MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION WETLAND MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT

FORT PECK - NORTHEAST MITIGATION SITE VALLEY COUNTY, MONTANA

PROJECT CONSTRUCTED: 2015

MONITORING REPORT #2: DECEMBER 2018



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Montana Department of Transportation Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Report: Year 2018

FORT PECK – NORTHEAST MITIGATION SITE VALLEY COUNTY, MONTANA INITIAL CONSTRUCTION: 2015

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INT	RODUCTION	1
2.0	ME	THODS	4
3.0	RES	SULTS	5
	3.1	HYDROLOGY	5
	3.2	VEGETATION	5
	3.3	SOIL	9
	3.4	WETLAND DELINEATION	9
	3.5	WILDLIFE	9
	3.6	FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT	10
	3.7	PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION	10
	3.8	MAINTENANCE NEEDS	
	3.9	CURRENT CREDIT SUMMARY	11
4.0	REI	FERENCES	15
1- 3-	3LE -1 -1	Wetland Credit Determination for the Fort Peck – Northeast Site Vegetation Species Observed From 2017 Through 2018 at the Fort Peck – Northeast Site	6
3-		Data Summary for T-1 From 2017 Through 2018 at the Fort Peck – Northeast Site	
3-	-3	Wildlife Species Observed From 2017 Through 2018 at the Fort Peck – Northeast Site	10
3-	-4	Functions and Values of the Fort Peck – Northeast Site From 2017 Through 2018	11
3-		Wetland Mitigation Credits Estimated for the Fort Peck – Northeast Site From 2017 Through 2018	12
3-	-6	Summary of Performance Standards and Success Criteria	13
	ST ure	OF FIGURES	PAGE
1-	-1	Project Location of the Fort Peck – Northeast Site	2

LIST OF CHARTS

CHART	Γ	PAGE
3-1	Transect Map Showing Community Types on T-1 From Start (0 Foot) to Finish (343 Feet) at the Fort Peck – Northeast Site From 2017 Through 2018	8
3-2	Length of Habitat Types Within T-1 From 2017 Through 2018 at the Fort Peck – Northeast Site	8
LIST	OF APPENDICES	
APPEN	IDIX A. PROJECT AREA MAPS	A-1
APPEN	NDIX B. MONITORING FORMS	B-1
APPEN	IDIX C. PROJECT AREA PHOTOGRAPHS	C-1
APPEN	IDIX D. PROJECT PLAN SHEETS	D-1

Cover: View looking west from Photo-Point 3.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Fort Peck – Northeast 2018 Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Report presents the results of the second year of post-construction monitoring at the Fort Peck – Northeast mitigation area after project construction in 2015. This Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) wetland mitigation project is located in Section 22, Township 27 North, Range 41 East, Valley County, Montana. This MDT-owned property is located approximately 5.0 miles north of Fort Peck, Montana, and is adjacent to the Intersection of MT117 and G-C Road as illustrated in Figure 1-1. The site is intended to provide 3.41 acres of compensatory wetland mitigation credits for wetland impacts associated with the Fort Peck – Northeast highway reconstruction project and to serve as a mitigation bank for future transportation projects in Watershed #12 – Lower Missouri River. The US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) permit #NWO-2014-01507-MTB approved the Fort Peck – Northeast project and proposed crediting that was presented in the *Fort Peck –Northeast Wetland Mitigation Plan* [MDT, 2015]. The objectives of this project include establishing (creating) emergent marsh wetlands and a protective 50-foot-wide upland buffer.

This 4.52-acre site was selected based on its geomorphic location below a natural terrace and near several small drainage features that flow towards the site. These drainages supply surface runoff from precipitation events at a frequency and duration during the growing season that will encourage wetland development at the site. Hydrology from these natural drainages has historically been used to irrigate the pasture at this location with excess water drained off to the south and east of the site in adjacent roadside ditch wetlands. The clay soils at this site would allow for water collection at peak times of the year and would reduce natural infiltration below the surface. Wetlands existed in the borrow ditches adjacent to the roadway in this area before construction.

After completing the feasibility evaluation of the site, the probability of creating a self-sustaining aquatic resource at this location was determined to likely be very high. Developing an aquatic resource on this site would require a minimum amount of construction and, over a long-term period, would require minimal maintenance. The favorable soils and the high probability of sufficient hydrology for the site were two of the primary factors in the decision to move forward with mitigation at this location. At the time of this proposed mitigation project, there were no US Army Corps planned or approved private wetland mitigation banks or in-lieu fee programs available within the Watershed # 12 – Lower Missouri River basin.

The project objectives as described in the *Fort Peck – Northeast Wetland Mitigation Plan* [MDT, 2015] include the following:

- 3.13 acres of emergent marsh wetland will be created by excavating down to the preferred ground elevation in the proposed wetland cell.
- 1.39 acres of upland buffer will be developed along the entire perimeter of the wetland.

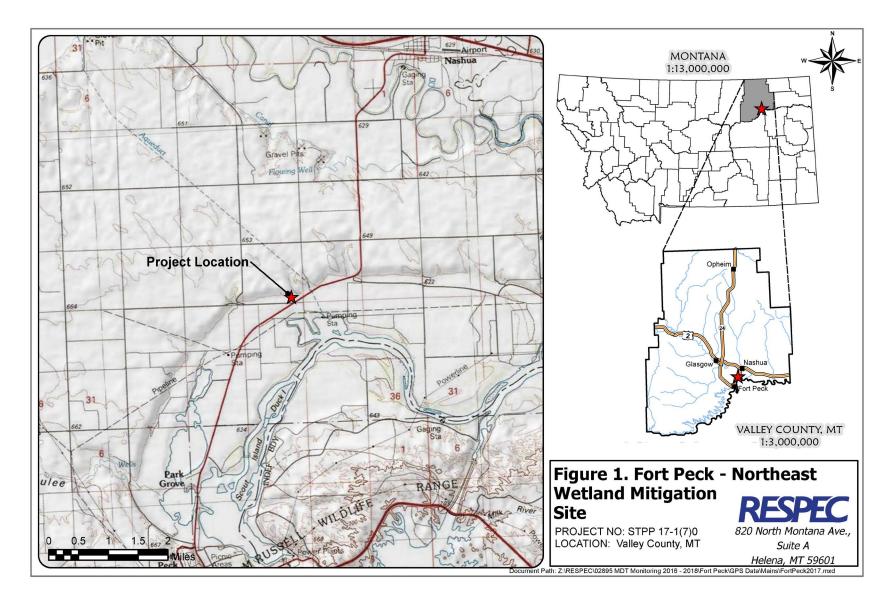


Figure 1-1. Project Location of the Fort Peck – Northeast Site.

Table 1-1 provides a breakdown of the compensatory credits by mitigation type, including a brief description of each credit type, USACE mitigation ratios [USACE, 2005], and anticipated mitigation credits, assuming that the site develops to its full potential. A maximum of 3.41 acres of mitigation credit would be anticipated at the Fort Peck – Northeast site.

Table 1-1. Wetland Credit Determination for the Fort Peck - Northeast Site

Compensatory Mitigation Type	Mitigation Area Description	Proposed Wetland Type ^(a)	Mitigation Surface Area (acres)	USACE Mitigation Ratios ^(b)	Anticipated Mitigation Credit (acres)			
	Base Bid Credits							
Creation (Establishment)	Depressional wetland	Palustrine emergent	3.13	1:1	3.13			
Upland buffer	50-foot-wide perimeter	N/A	1.39	5:1	0.28			
	3.41							

⁽a) Cowardin et al. [1979].

Performance standards for the Fort Peck – Northeast wetland mitigation site are listed below.

- Wetland Characteristics for created wetlands within the project limits will meet the three parameter criteria for hydrology, vegetation, and soils established for determining wetland areas as outlined in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual (1987 Wetland Manual) [Environmental Laboratory, 1987] and the 2010 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Manual: Great Plains Region (Version 2.0) (2010 GP Regional Supplement) [USACE, 2010].
 - a. Wetland Hydrology Success will be achieved where wetland hydrology is present as per the technical guidelines for Wetland Hydrology Indicator procedures established within the 2010 GP Regional Supplement. Soil saturation will be present for at least 12.5 percent of the growing season. Soil saturation will be determined based on primary and secondary hydrology indicators as provided in the GP supplement. The presence of primary indicators observed during fieldwork will be used to make a formal determination as to hydrologic success within the restored wetland.
 - b. Wetland Hydric Soil Success will be achieved where hydric soil conditions are present (per the most recent Natural Resource Conservation Service [NRCS] definitions for hydric soil) or appear to be forming, the soil is sufficiently stable to prevent erosion, and the soil is able to support plant cover. Soil sampling will be conducted during the monitoring period to determine if wetland areas are exhibiting characteristics of hydric soils. Because typical hydric soil indicators may require long periods to form, a lack of distinctive hydric soil features will not be considered a failure if hydrologic and vegetation success is achieved.

⁽b) Ratios used are from Column A of the Montana Regulatory Program Wetland Compensatory Mitigation Ratios April 2005 [USACE, 2005].

- c. Hydrophytic Vegetation Success will be determined by delineating the developing wetlands by using the technical guidelines established in the 1987 Wetland Manual and the 2010 GP Regional Supplement. Hydrophytic vegetation success will be achieved where combined relative areal cover of facultative or wetter species is 80 percent or greater and state-listed noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent cover. The hydrophytic vegetation indicator procedures established in the 2010 GP Regional Supplement will be used to determine dominance. These procedures will be applied during future routine wetland determinations in the created/restored wetlands and results will be documented on the Wetland Determination Data forms (Appendix B). Vegetation communities will be identified according to their strata (i.e., trees, sapling/shrub, herbaceous, and woody vine), and the percent aerial coverage of each plant species within those stratum will be recorded.
- Open-Water Areas are intended to provide seasonal open water during the spring and early summer within the site. Open water will, therefore, be considered successful and creditable as wetland vegetation establishes in the form of either emergent, floating, and/or submerged hydrophytes over the course of the monitoring period.
- 3. Upland Buffer success will be achieved when noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent cover within the buffer area on site. Any area within the creditable buffer area that is disturbed by project construction must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of non-noxious weed species by the end of the monitoring period.
- 4. Functional Assessments will be conducted annually by using the most recent version of the MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method to determine an overall rating of the site. The site will be considered fully functional and creditable when it achieves a Category III or better rating at the end of the compensatory monitoring period.
- 5. Weed Control will be implemented based on annual monitoring of the site to determine weed species and the degree of infestation within the site. Control measures based on the monitoring results will be implemented by MDT to minimize and/or eliminate the intrusion of state-listed noxious weed species within the site. Success will be achieved where less than 5 percent absolute cover of noxious weed species occurs across the site.

Figures A-2 and A-3 (Appendix A) of this report show the site monitoring activity locations and mapped site features, respectively, and Figure A-4 (Appendix A) shows the 2018 wetland delineation boundaries compared to the pre-project wetland boundaries. The MDT Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring form, USACE GP Wetland Determination Data forms [USACE, 2010], and the 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method (MWAM) forms [Berglund and McEldowney, 2008] are included in Appendix B. Project area photographs are included in Appendix C, and the MDT plan sheets for the Fort Peck – Northeast site are provided in Appendix D.

2.0 METHODS

The 2018 monitoring event was completed on July 10, 2018. Information for the Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring form and Wetland Determination Data forms was recorded in the field during the site investigation (Appendix B). Monitoring activity sites were located with a global positioning

system (GPS) and are illustrated on Figure A-2 (Appendix A). Data-collection activities included a wetland delineation, vegetation community mapping, vegetation transect monitoring, soil and hydrology data collection, bird- and wildlife-use documentation, photographic documentation, functional assessment, and a nonengineering examination of the infrastructure established within the mitigation project area. Monitoring methods have remained relatively consistent at this site since the onset of monitoring. The initial 2017 Fort Peck – Northeast monitoring report [RESPEC, 2017] provides a more detailed description of the monitoring methods at this site. The 2017 monitoring reports for all of the MDT mitigation sites can be found online at https://www.mdt.mt.gov/publications/brochures/wetland_mitigation.shtml

3.0 RESULTS

3.1 HYDROLOGY

Climate data from the meteorological station at the Fort Peck Power Plant near Fort Peck, Montana (243176) [Western Regional Climate Center, 2018], which is located approximately 5 miles south of the site, recorded an average annual precipitation rate of 11.94 inches from 1956 to 2017. Annual precipitation in recent years was 10.22 inches in 2015 (below average),18.23 inches in 2016 (substantially above average), and 5.54 inches in 2017 (substantially below average). Between January 1 and August 31, 2018, precipitation totaled 9.82 inches at this site, which is slightly above the long-term average (9.59 inches) for this time period. Northeast Montana, in general, saw extreme drought conditions in late 2016 through 2017 and is in the process of recovering from those drought conditions.

The primary source of hydrology at the site is from surface-water discharge from an isolated 150-acre drainage basin located to the west. Surface water is conveyed to the site via a roadside ditch on the northern side of the county-administered G-C Road. With significantly above-average precipitation in 2016, the first growing season after construction, the site likely remained saturated throughout the growing season and allowed for extensive wetland plant development. At the time of the July 10, 2018, survey, soils at the site were moist to the surface but no saturation was noted, and no standing water was recorded at the site. Wetland vegetation was vibrant and water marks around the periphery of the wetland indicate that standing water and saturation were present earlier in the growing season.

Two data points were established at the site in 2017 to monitor wetland development. DP-1W is located in the excavated wetland cell and DP-1U is located in the upland adjacent to the wetland. During the 2018 investigation, soils were moist to the surface, but no saturation was noted in the upper 16 inches. Soils associated with DP-1U were moist to the surface at the time of the field survey but contained no hydric soil indicators to a depth of 16 inches.

3.2 VEGETATION

Monitoring year 2018 marked the second year of monitoring at the Fort Peck – Northeast site. A total of 20 plant species have been identified at the site since 2017 and are listed in Table 3-1. Four new species (bolded in Table 3-1) were identified at the site in 2018, and all of these species occurred in

upland plant communities. Two upland community types and two wetland community types were identified and mapped at the site in 2018 (Figure A-3, Appendix A). Dominant plant species that were observed within each community are listed on the Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring form (Appendix B). The vegetation community types identified on the site in 2018 include:

- Wetland Type 1 Eleocharis palustris/Rumex crispus
- Wetland Type 2 Alopecurus arundinaceus
- Upland Type 3 Agropyron cristatum
- Upland Type 4 Elymus trachycaulus/Pascopyrum smithii.

Table 3-1. Vegetation Species Observed From 2017 Through 2018 at the Fort Peck – Northeast Site^(a)

Scientific Names	Common Names	Great Plains Indicator Status ^(b)
Agropyron cristatum	Crested Wheatgrass	NL
Alopecurus arundinaceus	Creeping Meadow Foxtail	FACW
Apocynum cannabinum	Clasping Dogbane	FAC
Bassia scoparia	Mexican-Fireweed	FACU
Bromus inermis	Smooth Brome	UPL
Chenopodium glaucum	Oak-Leaf Goosefoot	FAC
Coreopsis tinctoria	Golden Tickseed	FAC
Eleocharis palustris	Common Spike-Rush	OBL
Elymus lanceolatus	Streamside Wild Rye	FACU
Elymus trachycaulus	Slender Wild Rye	FACU
Helianthus anuus	Common Sunflower	FACU
Hordeum jubatum	Foxtail Barley	FACW
Lactuca serriola	Prickly Lettuce	FAC
Lepidium perfoliatum	Clasping Pepperwort	FAC
Medicago sativa	Alfalfa	UPL
Melilotus officinalis	Yellow Sweet-Clover	FACU
Pascopyrum smithii	Western Wheatgrass	FACU
Rumex crispus	Curly Dock	FAC
Thinopyrum intermedium	Intermediate Wheatgrass	NL
Typha latifolia	Broad-Leaf Cattail	OBL

⁽a) New species identified in 2018 are in bold.

Wetland community Type 1 – *Eleocharis palustris/Rumex crispus* was mapped across 2.7 acres of the project area in the bottom of the wetland depression. Patches of broad-leaf cattail (*Typha latifolia*) are starting to develop but did not represent a dominance in 2018. As long as hydrology persists on the site, portions of the wetland depression will likely convert to cattail and a new community type in the future. In 2018, this community type represented 93 percent of the entire wetland area at the site.

⁽b) Lichvar et al. [2016].

Wetland community Type 2 – *Alopecurus arundinaceus* was mapped across 0.20 acre of the project area around the entire periphery of the wetland depression. This narrow band around the periphery of the main wetland cell is slightly drier than the bottom of the wetland cell and more conducive to the establishment of creeping meadow foxtail (*Alopecurus arundinaceus*), which is a FACW species. This narrow band has the potential for volunteer woody species to establish. Although none were identified during the July field survey, MDT staff observed several woody sprouts around the margin of the wetland during an October 2018 site visit [Urban, L., 2018]. Future site monitoring will document the continued development of woody plants by species and location.

Upland community Type 3 – *Agropyron cristatum* was mapped across 0.90 acre of the site and occupies most of the undisturbed uplands on the north side of the wetland. Most of this area was left undisturbed when constructing the wetland excavation.

Upland community Type 4 – *Elymus trachycaulus/Pascopyrum smithii* was mapped across 0.60 acre of the site and mainly occurs in the disturbed upland areas between the wetland and highway. This area was disturbed when constructing the wetland and was seeded with species that now dominate this part of the site.

Vegetation cover was measured along one transect (T-1) at the Fort Peck – Northeast site for the second time in 2018 (Figure A-2, Appendix A). Photographs of the transect end points are provided in Appendix C. Table 3-2 and Charts 3-1 and 3-2 summarize the data for T-1 (Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring form, Appendix B). T-1 is 343 feet long and intersects all four community types on the site.

Table 3-2. Data Summary for T-1 From 2017 Through 2018 at the Fort Peck – Northeast Site

Monitoring Year Transect Length (feet)	2017 343	2018 343
Vegetation Community Transitions Along Transect	4	4
Vegetation Communities Along Transect	3	4
Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities Along Transect	2	2
Total Vegetative Species	12	14
Total Hydrophytic Species	5	5
Total Upland Species	7	9
Estimated Percent Total Vegetative Cover	80	85
Estimated Percent Unvegetated	20	15
Percent Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities	83	83
Percent Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities	17	17
Percent Transect Length Comprising Unvegetated Open Water	0	0
Percent Transect Length Comprising Mudflat	0	0

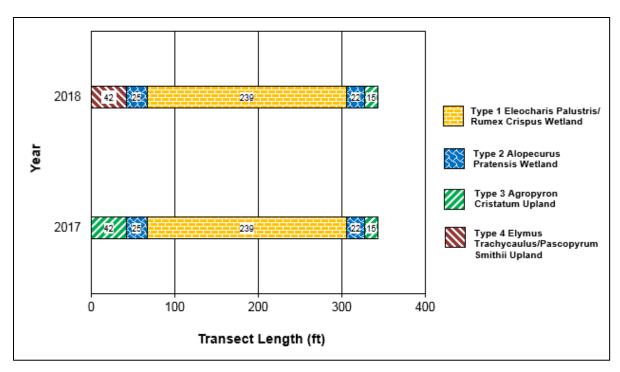


Chart 3-1. Transect Map Showing Community Types on T-1 From Start (0 Foot) to Finish (343 Feet) at the Fort Peck – Northeast Site From 2017 Through 2018.

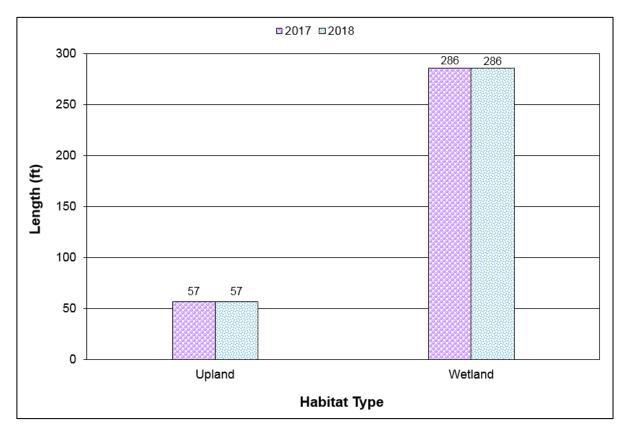


Chart 3-2. Length of Habitat Types Within T-1 From 2017 Through 2018 at the Fort Peck – Northeast Site.

One small infestation of Canada thistle (*Cirsium arvence*), which is a state-listed Priority 2B noxious weed, was observed along the southeastern boundary of the site in 2017 but not in 2018. No noxious weeds were identified at the site in 2018. MDT has a weed management program for treating weeds at all mitigation sites.

3.3 SOIL

The NRCS Soil Survey for Valley County indicates that the wetland mitigation site falls within an area mapped as Harlem Silty Clay loam series [USDA, 2017]. The intent of the project was to excavate the native soil and underlying materials to a preferred elevation to create emergent wetland in the bottom of the excavation. After removing the native soils, salvaged wetland soil from wetlands that were impacted by the roadway project were spread across the bottom of the excavation. The salvaged wetland soil used for this project already contained hydric soil indicators as described below.

Soil test pits were excavated at two locations (Figure A-2). DP-1U and DP-1W were located adjacent to and within the excavated wetland cell respectively. The soil profile at DP-1W, revealed a consistent brown (10YR 4/1) clay loam with 10 percent 10YR 5/8 iron depletions from 0 to 16 inches. The hydric soil characteristic identified in the upper 16 inches of the soil profile were likely developed before being placed in the excavated cell. Hydric soils will continue to develop at this site over time assuming adequate hydrology. The soil profile at DP-1U was excavated in an area that did not receive wetland topsoil from outside sources during construction and revealed a brown (10 YR 3/2) loam. No hydric soil indicators were observed for DP-1U down to 14 inches, where rock was encountered.

3.4 WETLAND DELINEATION

Two data points (DP-1U and DP-1W) were evaluated to confirm the wetland boundary determination (Figure A-2, Appendix A; Wetland Determination Data forms, Appendix B). Other undocumented soil pits were evaluated around the perimeter of the wetland to confirm that all of the wetland parameters were being met. The 2018 wetland delineation identified a total of 2.9 acres of wetland/aquatic habitat at the Fort Peck – Northeast site. The entire excavation qualified as wetland in 2018, because all three wetland parameters were being met across the site. Seasonal soil saturation extends a short distance up the side slope of the excavation, which allows for hydrophytic vegetation to be prevalent in this area. Saturation in this zone was observed in 2017 because the site contained standing water during the survey in 2017 but not in 2018. The lower part of the side slope was moister during the 2018 site visit than the upgradient portion of the slope, which indicates that saturation likely occurred in this zone earlier in the growing season.

3.5 WILDLIFE

A comprehensive list of wildlife species that were directly or indirectly observed in 2018 is presented in Table 3-3 and noted on the Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring form (Appendix B). During the field survey, no observations of mammals, herptiles, or signs of use were recorded. The site may become more used by herptiles and other wildlife as water regimes stabilize and the site matures. Four bird species were observed at the site in 2018: American robin (*Turdus migratorius*), ring-necked

pheasant (*Phasianus colchicus*), red-winged blackbird (*Agelaius phoeniceus*), and western meadowlark (*Sturnella neglecta*). No bird boxes have been installed at the site.

Table 3-3. Wildlife Species Observed From 2017
Through 2018 at the Fort Peck –
Northeast Site

Common Name	Scientific Name				
Bird					
American Goldfinch	Spinus tristus				
American Robin	Turdus migratorius				
Mourning Dove	Zenaida macroura				
Red-winged Blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus				
Ring-necked Pheasant	Phasianus colchicus				
Western Kingbird	Tyrannus verticalis				
Western Meadowlark	Sturnella neglecta				

The species identified in 2018 are in bold.

3.6 FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT

The project site contained no wetlands before construction in the fall of 2015; therefore, no preproject MDT MWAM was completed. At the time of the July 2018 monitoring, 2.9 acres of wetland had developed at this site. The 2008 MDT MWAM [Berglund and McEldowney, 2008] was used to evaluate the functions and values of the 2.9 acres of developed wetland at the site. Project wetlands received high ratings for short- and long-term surface-water storage and sediment/nutrient/toxicant removal while receiving low to moderate ratings for all other assessed functions and values. The site is rated as a Category III wetland receiving 47 percent of the possible points. These values are provided in Table 3-4. The 2018 MWAM form for the Fort Peck – Northeast site is located in Appendix B.

3.7 PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION

Photographs that were taken at Photo Points 1–4 (PP1 through PP4), transect endpoints, and wetland and upland datapoints are provided in Appendix C. In Appendix C, the 2018 photographs are compared to the 2017 photographs, which are also included.

3.8 MAINTENANCE NEEDS

No diversion structures or nesting structures are currently installed at the site. The fence and access gate installed around the site following construction was in good condition at the time of the field survey, and no maintenance is necessary. No noxious weeds were identified at the site in 2018.

Table 3-4. Functions and Values of the Fort Peck - Northeast Site From 2017 Through 2018

Function and Value Parameters 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method	2017 Wetland Creation	2018 Wetland Creation
Listed/Proposed Threatened & Endangered (T&E) Species Habitat	Low (0.0)	Low (0.0)
Montana Natural Heritage Program (MTNHP) Species Habitat	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)
General Wildlife Habitat	Mod (0.4)	Mod (0.4)
General Fish/Aquatic Habitat	N/A	N/A
Flood Attenuation	N/A	N/A
Short- and Long-Term Surface-Water Storage	High (0.9)	High (0.9)
Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	High (0.9)	High (0.9)
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	N/A	N/A
Production Export/Food Chain Support	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)
Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	N/A	N/A
Uniqueness	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)
Recreation/Education Potential	High (0.15)	High (0.15)
Actual Points/Possible Points	3.35/7.0	3.35/7.0
Percent of Possible Score Achieved	48 Percent	48 Percent
Overall Category	III	III
Total Acreage of Assessed Wetlands within Site Boundaries (ac)	2.9	2.9
Functional Units (acreage × actual points)	9.75	9.75

N/A = not applicable.

3.9 CURRENT CREDIT SUMMARY

As discussed, the Fort Peck – Northeast site has developed 2.9 acres of wetland during the first three growing seasons after construction in the fall of 2015. Continued monitoring will document wetland development at the site, and wetland mitigation credits will be tracked accordingly. Table 3-5 summarizes the current estimated wetland credits based on the USACE-approved credit ratios [USACE, 2005] and the wetland delineation that was completed in July 2018.

Table 3-6 provides a summary of the site conditions in relation to the established performance standards and success criteria. Success criteria related to all identified performance standards were being met in the first year of monitoring. All of the performance standards and success criteria will continue to be monitored annually.

Table 3-5. Wetland Mitigation Credits Estimated for the Fort Peck – Northeast Site From 2017 Through 2018

Compensatory Mitigation Type	Mitigation Area Description	Wetland Type ^(a)	Anticipated Mitigation Surface Area (acres)	USACE- Approved Mitigation Ratios	Anticipated Mitigation Credit (acres)	2017 Delineated Acres	2017 Mitigation Credit (acres)	2018 Delineated Acres	2018 Mitigation Credit (acres)
Creation (Establishment)	Depressional wetlands	Palustrine emergent	3.13	1:1	3.13	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90
Upland Buffer	50-foot wide upland perimeter	N/A	1.39	5:1	0.28	1.60	0.32	1.60	0.32
	Totals		4.52		3.41	4.50	3.22	4.50	3.22

⁽a) Cowardin et al. [1979].

Table 3-6. Summary of Performance Standards and Success Criteria (Page 1 of 2)

Performance Standards	Success Criteria	Criteria Achieved Y/N	Discussion
Wetland Characteristics	The three parameter criteria for hydrology, vegetation, and soils are met as outlined in the 1987 Wetland Manual and 2010 GP Regional Supplement.	Y	With the introduction of salvaged wetland soil to the excavated depression and the immediate saturation of soil, this mitigation very quickly developed all three wetland parameters.
Wetland Hydrology	Soil saturation is present for at least 12.5 percent of the growing season.	Y	Soil is sufficiently saturated in the excavated depression to support a prevalence of wetland vegetation.
	Hydric soil conditions are present or appear to be forming.	Y	Hydric soil was brought in to line the bottom of the excavation, so this criterion has been met.
Hydric Soil	Soil is sufficiently stable to prevent erosion.	Y	Soil is very stable; no erosion noted.
	Soil is able to support plant cover.	Y	Plant cover in the wetland exceeded 80 percent in Year 2.
	Wetlands are delineated as hydrophytic by using technical guidelines.	Y	FAC, FACW and OBL plant species dominate the wetland depression.
Hydrophytic	Noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent cover.	Y	No noxious weeds were identified at the site in 2018.
Vegetation	Hydrophytic vegetation success will include achieving a minimum overall vegetation cover of 80 percent in created wetland areas within 5 years after site construction.	Y	Plant cover in the wetland exceeded 80 percent after Year 2.
Open Water	This project is meant to provide seasonal open water during the spring and early summer months within this site. Open water will, therefore, be considered successful and creditable as wetland vegetation establishes in the form of either emergent, floating, and/or submerged species of plants.	Y	The site had no standing water at the time of the July 10, 2018, field survey, but evidence of standing water at the site in the form of drift lines indicates that seasonal standing water was present in 2018.
	Noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent cover within the buffer areas on site.	Υ	Noxious weed cover was < 1 percent at the site in 2018.
Upland Buffer	Any disturbed area within the creditable buffer zone must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of nonweed species by the end of the monitoring period.	Y	Upland buffer meets this criteria.

Table 3-6. Summary of Performance Standards and Success Criteria (Page 2 of 2)

Performance Standards	Success Criteria	Criteria Achieved Y/N	Discussion
Functional Assessments	The site will be considered fully functional and creditable when it achieves a Category III or better rating at the end of the compensatory monitoring period.	Y	This site rates out as a Category III wetland.
Noxious Weeds	The site will be considered successful when noxious weed aerial coverage is less than 5 percent at the end of the five-year monitoring period.	Y	Noxious weed cover was < 1 percent at the site in 2018.

4.0 REFERENCES

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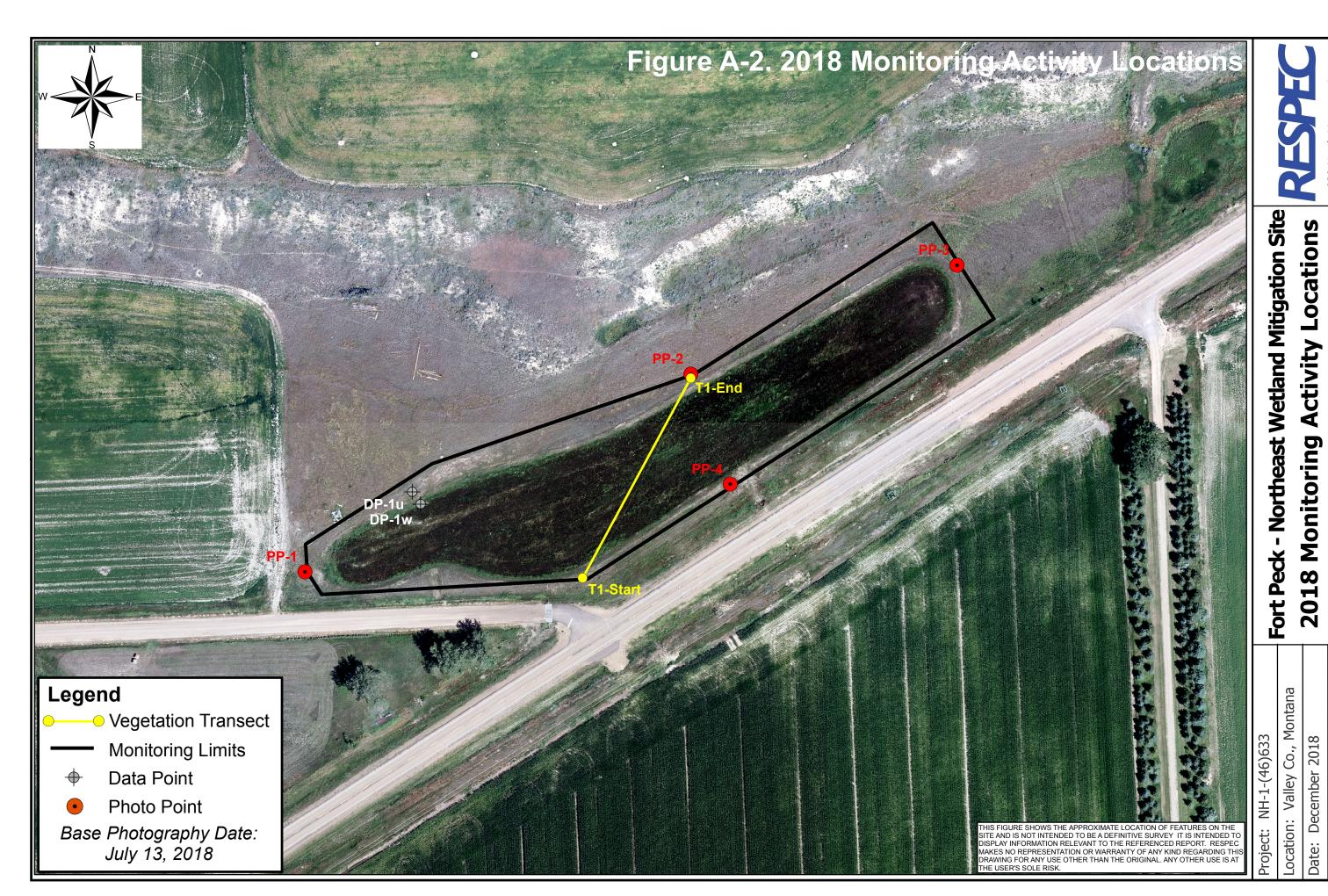
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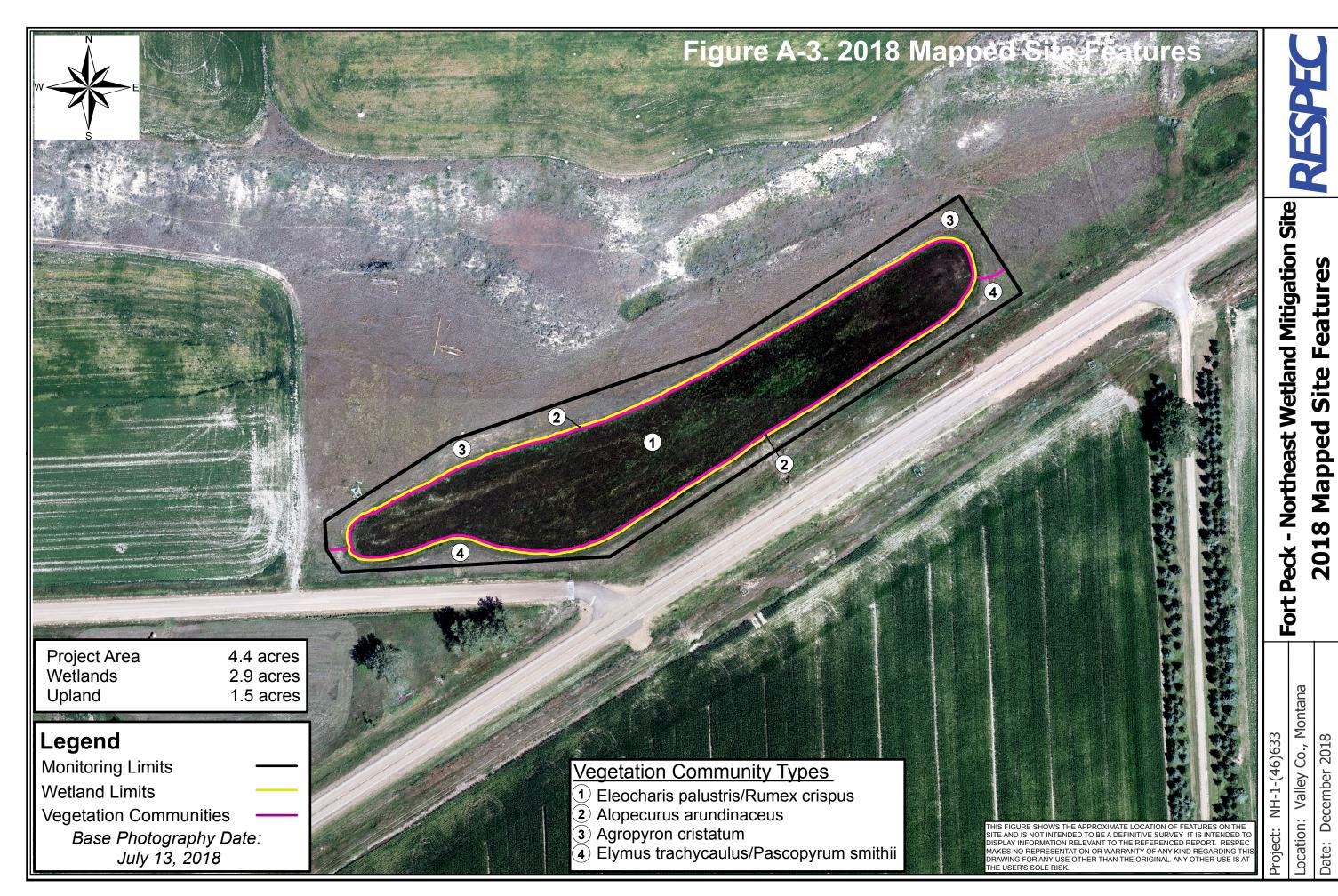
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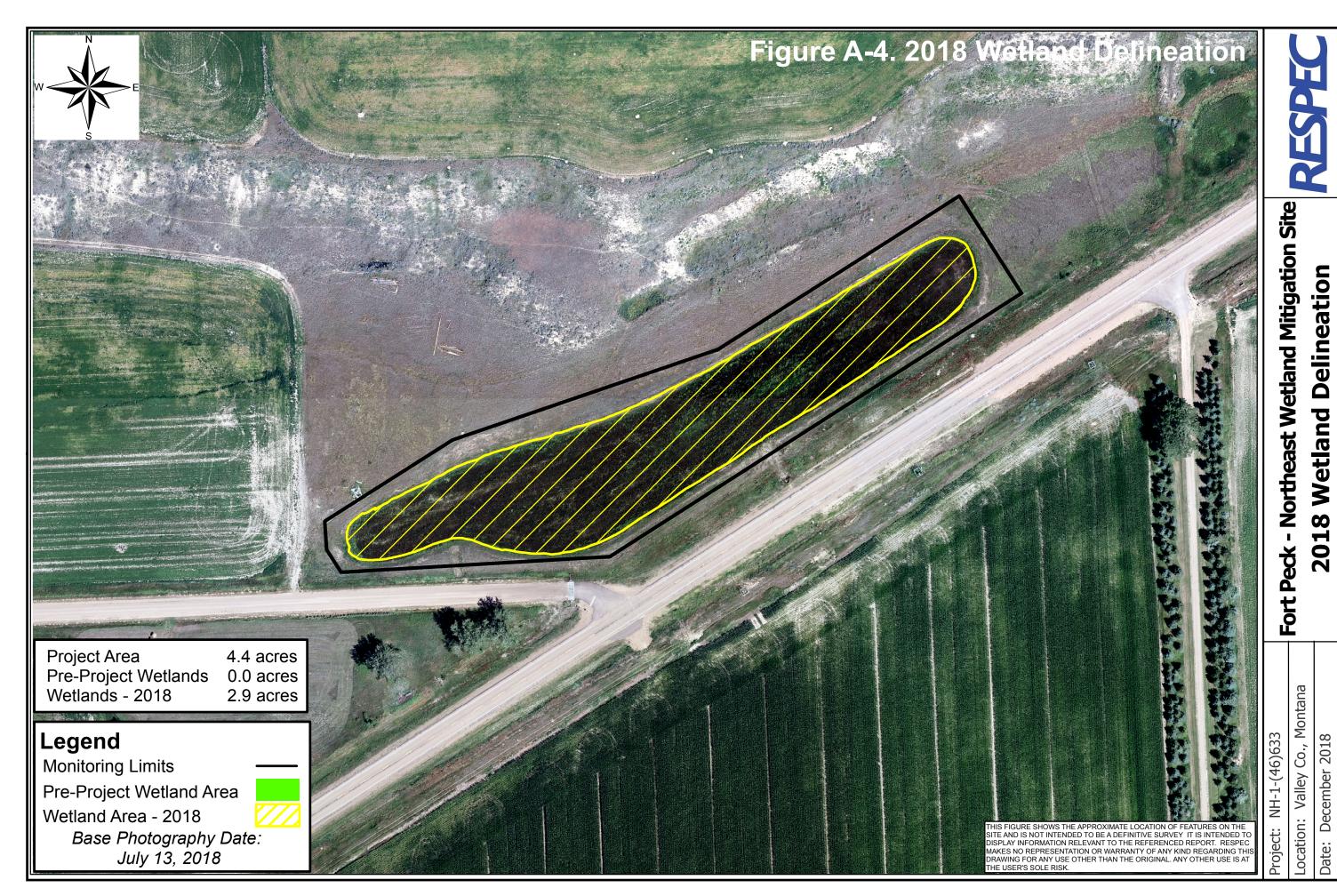
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APPENDIX A PROJECT AREA MAPS

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Fort Peck – Northeast Valley County, Montana







APPENDIX B MONITORING FORMS

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Fort Peck – Northeast Valley County, Montana

RESPEC/MDT WETLAND MITIGATION SITE MONITORING FORM

Project Name: For Assessment Date: La Location: 5 miles in Milepost: La Legal Description: Weather Condition Initial Evaluation Initial Evaluation a Highway 117, G-C	July 10, 20 north of Fontersection T 27N s: clear, 8: Date: July area: 4.52	018 ort Peck n MT-117 and G R 41E Se 5 degrees 11, 2017	-C Road ection 22 Monit	Project Number: n(s) conducting the MDT Dis Time of Day: 10 toring Year: 2 # rounding wetland:	e assessment strict: Glend :00 AM Visits in Ye	dive ear: <u>1</u>	
		Н	YDROLO(GY			
Percent of assessmed Depth at emergent of assessment area in Other evidence of a Geomorphic position.	Surface Water Source: Precipitation , runoff, groundwater Inundation: Absent Average Depth: Qfeet Range of Depths: Q Percent of assessment area under inundation: Qfeet Depth at emergent vegetation-open water boundary: NA feet If assessment area is not inundated then are the soils saturated within 12 inches of surface: No Other evidence of hydrology on the site (ex. – drift lines, erosion, stained vegetation, etc.): Geomorphic position , inundation and saturation visible on aerial, FAC-neutral test, water marks. Groundwater Monitoring Wells: Absent						
Well Number	Depth	Well Number	Depth	Well Number	Depth		
						-	
						-	
]	
Additional Activities Checklist: Map emergent vegetation-open water boundary on aerial photograph. Observe extent of surface water during each site visit and look for evidence of past surface water elevations (drift lines, erosion, vegetation staining, etc.) Use GPS to survey groundwater monitoring well locations, if present. COMMENTS / PROBLEMS: No standing water and no water in pit.							

VEGETATION COMMUNITIES

Community Number: 1 Community Title (main spp): Eleocharis palustris/Rumex crispus

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Eleocharis palustris	5 = > 50%		
Rumex crispus	3 = 11-20%		
Hordeum jubatum	1 = 1-5%		
Alopecurus arundinaceus	2 = 6-10%		
Typha latifolia	3 = 11-20%		

Comments / Problems: Slight increase in Typha in 2018.

Community Number: 2 Community Title (main spp): Alopecurus arundinaceus

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Alopecurus arundinaceus	5 = > 50%		
Rumex crispus	2 = 6-10%		
Hordeum jubatum	2 = 6-10%		

Comments / Problems: Narrow band around periphery of excavated cell - slightly drier than bottom of excavation.

Community Number: 3 Community Title (main spp): Agropyron cristatum

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Agropyron cristatum	5 = > 50%		
Thinopyrum intermedium	2 = 6-10%		
Elymus trachycaulus	2 = 6-10%		
Pascopyrum smithii	2 = 6-10%		
Lepidium perfoliatum	1 = 1-5%		

Comments / Problems: This community represents all upland areas surrounding the north side of the wetland.

Community Number: 4 Community Title (main spp): Elymus trachycaulus/Pascopyrum smithii

	men spp).		1 (1111 (11111)
Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Elymus trachycaulus	4 = 21-50%		
Pascopyrum smithii	4 = 21-50%		
Elymus lanceolatus	3 = 11-20%		

Comments / Problems: This community represents all upland areas surrounding the south side of the wetland.

Additional Activities Checklist:

Record and map vegetative communities on aerial photograph.

PLANTED WOODY VEGETATION SURVIVAL

Plant Species	Number Originally Planted	Number Observed	Mortality Causes

Comments / Problems: NA

MDT WETLAND MONITORING – VEGETATION TRANSECT

Site: Fort Peck Northeast Date: July 10, 2018 Examiner: M. Traxler

Transect Number: 1 Approximate Transect Length: 343 feet Compass Direction from Start: 30° Note:

Transect Interval Length: 42 feet (station 0-42)	
Vegetation Community Type: Agropyron cristatum	
Plant Species	Cover
Agropyron cristatum	1 = 1-5%
Chenopodium glaucum	3 = 11-20%
Lepidium perfoliatum	1 = 1-5%
Pascopyrum smithii	2 = 6-10%
Bromus inermis	2 = 6-10%
Elymus trachycaulus	3 = 11-20%
Helianthus anuus	1 = 1-5%
Total Vegetative Cover:	70%

Transect Interval Length: 25 feet (station 42-67)				
Vegetation Community Type: Alopecurus arundinaceus				
Plant Species	Cover			
Alopecurus arundinaceus	4 = 21-50%			
Rumex crispus	1 = 1-5%			
Lepidium perfoliatum	1 = 1-5%			
Hordeum jubatum	1 = 1-5%			
Eleocharis palustris	3 = 11-20%			
Bare Ground	3 = 11-20%			
Total Vegetative Cover:	80%			

Transect Interval Length: 239 feet (station 67-306)				
Vegetation Community Type: Eleocharis palustris/Rumex crispus				
Plant Species	Cover			
Eleocharis palustris	4 = 21-50%			
Rumex crispus	3 = 11-20%			
Typha latifolia	3 = 11-20%			
Hordeum jubatum	1 = 1-5%			
Bare ground	1 = 1-5%			
Total Vegetative Cover:	85%			

Transect Interval Length: 22 feet (station 306-328)		
Vegetation Community Type: Alopecurus arundinaceus		
Plant Species	Cover	
Alopecurus arundinaceus	4 = 21-50%	
Hordeum jubatum	2 = 6-10%	
Eleocharis palustris	1 = 1-5%	
Lepidium perfoliatum	1 = 1-5%	
Rumex crispus	1 = 1-5%	
Thinopyrum intermedium	1 = 1-5%	
Total Vegetative Cover:	70%	

MDT WETLAND MONITORING – VEGETATION TRANSECT

Site: Fort Peck Northeast Date: July 10, 2018 Ex Transect Number: 1 Approximate Transect Length: 3	aminer: M. Tra 43 feet Con	xler npass Direction from Start: 30° Note:	
Transect Interval Length: 15 feet (station 328-343)		Transect Interval Length:	
Vegetation Community Type: Agropyron cristatum		Vegetation Community Type:	
Plant Species	Cover	Plant Species	Cover
Agropyron cristatum	5 = > 50%	·	
Chenopodium glaucum	2 = 6-10%		
Kochia scoparia	1 = 1-5%		
Helianthus annus	1 = 1-5%		
Elymus trachycaulus	2 = 6-10%		
			<u></u>
			<u> </u>
			<u> </u>
Total Vegetative Cover:	75%	Total Vegetative Cover:	%
Transact Internal Length		Turner of Intermed Legisla	
Transect Interval Length:		Transect Interval Length:	
Vegetation Community Type:	Cover	Vegetation Community Type:	Covor
Plant Species	Cover	Plant Species	Cover

Total Vegetative Cover:

%

Total Vegetative Cover:

MDT WETLAND MONITORING - VEGETATION TRANSECT

Cover Estimat	te	Indicator Class	Source
+ = < 1%	3 = 11-10%	+ = Obligate	P = Planted
1 = 1-5%	4 = 21-50%	- = Facultative/Wet	V = Volunteer
2 = 6-10%	5 = > 50%	0 = Facultative	

Percent of perimeter developing wetland vegetation (excluding dam/berm structures): ____%

Establish transects perpendicular to the shoreline (or saturated perimeter). The transect should begin in the upland area. Permanently mark this location with a standard metal fencepost. Extend the imaginary transect line towards the center of the wetland, ending at the 3 foot depth (in open water), or at the point where water depths or saturation are maximized. Mark this location with another metal fencepost.

Estimate cover within a 10 foot wide "belt" along the transect length. At a minimum, establish a transect at the windward and leeward sides of the wetland. Remember that the purpose of this sampling is to monitor, not inventory, representative portions of the wetland site.

Comments:	
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PHOTOGRAPHS

Take photographs of the following permanent reference points listed in the check list below. Record the direction of the photograph using a compass. When at the site for the first time, establish a permanent reference point by setting a ½ inch rebar or fencepost extending 2-3 feet above ground. Survey the location with a resource grade GPS and mark the location on the aerial photograph.

Photograph Checklist:	
One photograph for each of the four cardinal directions surrounding the wetlan	d.
At least one photograph showing upland use surrounding the wetland. If more	than one upland
exists then take additional photographs.	
At least one photograph showing the buffer surrounding the wetland.	
One photograph from each end of the vegetation transect, showing the transect.	
Di di la	C

Location	Photograph Frame #	Photograph Description & Lat/Long	Compass Reading (°)
PP-1		Photo Point 1: 48.073995 / -106.409143	NE
PP-2		Photo Point 2 (Pano): 48.074736 / -106.406756	S
PP-3		Photo Point 3: 48.075136 / -106.405116	SW
PP-4		Photo Point 4, Photo 1: 48.074282 / -106.406544	NE
PP-4		Photo Point 4, Photo 2: 48.074282 / -106.406544	N
PP-4		Photo Point 4, Photo 3: 48.074282 / -106.406544	W
T-1 start		Transect 1 start: 48.073925 / -106.407461	NE
T-1 end		Transect 1 end: 48.074736 / -106.406756	SW
DP-1U		Upland soil pit: 48.07403 / -106.408473	
DP-1W		Wetland soil pit: 48.074253 / -106.408426	

Comments / P	roblems:	_	

GPS SURVEYING

Using a resource grade GPS survey the items on the checklist below. Collect at least 3 location points set at a 5 second recording rate. Record file numbers for site in designated GPS field notebook.

VI 1 6 landmarks that are recognizable on the correl photograph
4-6 landmarks that are recognizable on the aerial photograph.Start and End points of vegetation transect(s).
Photograph reference points.Groundwater monitoring well locations.
Bird nest boxes.
Comments / Problems:
WETLAND DELINEATION (attach COE delineation forms)
At each site conduct these checklist items:
 ✓ Delineate wetlands according to the 1987 Army COE manual and regional supplement. ✓ Delineate wetland – upland boundary onto aerial photograph.
Comments / Problems:
FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT Complete and attach full MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method field forms.
Comments / Problems:
MAINTENANCE
MAINTENANCE Were man-made nesting structure installed at this site? No If yes, do they need to be repaired? NA If yes, describe the problems below and indicate if any actions were taken to remedy the problems.
Were man-made nesting structure installed at this site? <u>No</u> If yes, do they need to be repaired? <u>NA</u> If yes, describe the problems below and indicate if any actions were taken to remedy the problems. Were man-made structures built or installed to impound water or control water flow into or out of the
Were man-made nesting structure installed at this site? <u>No</u> If yes, do they need to be repaired? <u>NA</u> If yes, describe the problems below and indicate if any actions were taken to remedy the problems.

W	T	J)I	J	\mathbf{F}	F

Dirus	
Were man-made nesting str	uctures installed? No
If yes, type of structure:	How many?
Are the nesting structures be	eing used? NA
Do the nesting structures ne	ed repairs?

Mammals and Herptiles

Mammal and Hauntile Species	Number		Indir	ect Indicatio	on of Use
Mammal and Herptile Species	Observed	Tracks	Scat	Burrows	Other
Raccoon		\boxtimes			
Coyote					
Deer			\boxtimes		
Striped Skunk					

Additional Activities Checklist:

NA Macroinvertebrate Sampling (if required)

Comments / Problems: No mammal/Herptile sightings or sign of use within the study area. Only avian species noted. MDT provided the observations listed above from an October 2018 site visit.

BIRD SURVEY - FIELD DATA SHEET

Site: Fort Peck Northeast
Survey Time: 10:00 am to 11:00 am

Bird Species	#	Behavior	Habitat	Bird Species	#	Behavior	Habitat
Ring-necked pheasant	1	F	UP				
Western meadowlark	1	FO	UP MA				
American robin	1	FO	UP MA				
Red-winged blackbird	6	FO L	UP MA				
							·
							·

BEHAVIOR CODES
BP = One of a breeding pair
BD = Breeding display
F = Foraging
FO = Flyover
L = Loafing

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{AB} = & \textbf{Aquatic bed} & \textbf{SS} = & \textbf{Scrub/Shrub} \\ \textbf{FO} = & \textbf{Forested} & \textbf{UP} = \textbf{Upland buffer} \\ \textbf{I} = & \textbf{Island} & \textbf{WM} = \textbf{Wet meadow} \\ \textbf{MA} = & \textbf{Marsh} & \textbf{US} = \textbf{Unconsolidated shore} \\ \textbf{MF} = & \textbf{Mud Flat} & \textbf{MA} & \textbf{MA} \\ \end{array}$

HABITAT CODES

 $\mathbf{OW} = \mathbf{Open} \ \mathbf{Water}$

Weather: 80-90 degress, mostly sunny, breezy

-		
	otes:	
1.	OLES.	

N = Nesting

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Great Plains Region

Project/Site: Fort Peck Northeast		с	ity/County:	Valley	Sampling Date: 10-Jul-18
pplicant/Owner: MDT				State	: MT Sampling Point: DP-1U
nvestigator(s): RESPEC - Mark Traxler			Section, To	wnship, Ra	ange: S 22 T 27 N R 41 E
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Fl	lat		Local relief	(concave, o	convex, none): flat Slope: 0.0% 0.0
ubregion (LRR): LRR F		Lat.: 48.	07403		Long.: -106.408473 Datum: NAD 83
-			07703		
oil Map Unit Name: Harlem silty clay			. Va	s • No	NWI classification: none
e climatic/hydrologic conditions on t		-			(2.11.)
Are Vegetation, Soil	, or Hydrology	significantly o	listurbed?	Are "N	lormal Circumstances" present? Yes ● No ○
Are Vegetation , Soil	, or Hydrology	naturally prol	olematic?	(If nee	eded, explain any answers in Remarks.)
Summary of Findings - Atta	ach site map s	showing sa	mpling p	oint loc	ations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes O No •				
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes O No •			Sampled A	
•	Yes O No •		withi	n a Wetland	d? Yes O No 💿
Remarks:					
Upland data point.					
		_		514/C D	
VEGETATION - Use scienti	ific names of p	olants	Dominant Species?	FWS Re	gion: GP
	Radius 1		Rel.Strat.	Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
		% Cover	Cover	Status	Number of Dominant Species
1					That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A)
2		0			Total Number of Dominant
4.					Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)
			= Total Co	ver	Percent of dominant Species
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 1	L5 Foot Radius)		_ 10001 00		That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0.0% (A/B)
1					Prevalence Index worksheet:
2		0			Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
3			<u> </u>		OBL species 0 x 1 = 0
4					FACW species x 2 =0
5			L		FAC species $5 \times 3 = 15$
(District Section	. d: \	0	= Total Co	ver	FACU species 25 x 4 = 100
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 Foot Ra	dius)				UPL species $\frac{40}{100}$ x 5 = $\frac{200}{100}$
2			✓ 57.1% ✓ 28.6%	UPL	Column Totals:70 (A)315 (B)
3. Helianthus annuus			✓ 28.6% 7.1%	FACU FACU	Prevalence Index = B/A = 4.5
4. Lactuca serriola			7.1%	FAC	
5.		0	0.0%		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
6.		0	0.0%		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
7.		0	0.0%		2 - Dominance Test is > 50%
8. 9.			0.0%		3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
		0			4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
		_			data in Domarke or on a consuctor of cott
10.		0	0.0%		data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
10.	O Foot Pading	70		ver	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
10 (Plot size: _3		70		over	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 3		70		over	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10 (Plot size: _3			= Total Co		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 31 1		70			Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. Hydrophytic Vegetation
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 31 1			= Total Co		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. Hydrophytic

US Army Corps of Engineers

Soil Sampling Point: DP-1U

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator Depth Matrix Redox Features			•	
(inches) Color (moist) % Color (moist) % Tyr	oe ¹ Loc	2 Texture		Remarks
0-14 10YR 3/2 100		Loam	no mott	les
		_		
		_		
Trans C. Constitution D. Doubling DM Product Matrix CC. Constitution Control	I C i 1	Landina Di Banatini	- M M-1-5	
Type: C=Concentration. D=Depletion. RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sar	na Grains 2	Location: PL=Pore Lini		dria Caila 3.
ydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Histosol (A1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix S4			r Problematic Hy	aric Solis :
Histic Epipedon (A2) Sandy Gleyed Matrix 54 Sandy Redox (S5)			k (A9) (LRR I, J) rairie Redox (A16) (IDDEC H)
Black Histic (A3) Stripped Matrix (S6)			ace (S7) (LRR G)	LKK I , G, II)
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)			ns Depressions (F16	5)
Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR F) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)		(LRR I	l outside of MLRA	72 and 73)
1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR F,G,H) Depleted Matrix (F3)		Reduced '	Vertic (F18)	
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Redox Dark Surface (F6)		Red Parer	nt Material (TF2)	
Thick Dark Surface (A12) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Depleted Dark Surface (F7)		_ ′	ow Dark Surface (T	F12)
		_ `	plain in Remarks)	
5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR F) (MLRA 72 and 73 of LRR			ydrophytic vegetat	ion and wetland s disturbed or problem
- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	11)	Trydrology mus	t be present, unless	s disturbed or problem
strictive Layer (if present): Type:				
		_ Hvdric Soil Pre	sent? Yes	No ●
Depth (inches):		Hydric Soil Pre	sent? Yes	No ●
		Hydric Soil Pre	sent? Yes	No •
Depth (inches):		Hydric Soil Pre	sent? Yes	No •
Depth (inches):		Hydric Soil Pre	sent? Yes	No •
Depth (inches): emarks: b hydric soil indicators present. Soil moist to surface.		Hydric Soil Pre	sent? Yes	No •
Depth (inches):emarks: hydric soil indicators present. Soil moist to surface.		Hydric Soil Pre	sent? Yes	No ●
Depth (inches): emarks: hydric soil indicators present. Soil moist to surface. /drology etland Hydrology Indicators:				
Depth (inches):emarks: hydric soil indicators present. Soil moist to surface. /drology etland Hydrology Indicators: rimary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)		Secondar		imum of two requir
Depth (inches): emarks: hydric soil indicators present. Soil moist to surface. /drology etland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondar	y Indicators (min	imum of two requir)
Depth (inches):emarks: hydric soil indicators present. Soil moist to surface. rdrology etland Hydrology Indicators: imary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)		Secondar Surl Spa	y Indicators (min ace Soil Cracks (B6	imum of two requir) ncave Surface (B8)
Depth (inches):emarks: hydric soil indicators present. Soil moist to surface. ydrology etland Hydrology Indicators: rimary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Surface Water (A1)		Secondar Surt	y Indicators (min ace Soil Cracks (B6 rsely Vegetated Cor nage Patterns (B10	imum of two requir) ncave Surface (B8)
pepth (inches):	2)	Secondar Spa Spa Drai Oxio	y Indicators (min ace Soil Cracks (B6 rsely Vegetated Cor nage Patterns (B10 dized Rhizospheres (where tilled)	imum of two requir) ncave Surface (B8))
Depth (inches):	2)	Secondar Spa Spa Drai Oxio	y Indicators (min ace Soil Cracks (B6 rsely Vegetated Cor nage Patterns (B10 dized Rhizospheres	imum of two requir) ncave Surface (B8))
Depth (inches):	2)	Secondar Surf Spa Drai Oxio	y Indicators (min ace Soil Cracks (B6 rsely Vegetated Cor nage Patterns (B10 dized Rhizospheres (where tilled)	imum of two requir) ncave Surface (B8)) on Living Roots (C3)
Depth (inches):	ving Roots (C	Secondar Surf Spa Drai Oxio	y Indicators (min ace Soil Cracks (B6 rsely Vegetated Cor nage Patterns (B10 dized Rhizospheres (where tilled) offish Burrows (C8)	imum of two requir) ncave Surface (B8)) on Living Roots (C3) erial Imagery (C9)
Depth (inches):	ving Roots (C	Secondar Surf Spa Drai Oxio	y Indicators (min ace Soil Cracks (B6 rsely Vegetated Cor nage Patterns (B10 dized Rhizospheres (where tilled) rfish Burrows (C8) uration Visible on Ac	imum of two requir) ncave Surface (B8)) on Living Roots (C3) erial Imagery (C9)
Depth (inches):	ving Roots (C	Secondar Surf Spa Drai Oxio	y Indicators (min ace Soil Cracks (B6 rsely Vegetated Cor nage Patterns (B10 dized Rhizospheres (where tilled) rfish Burrows (C8) uration Visible on Ae morphic Position (D	imum of two requir) ncave Surface (B8)) on Living Roots (C3) erial Imagery (C9)
Depth (inches):	ving Roots (C	Secondar Surf Spa Drai Oxio	y Indicators (min ace Soil Cracks (B6 rsely Vegetated Cor nage Patterns (B10 dized Rhizospheres (where tilled) fish Burrows (C8) uration Visible on Ac morphic Position (D	imum of two requir) ncave Surface (B8)) on Living Roots (C3) erial Imagery (C9)
Depth (inches):	ving Roots (C	Secondar Surf Spa Drai Oxio	y Indicators (min ace Soil Cracks (B6 rsely Vegetated Cor nage Patterns (B10 dized Rhizospheres (where tilled) fish Burrows (C8) uration Visible on Ac morphic Position (D	imum of two requir) ncave Surface (B8)) on Living Roots (C3) erial Imagery (C9)
Depth (inches):	ving Roots (C	Secondar Surf Spa Drai Oxio	y Indicators (min ace Soil Cracks (B6 rsely Vegetated Cor nage Patterns (B10 dized Rhizospheres (where tilled) fish Burrows (C8) uration Visible on Ac morphic Position (D	imum of two requir) ncave Surface (B8)) on Living Roots (C3) erial Imagery (C9)
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Depth (inches):	ving Roots (C	Secondar Spa Spa Drai Oxio S3) FAC FROS	y Indicators (min ace Soil Cracks (B6 rsely Vegetated Cor nage Patterns (B10 dized Rhizospheres (where tilled) fish Burrows (C8) uration Visible on Ac morphic Position (D -neutral Test (D5) at Heave Hummocks	imum of two requir) ncave Surface (B8)) on Living Roots (C3) erial Imagery (C9) 02) 6 (D7) (LRR F)
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US Army Corps of Engineers Great Plains - Version 2.0

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Great Plains Region

roject/Site: Fort Peck Northeast		City/County:	Valley	Sampling Date: 10-Jul-18
pplicant/Owner: MDT			State:	: MT Sampling Point: DP-1W
vestigator(s): RESPEC - Mark Traxler		Section, To	ownship, Ra	ange: S 22 T 27 N R 41 E
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Lowland		Local relief	(concave, c	convex, none): flat Slope: 0.0% 0
bregion (LRR): LRR F	Lat.: 4	18.074253		Long.: -106.408426
I Map Unit Name: Harlem silty clay loam				NWI classification: none
climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typic	al for this time of year	r? Y€	s • No C	
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrolo	ogy significantly	disturbed?	Are "N	lormal Circumstances" present? Yes No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrolo				eded, explain any answers in Remarks.)
			•	rations, transects, important features, e
<u> </u>				acions, transects, important reactives, e
	10 O		e Sampled A	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	40 O	withi	n a Wetland	_{d?} Yes ● No ○
Remarks:				
Data point located in excavated wetland depressi	on.			
EGETATION - Use scientific name	s of plants	Dominant —Species?	FWS Re	gion: GP
	Absolute _% Cove	e Rel.Strat.	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1	-	COVE	Status	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A)
2				That are obt., FACW, of FAC.
3.	0	$\overline{\Box}$		Total Number of Dominant
4.				Species Across All Strata: (B)
(C) 45 F-at Dadio	0	= Total C	over	Percent of dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100.0% (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15 Foot Radius				That the OBE, there, of the
1		H		Prevalence Index worksheet:
2		<u> </u>		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
1		Η		OBL species 80 x 1 = 80
5.		<u> </u>		FACW species $10 \times 2 = 20$
	0	= Total C	over	FAC species $10 \times 3 = 30$
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 Foot Radius)				FACU species $0 \times 4 = 0$
1. Eleocharis palustris	70	70.0%	OBL	UPL species $0 \times 5 = 0$
2. Rumex crispus	10	10.0%	FAC	Column Totals: <u>100</u> (A) <u>130</u> (B)
3. Typha latifolia		10.0%	OBL	Prevalence Index = B/A = 1.3
4. Alopecurus arundinaceus		10.0%	FACW	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
5. 6.				A Barid Task Continuous India Vandadian
				 ✓ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ✓ 2 - Dominance Test is > 50%
		0.00/		
7.	0	0.0%		
7. 8. 9.	0	0.0%		✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
7. 8. 9.	0			
7. 8. 9.	0 0	0.0%	over	 ✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ✓ 4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹(Provide supporting
7. 8. 9.	0 0 0 100	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	over	 ✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ✓ 4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹(Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mus
7. 8. 9. 10. Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30 Foot Radius 1.	0 0 0 100	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	over	 ✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ✓ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹(Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
7. 8. 9. 10. Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30 Foot Radius	0 0 0 100	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	over	 ✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ✓ 4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹(Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mus
7. 8. 9. 10. Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30 Foot Radius 1.	0 0 0 100	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%		 ✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ✓ 4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹(Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mus

US Army Corps of Engineers

Soil Sampling Point: DP-1W

ofile Description: (Description)	Matrix			lox Featu				_		
(inches) Color (m		%	Color (moist)	%	Type 1	Loc2	Texture			Remarks
0-16 10YR	4/1	90	10YR 5/8	10	D	М	Clay Loam	r	oots	
							-			
ype: C=Concentration. D:	=Depletion	RM=Reduce	ed Matrix CS=Cover	ed or Coat	ed Sand Gra	ins 21 oca	ation: PL=Pore Lining	n M=Mai	triv	
dric Soil Indicators: (<u> </u>			1113 LOCC	Indicators for			c Soils 3:
Histosol (A1)	Аррисавіє	to all LKK	Sandy Gleyed		,		1 cm Muck		-	c Solis 1
Histic Epipedon (A2)			Sandy Redox					. , .	ox (A16) (LRI	R F. G. H)
Black Histic (A3)			Stripped Matri	. ,			Dark Surface			, 9,,
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)			Loamy Mucky	Mineral (F	1)		High Plains	Depress	sions (F16)	
Stratified Layers (A5) (L	•		Loamy Gleyed	•	2)		(LRR H	outside	of MLRA 72	and 73)
1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR F,			✓ Depleted Matr	. ,			Reduced Ve	ertic (F18	3)	
Depleted Below Dark Su Thick Dark Surface (A12	. ,		Redox Dark Some	. ,			Red Parent		. ,	
Sandy Muck Mineral (S1	•		Redox depres	•	7)		_ ′		Surface (TF1:	2)
2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Pe	•	R G, H)	High Plains De	` '	(F16)		Other (Exp		•	
5 cm Mucky Peat or Pea	. , .		(MLRA 72	and 73 o	f LRR H)		³ Indicators of hy hydrology must			and wettand sturbed or probler
strictive Layer (if prese	ent):						1			
Type:	,.									
··										
Depth (inches):							Hydric Soil Pres	ent?	Yes	No O
							Hydric Soil Pres	ent?	Yes •	No O
Depth (inches):emarks: ta point meets criteria f	for Deplete	ed Matrix.					Hydric Soil Pres	ent?	Yes •	No O
emarks:	for Deplete	ed Matrix.					Hydric Soil Pres	ent?	Yes •	No O
emarks: a point meets criteria f	for Deplete	ed Matrix.					Hydric Soil Pres	ent?	Yes •	No O
marks: a point meets criteria f		ed Matrix.								
marks: a point meets criteria f drology stland Hydrology Indic	ators:		; check all that ap	ply)			Secondary	Indicate		
marks: a point meets criteria f drology tland Hydrology Indic	ators:		; check all that ap				Secondary Surfa	Indicato ce Soil C	ors (minimi racks (B6)	
marks: a point meets criteria f drology tland Hydrology Indic mary Indicators (minir	ators:			311)	(B13)		Secondary Surfa	<u>Indicat</u> ce Soil C	ors (minimi racks (B6)	um of two requi
marks: a point meets criteria f drology tland Hydrology Indic mary Indicators (minir Surface Water (A1)	ators:		Salt Crust (311) ertebrates	` '		Secondary Surfa Spars Drain	Indicato ce Soil Co sely Vege age Patto	ors (minim racks (B6) tated Conca erns (B10)	um of two requi
marks: a point meets criteria f drology tland Hydrology Indic mary Indicators (minir Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2)	ators:		Salt Crust (E	311) ertebrates ulfide Odoi	(C1)		Secondary Surfa Spars Drain Oxidi:	Indicato ce Soil Co sely Vege age Patto	ors (minimi racks (B6) tated Concar erns (B10) ospheres on	um of two requi ve Surface (B8)
marks: a point meets criteria f drology tland Hydrology Indic mary Indicators (minir Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3)	ators:		Salt Crust (E Aquatic Inve	311) ertebrates ulfide Odoi Water Tab	(C1) le (C2)	oots (C3)	Secondary Surfa Spars Drain Oxidi:	Indicato ce Soil C sely Vege age Patto zed Rhizo	ors (minimi racks (B6) tated Concar erns (B10) ospheres on illed)	um of two requi ve Surface (B8)
marks: a point meets criteria f drology tland Hydrology Indic mary Indicators (minir Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1)	ators:		Salt Crust (I Aquatic Inve Hydrogen S Dry Season Oxidized Rh	311) ertebrates ulfide Odoi Water Tab	(C1) le (C2) on Living R	oots (C3)	Secondary Surfa Spars Drain Oxidi:	Indicato ce Soil Co ely Vege age Patto zed Rhizo (where t ish Burro	ors (minimi racks (B6) tated Concar erns (B10) ospheres on tilled) ws (C8)	um of two requi ve Surface (B8)
marks: a point meets criteria f drology tland Hydrology Indic mary Indicators (minir Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2)	ators:		Salt Crust (I Aquatic Inve Hydrogen S Dry Season Oxidized Rh	311) ertebrates ulfide Odoi Water Tab izospheres not tilled	(C1) le (C2) on Living R	oots (C3)	Secondary Surfa Spars Drain Oxidi: Crayfi	Indicato ce Soil Co sely Vege age Patto zed Rhizo (where t ish Burro ation Vis	ors (minimi racks (B6) tated Concar erns (B10) ospheres on tilled) ws (C8)	um of two requi ve Surface (B8) Living Roots (C3)
marks: a point meets criteria f drology tland Hydrology Indic mary Indicators (minir Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift deposits (B3)	ators:		Salt Crust (I Aquatic Inve Hydrogen S Dry Season Oxidized Rh (where	B11) ertebrates ulfide Odor Water Tab izospheres not tilled Reduced I	(C1) le (C2) on Living R ron (C4)	oots (C3)	Secondary Surfa Spars Drain Oxidi Crayfi Satur Geom	Indicato ce Soil Co sely Vege age Patto zed Rhizo (where t ish Burro ation Vis	ors (miniminates (B6)) tated Concarerns (B10) ospheres on tilled) wws (C8) tible on Aeria osition (D2)	um of two requi ve Surface (B8) Living Roots (C3)
marks: a point meets criteria f drology tland Hydrology Indice mary Indicators (mining Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	ators: mum of one	e required	Salt Crust (I Aquatic Inve Hydrogen S Dry Season Oxidized Rh (where	B11) ertebrates ulfide Odor Water Tab izospheres not tilled Reduced I Surface (C7	(C1) le (C2) on Living R ron (C4)	oots (C3)	Secondary Surfa Spars Drain Oxidi: Crayfi Satur Geom	Indicate ce Soil C cely Vege age Patte zed Rhize (where t ish Burro ation Vis norphic P neutral Te	ors (miniminates (B6)) tated Concarerns (B10) ospheres on tilled) wws (C8) tible on Aeria osition (D2)	um of two requi ve Surface (B8) Living Roots (C3) I Imagery (C9)
marks: a point meets criteria f drology tland Hydrology Indice mary Indicators (mining Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5)	ators: mum of one)	e required	Salt Crust (I Aquatic Inve Hydrogen S Dry Season Oxidized Rh (where Presence of Thin Muck S	B11) ertebrates ulfide Odor Water Tab izospheres not tilled Reduced I Surface (C7	(C1) le (C2) on Living R ron (C4)	oots (C3)	Secondary Surfa Spars Drain Oxidi: Crayfi Satur Geom	Indicate ce Soil C cely Vege age Patte zed Rhize (where t ish Burro ation Vis norphic P neutral Te	ors (miniminates (B6)) tated Concaverns (B10) ospheres on tilled) ws (C8) ible on Aerial osition (D2) est (D5)	um of two requi ve Surface (B8) Living Roots (C3) I Imagery (C9)
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US Army Corps of Engineers Great Plains - Version 2.0

MDT MONTANA WETLAND ASSESSMENT FORM (revised March 2008)

1.	. Project Name: Fort Peck Northeast 2. MDT Project #: _ 3. Control #:											
3.	Evaluation Date: July 10, 20	18 4. Evaluator(s): Mark Trax	xler 5. Wetland/Site #(s): Cre	eated Wetland								
6.	6. Wetland Location(s): Township 27 N, Range 41 E, Section 22; Township N, Range E, Section											
	Approximate Stationing or Roadposts: Stations 373+23.61 LT to 383+52.77 LT on MT-117											
	Watershed: 12 - Lower Missouri County: Valley											
7.	7. Evaluating Agency: RESPEC for MDT Purpose of Evaluation: Wetland potentially affected by MDT project Mitigation wetlands; pre-construction 8. Wetland Size (acre): 2.9 (measured, e.g. GPS)											
	Mitigation wetlands; post-construction 9. Assessment Area (AA) Size (acre): (visually estimated)											
		st-construction										
10	☐ Other		(see manual for dete	rmining AA) <u>2.9</u> (measured								
10	Other CLASSIFICATION OF WET	LAND AND AQUATIC HABITA	(see manual for dete	rmining AA) <u>2.9</u> (measured initions.)	l, e.g. GPS)							
10	Other CLASSIFICATION OF WET HGM Class (Brinson)	LAND AND AQUATIC HABITA Class (Cowardin)	(see manual for dete ATS IN AA (See manual for def Modifier (Cowardin)	rmining AA) 2.9 (measured initions.) Water Regime	% OF AA							
10	Other CLASSIFICATION OF WET	LAND AND AQUATIC HABITA	(see manual for dete	rmining AA) <u>2.9</u> (measured initions.)	l, e.g. GPS)							
10	Other CLASSIFICATION OF WET HGM Class (Brinson)	LAND AND AQUATIC HABITA Class (Cowardin)	(see manual for dete ATS IN AA (See manual for def Modifier (Cowardin)	rmining AA) 2.9 (measured initions.) Water Regime	% OF AA							
10	Other CLASSIFICATION OF WET HGM Class (Brinson)	LAND AND AQUATIC HABITA Class (Cowardin)	(see manual for dete ATS IN AA (See manual for def Modifier (Cowardin)	rmining AA) 2.9 (measured initions.) Water Regime	% OF AA							
10	Other CLASSIFICATION OF WET HGM Class (Brinson)	LAND AND AQUATIC HABITA Class (Cowardin)	(see manual for dete ATS IN AA (See manual for def Modifier (Cowardin)	rmining AA) 2.9 (measured initions.) Water Regime	% OF AA							
10	Other CLASSIFICATION OF WET HGM Class (Brinson)	LAND AND AQUATIC HABITA Class (Cowardin)	(see manual for dete ATS IN AA (See manual for def Modifier (Cowardin)	rmining AA) 2.9 (measured initions.) Water Regime	% OF AA							
10	Other CLASSIFICATION OF WET HGM Class (Brinson)	LAND AND AQUATIC HABITA Class (Cowardin)	(see manual for dete ATS IN AA (See manual for def Modifier (Cowardin)	rmining AA) 2.9 (measured initions.) Water Regime	% OF AA							

11. ESTIMATED RELATIVE ABUNDANCE (of similarly classified sites within the same Major Montana Watershed Basin; see manual.) common

12. GENERAL CONDITION OF AA

i. Disturbance: Use matrix below to select the appropriate response; see manual for Montana listed noxious weed and aquatic nuisance vegetation species lists.

	Predominar	nt Conditions Adjacent to (within	500 feet of) AA
Conditions within AA	Managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is ≤15%.	Land not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to minor clearing; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is ≤30%.	Land cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >30%.
AA occurs and is managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or occupied buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is ≤15%.			
AA not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to relatively minor clearing, fill placement, or hydrological alteration; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is ≤30%.		moderate disturbance	
AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >30%.			

Comments (types of disturbance, intensity, season, etc.): The wetland mitigation site was constructed in 2015. Gravel was excavated from the site to be used for the adjacent roadway reconstruction. Salvaged topsoil was used to line the bottom of the excavation. The site is now fenced and no grazing or other ag uses occur within the site. Land outside the mitigation area is activly managed for agricultural purposes and Hwy 117 is adjacent to the site.

- ii. Prominent noxious, aquatic nuisance, and other exotic vegetation species: Canada thistle present in 2017 but absent in 2018
- iii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat: The AA is an excavated depression adjacent to MT-117. Gravel was mined for the highway reconstruction and reclaimed for wetland development. The entire excavation has developed emergent wetland and is surrounded by a small upland buffer. Outside the AA, adjacent land is used for agricultural purposes and roads.

13. STRUCTURAL DIVERSITY (Based on number of "Cowardin" vegetated classes present [do not include unvegetated classes]; see #10 above.)

Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA	Initial Rating	Is current management peristence of additional		Modified Rating
≥3 (or 2 if one is forested) classes		NA	NA	NA
2 (or 1 if forested) classes		NA	NA	NA
1 class, but not a monoculture	mod	←NO	YES→	
1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises ≥90% of total cover)		NA	NA	NA

Comments: Emergent vegetation comprised of creeping spike rush, curly dock, cattail, and creeping meadow foxtail.

14A. HABITAT FOR FEDERAL	1 🗸 1 1	STED	OP B	POD	OSED	THE				#(s): <u>F(</u> NDAN(2				
i. AA is Documented (D) or Si Primary or critical habitat (list Secondary habitat (list speci- Incidental habitat (list specie No usable habitat	uspect speci es)	ted (S	to c	ontai	n: Che S S S															
ii. Rating: Based on the strong	est hal	oitat ch	nosen	in 14	A(i) at	ove, s	select t	the co	orres	ponding	g functi	onal _l	point a	nd rati	ng.					
Highest Habitat Level	Doc/P	rimar	y S	Sus/P	rimary	/ Do	c/Sec	onda	ary	Sus/Se	econda	ary	Doc/li	ncide	ntal	Sus	/Incide	ental	Non	е
Functional Point/Rating	-			-				-											0L	
Sources for documented use	(e.g. ol	bserva	ations	, reco	rds): <u>L</u>	ISFW:	S list fo	or Val	lley C	county;	no hab	itat p	resent	for sp	ecies d	or doc	cument	ted oc	curenc	es.
14B. HABITAT FOR PLANTS Do not include species lis i. AA is Documented (D) or Sometime or critical habitat (list	ted in uspect speci	14A al t ed (S)	oove.) to c e	ontai	n: Che S	•							HERIT	AGE I	PROG	RAM				
Secondary habitat (list speci Incidental habitat (list specie No usable habitat			□ D		S Gre	at Pla	ins To	ad (S	<u>82)</u>											
ii. Rating: Based on the strong	gest ha	bitat c	hoser	n in 1	4A(i) a	bove,	select	the c	corres	pondin	g funct	ional	point a	and rat	ing.					
Highest Habitat Level	Doc/P	rimar	y S	Sus/P	rimary	/ Do	c/Sec	onda	ary	Sus/Se	econda	ary	Doc/li	ncide	ntal	Sus/	Incide	ntal	None	
S1 Species	-			_				-												
Functional Point/Rating S2 and S3 Species																				-
Functional Point/Rating	-			-				-									.1L			
□ observations of abundant □ abundant wildlife sign suc □ presence of extremely lim □ interview with local biolog ■ Moderate: Based on any of to extremely lim □ observations of scattered □ common occurrence of wito extremely limiterview with local biolog ii. Wildlife Habitat Features: V For class cover to be considered percent composition of the AA (strength strength	ch as s iting h jist with the followildlife wildlife s d food s ist with Vorking d evenl see #1	cat, tra abitat n know owing e group ign su source n know g from ly distr 0). At	cks, featuraledge [checops or ch as es ledge top to top top top top top top top top	nest seres not be of the ck]. individual secat, be of the colors attorns attorns attorns to the colors attorns attorns to the colors attorns to the colors attorns to the colors	e AA duals of tracks e AA om, ch most is	res, gable in able in relation relation relation restriction restr	tively for struction ast pre-	ails, e urrou ew sp ures, ate A evaler durat	etc. inding pecie game AA att nt ve tions	s during e trails, ributes getated are as	⊠ I □ s □ i g peak etc. in mati I classe follows	ittle to spars interv perio rix to es mu : P/P	o no wi e adjac iew wit ds arrive a arrive a e perm	ildlife scent up th local at ratin within	sign bland f il biolog ng. Str 20% o t/peren	ood s gist w ructur f eacl	sources vith kno	s s powledg		A #13.
Structural Diversity	τορ	o. u. j.	орс.		ligh		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				derate		<u></u>				0)4/	
(see #13) Class Cover Distribution		E\	/en			Un	even			<u></u> ⊠ E		7 IAIO	<u> </u>	; □ Un	even					
(all vegetated classes) Duration of Surface	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α
Water in ≥ 10% of AA	F //F	3/1	1/L		Г/Г	3/1	1/2	_	F //F	3/1	1/2		F //F	3/1	1/_	_	- / -	3/1	- ''-	_
☐ Low Disturbance at AA (see #12i)																				
Moderate Disturbance at AA (see #12i)										Н										
☐ High Disturbance at																				
AA (see #12i)															<u> </u>					
iii. Rating: Use the conclusion	s from	i and	ii abo	ve an	d the r	natrix	below	to se	lect t	he fund	tional r	ooint	and rat	ting.						
Evidence of Wildlife Use						/ildlife	Habit			es Rati	ng (ii)					7				
(i) ☐ Substantial		Exc	eptio	nial	1	<u> </u>	High 		1	IVI	oderat	.e	1	☐ Lo	w	-				
☐ Moderate									+							-				
	_												+			_				

.4M Minimal Comments: Wetland will receive more use as it develops. Four bird species observed in 2018.

	Wetland/Site #(s): Fort Peck NE - created wetland																			
140	D. GENERAL FISH HABITA If the AA is not used by fis entrapped in a canal], the	sh, fish	use is		storab	le due	to ha		onstra	aints, d	or is not	desire	ed fron	n a ma	anagen	nent pe	erspec	tive [s	uch as	fish
	Assess this function if the precluded by perched cul-					existin	g situa	ation is	s "cori	ectab	le" such	that t	he AA	could	be use	ed by f	ish [i.e	., fish	use is	
	Type of Fishery: Cole	d Wate	r (CW) 🗆 \	Warm	Water	(WW) Use	e the C	CW or	WW gu	ıideline	es in th	ie mar	ual to	comple	ete the	matrix	í .	
i. <u>F</u>	labitat Quality and Known	/ Susp	ected	Fish S	pecie	s in A	A: Us	se mat	rix to	select	the fur	ctiona	l point	and r	ating.					-
L	Duration of Surface Water in AA	□ Pe	Permanent / Perennial Seasonal / Intermittent Temporary / Ephemeral																	
	Aquatic Hiding / Resting / Escape Cover	Opti] mal	Adeq	uate	Po	or	Opti] imal	Ade	_ quate	Po	or	Opt	imal	Adec] uate	Po	or	
_	Thermal Cover: optimal / suboptimal	0	s	0	s	0	s	0	s	0	s	0	s	0	s	0	s	0	s	
	FWP Tier I fish species																			
Ш	FWP Tier II or Native																			
	Game fish species FWP Tier III or Introduced																			
	Game fish FWP Non-Game Tier IV or																			
	No fish species			4! - II.		al :aa A	A -													I
	urces used for identifying for Modified Rating: NOTE: Mo			-				 less th	nan ∩	1										
a) I. MD	s fish use of the AA significar EQ list of waterbodies in nee port, or do aquatic nuisance	ntly red	luced i MDL d	by a cu evelopi	lvert, o ment v	dike, o vith lis	r othe ted "P	r man- robab	-made le Imp	struc aired	Uses" i	ncludir	g cold	d or w	arm wa	ter fisi	hery or	aqua	tic life	
	Does the AA contain a docum ive fish or introduced game fi											tuary p	ool, u	pwelli	ng area	a; spec	ify in c	comme	ents) fo	r
iii.	Final Score and Rating:	Comm	ents:	No per	ennial	water	withir	n AA f	or fish	habit	at.									
14E	E. FLOOD ATTENUATION Applies only to wetlands t If wetlands in AA are not f		subje		oding	via in	chanı					d proc	eed to	14F.						
	renchment Ratio (ER) Estir od-prone width = estimated h																		of the s	stream.
		= _							4								A Property of the Party of the			
floo	flood prone width / bankfull width = entrenchment ratio 2 x Bankfull Depth Bankfull Width																			
	Bankfull Depth																			
	Slightly Entr	enche	d			Mod	eratel	y Ent	rench	ed					renche	d				
	ER ≥ 2 C stream type D stream t		E et	ream ty	/ne			1.41 – eam tv			Δ etre	am tyr	ا م		1.0 – eam ty		G etr	eam t	vne	
	o stream type D stream	J		leall ty			7-		<i>-</i> /		A sile			- Si			-	/	уре	

i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating.

Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment	☐ Slightly Entrenched			☐ Mod	lerately Ent	renched	☐ Entrenched			
(Rosgen 1994, 1996)	C, D	C, D, E stream types			3 stream typ	e	A, F, G stream types			
Percent of Flooded Wetland Classified as Forested and/or Scrub/Shrub	75%	 25-75%	□ <25%	□ 75%	 25-75%	□ <25%	□ 75%	 25-75%	□ <25%	
AA contains no outlet or restricted outlet										
AA contains unrestricted outlet										

ii. Are ≥10 acres of wetland in the AA subject to flooding AND are man-made features which may be significantly damaged by floods located within 0.5 mile downstream of the AA? ☐ YES ☐ NO Comments: No flooding occurs via in-channel or overbank flow.

Wetland/Site #(s): Fort Peck NE - created wetland

		vvetian	a/Site #(s	s): <u>Fort P</u>	eck ine -	created \	<u>wetiana</u>			
F. SHORT AND LONG TERM SURFACE WATER STORAGE										
Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; and T/E = temporary/ephemeral [see manual for further definitions of these terms].										
Estimated Maximum Acre Feet of Water Contained in Wetlands within the AA that are Subject to Periodic Flooding or Ponding										
Duration of Surface Water at Wetlands within t	he AA P/P	⊠ S/I	□ T/E	□ P/P	□ S/I	□ T/E	□ P/P	□ S/I	□ T/E	
Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥ 5 out of 10 years 9H										
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years										
omments: Depressional area recieves surface runnoff and precipitation. Ponds annually for part of growing season.										

14G. SEDIMENT / NUTRIENT / TOXICANT / RETENTION AND REMOVALApplies to wetland with potential to receive sediments, nutrients, or toxicants through influx of surface or ground water or direct input. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to such input, check the NA box and proceed to 14H.

i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating.

Sediment, Nutrient, and Toxicant Input Levels within AA	AA receive has potent nutrients, such that substantia sedimenta toxicants, present.	tial to deliv or compou other funct illy impaire tion, sourc	er sedime nds at lev ions are n d. Minor es of nutr	nts, els ot ients or	Waterbody is need of TMDI causes" relat toxicants or A has potential nutrients, or of functions are sedimentation or signs of eu	developmer ed to sedime AA receives of to deliver hig compounds s substantially n, sources of	nt for "probal nt, nutrients, or surroundin gh levels of s such that oth or impaired. M nutrients or	ole or g land use ediments, er ajor
% Cover of Wetland Vegetation in AA	⊠≥	70%	□ <	70%	□≥7	70%	□ <	70%
Evidence of Flooding / Ponding in AA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No				☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No
AA contains no or restricted outlet								
AA contains unrestricted outlet	.9H							

Comments: More than 90 percent of the excavation area is covered with wetland vegetation. An outlet culvert allows surface water to flow through the site when it reaches a certain elevation.

14H. SEDIMENT / SHORELINE STABILIZATION MA (proceed to 14l)

Applies only if AA occurs on or within the banks of a river, stream, or other natural or man-made drainage, or on the shoreline of a standing water body which is subject to wave action.

If 14H does not apply, check the NA box and proceed to 14I.

% Cover of Wetland Streambank or Shoreline by Species with Stability	Duration of S	Surface Water Adjacent to Rooted Vegetation					
Ratings of ≥6 (see Appendix F).	☐ Permanent / Perennial	☐ Seasonal / Intermittent	☐ Temporary / Ephemeral				
□ ≥ 65%							
□ 35-64%							
☐ < 35%							

Comments: AA does not support open water areas subject to wave action.

14I. PRODUCTION EXPORT / FOOD CHAIN SUPPORT

i. Level of Biological Activity: Synthesis of wildlife and fish habitat rates (select).

General Fish Habitat Rating	General Wildlife Habitat Rating (14Ciii)							
(14Diii)	□ E/H							
☐ E/H								
■ M								
□L								
⊠ NA		M						

ii. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. Factor A = acreage of vegetated wetland component in the AA; Factor B = level of biological activity rating from above (14li); Factor C = whether or not the AA contains a surface or subsurface outlet; the final three rows pertain to the duration of surface water in the AA, where P/P, S/I, and T/E were previously defined, and A = "absent" [see manual for further definitions of these terms].

Α	☐ Vegetated Component >5 acres						☑ Vegetated Component 1-5 acres					☐ Vegetated Component <1 acre						
В					Low		☐ High				☐ Low		☐ High				☐ Low	
С	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
P/P																		
S/I				-					.6M									
T/E/A																		

Wetland/Site #(s): Fort Peck NE - created wetland

			vvelianu	μ Oile $\frac{\pi}{\pi}(3)$. I OILI ECK IN	L - Created We	tiariu					
14I. PRODUCTION EXPORT / FOOD CHA	AIN SUF	PPORT (contir	nued)									
ii. Modified Rating: Note: Modified score	cannot	exceed 1.0 o	r be less than (0.1.								
Vegetated Upland Buffer: Area with ≥ 30% plant cover, ≤ 15% noxious weed or ANVS cover, AND that is not subjected to periodic med mowing or clearing (unless for weed control). Is there an average ≥ 50-foot wide vegetated upland buffer around ≥ 75% of the AA's perimeter? YES, add 0.1 to score in ii = [
v. Final Score and Rating: .7M Comme	ents: M	loderate biolog	gial activity; no	fish habi	tat; vegetative	component <	5 acres w	vith a upland b	ouffer.			
14J. GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE / RE Check the appropriate indicators in i												
i. Discharge Indicators The AA is a slope wetland. Springs or seeps are known or Vegetation growing during dorn Wetland occurs at the toe of a Seeps are present at the wetla AA permanently flooded during Wetland contains an outlet, bu Shallow water table and the sit	mant se natural and edge g drough t no inle	eason/drought. slope. e. ht periods. et.		☐ Perr ☐ Wetl ☐ Stre	land contains	s ate present wi inlet but no ou n 'losing' strea	tlet.	, , ,	0 ,			
ii. Rating: Use the information from i and									a			
Duration of Saturation at AA Wetlands FROM GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE or WITH WATER THAT IS RECHARGING THE GROUNDWATER SYSTEM												
Criteria		<u>₩// // //</u> P/P	ATER THAT IS		T T	GROUNDWA						
☐ Groundwater Discharge or Rechar	rae			<i></i>								
☐ Insufficient Data/Information	. 30			l.	NA	L						
Replacement Potential	AA cor springs foreste associa	e matrix below to select the funct contains fen, bog, warm ings or mature (>80 yr-old) ested wetland OR plant ociation listed as "S1" by MTNHP			nt and rating. es not contain are types ANI ty (#13) is high as plant asso	o structural gh OR ciation	AA does not contain previously cited rare types associations AND structura diversity (#13) is low-mode					
			□ Abundant		□ Common		□ Rare		□ Abundan			
☐ Low Disturbance at AA (#12i)												
Moderate Disturbance at AA (#12i)								.3L				
☐ High Disturbance at AA (#12i)												
IAL. RECREATION / EDUCATION POTE! Affords 'bonus' points if AA provides a . Is the AA a known or potential recreati i. Check categories that apply to the AA	a recrea ional oi A: ⊠ E	tional or educar r educational ducational/Sci	site? ⊠ YES	inity. 6, go to ii.	☐ NO , che	ck the NA box	ζ.	ımptive recrea	ational			
		ther:	-									
	ii. Rating: Use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. Known or Potential Recreational or Educational Area											
	Public ownership or public easement with general public access (no permission required)											
			access (no no	ermissio	n required)			15H				
Frivate ownership with deneral bublic	with ge	eneral public			n required)			.15H 	\exists			
Private ownership with general public Private or public ownership without g	with go	eneral public s (no permis	sion required)			c access						
	with ge acces jeneral	eneral public s (no permiss public acces	sion required) s, or requiring			c access			}			

15. GENERAL SITE NOTES: _____

Wetland/Site #(s): Fort Peck NE - created wetland

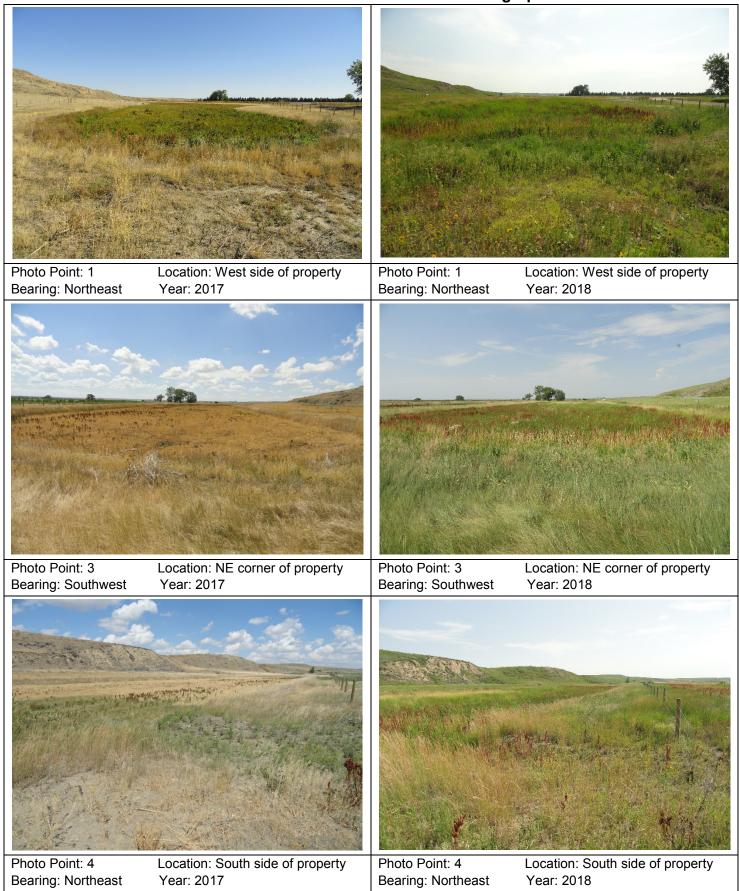
Function & Value Variables	Rating – Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage	Indicate the Four Most Prominent Functions with an Asterisk
A. Listed / Proposed T&E Species Habitat	low 0.00	1.00	0	
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	low 0.10	1.00	0.29	*
C. General Wildlife Habitat	mod 0.40	1.00	1.16	
D. General Fish Habitat	NA	NA	0	
E. Flood Attenuation	NA	NA	0	
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	high 0.90	1.00	2.61	
G. Sediment / Nutrient / Toxicant Removal	high 0.90	1.00	2.61	*
H. Sediment / Shoreline Stabilization	NA	NA	0	*
I. Production Export / Food Chain Support	mod 0.60	1.00	1.74	*
J. Groundwater Discharge / Recharge	NA	NA	2.03	
K. Uniqueness	low 0.30	1.00	0.87	
L. Recreation / Education Potential (bonus point)	high 0.15		0.44	
Total Points	3.35	7	9.75 Total	Functional Units
Percent of Possible	e Score 48% (round	I to nearest whol	e number)	

	Category I Wetland: (must satisfy one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II) Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; or
	 Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; or Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation and answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; or
	Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).
	Category II Wetland: (Criteria for Category I not satisfied and meets any one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV) Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; or High" to "Exceptional" ratings for both General Wildlife Habitat and General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; or Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; or Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).
	☐ Category III Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)
	Category IV Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; if not go to Category III) "Low" rating for Uniqueness; and
	 ☐ Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); and ☐ Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).
Į	
_	WEDALL ANALYSIS AREA (AA) RATING. Object the communicate actions to be seen as the communication of the communicat
J	OVERALL ANALYSIS AREA (AA) RATING: Check the appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above.

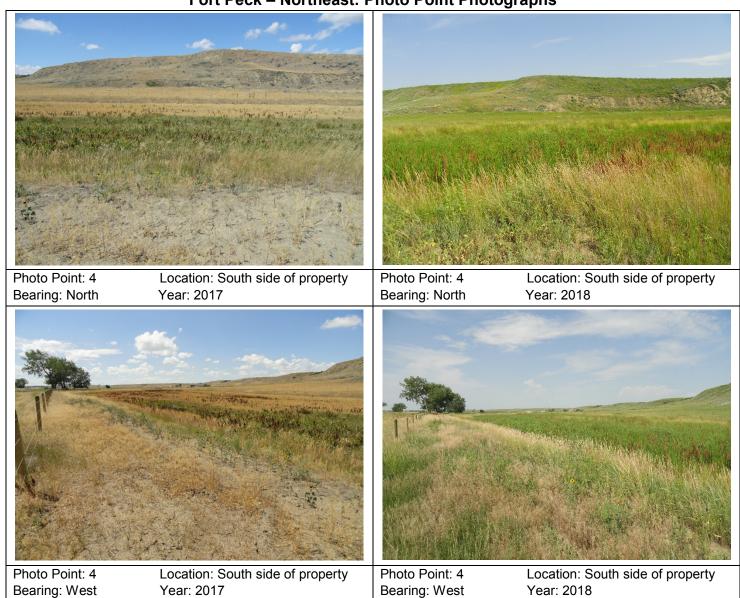
APPENDIX C PROJECT AREA PHOTOGRAPHS

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Fort Peck – Northeast Valley County, Montana

Fort Peck - Northeast: Photo Point Photographs



Fort Peck - Northeast: Photo Point Photographs



Fort Peck - Northeast: Photo Point Photographs

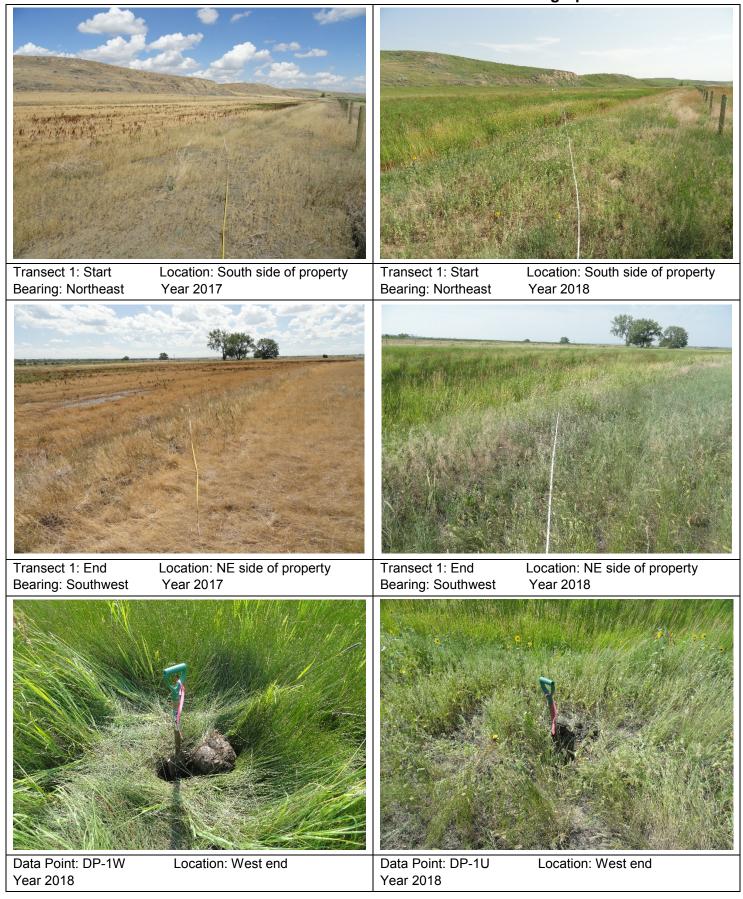


Photo Point 2 – Panorama; Location: North Fenceline; Bearing south; Year 2017



Photo Point 2 – Panorama; Location: North Fenceline; Bearing south; Year 2018

Fort Peck - Northeast: Transect and Data Point Photographs



APPENDIX D PROJECT PLAN SHEETS

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Fort Peck – Northeast Valley County, Montana

