to Moose Creek Road	61.4	56.2	5.2	3	3	1	7	9	4.42	2
Moose Creek Road to Deer Creek	56.2	51.5	4.7	4	20	-	11	6	8.72	2
Deer Creek to MT 64	51.5	47.9	3.6	4	20		9		9.17	1
MT 64 to Beaver Creek Road	47.9	45.3	2.6	14	25		1		15.38	0
Total			36.6	79	196	49	40	22	10.55	12



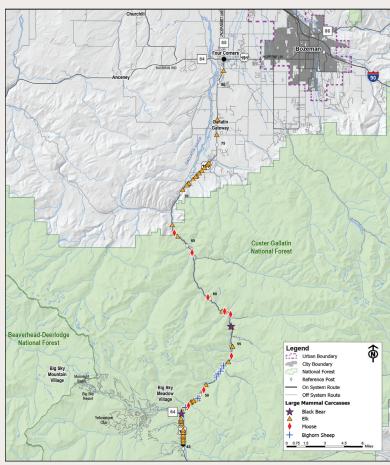
- Access control plan on US 191 from Four Corners to Gateway South Road
- Turnouts used for river access and other recreational purposes



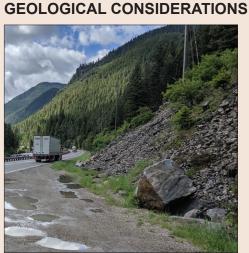
#### **DEER CARCASSES**



## LARGE MAMMAL CARCASSES



## MAN ANT MAN AN



- Moderately seismic area six mapped faults
- Known landslide at Karst's Camp (RP 54.5)
- Steep cut slopes within Gallatin Canyon
- Mechanically stabilized earth walls used to reduce roadway footprint and impacts to sensitive areas
- Numerous locations with rockfall slope conditions rated as "poor"
- No physical barriers (nets, rockfall retention structures/ fences, etc.) are currently used

#### **BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES**



- 6 bird species protected under BCC, MBTA, or BGEPA known in study area
- 3 mammals, 1 plant proposed or listed on Endangered Species Act found in/near study area
- Several noxious weeds found in study area - concern about infestation or expansion
- Gallatin Range provides quality habitat and connectivity for wildlife
- Habitats being converted to commercial/residential uses

#### **WATER FEATURES**



- 21 major stream/river crossings along US 191 study corridor
- 7 Bridges
- 14 Culverts
- 2 Irrigation Canal/Ditch Bridges
- 9 Total Bridges
  - 2 meet standards for new bridges (Swan Creek, West Fork Gallatin)
  - Others meet standards to remain in place



- · Impaired or threatened waters in study area:
  - Gallatin River
  - South Cottonwood Creek
  - Storm Castle Creek
  - · West Fork Gallatin River
- Gallatin River eligible for Wild and Scenic Rivers designation - monitored within National Forest
- On-going local efforts to designate Gallatin River as an Outstanding Resource Water
- US 191 crosses delineated floodplains and wetlands
- Streams/rivers support a variety of Montana native and game fish



## **TRAFFIC OPERATIONS**

## Four Corners: 2019: C (C) [D] 2040: F (E) [F] F (D) [F] US 191/Mill Street: 2019: D (C) [F] 2040: F (F) [F] **Custer Gallatin National Forest** Legend \_\_: Urban Boundary Beaverhead-Deerlodge City Boundary National Forest National Forest Reference Post On System Route Off System Route Study Corridor 1,234 2018 Existing AADT 1.234 2040 Projected AADT Signalized Intersection Two-way Stop Controlled Intersection US 191/MT 64: 2019: B (B) [C] **Intersection Level of Service** August: AM (Noon) [PM] 2040: E (B) [F] December: AM (Noon) [PM]

## . .

## Freight and Heavy Vehicles

- · MCS scale site in Four Corners
- 2008-2010: US 191 closed to semitrucks during improvement project
- 1994: hazardous material transport prohibited (in YNP)



## Pedestrians and Bicyclists

- Gateway SUP Zachariah Lane to Rabel Lane
- Big Sky Trail SUP MT 64 to Beaver Creek Road
- Bike/Ped activity low in canyon, higher in communities

#### . .

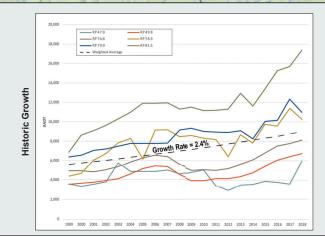
#### Transit

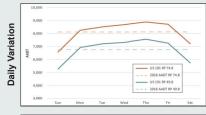
- Transport via airport and Big Sky/ YNP
- Skyline Bus Bozeman to Big Sky, 957,565 rides FY 2019
- West Yellowstone Foundation Bus
   1.273 rides FY 2019

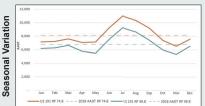


#### Air Service

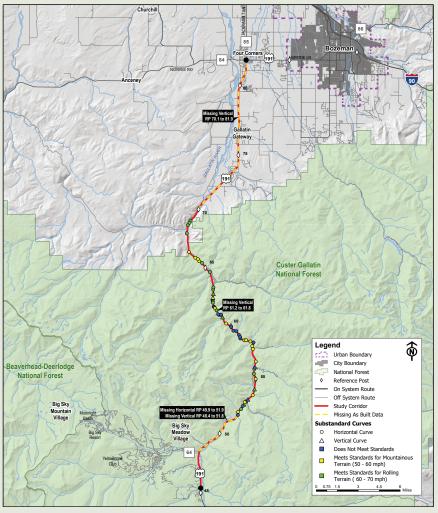
- Bozeman Yellowstone International Airport – several shuttles to surrounding areas
- Briar Creek Airport Gallatin Gateway, private
- Yellowstone Airport May to Oct, West Yellowstone
- Ennis-Big Sky Airport helicopter shuttle/Jack Creek Road to Big Sky







## **GEOMETRICS**





There are several curves along the study corridor with limited sight distance due to steep side slopes.

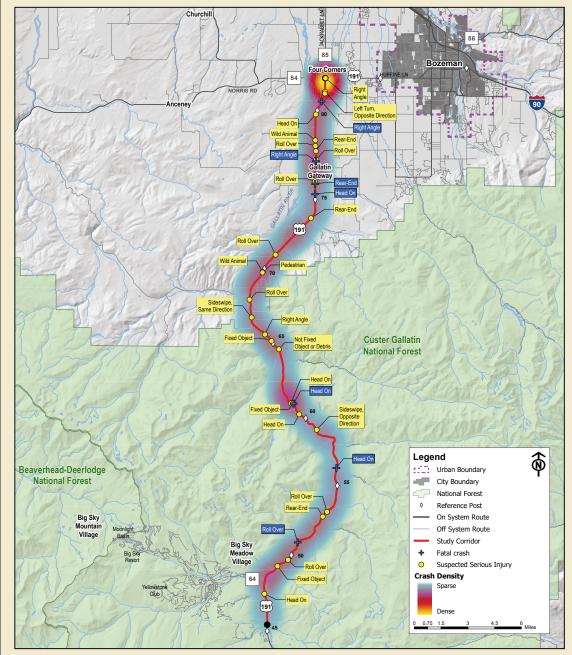


The study corridor has areas with narrow clear zones and limited sight distances particularly within Gallatin Canyon.



## **SAFETY**





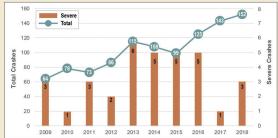














1,077
Total Crashes







32 Suspected Serious Injuries



40% Adverse Road Conditions (Snow, wet, ice, frost)



35% Dark Unlit Lighting Conditions



11% Involved Impaired Driver (56% of Severe Crashes)



## WHAT IS A CORRIDOR STUDY?



A corridor study is conducted before design, right-of-way acquisition, environmental compliance, and construction.

## **GOALS AND PURPOSE**



Identify needs and objectives



Identify potential impacts and constraints



Identify short-, mid-, and long-range improvements



Develop planning-level cost estimates and potential funding sources



Develop information and data to be forwarded into the environmental process if a project moves forward from the study (dependent on available funds)

## STUDY SCHEDULE

