MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION WETLAND MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT: YEAR 2016

SCHRIEBER LAKE MITIGATION SITE LINCOLN COUNTY, MONTANA



Prepared for:



2701 Prospect Avenue Helena, Montana 59620 Prepared by:



820 North Montana Ave, Suite A Helena, Montana 59601

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Montana Department of Transportation Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Report: Year 2016

SCHRIEBER LAKE MITIGATION SITE LINCOLN COUNTY, MONTANA SITE-WIDE CONSTRUCTION: 2014

MDT Project Number NH 27(029) Control Number 1027007

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prepared for

Montana Department of Transportation 2701 Prospect Avenue Helena, Montana 59620

Prepared by

RESPEC 820 North Montana Avenue, Suite A Helena, Montana 59601

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Schrieber Lake Wetland Mitigation 2016 Monitoring Report presents the results of the second year of post-construction monitoring at the Schrieber Lake mitigation area. The site was acquired by the Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) in 2010 to provide compensatory mitigation for both stream and wetland impacts associated with the proposed Swamp Creek – East projects along the US Highway 2 corridor and to serve as a mitigation bank for future transportation projects within Watershed #1 – Kootenai River basin. Construction of the Schrieber Lake mitigation project was completed in 2014, and final revegetation of the site occurred in 2015.

Figures A-2 and A-3 in Appendix A of this report show the monitoring activity locations and mapped site features, respectively. Appendix B contains the MDT Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring form, the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Wetland Determination Data forms for the Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast (WMVC) Region [USACE, 2010], and the 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method (MWAM) forms. Appendix C contains photographs of the project area, Appendix D incudes the surveyed stream cross-sections, and Appendix E includes project plan sheets.

The MDT Schrieber Lake mitigation project is located adjacent to the US Highway 2 corridor in Sections 12 and 13 of Township 27 North, Range 30 West, Lincoln County, Montana, as shown in Figure 1-1. The 104.7-acre site lies within the boundaries of Watershed #1 – Kootenai River Basin. This site is situated directly downstream and adjacent to the 141-acre, MDT-owned Schrieber Meadows aquatic mitigation project. The property is bisected by Schrieber and Coyote Creeks, which drain into Schrieber Lake, which eventually drains into the Fisher River. Schrieber Lake is situated within a narrow valley corridor that is bordered on the west and north sides by the Kootenai National Forest. The US Highway 2 corridor bounds the area to the east. Privately owned timber company land (formerly Plum Creek Timber and now Weyerhaeuser) occurs immediately adjacent to the site on the southwest side.

Before the construction of the Schrieber Lake Mitigation Project, the area consisted of hay grounds and historic wetlands that had been filled, graded, leveled, and drained. The stream channel had been channelized to promote and maximize hay production and grazing opportunities for livestock, as well as to flood irrigate the adjacent hay pastures. Historically, the project site was likely a large floodplain and beaver pond complex of mixed riparian scrub/shrub and emergent wetlands associated with both Coyote and Schrieber Creeks.

The goals of the mitigation project include preserving, restoring, and creating wetland and riparian habitats. Specifically, MDT plans to restore the hydrology to approximately 19 acres of drained wetlands by excavating and creating depressional wetland cells; protect the existing 10.2 acres of fencarr shrubland wetland vegetation community; restore previously developed agricultural areas into native wetland and upland plant communities through seeding, plantings; relocate and reconstruct approximately 3,500 linear feet of Schrieber Creek from the adjacent Schrieber Meadows site to its historic channel and outfall into Schrieber Lake; and to relocate and restore approximately 1,500 linear feet of channelized Coyote Creek to its historic channel and outfall into Schrieber Lake.

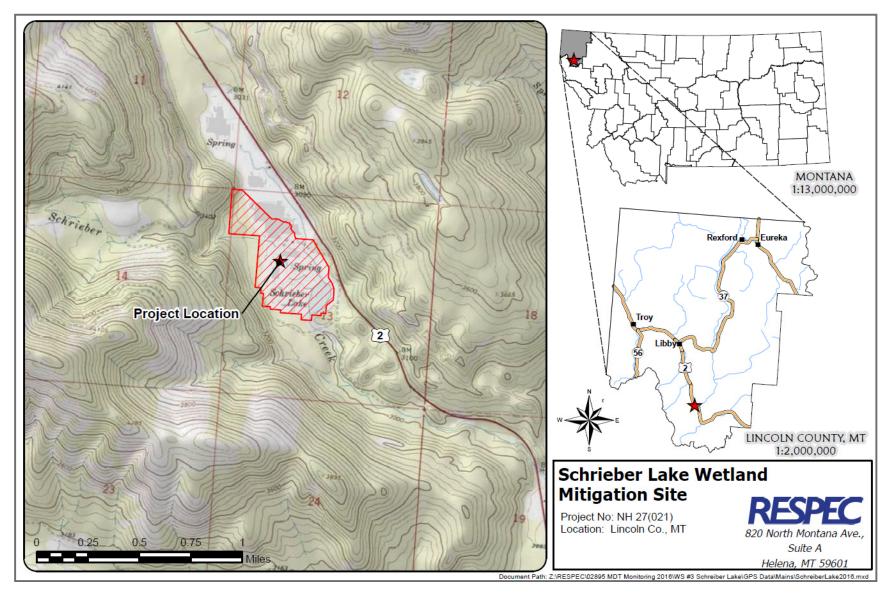


Figure 1-1. Project Location of the Schrieber Lake Site.

MDT anticipates developing 13.4 wetland credit acres from the Schrieber Lake project (Appendix E). The plan included creation, restoration (rehabilitation and enhancement), and upland buffer credits. The entire Schrieber Lake mitigation project encompassed creating additional depression wetland cells and buffer areas within upland and degraded wetlands, enhancing scrub/shrub palustrine wetlands, and reconstructing the Coyote and Schrieber Creek channels. The crediting objectives of the full Schrieber Lake project include the following:

1.1 WETLAND MITIGATION OBJECTIVES

- **Creation:** 3.06 wetland credit acres will be created by excavating shallow seasonal depressional wetland cells within the upland portions along the edges of the site. These areas will be seeded with a native wetland plant seed mix, and volunteer seeds within the soil bank are expected to colonize as well within these sites.
- Restoration (Reestablishment): Approximately 1.69 wetland credit acres will be provided by
 excavating shallow depressions in the portions of the lower hay meadow. These shallow
 depressions were constructed to diversify the vegetation community by removing nonnative
 pasture grass sod within the site. These depressions will be flat and 1–2 feet deep to promote
 revegetation and establishment of sedge species.
- Enhancement: 1.51 wetland credit acres will be derived from the 4.46 acres of area that will be enhanced within the site. Enhancement will be a primary tool for much of the mitigation efforts within the lower hay meadow and will provide for the natural succession of the fen-carr wetland community to expand beyond its current limitations caused by haying operations. The succession of woody species is expected to continue along the northern edge of the fen-carr shrubland out into the former hay meadow after haying has ceased. Further enhancements within these areas will include seeding and woody plantings.
- **Preservation:** Approximately 6.4 wetland preservation credit acres will be provided. Approximately 25.6 acres of the property will be preserved, primarily because of the unique fen-carr areas that are present within the site.
- Upland Buffers: Approximately 0.76 upland buffer credit is being requested for the created
 wetland cells located at the northern end and within the interior of the property. These upland
 buffers are separated from the proposed riparian buffers for the new stream channels. The
 upland buffer areas will be reseeded and planted with shrubs/trees to diversify the vegetation
 communities adjacent to these created wetlands.
- **Open Water:** The open-water area of Schrieber Lake will be protected and maintained as open water and is not considered as part of the preservation credit calculation.

1.2 STREAM-MITIGATION OBJECTIVES

For the purposes of obtaining stream-mitigation credits for the proposed Schrieber Lake mitigation project, the proposed stream restoration areas that concern Schrieber and Coyote Creeks have been divided into seven distinct reaches: two reaches in Coyote Creek, four reaches in Schrieber Creek, and the combined Coyote Creek/Schrieber Creek channel as the final reach. The following objectives are intended for this site:

- Restore approximately 4,505.9 linear feet of stream channel of both Coyote and Schrieber Creek
- Develop approximately 36,741.85 stream-mitigation credits by restoring Coyote and Schrieber Creeks for use within Watershed #1 – Kootenai River Basin.

1.3 APPROVED PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

The following list presents the proposed performance standards for the mitigation activities [MDT, 2009].

- Wetland Characteristics for all of the restored created, enhanced, and preserved wetlands within the project limits will meet the three parameter criteria for hydrology, vegetation, and soils established for determining wetland areas as outlined in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual (1987 Wetland Manual) [Environmental Laboratory, 1987] and the 2010 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (2010 Regional Supplement) [USACE, 2010].
 - a. **Wetland Hydrology Success** will be achieved where wetland hydrology is present as per the technical guidelines in the 1987 Wetland Manual. Soil saturation will be present for at least 12.5 percent of the growing season.
 - b. Hydric Soil Success will be achieved where hydric soil conditions are present (per the most recent Natural Resource Conservation Service [NRCS] definitions for hydric soil) or appear to be forming, the soil is sufficiently stable to prevent erosion, and the soil is able to support plant cover. Because typical hydric soil indicators may require long periods to form, a lack of distinctive hydric soil features will not be considered a failure if hydrologic and vegetation success is achieved.
 - c. Hydrophytic Vegetation Success will be achieved where combined absolute cover of facultative or wetter species is 70 percent or greater and state-listed noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent absolute cover.
- 2. Open Water is intended to be provided by the project during the spring and early summer within excavated depressions. As the growing season progresses and the groundwater levels recede, vegetation is expected to become established within the majority of the depressions. Open water with submerged and/or floating vegetation will, therefore, be considered successful and creditable.
- Channel Restoration Success will be evaluated in terms of revegetation success.
 - a. Revegetation along the new Coyote and Schrieber Creek channel corridors will be considered successful when banks are vegetated with a majority of deep-rooting riparian plant species that have root stability indexes of 6 or greater and wetland herbaceous and woody plant species.
 - b. New Stream Channels will be allowed to naturally migrate within the established floodplain/riparian areas and will be given enough room to move and stabilize itself within the site.
- 4. **Bank Restoration Success** will be achieved based on the rate of erosion encountered during the monitoring period and will be based on the assessed proper functioning condition

assessment using methods outlined by Prichard [1998]. The rate of erosion will be determined by installing bank pins and will be measured annually for a period of 5 years and/or until the bank vegetation stabilizes.

- 5. Riparian Buffer Success will be achieved when woody and riparian vegetation becomes established and noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent cover within the riparian buffer areas. Any areas within the creditable buffer area that were disturbed by the project construction must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of nonnoxious weed species by the end of the monitoring period.
 - a. Vegetation Success will be achieved where combined aerial cover of riparian and stream bank vegetation communities is 70 percent or greater and state-listed noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent cover, subject to the woody standards listed below.
 - b. Woody Plants, including planted trees and shrubs, will be considered successful where they exhibit 50 percent survival after 5 years. Natural colonization of woody plant species from nearby sources is expected to occur once haying and construction activities cease on the site.
- 6. Upland Buffer Success will be achieved when the noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent of cover within the buffer areas on site. Any area within the creditable buffer zone that was disturbed by project construction must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of nonweed species by the end of the monitoring period.
- 7. Weed Control will be based on annual site monitoring to determine weed species and the degree of infestation within the site. Based on the monitoring results, control measures will be implemented by MDT to minimize and/or eliminate the intrusion of state-listed noxious weed species within the site. MDT managed the property to control known weed problems (knapweed and houndstongue) before wetland construction activities began within the site.

The restoration efforts within the Schrieber Lake site greatly complement the Schrieber Meadows restoration efforts to reestablish a larger aquatic ecosystem across the landscape. Once complete, the two sites will increase migratory bird and endangered species habitat protection, improve water storage within the watershed, reestablish wetlands and other aquatic habitat that will increase wildlife and fisheries habitat in the Schrieber and Coyote Creek drainages, and restore historic wetland and stream functions to the altered landscape within the site.

The construction of the Schrieber Lake mitigation project was authorized under the authority of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act via permit NWO-2013-00874-MTM and in accordance with Montana's Stream Protection Act (SPA) #MDT-R1-40-2013.

2.0 METHODS

The second annual monitoring event was conducted on July 28, 2016, for wetland and streams. Information that was collected to complete the Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring form and Wetland Determination Data forms was recorded during the field investigation (Appendix B). Monitoring activity locations were mapped using a global positioning system (GPS) (Figure A-2, Appendix A). Data-collection activities included wetland delineation; wetland/open-water/aquatic habitat boundary

mapping; vegetation community mapping; vegetation transect monitoring; soils, hydrology, bird- and wildlife-use documentation; photographs; stream cross-sections at 11 established stations; functional assessments; and a nonengineering examination of the established infrastructure in the mitigation project area.

2.1 HYDROLOGY

Technical criteria for wetland hydrology guidelines have been established as "permanent or periodic inundation, or soil saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface for a significant period (usually 14 days or 12.5 percent or more during the growing season)" [USACE, 2010]. Systems with continuous inundation or saturation for greater than 12.5 percent of the growing season are considered wetlands. The growing season is defined for purposes of this report as the number of days where there is a 50 percent probability that the minimum daily temperature is greater than or equal to 28.5 degrees Fahrenheit [Environmental Laboratory, 1987]. The growing season that was recorded for the meteorological station at Libby 32 SSE (245020), which is located approximately 8 miles northwest of the project, extends from June 7 to September 4 for a total of 82 days [NRCS, 2010]. Areas that are defined as wetlands would require 10 days of inundation or saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface to meet the hydrology criteria and performance standards. Annual precipitation from January through August each year will be compared to the long-term average for this area to determine if the site is receiving above-average, below-average, or average precipitation and whether the site is experiencing drought or wet cycles.

The presence of hydrological indicators as outlined on the Wetland Determination Data forms was assessed at two data points that were established within the project area. The hydrologic indicators were evaluated according to features observed in situ during the site visit. The data were recorded on the Wetland Determination Data forms (Appendix B). Hydrologic assessments allow mitigation goals that address inundation and saturation requirements to be evaluated.

Soil pits that were excavated during the wetland delineation were used to evaluate groundwater levels within 18 inches of the ground surface. The data were recorded on the Wetland Determination Data forms (Appendix B). Areas of surface inundation were delineated on an aerial photograph during the growing season. The extent of soil saturation was determined through core sampling.

2.2 VEGETATION

The boundaries of general dominant-species-based vegetation communities were determined in the field during the active growing season and subsequently delineated on the 2016 aerial photographs. The percent cover of dominant species within a community type was estimated and recorded using the following values: 0 (< 1 percent), 1 (1–5 percent), 2 (6–10 percent), 3 (11–20 percent), 4 (21–50 percent), and 5 (> 50 percent) (Appendix B). Community types were named based on the predominant vegetation species that characterized each mapped polygon (Figure A-3, Appendix A).

Temporal changes in vegetation were evaluated by annually monitoring three vegetation belt transects that are approximately 10 feet wide and 384, 280, and 584 feet long, respectively. The transect endpoints were recorded with a GPS unit. Spatial changes in the vegetation communities were

recorded along the stationed transect. The percent aerial cover of each vegetation species within the belt transect was estimated using the same cover ranges listed above (Appendix B). Photographs were taken at the endpoints of each transect during the monitoring event (Appendix C).

The *Montana Noxious Weed List* (July 2015), prepared by the Montana Department of Agriculture [2015], was used to categorize weeds identified within the site. The location of noxious weeds was noted in the field during the investigation and mapped on the 2016 aerial photographs (Appendix A). The noxious weed species that were identified are color-coded. The locations are denoted with the symbol "x", "▲", or "■," which represent 0.0–0.1 acre, 0.1–1.0 acre, or greater than 1.0 acre in extent, respectively. The letters T, L, M, and H represent the cover classes and stand for less than 1 percent, 1–5 percent, 6–25 percent, and 26–100 percent, respectively.

2.3 SOIL

Soil information was obtained from the *Web Soil Survey for Lincoln County Area* and in situ soil descriptions accessed from the NRCS official soil description website [USDA, 2016]. Soil cores were excavated using a sharpshooter shovel and evaluated according to procedures outlined in the 1987 Wetland Manual and 2010 Regional Supplement. A description of the soil profile, including hydric indicators when present, was recorded on the Wetland Determination Data form for each profile (Appendix B).

2.4 WETLAND DELINEATION

Waters of the US, including special aquatic sites and jurisdictional wetlands, were delineated throughout the project area according to criteria established in the 1987 Wetland Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement. The technical criteria for hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soil, and wetland hydrology that were described in the 2010 Regional Supplement must be satisfied to delineate a representative area as jurisdictional. The name and indicator status of plant species was derived from the 2016 national wetland plant list (NWPL) [Lichvar et al., 2016]. A routine level-2 on-site determination method [Environmental Laboratory, 1987] was used to delineate jurisdictional areas within the project boundaries. The information was recorded onto the Wetland Determination Data forms (Appendix B).

The wetland boundary was determined in the field based on changes in plant communities and/or hydrology and changes in soil characteristics. Topographic relief boundaries within the project area were also examined and cross-referenced with soil and vegetation communities as supportive information for this delineation. Vegetation composition, soil characteristics, and hydrology were assessed at likely wetland and adjacent upland locations. If all three parameters met the criteria, the area was designated as wetland and mapped by vegetation community type. If any one of the parameters did not exhibit positive wetland indicators, the area was determined to be upland unless the site was classified as an atypical situation, potential problem area, or special aquatic site (i.e., mudflat). The wetland boundary was surveyed in the field using GPS technology and identified on the 2016 aerial photographs. Wetland areas were calculated using GIS methods.

2.5 WILDLIFE

Observations and other positive indicators of use by mammal, reptile, amphibian, and bird species were recorded on the Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring forms during each of the site visits. Indirect-use indicators, including tracks, scat, burrows, eggshells, skins, and bones, were also recorded. These signs were recorded while traversing the site for other required activities. Direct sampling methods, such as snap traps, live traps, and pitfall traps, were not used. A comprehensive wildlife species list of animals observed from 2015 through 2016 was compiled for this report.

2.6 FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT

The 2008 MDT MWAM has been used to evaluate functions and values on the site since post-construction monitoring began. This method provides an objective means of assigning an overall rating to wetlands and provides regulators with a means of assessing mitigation success based on wetland functions. Functions are self-sustaining properties of a wetland ecosystem that exist in the absence of society and relate to ecological significance without regard to subjective human values [Berglund and McEldowney, 2008]. Field data for this assessment were collected during the site visit. An MWAM form was completed for each wetland or group of wetlands (assessment areas [AAs]) (Appendix B).

2.7 PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION

Monitoring at photo points provided supplemental information that documented wetland, upland, and transect conditions; site trends; and current land uses that surround the site. Photographs were taken at established photo points throughout the site during the site visit (Appendix C). Photo-point locations were recorded with a resource-grade GPS unit (Figure A-2, Appendix A).

2.8 STREAM-MONITORING METHODS

2.8.1 Channel Cross-Sections

The Schrieber Lake mitigation plan called for establishing a minimum of one stream cross-section per 500 feet of assessed stream reach or one per different stream reach segment to monitor channel form and function, natural channel migration, vertical stability (down-cutting), sediment build-up, thalweg location changes, and stream bank/riparian vegetation development. Eleven permanent monitoring cross-sections were established perpendicular to the constructed streams during the 2015 spring site visit (Figure A-2, Appendix A). Rebar was driven into the ground at both ends of each cross-section, marked with pink paint and flagging, and covered with a wildlife-friendly cap. Additionally, T-posts were installed at either end of the cross-sections to more easily locate the cross-sections during the summer months when vegetation cover is high. Cross-sections were surveyed in 2016 using survey-grade GPS with a base station established on site to improve accuracy. Photographs were taken at each cross-section and are shown in Appendix C.

2.8.2 Bank Pins

Bank pins (¼-inch steel, painted fluorescent orange to enhance visibility) were installed on both sides of the channel at each of the monitoring cross-sections to document the rate of erosion after construction. Pins were installed perpendicular to the flow below the bankfull elevation. The stick-out

of each pin was recorded at the time of installation. Future measures of pin stick-out will permit assessment of lateral erosion during each subsequent monitoring event.

2.8.3 Vegetation Monitoring at Perpendicular Belt Transects

Riparian vegetation monitoring included establishing belt transects perpendicular to the newly constructed channel to document riparian buffer vegetative development, channel migration, and channel and riparian community diversity. Riparian belt transects were 10 feet wide and varied in length based on the width of the riparian buffer specified in the mitigation plan for each reach. Riparian buffer width along each stream reach is listed in Table 2-1. The vegetation inventory within each perpendicular belt transects included documenting total percent vegetation cover and percent cover by noxious weeds.

Table 2-1. Riparian Buffer Widths for Each Reconstructed Channel Reach as Specified in Schrieber Lake Mitigation Plan

| Channel Segment | Reach | Width of Right Riparian Buffer (feet) | Width of Left Riparian Buffer (feet) |
|--------------------|-------|---|--|
| Cavata Craak | 1A | 25 | 25 |
| Coyote Creek | 1B | 25 | 50 |
| | 1 | 100 | 100 |
| | 2A | 100 | 100 |
| Schrieber Creek | 2B | 75 | 75 |
| | 3 | 25 | 25 |
| | 7 | 25 | 25 |

2.8.4 Vegetation Monitoring at Parallel Belt Transects

Vegetation belt transects were also established parallel to the stream channel to document riparian vegetation development and community diversity within the streamside and riparian buffers. The parallel belt transects were 5 feet wide and extended 12.5 feet upstream and downstream of each monitoring cross-section for a total length of 25 feet. A planted vegetation survival assessment was performed within each parallel belt transect to document survival rates of woody vegetation installed along the reconstructed stream banks. The vegetation inventories within each parallel belt transect included compiling a comprehensive species list and assigning a cover class for each species.

Results of the vegetation inventory within the parallel belt transects were used to determine vegetation communities present along the reconstructed stream banks. Dominant species that were present along the banks were combined to assign vegetation community types, which were cross-referenced with bank stability indices [Winward, 2000]. If a stability rating was not available for the assigned community, an alternate stability rating was selected based on the individual species observed within the belt transect.

2.9 GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM DATA

Site features and survey points were collected by using a resource-grade (± 1 meter) Trimble R1 GNSS GPS receiver and companion Android tablet during the 2016 monitoring season. The collected data were then transferred to a personal computer, imported into GIS, and projected in Montana State Plane Single Zone NAD 83 meters. Site features and survey points that were located with GPS included wetland boundaries, photo points, transect endpoints, stream cross-sections, noxious weed infestations, and wetland data points.

2.10 MAINTENANCE NEEDS

Channels, engineered structures, fencing, bird boxes, and other man-made features were examined during the site visit for obvious signs of breaching, damage, or other problems. This examination was cursory and did not constitute an engineering-level structural inspection.

3.0 RESULTS

3.1 HYDROLOGY

Climate data from the Libby 32 SSE, Montana (245020) weather station recorded an average total annual precipitation rate of 24.44 inches from 1949 to 2016 [Western Regional Climate Center, 2016]. Annual precipitation in 2015 (the first year of monitoring) was 21.26 inches, which is more than 3 inches below the long-term average. Precipitation from January through August in 2015 was 11.14 inches, and in 2016 was 10.56 inches, which is 4 inches below the long-term average for that time of year (14.94 inches). In general, the region that surrounds the project area received below-average precipitation in the first 2 years of monitoring. Based on field observations of hydrology within the site over the first 2 years of monitoring, water levels within the excavated basins appear to be largely influenced by groundwater and stream discharge with moderate influence from direct precipitation.

During the July 2016 investigation, the average depth of surface water across the site was estimated at 2 feet with a range of depths from 1 to 3 feet. Approximately 80 percent of the assessment area was inundated. The surface-water depth at the emergent vegetation and open-water boundary was estimated at 1.1 feet. Direct precipitation also contributes to wetland hydrology, but the high seasonal groundwater table provides the majority of water that drives wetland hydrology within this site. Other site-wide indicators of wetland hydrology included saturation and inundation that is visible on aerial photographs and a seasonal high groundwater table.

Two data points were sampled in 2016 to determine the wetland/upland boundaries. DP-1W was located within wetland community Type 3 (Figure A-2, Appendix A). This wetland data point exhibited saturation to 9 inches below the ground surface, hydrogen sulfide odor, and geomorphic position (valley bottom at toe of slope). DP-1U was located upslope from DP-1W within upland community Type 1. No hydrologic indicators were found at DP-1U.

3.2 VEGETATION

A comprehensive list of 95 plant species (up from 86 in 2015) that were identified on the site between 2015 and 2016 is presented in Table 3-1. Nine wetland community types and three upland community types were identified and mapped at the mitigation site in 2016 (Figure A-3, Appendix A). Individual plant species that were observed within each community are listed on the Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring form (Appendix B). Open water below the ordinary high water mark (OHWM) of the constructed stream channels is also identified on Figure A-3 (Appendix A). The vegetation community types identified on the site in 2016 are discussed below.

Upland community Type 1 – *Elymus repens/Bromus inermis* covered 30 acres of the project area. Creeping wild rye (*Elymus repens*), smooth brome (*Bromus inermis*), western-wheat grass (*Pascopyrum smithii*), common timothy (*Phleum pretense*), and flat-stem blue grass (*Poa compressa*) dominated the community. Common yarrow (*Achillea millefolium*), redtop (*Agrostis stolonifera*), meadow-foxtail (*Alopecurus pratensis*), spotted knapweed (*Centaurea stoebe*), reed canary grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*), Kentucky blue grass (*Poa pratensis*), bluebunch wheatgrass (*Pseudoroegneria spicata*), and Douglas-fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*) were present at 1–5 percent cover. Wetland community Type 2 – *Betula pumila*/*Rhamnus alnifolia* covered 10.7 acres the project area. Bog birch (*Betula pumila*), alder-leaf buckthorn (*Rhamnus alnifolia*), and *Carex* species dominated the community. More than 50 percent of the community cover contained moss species. Six additional species were identified in this community at less than 5 percent cover.

Wetland community Type 3 – *Phalaris arundinacea/Carex* sp. covered 9.2 acres of the project area. Reed canary grass, analogue sedge (*Carex simulata*), and rough bentgrass (*Agrostis scabra*) dominated the community. Nine additional species were identified in this community at less than 5 percent to trace of the community cover. Approximately 5 percent of the community contained open water.

Wetland community Type 4 – *Carex simulata/Persicaria amphibia* covered 2.8 acres of the project area. Analogue sedge, water smartweed (*Persicaria amphibia*), and leafy tussock sedge dominated the vegetation community. Rough bent, Northwest Territory sedge (*Carex utriculata*), and moss were each present within the community at less than 10 percent cover. Six additional species were identified in this community at less than 5 percent cover each.

Upland community Type 5 – *Pseudotsuga menziesii/Larix occidentalis* covered 21.9 acres along the edges of the project area. Douglas-fir, western larch (*Larix occidentalis*), and lodgepole pine (*Pinus contorta*) dominated the vegetation community cover. The shrub layer contained common snowberry, Woods' rose (*Rosa woodsii*), bearberry (*Arctostaphylos uva-ursi*), and blueberry (*Vaccinium* sp.). The understory contained Geyer's sedge (*Carex geyeri*), smooth brome, blue wild rye (*Elymus glaucus*), and starry false Solomon's-seal (*Maianthemum stellatum*). Two Priority 2B noxious weed species were identified within the community: spotted knapweed (*Centaurea stoebe*) occurred at 6–10 percent cover, and Canada thistle (*Cirsium arvense*) occurred at less than 1 percent cover.

Table 3-1. Vegetation Species Identified in 2016 at the Shrieber Lake Site (Page 1 of 3)

| Scientific Names | Common Names | WMVC Indicator Status ^(a) |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Abies grandis | Grand Fir | FACU |
| Achillea millefolium | Common Yarrow | FACU |
| Agrostis scabra | Rough Bent | FAC |
| Agrostis stolonifera | Spreading Bent | FAC |
| Algae, green | Algae, green | NL |
| Alnus incana | Speckled Alder | FACW |
| Alopecurus pratensis | Field Meadow-Foxtail | FAC |
| Amelanchier alnifolia | Saskatoon Service-Berry | FACU |
| Antennaria sp. | Pussytoes | NL |
| Apocynum androsaemifolium | Spreading Dogbane | FACU |
| Aquatic macrophytes | Aquatic macrophytes | NL |
| Arctostaphylos uva-ursi | Red Bearberry | FACU |
| Berberis repens | Creeping Oregon-grape | NL |
| Bromus marginatus | Mountain Brome | NL |
| Betula pumila | Bog Birch | OBL |
| Bromus inermis | Smooth Brome | UPL |
| Calamagrostis rubescens | Pinegrass | NL |
| Campanula rotundifolia | Bluebell-of-Scotland | FACU |
| Carex aquatilis | Leafy Tussock Sedge | OBL |
| Carex bebbii | Bebb's Sedge | OBL |
| Carex geyeri | Geyer's Sedge | NL |
| Carex inops | Long-stolon Sedge | NL |
| Carex lasiocarpa | Woolly-Fruit Sedge | OBL |
| Carex nebrascensis | Nebraska Sedge | OBL |
| Carex simulata | Analogue Sedge | OBL |
| Carex sp. | Sedge | NL |
| Carex utriculata | Northwest Territory Sedge | OBL |
| Carex vesicaria | Lesser Bladder Sedge | OBL |
| Centaurea stoebe | Spotted Knapweed | NL |
| Cirsium arvense | Canadian Thistle | FAC |
| Cirsium vulgare | Bull thistle | FACU |
| Comarum palustre | Purple Marshlocks | OBL |
| Cornus canadensis | Canadian Bunchberry | FAC |
| Crataegus douglasii | Black Hawthorn | FAC |
| Cynoglossum officinale | Gypsy-Flower | FACU |
| Dactylis glomerata | Orchard Grass | FACU |
| Deschampsia caespitosa | Tufted Hair Grass | FACW |
| Elymus glaucus | Blue Wild Rye | FACU |
| Elymus repens | Creeping Wild Rye | FAC |
| Elymus trachycaulus | Slender Wild Rye | FAC |
| Epilobium ciliatum | Fringed Willow Herb | FACW |
| Equisetum arvense | Field Horsetail | FAC |

Table 3-1. Vegetation Species Identified in 2016 at the Shrieber Lake Site (Page 2 of 3)

| Scientific Names | Common Names | WMVC Indicator Status ^(a) |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Fragaria virginiana | Virginia Strawberry | FACU |
| Galium triflorum | Fragrant Bedstraw | FACU |
| Geum macrophyllum | Large-Leaf Avens | FAC |
| Glyceria striata | Fowl Manna Grass | OBL |
| Gnaphalium palustre | Western Marsh Cudweed | FACW |
| Hypericum perforatum | Common St. John's-Wort | FACU |
| Juncus nodosus | Knotted Rush | OBL |
| Juncus tenuis | Lesser Poverty Rush | FAC |
| Larix occidentalis | Western Larch | FACU |
| Lemna minor | Common Duckweed | OBL |
| Lepidium draba | Whitetop | NL |
| Leucanthemum vulgare | Ox-Eye Daisy | FACU |
| Linaria dalmatica | Dalmatian Toadflax | NL |
| Linaria vulgaris | Butter-and-eggs | NL |
| Maianthemum stellatum | Starry False Solomon's-Seal | FAC |
| Moss | Sphagnum/Aulacomnium moss | NL |
| Pascopyrum smithii | Western-Wheat Grass | FACU |
| Penstemon sp. | Beardtongue | NL |
| Persicaria amphibia | Water Smartweed | OBL |
| Phalaris arundinacea | Reed Canary Grass | FACW |
| Phleum pratense | Common Timothy | FAC |
| Pinus contorta | Lodgepole Pine | FAC |
| Pinus monticola | Western White Pine | FACU |
| Pinus ponderosa | Ponderosa Pine | FACU |
| Plantago sp. | Plantain | NL |
| Poa compressa | Flat-Stem Blue Grass | FACU |
| Poa palustris | Fowl Blue Grass | FAC |
| Poa pratensis | Kentucky Blue Grass | FAC |
| Poa sp. | Blue Grass | NL |
| Potentilla anserina | Silverweed | OBL |
| Potentilla norvegica | Norwegian Cinquefoil | FAC |
| Pseudoroegneria spicata | Bluebunch Wheatgrass | NL |
| Pseudotsuga menziesii | Douglas-Fir | FACU |
| Rhamnus alnifolia | Alder-Leaf Buckthorn | FACW |
| Rosa woodsii | Woods' Rose | FACU |
| Rumex acetosella | Common Sheep Sorrel | FACU |
| Salix bebbiana | Gray Willow | FACW |
| Salix boothii | Booth's Willow | FACW |
| Salix candida | Sage Willow | OBL |
| Salix geyeriana | Geyer's Willow | FACW |
| Salix sp. | Willow | NL |
| Scutellaria galericulata | Hooded Skullcap | OBL |

Table 3-1. Vegetation Species Identified in 2016 at the Shrieber Lake Site (Page 3 of 3)

| Scientific Names | Common Names | WMVC Indicator Status ^(a) |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Shepherdia canadensis | Russet Buffalo-Berry | UPL |
| Stipa viridula | Green Needlegrass | NL |
| Symphoricarpos albus | Common Snowberry | FACU |
| Symphyotrichum spathulatum | Mountain American-Aster | FAC |
| Taraxacum officinale | Common Dandelion | FACU |
| Thlaspi arvense | Field Pennycress | UPL |
| Trifolium aureum | Yellow Clover | NL |
| Typha latifolia | Broad-Leaf Cat-Tail | OBL |
| Urtica dioica | Stinging Nettle | FAC |
| Vaccinium sp. | Blueberry | NL |
| Verbascum thapsus | Great Mullein | FACU |

⁽a) 2016 NWPL [Lichvar et al., 2016].New species that were identified in 2016 are **bolded.**

Wetland community Type 6 – *Salix bebbiana/Phalaris arundinacea* covered 0.8 acre of the project area. Gray willow (*Salix bebbiana*) and reed canary grass dominated the vegetation community. Three additional species were identified in this community and were each present at less than 5 percent cover.

Wetland community Type 7 – *Alnus incana/Phalaris arundinacea* covered 0.4 acre of the project area. Speckled alder (*Alnus incana*) and reed canary grass dominated the vegetation community. Water smartweed was present at less than 5 percent cover, and Canada thistle was present in trace amounts.

Wetland community Type 8 – *Carex utriculata* covered 10.7 acres of the project area. This community was dominated by Northwest Territory sedge, which was interspersed with minor amounts of willow and other sedge species.

Upland community Type 9 – *Crataegus douglasii/Symphoricarpos albus* covered 0.5 acre of the project area. This community was dominated by black hawthorn (*Crataegus douglasii*) and common snowberry (*Symphoricarpos albus*) shrubs. Reed canary grass accounted for less than 10 percent of the vegetation community cover. This community had a substantial Canada thistle infestation that accounted for 6–10 percent of the vegetative cover. Eight other species were present at cover values of a trace or less, including houndstongue, which is a state-listed noxious weed.

Wetland community Type 10 – *Typha latifolia* covered 2.8 acres around the fringe of Schrieber Lake. This community contained broad-leaf cat-tail (*Typha latifolia*) and purple marshlocks (*Comarum palustre*) within areas of shallow open water.

Wetland community Type 11 – Open Water/Aquatic Macrophytes covered 12.6 acres of the project area and included Schrieber Lake and the newly constructed wetland cells. This community contained more than 50 percent open water. Vegetation in the community included water smartweed and aquatic macrophytes.

Wetland community Type 12 – *Carex lasiocarpa* covered 1.3 acres of the project area on the south edge of Schrieber Lake, immediately adjacent to the cat-tail community there (community Type 10). Woolly-fruit sedge (*Carex lasiocarpa*) accounted for more than 50 percent of the vegetative cover in this community. Reed canary grass and leafy tussock sedge were each present at less than 10 percent cover. Five species were identified in the community.

Trends in plant species composition were measured on three transects (T-1, T-2, and T-3) in 2016. Photographs of the transect end points are shown in Appendix C.

T-1 consists of a 384-foot transect that was established during initial monitoring at the site in 2015. Table 3-2 and Charts 3-1 and 3-2 summarize the data for T-1 (Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring form, Appendix B). Community Types 3, 7, and 11 were identified along this transect. All three vegetative communities are considered wetland communities. Site conditions in 2016 remained mostly similar to those observed in 2015.

Table 3-2. Data Summary for T-1 From 2015 Through 2016 at the Schrieber Lake Site

| Monitoring Year | 2015 | 2016 |
|---|------|------|
| Transect Length (feet) | 384 | 384 |
| Vegetation Community Transitions Along Transect | 3 | 3 |
| Vegetation Communities Along Transect | 3 | 3 |
| Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities Along Transect | 3 | 3 |
| Total Vegetative Species | 10 | 9 |
| Total Hydrophytic Species | 5 | 8 |
| Total Upland Species | 5 | 1 |
| Estimated % Total Vegetative Cover | 90 | 100 |
| Estimated % Unvegetated | 10 | 10 |
| % Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities | 100 | 100 |
| % Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities | 0 | 0 |
| % Transect Length Comprising Open Water | 0 | 2 |
| % Transect Length Comprising Mudflat | 0 | 0 |

T-2 crossed wetland community Type 3 – *Phalaris arundinacea/Carex* sp. and wetland community Type 6 – *Salix bebbiana/Phalaris arundinacea* in the middle of the restored wetland area (Figure A-2, Appendix A). Hydrophytic vegetation communities dominated 100 percent of the transect (Figure A-3, Appendix A). Details of the transect data are summarized and graphed on Table 3-3 and Charts 3-3 and 3-4. Site conditions in 2016 remained similar to those observed in 2015. Photographs of the endpoints of T-2 are shown in Appendix C.

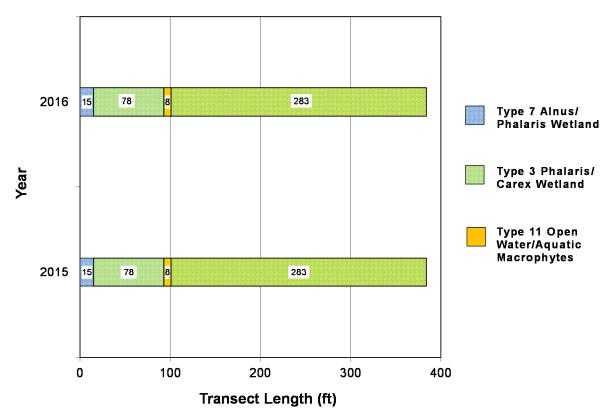


Chart 3-1. Transect Map Showing Community Types on T-1 From 2015 Through 2016 From Start (0 Foot) to Finish (384 Feet).

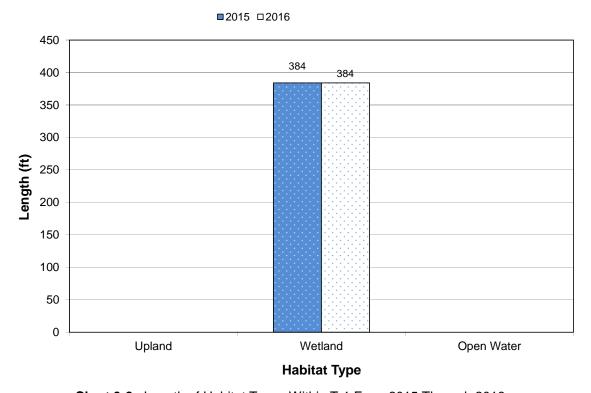


Chart 3-2. Length of Habitat Types Within T-1 From 2015 Through 2016.

T-3 extended 584 feet at 175 degrees on the western side of the restored area (Figure A-2, Appendix A). Transect details are shown on Table 3-4 and Charts 3-5 and 3-6 (Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring forms, Appendix B). Site conditions in 2016 remained similar to those observed in 2015. The transect crossed three communities: wetland community Types 3 and 4 and upland community Type 1. Sixteen plant species were identified along the transect. Photographs of the T-3 endpoints are shown in Appendix C.

Table 3-3. Data Summary for T-2 From 2015 Through 2016 at the Schrieber Lake Site

| Monitoring Year Transect Length (feet) | 2015 280 | 2016 280 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Vegetation Community Transitions Along Transect | 1 | 1 |
| Vegetation Communities Along Transect | 2 | 2 |
| Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities Along Transect | 2 | 2 |
| Total Vegetative Species | 7 | 5 |
| Total Hydrophytic Species | 5 | 5 |
| Total Upland Species | 2 | 0 |
| Estimated % Total Vegetative Cover | 99 | 100 |
| Estimated % Unvegetated | 1 | 0 |
| % Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities | 100 | 100 |
| % Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities | 0 | 0 |
| % Transect Length Comprising Unvegetated Open Water | 0 | 0 |
| % Transect Length Comprising Mudflat | 0 | 0 |

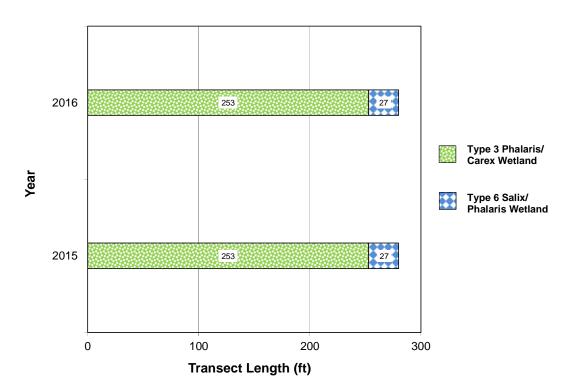


Chart 3-3. Transect Map Showing Community Types on T-2 From 2015 Through 2016 From Start (0 Foot) to Finish (280 Feet).

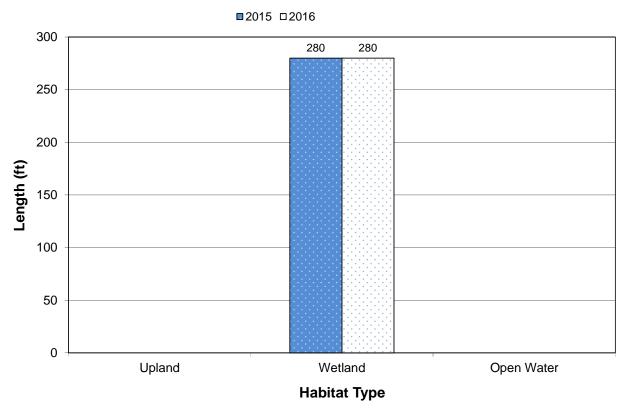


Chart 3-4. Length of Habitat Types Within T-2 From 2015 Through 2016.

Table 3-4. Data Summary for T-3 From 2015 Through 2016 at the Schrieber Lake Site

| Monitoring Year Transect Length (feet) | 2015 584 | 2016 584 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Vegetation Community Transitions Along Transect | 2 | 2 |
| Vegetation Communities Along Transect | 3 | 3 |
| Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities Along Transect | 2 | 2 |
| Total Vegetative Species | 16 | 11 |
| Total Hydrophytic Species | 14 | 10 |
| Total Upland Species | 2 | 1 |
| Estimated % Total Vegetative Cover | 100 | 100 |
| Estimate % Unvegetated | 0 | 0 |
| % Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities | 94 | 94 |
| % Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities | 6 | 6 |
| % Transect Length Comprising Unvegetated Open Water | 0 | 0 |
| % Transect Length Comprising Mudflat | 0 | 0 |

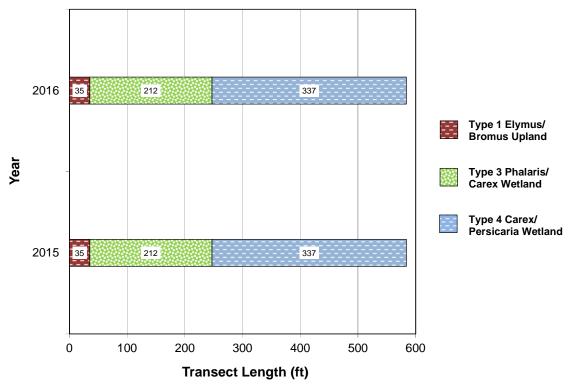


Chart 3-5. Transect Map Showing Community Types on T-3 From 2015 Through 2016 From Start (0 Foot) to Finish (584 Feet).

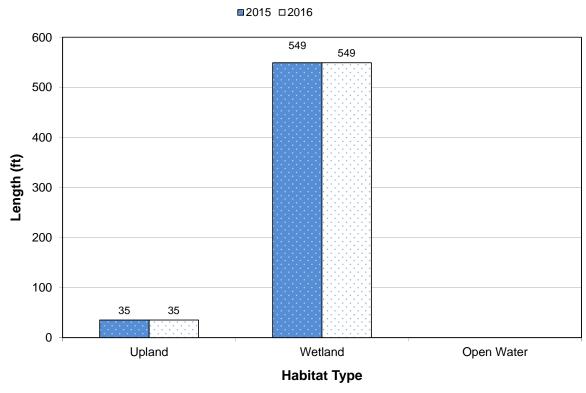


Chart 3-6. Length of Habitat Types Within T-3 From 2015 Through 2016.

Priority 2B noxious weeds that were identified within the Schrieber Lake mitigation site included spotted knapweed (*Centaurea stoebe*), Canada thistle (*Cirsium arvense*), Gypsy-flower (*Cynoglossum officinale*), St. Johnswort (*Hypericum perforatum*), ox-eye daisy (*Leucanthemum vulgare*), dalmatian toadflax (*Linaria dalmatica*), whitetop (*Lepidium draba*), and yellow toadflax (*Linaria vulgaris*). Infestation areas were mapped in 2016 and ranged in size from less than 0.1 acre to greater than 1 acre in size. The most common weed species found on the site were yellow toadflax, spotted knapweed, and Canada thistle (Figure A-3, Appendix A). One additional species that was identified by MDT in late 2015 at the site is hoary alyssum (*Berteroa incana*). This species is found along the former access road from US Highway 2 to the Coyote Creek diversion.

MDT planted 1,500 woody plants in the riparian buffer along Schrieber Creek, Coyote Creek, and around some wetland excavations. Based on observations at the parallel and perpendicular belt transects, woody plantings survival was estimated to be below the required 50 percent survival. For many of the plantings, competition with herbaceous vegetation such as reed canary grass is problematic, as are conditions that are too wet for woody survival. Mr. Phil Johnson with MDT has indicated that some browse has been noted and some of the woody plantings have likely been adversely affected by weed-spraying activities at the site.

3.3 SOIL

The primary map unit on the site (approximately 70 percent) was identified as a poorly drained Aquic Udifluvent. The soil is found in intermontane basins and is classified as hydric. The NRCS soil unit Andic Dystric Eutrochrepts was mapped along the edges of the site and included silty glaciolacustrine deposits common on lacustrine terraces and glacial outwash terraces.

Two soil pits were evaluated to determine the extent of hydric soil development. DP-1W satisfied hydric soil indicators with the presence of a hydrogen sulfide odor. DP-1U revealed a black (10 YR 2/1) loam textured soil without redox features from 0 to 18 inches. No positive indicators of hydric soil were observed at the upland data point.

3.4 WETLAND DELINEATION

The total jurisdictional wetland and aquatic habitat acreage that was delineated at the Schreiber Lake mitigation site in 2016 was 52.1 acres, as shown in Table 3-5. This figure includes Schreiber Lake (8.26 acres), the Schreiber and Coyote Creek stream channels (approximately 1 acre), wetlands that occur within the creditable riparian buffer of those stream channels (3.9 acres), and lake fringe wetlands that occur on that portion of the project site that is owned by the US Forest Service (USFS) (1.25 acres). None of those wetlands are eligible for wetland credit under the Schreiber Lake mitigation plan (MDT 2009). The remaining acreage available for wetland crediting is 37.65 acres. The extensive development of wetlands at this site is the product of excavating the wetland cells, plugging the former stream channels, and remeandering and raising the bed elevation of the restored creek channels. As a result, widespread inundation was present throughout the site during the July 2016 site visit.

Table 3-5. Project Upland and Delineated Wetland Acres From 2015 Through 2016

| Habitat Type | 2015 Acres | 2016 Acres |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Uplands | 52.60 | 52.60 |
| Wetlands & Aquatic Habitat | | |
| Schrieber Lake | 8.26 | 8.26 |
| Stream channels | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Riparian buffer | 3.90 | 3.90 |
| USFS wetlands | 1.25 | 1.25 |
| Remaining wetlands | 37.65 | 37.65 |
| Wetlands subtotal ^(a) | 52.10 | 52.10 |
| Project Area | 104.70 | 104.70 |

⁽a) The subtotal was rounded to the nearest tenth.

3.5 WILDLIFE

A list of animal species that were observed directly or indirectly between 2015 and 2016 is presented in Table 3-6. Eight different bird species were identified at the site in 2016, including blue-winged teal (*Anas discors*), brewer's blackbird (*Euphagus cyanocephalus*), great blue heron (*Ardea herodias*), mallard (*Anas platyrhynchos*), black-capped chickadee (*Poecile atricapillus*), sparrow sp., swallow sp., and Wilson's snipe (*Gallinago delicata*). Other wildlife that were directly observed included two Columbia spotted frogs (*Rana luteiventris*), three ground squirrels, one chipmunk, and one moose. Deer (*Odocoileus* sp.) beds were observed in the upland area of the project site. Breeding western toads (*Anaxyrus boreas*) (a Montana S2 species) have been documented by USFS personnel on the project site in the past. The Montana Department of Fish, Wildlife, and Parks and US Fish and Wildlife Service have also documented grizzly bear (*Ursus arctos*) on the Schrieber Lake site.

3.6 FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT

The 2008 MDT MWAM was used to evaluate the site in 2016; Table 3-7 displays the results of this evaluation. The 2015 functional assessment incorporated the created, restored, and preserved wetlands into one AA. The 2016 functional assessment followed this format. The MWAM AA included all of the delineated wetlands, including the creditable wetlands (37.65 acres); the wetlands within the riparian buffers of Schrieber and Coyote Creeks (3.9 acres), the open water within Schrieber Lake (8.26 acres), and those portions of Schreiber and Coyote creeks that flow through the wetland areas (0.65 acres); and the wetlands on USFS lands (1.25 acres). The wetlands in the AA received a Category I rating with 87 percent of the total possible points in 2016. The 51.7-acre AA was rated as a Category I wetland and scored excellent for general wildlife habitat and production export/food chain support and high for listed/proposed threatened and endangered (T&E) species habitat, short- and long-term surface-water storage, sediment/nutrient/toxicant removal, sediment/shoreline stabilization, groundwater/discharge/recharge, and uniqueness. The fish habitat score decreased slightly in 2016 from 2015 because brook trout are listed as a Tier IV species rather than Tier III, which was used in the 2015 rating.

Table 3-6. Wildlife Observed at the Schrieber Lake Site From 2015 Through 2016 (Page 1 of 2)

| Common Name | Scientific Name | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Amphibian | | | |
| Columbia Spotted Frog | Rana luteiventris | | |
| Western Toad | Anaxyrus boreas | | |
| Fish | | | |
| Trout sp. | | | |
| Pumpkinseed | Lepomis gibbosus | | |
| F | Reptile | | |
| Common Garter Snake | Thamnophis sirtalis | | |
| Painted Turtle | Chrysemys picta | | |
| M | lammal | | |
| Chipmunk sp. | Tamias sp. | | |
| Deer sp. | Odocoileus sp. | | |
| Grizzly Bear | Ursus arctos | | |
| Ground squirrel | Marmotini sp. | | |
| Moose | Alces americanus | | |
| Vole sp. | | | |
| | Bird | | |
| American Robin | Turdus migratorius | | |
| Barn Swallow | Hirundo rustica | | |
| Black-billed Magpie | Pica hudsonia | | |
| Black-capped Chickadee | Poecile atricapillus | | |
| Blue-winged Teal | Anas discors | | |
| Bobolink | Dolichonyx oryzivorus | | |
| Bufflehead | Bucephala albeola | | |
| Brewer's Blackbird | Euphagus cyanocephalus | | |
| Canada Goose | Branta canadensis | | |
| Cedar Waxwing | Bombycilla cedrorum | | |
| Chimney Swift | Chaetura pelagica | | |
| Duck | | | |
| Flycatcher | | | |
| Great Blue Heron | Ardea herodias | | |
| Killdeer | Charadrius vociferus | | |
| Mallard | Anas platyrhynchos | | |
| Northern Flicker | Colaptes auratus | | |
| Northern Shoveler | Anas clypeata | | |
| Osprey | Pandion haliaetus | | |
| Red-tailed Hawk | Buteo jamaicensis | | |
| Red-winged Blackbird | Agelaius phoeniceus | | |
| Ruddy Duck | Oxyura jamaicensis | | |
| Sparrow sp. | | | |
| Swallow sp. | | | |

Table 3-6. Wildlife Observed at the Schrieber Lake Site From 2015 Through 2016 (Page 2 of 2)

| Common Name | Scientific Name |
|----------------|---------------------|
| Е | ird |
| Tree Swallow | Tachycineta bicolor |
| Vaux Swift | Chaetura vauxi |
| Vesper Sparrow | Pooecetes gramineus |
| Virginia Rail | Rallus limicola |
| Wilson's Snipe | Gallinago delicata |
| Yellow Warbler | Dendroica petechia |

Species that were identified in 2016 are bolded.

Table 3-7. Functions and Values of the Schrieber Lake Site in 2016

| Function and Value Parameters From the 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method ^(a) | 2015 | 2016 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat | High (0.8) | High (0.8) |
| Montana Natural Heritage Program (MTNHP) Species Habitat | Mod (0.6) | Mod (0.6) |
| General Wildlife Habitat | High (1.0) | High (1.0) |
| General Fish/Aquatic Habitat | Mod (0.7) | Mod (0.5) |
| Flood Attenuation | Mod (0.6) | Mod (0.6) |
| Short- and Long-Term Surface-Water Storage | High (1.0) | High (1.0) |
| Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal | High (1.0) | High (1.0) |
| Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization | High (1.0) | High (1.0) |
| Production Export/ Food Chain Support | High (1.0) | High (1.0) |
| Groundwater Discharge/Recharge | High (1.0) | High (1.0) |
| Uniqueness | High (0.9) | High (0.9) |
| Recreation/Education Potential | Mod (0.1) | High (0.2) |
| Actual Points/Possible Points | 9.7/11 | 9.6/11 |
| % of Possible Score Achieved | 88.2 | 87 |
| Overall Category | I | I |
| Acreage of Assessed Aquatic Habitats within Easement (acres) | 51.7 | 51.7 |
| Functional Units (acreage × actual points) | 501.49 | 496.32 |

⁽a) Berglund and McEldowney 2008.

3.7 PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION

Ten photo points were initially established in the project area in 2015. All ten photo-point locations were documented during the 2016 site visit. Additionally, photographs were taken at each surveyed stream cross-section, sampled data point, and start and end of the vegetation transects (T-1, T-2, and T-3) in 2016. The locations of these photographs are illustrated on Figure A-2 in Appendix A. The 2016 photographs are provided in Appendix C.

3.8 STREAM-MONITORING RESULTS

3.8.1 Channel Cross-Sections

Several channel parameters were calculated based on the survey results at each cross-section. including bankfull width, maximum depth, cross-sectional area, mean depth, and width/depth (W/D) ratio. From the channel cross-section survey and identifying the bankfull water surface elevation, parameters that are relevant to the geomorphic evolution of the channel can be calculated and compared. From these metrics, the W/D ratio is calculated, which is the ratio of the bankfull channel width divided by the mean bankfull depth. This ratio is used in stream-classification systems and is often used to compare conditions between reaches with the same stream type. A comparison of W/D ratios measured at the same location over time provides a quantitative indicator of channel overwidening and aggradation or channel incision and degradation. These two phenomena are observed responses of the channel morphology to changes in the hydrologic regime of the larger scale system, related to sediment discharge, sediment particle size, stream flow, and stream slope. Increases or decreases of those four factors generally trigger a morphological response. For example, when a channel is straightened, it loses length over the same elevation drop and consequently becomes steepened. A typical morphological response is for the stream to degrade (i.e., down-cut and become incised). The down-cut channel then loses connectivity to its floodplain, where more flood flow is contained in the channel, which may accelerate channel degradation. Changes in either of the four factors generally makes a channel unstable and triggers a morphological response until a new dynamic equilibrium is reached.

Significant increases or decreases in bankfull width, maximum depth, cross-sectional area, mean depth, and W/D ratio as measured over time may suggest that the channel is unstable and undergoing a morphological response towards dynamic equilibrium. These calculations are included in Table 3-8. Each surveyed cross-section was plotted to determine these parameters; plots that illustrate a 1:1 vertical/horizontal scale are included in Appendix D. The sinuosity of each constructed channel reach was calculated by digitizing the new channel centerline from aerial photographs and dividing the centerline length by the valley length of each reach.

In general, large-scale horizontal and vertical changes were not observed. Subtle changes (< 15 percent) that are shown in Table 3-8 between monitoring years may be attributed to many factors including the following:

- Differences in survey-point quantity and spacing
- Slight deviations in point collection project between cross-section monuments
- Settling of bioengineered banks.

An example of a questionable true morphological change is located at monitoring cross-section SC1-1. Table 3-8 and the plot provided in Appendix D suggest a widening at the right overbank. This apparent widening may likely be attributed to a slight differing projection of points between cross-section endpoint monuments.

Table 3-8. Surveyed Cross-Section Parameters at the Schrieber Lake Site From 2015 Through 2016

| Monitoring Cross- | Baı | nkfull Wi | idth | Max | Maximum Depth Cross-Section Area Mean Depth (ft) (ft) (ft) | | oth | W/D Ratio | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------|-----------|------|------|--|------------|------|--------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Section | 2015 | 2016 | %∆ | 2015 | 2016 | % ∆ | 2015 | 2016 | %∆ | 2015 | 2016 | %∆ | 2015 | 2016 | %∆ |
| SC1-1 | 11.0 | 11.7 | 6% | 2.0 | 2.2 | 11% | 14.3 | 17.0 | 19% | 1.3 | 1.5 | 12% | 8.4 | 8.0 | -5% |
| SC1-2 | 11.2 | 11.9 | 6% | 1.6 | 1.7 | 6% | 12.1 | 12.8 | 6% | 1.1 | 1.1 | -2% | 10.4 | 11.1 | 7% |
| SC2A-1 | 11.6 | 12.0 | 4% | 1.6 | 1.5 | -3% | 12.4 | 11.3 | -9% | 1.1 | 0.9 | -15% | 11.0 | 12.8 | 17% |
| SC2B-1 | 13.2 | 12.6 | -5% | 2.4 | 2.3 | -6% | 18.5 | 17.8 | -4% | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1% | 9.4 | 8.9 | -5% |
| SC2B-2 | 12.5 | 12.6 | 1% | 2.4 | 2.6 | 7% | 20.8 | 18.8 | -9% | 1.7 | 1.5 | -12% | 7.5 | 8.5 | 13% |
| SC3-1 | 14.5 | 14.6 | 1% | 2.6 | 2.6 | 0% | 29.9 | 31.2 | 4% | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1% | 7.0 | 6.9 | -2% |
| SC3-2 | 16.6 | 15.9 | -4% | 2.9 | 2.8 | -3% | 27.8 | 28.7 | 3% | 1.7 | 1.8 | 6% | 9.8 | 8.8 | -10% |
| SC7-1 | 7.4 | 7.0 | -5% | 2.0 | 1.8 | -10% | 8.5 | 8.2 | -4% | 1.1 | 1.2 | 6% | 6.5 | 6.0 | -7% |
| CC1A-1 | 10.2 | 9.6 | -6% | 2.4 | 2.1 | -12% | 13.6 | 11.4 | -16% | 1.3 | 1.2 | -9% | 7.7 | 8.1 | 5% |
| CC1A-2 | 7.5 | 7.1 | -5% | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1% | 11.3 | 11.9 | 6% | 1.5 | 1.7 | 11% | 5.0 | 4.3 | -14% |
| CC1B-1 | 11.4 | 15.5 | 36% | 2.6 | 3.0 | 15% | 19.5 | 28.5 | 46% | 1.7 | 1.8 | 8% | 6.7 | 8.5 | 27% |

ft = feet.

 ft^2 = square feet.

% = percent change.

The most apparent change in monitored cross-sections occurs at CC1B-1. At this location, more significant changes in bankfull channel width, cross-sectional area, and W/D ratio were observed. This cross-section is located at a break in the dense riparian canopy, where it may serve as an animal crossing. Continued monitoring of these cross-sections will further document lateral or vertical adjustments over time.

The following sections describe each reconstructed stream reach within the mitigation site after initial measurements in 2015.

3.8.1.1 Schrieber Creek, Reach 1

Reach 1 of Schrieber Creek was constructed through a dry former hayfield and is considered an ephemeral stream reach. The mitigation plan states that this channel segment will be constructed to a Rosgen B/C-type channel configuration, which typically exhibit moderate W/D ratios of more than 12 and moderate to high sinuosities of more than 1.2. Survey results at two cross-sections within Reach 1 indicated W/D ratios of 8.4 and 10.4, which are more typical of Rosgen E-type channels. Bankfull widths at these two cross-sections were 10.9 and 11.2 feet, which fell within the range specified for channel width within the design for Reach 1. The channel sinuosity is 1.1, which indicates a relatively straight channel alignment as compared to typical B- and C-type channels.

3.8.1.2 Schrieber Creek, Reach 2A

Reach 2 of Shrieber Creek continues through the dry, former hayfield and is considered an ephemeral stream reach. The mitigation plan indicates that Reach 2A of Schrieber Creek will be constructed with a Rosgen C-type channel configuration, which typically exhibit W/D ratios of more than 12 and sinuosity of more than 1.2. One cross-section was surveyed through Reach 2A and indicated a W/D ratio of 11.0. This W/D ratio is considered low for a C-type channel and is more indicative of an E-type channel. The bankfull channel width surveyed at this cross-section was 11.7 feet, which fell within the range specified in the design for Reach 2A. The sinuosity of the channel through Reach 2A is 1.1, which is also considered low for a C-type stream.

3.8.1.3 Schrieber Creek, Reach 2B

Reach 2B is a short, 130-foot channel segment that remains within the ephemeral reach of Schrieber Creek. The mitigation plan proposes a Rosgen A/B channel type through Reach 2B as the creek transitions from the upper to the lower hay fields. The W/D ratios calculated for the two cross-sections surveyed in Reach 2B (9.4 and 7.5) indicate Rosgen A-type channels, which have W/D ratios below 12 and are usually dominated by rocky step-pool features. The sinuosity of the reach is 1.0, which also indicates an A-type channel. Bankfull widths surveyed in this reach (13.2 and 12.5 feet) fell within the range of widths specified in the project design for Reach 2B.

3.8.1.4 Schrieber Creek, Reach 3

Reach 3 of Schrieber Creek runs across the lower hay meadow and appears to have perennial flows. The mitigation plan states that this channel segment will be constructed with a Rosgen E-type configuration, which typically exhibits very low W/D ratios of less than 12 and high sinuosities of more than 1.5. Two cross-sections were surveyed in Reach 3 and exhibited W/D ratios that indicate E-type channel configuration (7.1 and 9.8). Bankfull widths that were surveyed at these cross-sections

(14.5 and 16.5 feet) were higher than the widths specified in the design for Reach 3 (10.1 to 11.8 feet). Channel sinuosity through this constructed reach is 1.4, which is considered low for an E-type channel.

3.8.1.5 Schrieber Creek, Reach 7

The mitigation plan included reactivating a relic segment of Schrieber Creek that had been deactivated after historic efforts to channelize and relocate the creek to improve agricultural production. Because this reach is a reactivated natural relic channel, it has a higher sinuosity than the other constructed reaches associated with this project. This reactivated channel segment is considered Reach 7 of Schrieber Creek. One cross-section was surveyed in Reach 7 and exhibited dimensions typical of a Rosgen E-type channel that flows through a wet meadow. The surveyed cross-section in Reach 7 displayed a lower W/D ratio (6.5) and bankfull width (7.4 feet) that was approximately half of that surveyed in Reach 3. The cross-sectional area of the channel surveyed in Reach 7 was less than one-third the area of cross-sections surveyed in Reach 3, which indicates a much-reduced channel capacity compared to the reconstructed channel reach upstream. Channel sinuosity through Reach 7 is 1.7, which is considerably higher than the constructed channel reaches because of the alignment that cuts across the valley bottom.

3.8.1.6 Coyote Creek, Reach 1A

Reach 1 of Coyote Creek was designed as a perennial, Rosgen E-type channel through the lower hay meadow. Two cross-sections were surveyed within Reach 1 of Coyote Creek and displayed very low W/D ratios indicative of an E-type channel. CC1A-1 displayed a bankfull width (10.2 feet) that was higher than the range of design widths specified for Reach 1 (6.6–8.2 feet). Channel sinuosity through Reach 1A is 1.8, which falls within the range often observed in E-type channels.

3.8.1.7 Coyote Creek, Reach 1B

Reach 1B of Coyote Creek is the reactivated original stream channel that runs through the lower hay meadow. One cross-section was surveyed through this reach and displayed a W/D ratio typical for a Rosgen E-type channel. The bankfull width of this channel cross-section was 11.4 feet. The alignment of the channel through Reach 1B is relatively straight with a sinuosity of 1.1.

3.8.2 Bank Pins

Bank pins were installed in 2015 perpendicular to select monitoring cross-sections to document lateral movement of the channel over time. Lateral erosion rates will be documented in subsequent years' monitoring reports by measuring the length of bank pins exposed each year. Table 3-9 provides installed exposed length of rebar in 2015 and the field measured length for monitoring year 2016.

Exposed rebar lengths decreased since installation, which is likely the result of sagging or slumping of the bioengineered soil lift that composes the constructed bank. Some pins were not located, which is likely the result of being covered by a slumping lift. Subsequent monitoring years should navigate to the surveyed bank pin coordinates with survey-grade GPS and use a metal detector to locate pins vertically in the bank. This approach will confirm whether pins are present and are, in fact, covered by slumping lifts and/or robust vegetation or are being exposed because of bank erosion.

Table 3-9. Exposed Rebar Length at Select Cross-Sections From 2015 Through 2016

| Monitoring | Exposed Rebar Length (inch) | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Cross | 20 | 15 | 2016 | | | | | | | |
| Section | Left | Right | Left | Right | | | | | | |
| SC1-1 | | 1.0 | | 0.625 | | | | | | |
| SC1-2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| SC2A-1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| SC2B-1 | 1.0 | | 0.5 | | | | | | | |
| SC2B-2 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.5 | | | | | | | |
| SC3-1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| SC3-2 | 1.0 (Upper Pin) 2.5 (Lower pin) | | 0.375 (Upper Pin) Lower Pin not located | | | | | | | |
| SC7-1 | 1.375 (Upper Pin) 1.375 (Lower Pin) | | No Pins Located – bank wrap slumped over pins | | | | | | | |
| CC1A-1 | | 1.625 (Upper Pin) 1.563 (Lower Pin) | | 1.25 (Upper Pin) Lower Pin not located | | | | | | |
| CC1A-2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| CC1B-1 | | | | | | | | | | |

3.8.3 Vegetation Monitoring at Perpendicular Belt Transects

Results of the vegetation inventory within the perpendicular belt transects are summarized in Table 3-10. In 2016, the total percent cover within the riparian buffer along Schrieber Creek was 92 percent and 11 percent cover for noxious weeds. The total cover increased by 10 percent from 2015 through 2016. The total noxious weed cover also increased by 3 percent. In 2016, the total percent cover within the riparian buffer along Coyote Creek was 100 percent and 1 percent for noxious weeds. No change in percent cover was noted between 2015 and 2016. Noxious weed cover actually dropped by 1 percent in 2016.

Riparian buffer success criteria require a minimum of 50 percent cover of beneficial plant species by the end of the monitoring period with 5 percent or less cover of noxious weeds. Vegetation composition within the riparian buffer along Schrieber and Coyote Creek is currently meeting the target for total percent cover. At Schrieber Creek, the 2016 total percent cover for noxious weeds does not meet the target of 5 percent or less as specified in the performance standards. Noxious weeds were more prevalent along Reaches 1, 2A, and 2B of Schrieber Creek. Weeds may be more prominent along these reaches because installed soil wraps are often more susceptible to weed proliferation until native vegetation establishes.

| | | 2015 | | 2016 | | |
|------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| New Channel Segment | Cross Section | Belt Transect Length (ft) | Total % Cover | % Noxious Weed Cover | Total % Cover | % Noxious Weed Cover |
| | SC1-1 | 200 | 90 | 8 | 94 | 9 |
| | SC1-2 | 200 | 88 | 10 | 87 | 22 |
| | SC2A-1 | 200 | 65 | 15 | 92 | 13 |
| | SC2B-1 | 200 | 75 | 5 | 86 | 8 |
| Schrieber Creek | SC2B-2 | 150 | 75 | 5 | 94 | 16 |
| | SC3-1 | 50 | 100 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| | SC3-2 | 50 | 100 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| | SC7 | 50 | 100 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| | Subtotal for S | chrieber Creek | 82 | 8 | 92 | 11 |
| | CC1A-1 | 100 | 100 | 3 | 100 | 2.5 |
| Coyote Creek | CC1A-2 | 100 | 100 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| | CC1B-1 | 75 | 100 | 3 | 100 | 0 |
| | Subtotal for | Coyote Creek | 100 | 2 | 100 | 1 |

3.8.4 Vegetation Monitoring at Parallel Belt Transects

3.8.4.1 Percent Vegetation Cover

Results of the percent vegetation cover within the parallel belt transects at each cross-section are provided in Table 3-11. The parallel belt transects differ from the perpendicular belt transects in that they provide data on how well the stream banks are vegetating as opposed to the riparian buffer.

The parallel belt transects were evaluated for vegetation cover, woody species survival, and noxious weed cover during the 2016 monitoring. The 2016 data for Schrieber Creek revealed a significant increase (30 percent) for the total vegetative cover along both banks. The total percent cover along Coyote Creek remained similar to observations in 2015 with extensive vegetation cover at 100 percent.

Vegetation establishment along the banks of Schrieber Creek is above 50 percent in all of the reaches and satisfies performance standards. Vegetation along the banks of Reaches 3 and 7 of Schrieber Creek are well vegetated because these reaches were constructed through a densely vegetated wet meadow, which precluded the need to build coir soil lifts along the banks.

Table 3-12 provides an area-weighted percent cover for perpendicular (riparian) and parallel (stream bank) belt transects combined. The combined percent cover of all of the belt transects is currently 91 percent along Schrieber Creek and 100 percent along Coyote Creek. The riparian buffer vegetation success criteria requires at least 70 percent of the combined aerial cover of riparian and stream bank vegetation; therefore, both of the reconstructed channel segments currently meet this standard when results for all of the cross-sections are combined. A 13 percent increase for the total weighted percent cover was observed from 2015 to 2016. Vegetation continues to establish along the banks of the upper, ephemeral reaches of Schrieber Creek. The total weighted percent cover along Coyote Creek remained similar to 2015 observations with an existing vegetation cover of 100 percent.

3.8.4.2 Stream Bank Vegetation

Success criteria for channel restoration requires a majority of species along the banks to have a bank stability index of 6 or higher using ratings provided by Winward [2000]. Stability ratings are provided for vegetation communities rather than for individual species; therefore, to use the Winward [2000] ratings, vegetation communities at each monitoring cross-section were assigned. Vegetation communities were assigned by identifying the two dominant vegetation species within the parallel belt transect. At 2B-1 and 2B-2, the area was rated as Barren Ground (1) because the dominant species were not specified as a community in the stability index.

Table 3-13 includes the vegetation community that were identified at each cross-section and the bank stability rating provided for that community [Winward, 2000]. The upper, ephemeral reaches of Schrieber Creek (Reaches 1, 2A, and 2B) are recently constructed and thus continue to fully revegetate. The majority of reaches are dominated by reed canary grass, Canadian thistle, or smooth brome. Two reaches are rated as bare ground but are dominated by a grass species (creeping wild rye). Stability ratings were satisfied for all of the reaches except 2B-1 and 2B-2. All of the reconstructed channel segments that occurred through the vegetated meadow area of the project site are

| | | | 2015 | | 2016 | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--|--|
| New Channel Segment | Cross Section | % Cover Left Bank | % Cover Right Bank | Total % Cover | % Cover Left Bank | % Cover Right Bank | Total % Cover | | |
| | SC1-1 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 63 | 68 | 66 | | |
| | SC1-2 | 20 | 35 | 28 | 59 | 79 | 69 | | |
| | SC2A-1 | 65 | 30 | 48 | 89 | 90 | 90 | | |
| | SC2B-1 | 20 | 50 | 35 | 86 | 67 | 77 | | |
| Schrieber Creek | SC2B-2 | 30 | 15 | 23 | 90 | 86 | 88 | | |
| | SC3-1 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | | |
| | SC3-2 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | | |
| | SC7 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | | |
| | Subtotal for Schrieber Creek | 56 | 56 | 56 | 86 | 86 | 86 | | |
| | CC1A-1 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | | |
| Causta Cas ala | CC1A-2 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | | |
| Coyote Creek | CC1B-1 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | | |
| | Subtotal for Coyote Creek | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | | |

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Table 3-12. Combined Cover for Riparian and Stream Bank Vegetation Transects in 2016

| Channel Segment | Cross Section | Perpendicular Transect Length (ft) | Perpendicular Transect Total % Cover | Parallel Transect Length (Right Bank + Left Bank) | Parallel Transect Total % Cover | Total Weighted % Cover |
|--------------------|------------------------------|---|---|--|--|---------------------------------|
| | SC1-1 | 200 | 94 | 50 | 66 | 91 |
| | SC1-2 | 200 | 87 | 50 | 69 | 85 |
| | SC2A-1 | 200 | 92 | 50 | 90 | 92 |
| | SC2B-1 | 200 | 86 | 50 | 77 | 85 |
| Schrieber Creek | SC2B-2 | 150 | 94 | 50 | 88 | 93 |
| | SC3-1 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 100 |
| | SC3-2 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 100 |
| | SC7 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 100 |
| | Subtotal for Schrieber Creek | | 92 | | 86 | 91 |
| | CC1A-1 | 100 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 100 |
| Coyote Creek | CC1A-2 | 100 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 100 |
| | CC1B-1 | 75 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 100 |
| | Subtotal for Coyote Creek | | 100 | | 100 | 100 |

Table 3-13. Vegetation Communities Identified at Each Monitoring Cross-Section

| Channel Segment | Monitoring Cross-Section | Dominant Stream Bank Community | Community Type Stability Rating |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | SC1-1 Phalaris arundinacea | | 9 |
| | SC1-2 | Cirsium arvense | 6 |
| | SC2A-1 | Bromus inermis | 3 |
| Schrieber Creek | SC2B-1 | Bromus inermis | 3 |
| | SC2B-2 | Bromus inermis | 3 |
| | SC3-1 | Phalaris arundinacea | 9 |
| | SC3-2 | Phalaris arundinacea | 9 |
| | SC7 | Phalaris arundinacea | 9 |
| | CC1A-1 | Phalaris arundinace/Carex simulata | 9 |
| Coyote Creek | CC1A-2 | Phalaris arundinacea | 9 |
| | CC1B-1 | Phalaris arundinacea | 9 |

dominated by reed canary grass communities, which have a bank stability rating of 9. These reaches include Schrieber Creek Reaches 3 and 7 and Coyote Creek Reaches 1A and 1B.

3.8.4.3 Woody Vegetation Survival

Planted woody vegetation was assessed within each parallel belt transect at each cross-section to determine survival rates. Planted woody vegetation was only observed at one stream bank cross-section along Schrieber Creek (SC1-1) and one along Coyote Creek (CC1A-1). Woody plantings survival is below the required 50 percent survival rating as specified in the performance standards.

3.9 MAINTENANCE NEEDS

Two nest boxes were installed at the site, in good repair, and occupied. Noxious weed management will be an ongoing issue at this site. MDT completed noxious weed spraying at the Schrieber Lake site on July 5, 2016, for all Priority 2B noxious weeds that had been identified within the Schrieber Lake site.

3.10 CURRENT CREDIT SUMMARY

3.10.1 Wetland Mitigation Credit

MDT anticipates developing 13.4 wetland credit acres from the Schrieber Lake project. Proposed mitigation credits from the 2014 Schrieber Lake Mitigation Plan included creating 3.06 wetland acres, reestablishing 2.53 wetland acres, enhancing 4.53 acres of the fen-carr shrubland expansion, preserving 25.6 acres of existing fen-carr *Carex* areas, and creating a 50-foot upland buffer (3.81 acres).

Table 3-14 summarizes the estimated wetland credits based on the pending USACE-approved credit ratios and the wetland delineation completed in July 2016. The 2016 wetland delineation indicates that 37.65 acres of wetland habitat that consist of Schreiber Lake, riparian buffer, and other uncreditable

areas exist within the mitigation site. The wetland acreages that were delineated in 2016 included 4.8 acres of created wetland, 2.42 acres of reestablished wetlands, 4.77 acres of enhanced wetlands, 25.66 acres of preserved wetlands, and 8.42 acres of upland buffer. The 2016 estimated credit acres for this site have exceeded the proposed credit acres. A total of 16.09 credit acres have developed at this site after mitigation construction. Figure A-4 (Appendix A) shows the location of wetlands based on credit type.

Table 3-14. Summary of Wetland Credits at the Schrieber Lake Site in 2016

| Mitigation Type | Total Proposed Acreage | Ratio ^(a) | Proposed Credit Acres | 2015 Delineated Acreage | 2015 Credit Acres | 2016 Delineated Acreage | 2016 Credit Acres |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Creation | 3.06 | 1:1 | 3.06 | 4.80 | 4.80 | 4.80 | 4.80 |
| Restoration (Reestablishment) | 2.53 | 1.5:1 | 1.69 | 2.42 | 1.62 | 2.42 | 1.62 |
| Enhancement areas – carr shrubland expansion | 4.53 | 3:1 | 1.51 | 4.77 | 1.59 | 4.77 | 1.59 |
| Preservation – existing fen-carr Carex areas | 25.60 | 4:1 | 6.40 | 25.66 | 6.42 | 25.66 | 6.42 |
| Upland buffer (50 ft) ^(b) | 3.81 | 5:1 | 0.76 | 8.42 | 1.68 | 8.42 | 1.68 |
| Permanent project impacts | 0.02 | None | -0.02 | -0.02 | -0.02 | -0.02 | -0.02 |
| Total Mitigation Acreage | 39.55 | _ | 13.40 | 46.05 | 16.09 | 46.05 | 16.09 |

⁽a) The ratios used are from Column A of the Montana Regulatory Program Wetland Compensatory Mitigation Ratios, April 2005.

The current site conditions documented in 2016 were evaluated using the approved performance standards and success criteria in Table 3-15. The wetlands delineated in 2016 met the performance standards approved for this site, which included meeting the three parameter criteria for hydrology, vegetation, and soils. Hydrophytic vegetation success has been achieved based on the absolute cover of facultative or wetter species being at 70 percent or more. The open-water area of Schrieber Lake was given no credit based on the stated goal of the project to maintain already existing open water in Schrieber Lake. Weed cover site-wide and within the upland buffers is estimated at less than 5 percent, which meets the success criteria. Isolated weed infestations were mapped throughout the site and are controlled by MDT as mandated by the performance standards. The upland buffer success criteria have been achieved; these areas have at least 50 percent aerial cover of nonweed species.

Riparian buffer areas were used to calculate stream and riparian credits.

Wetland acreages within riparian buffer were subtracted from wetland credit total; the riparian buffer does not include upland buffer acreage.

⁽b) A standard 50-foot upland buffer was assumed for the perimeter of the delineated wetland. No credits are being requested for the existing Schrieber Lake.

| Performance Standards | Success Criteria | Criteria Achieved Y/N | Discussion |
|----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
| Wetland Characteristics | The three parameter criteria are met for hydrology, vegetation, and soils as outlined in the 1987 Wetland Manual and 2010 Regional Supplement. | Y | Areas that were identified as wetland habitat within the mitigation site meet the three parameter criteria. |
| Wetland Hydrology | Soil saturation is present for at least 12.5 percent of the growing season. | Y | Areas that were identified as wetland habitat within the mitigation site exhibit soil saturation for a minimum 12.5 percent of growing season. |
| | Hydric soil conditions are present or appear to be forming. | Υ | Hydric soil characteristics have developed throughout a majority of the constructed wetlands. |
| Hydric Soil | Soil is sufficiently stable to prevent erosion. | Υ | Disturbed soil is stable and does not exhibit signs of erosion. |
| | Soil is able to support plant cover. | Y | Plant cover is well established across disturbed soils. |
| | Combined absolute cover of facultative or wetter species is 70 percent or greater. | Y | Areas that were identified as wetland habitat within the mitigation site support a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation (OBL, FACW, and FAC). |
| Hydrophytic Vegetation | State-listed noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent absolute cover. | Υ | State-listed noxious weeds are estimated well below 5 percent absolute cover within wetland areas. |
| | Woody plants exceed 50 percent survival after 5 years. | N | Only 1 year has passed since construction. |
| Open Water | The project is intended to provide open water during the spring and early summer within excavated depressions. Open water with emergent, submerged, and/or floating vegetation will, therefore, be considered successful and creditable. | Y | Excavated depressions within the upper reach of the site experience seasonal drawdown, and rooted hydrophytic vegetation development has been observed. The lower depressions appear to support perennial inundation with an established aquatic macrophyte community. |

| Performance Standards | Success Criteria | Criteria Achieved Y/N | Discussion |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|
| Channel Restoration | Revegetation along the new Coyote and Schrieber Creek channel corridors will be considered successful when banks are vegetated with a majority of deep-rooting riparian and wetland herbaceous and woody plant species with a root stability indexes greater than 6. | N | Three of the five reaches of Schrieber Creek are ephemeral in nature and have yet to develop vegetation along the banks. As a result, these reaches (SC1, SC2A, and SC2B) do not currently meet the performance criteria. The downstream reaches of Schrieber Creek (Reaches SC3 and SC7) and both reaches of Coyote Creek (CC1A and CC1B) are dominated by reed canary grass, which has a root stability index of 9. |
| Success | New stream channels will be allowed to naturally migrate within the established floodplain/riparian areas and to give it enough room to move and stabilize itself within the site. | Y | No lateral migration has been documented along either Schrieber or Coyote Creek to date. |
| Bank Restoration Success | Rates of success will be determined by the following rates: i.) Rate of less than 0.5 ft of erosion annually = Functioning ii.) Rate of less than 1.0 ft/year = Functioning ii.) Rate of less than 1.5 ft/year = Functioning at Risk iv.) Rate of less than 2.5 ft/year = Functioning at Risk v.) Rate of greater than 2.5 ft/year = Functioning at Risk or Not Functioning vi.) Rate of less than 3 ft/year = Not Functioning. | N/A | Baseline transect data derived from bank pin locations during the 2016 monitoring have documented no lateral channel migration since 2015. |

Table 3-15. Summary of Performance Standards and Success Criteria at the Schrieber Lake Site in 2016 (Page 3 of 4)

| Performance Standards | Success Criteria | Criteria Achieved Y/N | Discussion |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|
| Bank Restoration Success | Ratings for the stream bank will be based on the proper functioning condition rating that determines if the area supports a healthy, stable bank area adjacent to the stream: i.) Functioning – The stream bank supports a healthy and stable bank area adjacent to the river. ii.) Functioning at Risk – one or more functions of the stream bank are adjusting to changes in the design within the reach area, and more monitoring is needed. ii.) Not Functioning – Measurements of the functions indicate that the site is not achieving functional goals and is not supporting a healthy, stable bank reach. | N/A | This data will be collected during the third and fifth monitoring years. |
| | Creditable buffer areas must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of nonnoxious weed species by the end of the monitoring period. | Υ | All riparian vegetation transects exhibited 50 percent or greater areal cover of nonnoxious weed species along both Schrieber and Coyote Creek. |
| Riparian Buffer Success | Combined aerial cover of riparian and stream bank vegetation communities is 70 percent or greater. | Y(a) | Combined areal cover of riparian and stream bank vegetation along Schrieber Creek is 56 percent; however, two crosssections indicated a total weighted percent cover below 70 percent. Combined areal cover of riparian and stream bank vegetation along Coyote Creek is 100 percent. |
| | Noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent cover within the riparian buffer areas. | Y ^(a) | Noxious weed cover along Schrieber Creek is estimated at 8 percent. Noxious weed cover along Coyote Creek is 2 percent. |
| | Planted trees and shrubs will be considered successful where they exhibit 50 percent survival after 5 years. | Y (a) | Planted trees and shrubs along Schrieber Creek exhibit 79 percent survival to date. Planted trees and shrubs along Coyote Creek exhibit a 43 percent survival rate to date. |

Table 3-15. Summary of Performance Standards and Success Criteria at the Schrieber Lake Site in 2016 (Page 4 of 4)

| Performance Standards | Success Criteria | Criteria Achieved Y/N | Discussion |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|
| | Noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent cover within upland buffer area. | Υ | Noxious weed cover is less than 5 percent within the upland buffer. |
| Upland Buffer | Any area that was disturbed within creditable buffer zone must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of nonweed species by end of monitoring period. | Y | Disturbed areas have established greater than 50 percent cover by nonweed species. |
| Weed Control | Weed control will be based on annual site monitoring to determine weed species and degree of infestation within the site. Control measures based on the monitoring results will be implemented by MDT to minimize and/or eliminate the intrusion of state-listed noxious weed species within the site. | Y | State-listed noxious weed species across the site have been monitored and mapped during each post-construction monitoring event. MDT administers an ongoing weed-control program. |

⁽a) The majority of monitoring transects met performance criteria for this category.

3.10.2 Stream-Mitigation Credit

The goal of the stream-mitigation component of the Schrieber Lake project includes restoring approximately 2,130 linear feet of Schrieber Creek, 1,397 feet of Coyote Creek, and 978 feet of Schrieber Creek below the Schrieber/Coyote Creek confluence, which should result in an overall increase of 3,108 linear feet of stream length. When combined with establishing and protecting a riparian buffer of varying width on both sides of the restored channels, the project is expected to generate a total of 36,741.87 stream and riparian credits, as shown in Table 3-16. Stream-mitigation credit calculations follow guidance in the USACE's *Montana Stream-Mitigation Procedure (MTSMP) – February 2013* [USACE, 2013]. The stream-mitigation project has been separated into the following distinct reaches:

- Coyote Creek, Reach 1A, which involves reconstructing a new channel through the lower hay meadow between the MDT-owned Schrieber Meadows property line to its confluence with an existing, relic segment of Coyote Creek (974.5 feet)
- 2. **Coyote Creek, Reach 1B,** which consists of a relic segment of Coyote Creek that has been reactivated as a result of this project (423.0 feet)
- 3. **Schrieber Creek, Reach 1,** which consists of a newly constructed channel configuration that extends from the existing channel downstream to Reach 2A (531.6 feet)
- 4. **Schrieber Creek**, **Reach 2A**, which consists of a newly constructed channel configuration that extends from the downstream end of Reach 1 to the upstream end of Reach 2B (544.5 feet)
- 5. **Schrieber Creek, Reach 3,** which consists of a newly constructed channel configuration that extends from Reach 2B to the confluence with Coyote Creek (932.9 feet)
- 6. **Schrieber Creek, Reach 7**, which consists of a relic channel that extends from the confluence of Schrieber and Coyote Creeks to Schrieber Lake (978 feet).

Table 3-16. Anticipated Riparian and Stream Credits Generated From the Schrieber Lake Site

| Channel Segment | Reach | Side | Predicted Credits |
|-----------------|-----------|------|-------------------|
| | 4.0 | Α | 4,141.63 |
| Coyote Creek | 1A | В | 4,141.63 |
| Coyote Creek | 40 | А | 1,586.25 |
| | 1B | В | 1,692.00 |
| | 4 | Α | 2,392.20 |
| | 1 | В | 2,392.20 |
| | 2A | Α | 2,722.50 |
| | | В | 2,722.50 |
| Schrieber | op. | Α | 576.65 |
| Schliebei | 2B | В | 576.65 |
| | 3 | Α | 3,964.83 |
| | 3 | В | 3,964.83 |
| | 7 | Α | 2,934.00 |
| | / | В | 2,934.00 |
| Total | 36,741.87 | | |

The 2015 monitoring report for the Schrieber Lake site provided a first-year, baseline assessment of the site's condition after the project's completion. Data collected during the 2016 monitoring revealed continued development of vegetation cover along the reaches. The increase in vegetation cover included an increase in noxious weed cover. Reaches 1, 2A, and 2B of Schrieber Creek have yet to meet performance criteria established for (1) establishing bank-stabilizing vegetation communities and (2) percent cover of noxious weeds within the riparian corridor. Reaches 3 and 7 of Schrieber Creek and Reaches 1A and 1B of Coyote Creek currently meet all of the success criteria and are expected to generate the predicted credits outlined in the monitoring plan. Future site monitoring will determine whether vegetation establishment within Reaches 1, 2A, and 2B of Schrieber Creek results in achieving the success criteria and generating all of the anticipated credits.

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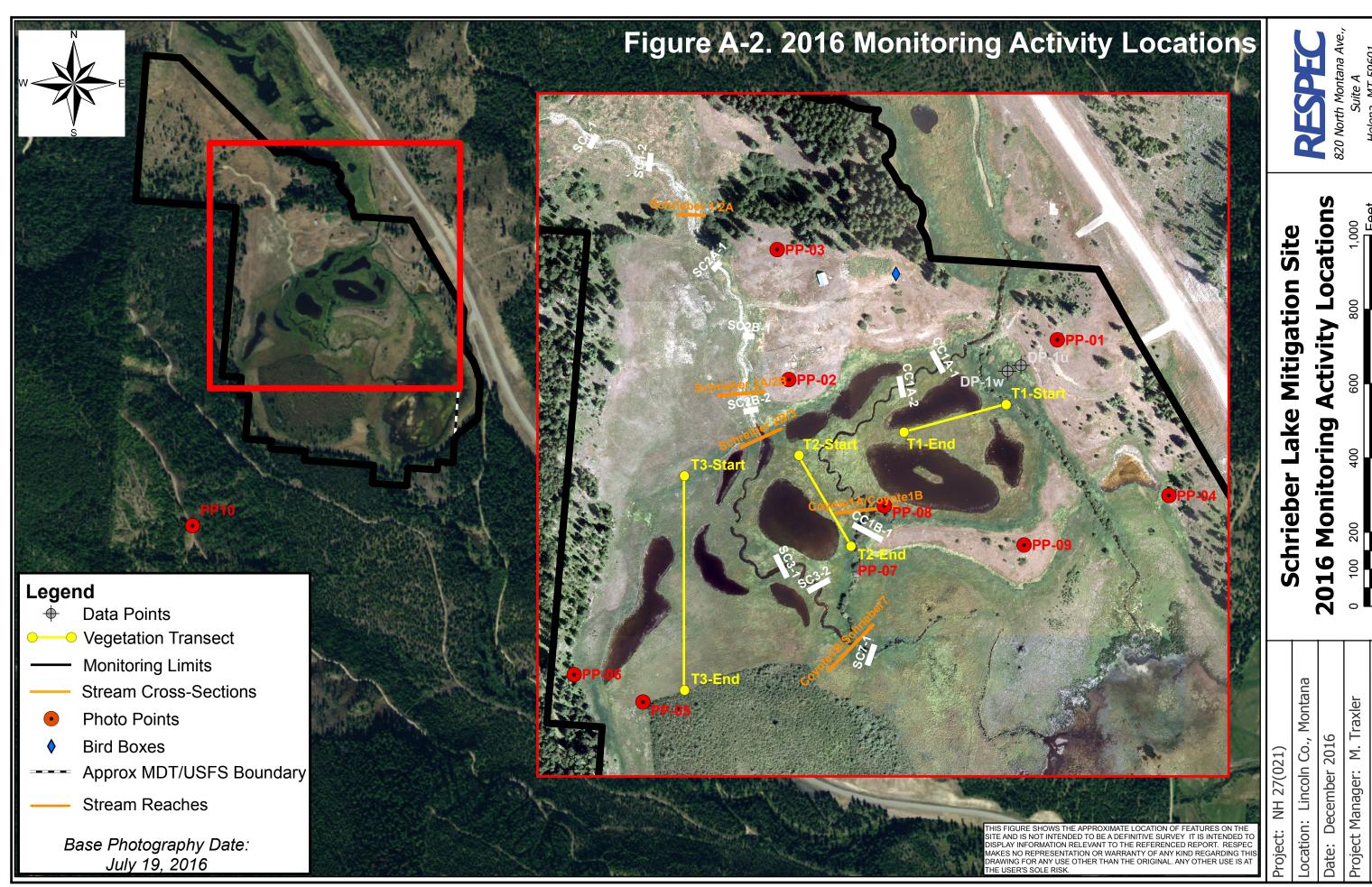
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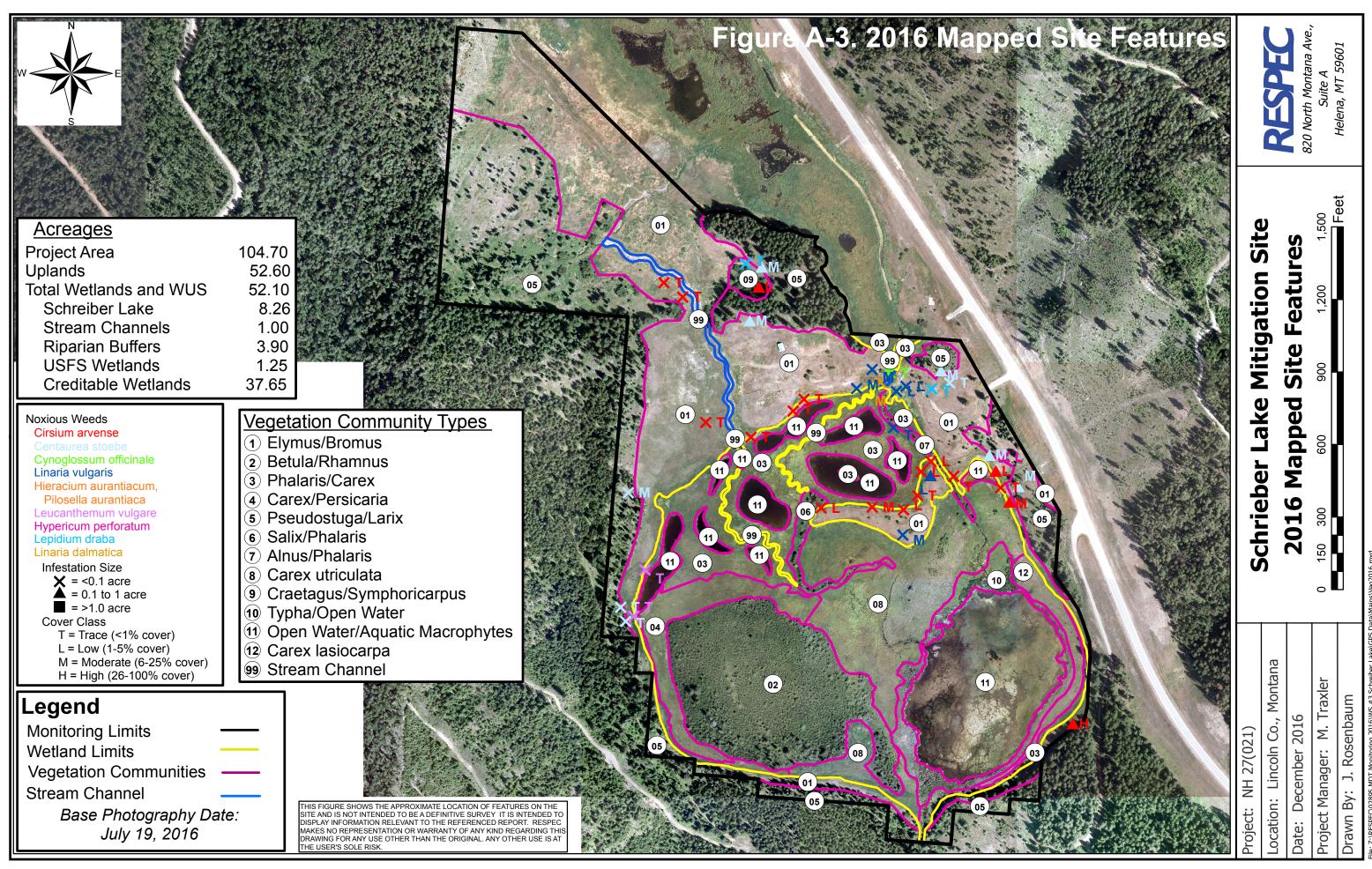
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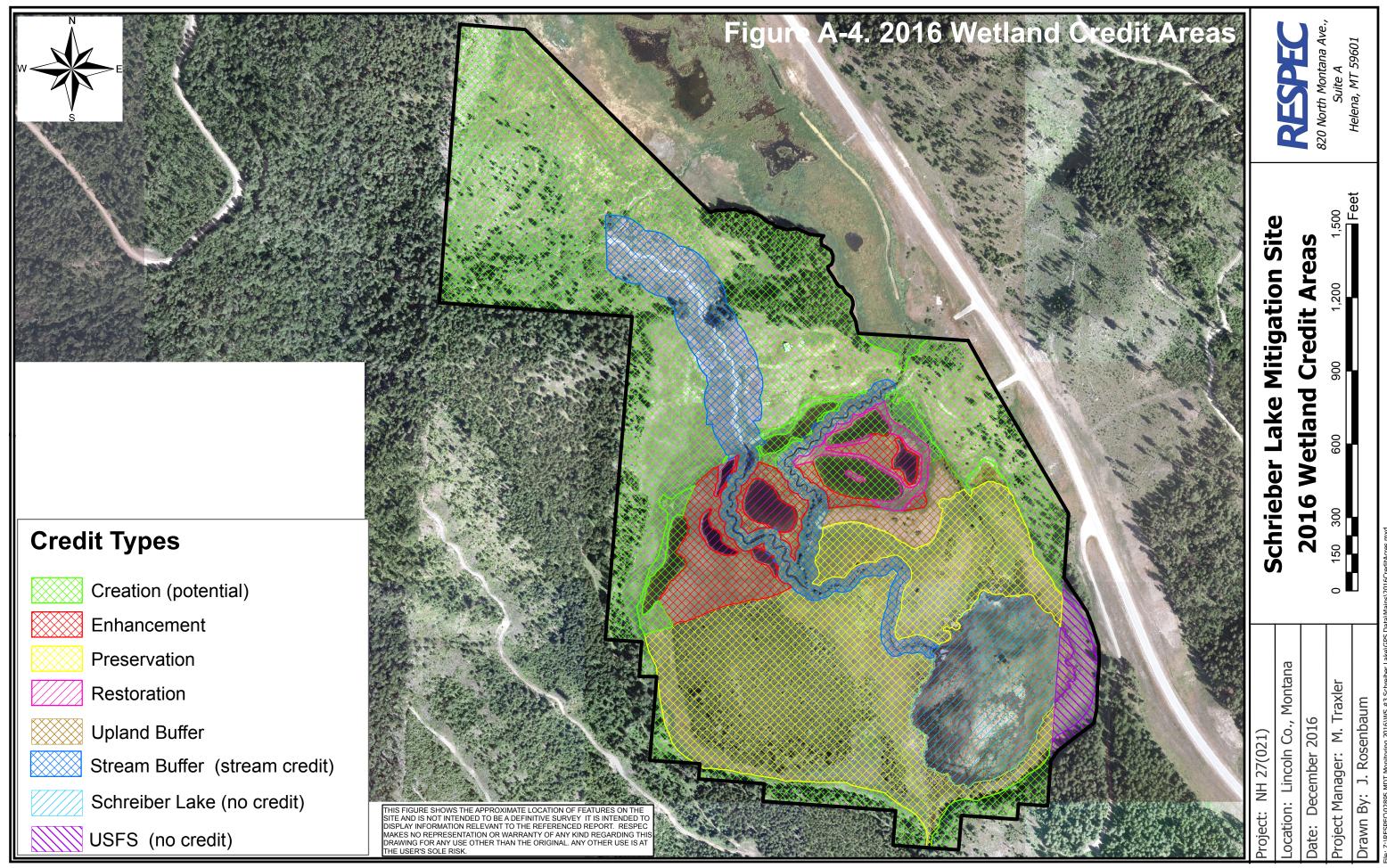
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APPENDIX A PROJECT AREA MAPS

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Schrieber Lake Lincoln County, Montana







APPENDIX B MONITORING FORMS

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Schrieber Lake Lincoln County, Montana

RESPEC/MDT WETLAND MITIGATION SITE MONITORING FORM

| Project Name: Schrieber La Assessment Date: July 28, 29 Traxler Location: Highway 2, Swam Milanagty 52, 8 on US | 016 np Creek East | Persoi | | · · | ne asse | | G. Howard, T a | - |
|--|--|---|---------------------------|---|--------------------|------|-------------------|---|
| Milepost: 53.8 on US Legal Description: T 27N Weather Conditions: sunny, Initial Evaluation Date: May Size of evaluation area: 105 a Service, forested watershed | R <u>30W</u> Se <u>80 degrees</u> <u>18, 2015</u> <u>acres</u> La | and use surr | oring Y ounding | of Day: <u>8</u> ear: <u>2</u> # g wetland: | [‡] Visit | | 1 2, US Forest | |
| HYDROLOGY | | | | | | | | |
| Surface Water Source: Schrieber Creek, Coyote Creek, precipitation, groundwater Inundation: Present Average Depth: 2 feet Range of Depths: 1-3 Percent of assessment area under inundation: 80% Depth at emergent vegetation-open water boundary: 1.0 feet If assessment area is not inundated then are the soils saturated within 12 inches of surface: _ Other evidence of hydrology on the site (ex. – drift lines, erosion, stained vegetation, etc.): Groundwater Monitoring Wells: Absent Record depth of water below ground surface (in feet): | | | | | | | | |
| Well Number Depth | Well Number | Depth | Well | Number | De | epth | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Additional Activities Checkle Map emergent vegetation Observe extent of surface elevations (drift lines, ero Use GPS to survey groun COMMENTS / PROBLEM Water depth refers to shall | -open water bound water during each osion, vegetation s dwater monitoring | h site visit a staining, etc. g well locati | nd look) ons, if p | for evide | | | | |

not include the extensive uplands in the northern "panhandle" of the project area.

VEGETATION COMMUNITIES

Community Number: 1 Community Title (main spp): Elymus repens / Bromus inermis

| Dominant Species | % Cover | Dominant Species | % Cover |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Elymus repens | 4 = 21-50% | Agrostis stolonifera | 1 = 1-5% |
| Bromus inermis | 3 = 11-20% | Alopecurus pratensis | 1 = 1-5% |
| Pascopyrum smithii | 3 = 11-20% | Phalaris arundinacea | 1 = 1-5% |
| Phleum pratense | 3 = 11-20% | Poa pratensis | 1 = 1-5% |
| Poa compressa | 3 = 11-20% | Pseudotsuga menziesii | 1 = 1-5% |
| Achillea millefolium | 1 = 1-5% | Pseudoroegneria spicata | 1 = 1-5% |

Comments / Problems: _____

Community Number: 2 Community Title (main spp): Betula pumila / Rhamnus alnifolia

| | , 11, | | |
|---------------------|-----------|----------------------------|----------|
| Dominant Species | % Cover | Dominant Species | % Cover |
| Betula pumila | 5 = > 50% | Salix boothii | 1 = 1-5% |
| Moss | 5 = > 50% | Salix candida | 1 = 1-5% |
| Rhamnus alnifolia | 2 = 6-10% | Phalaris arundinacea | + = < 1% |
| Carex sp. | 2 = 6-10% | Symphyotrichum spathulatum | + = < 1% |
| Comarum palustre | 1 = 1-5% | | |
| Persicaria amphibia | 1 = 1-5% | | |

Comments / Problems:

Community Number: 3 Community Title (main spp): Phalaris arundinacea / Carex sp.

| Dominant Species | % Cover | Dominant Species | % Cover |
|----------------------|-----------|----------------------------|----------|
| Carex stimulata | 5 = > 50% | Persicaria amphibia | 1 = 1-5% |
| Phalaris arundinacea | 5 = > 50% | Symphyotrichum spathulatum | 1 = 1-5% |
| Agrostis scabra | 2 = 6-10% | Comarum palustre | +=<1% |
| Alopecurus pratensis | 1 = 1-5% | Deschampsia caespitosa | +=<1% |
| Carex aquatilis | 1 = 1-5% | Geum macrophyllum | +=<1% |
| Lemna minor | 1 = 1-5% | Juncus tenuis | +=<1% |

Comments / Problems: _____

Community Number: 4 Community Title (main spp): Carex simulata / Persicaria amphibia

| Dominant Species | % Cover | Dominant Species | % Cover |
|---------------------|------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Carex stimulata | 5 = > 50% | Comarum palustre | 1 = 1-5% |
| Carex aquatilis | 3 = 11-20% | Geum macrophyllum | 1 = 1-5% |
| Persicaria amphibia | 3 = 11-20% | Potentilla norvegica | 1 = 1-5% |
| Carex utriculata | 2 = 6-10% | Phalaris arundinacea | 1 = 1-5% |
| Moss | 2 = 6-10% | Symphyotrichum spathulatum | 1 = 1-5% |
| Carex nebrascensis | 1 = 1-5% | | |

Comments / Problems:

VEGETATION COMMUNITIES (continued)

Community Number: <u>5</u> Community Title (main spp): <u>Pseudotsuga menziesii / Larix occidentalis</u>

| Dominant Species | % Cover | Dominant Species % | |
|------------------------|------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Larix occidentalis | 4 = 21-50% | Bromus inermis | 2 = 6-10% |
| Pseudotsuga menziesii | 4 = 21-50% | 21-50% Centaurea stoebe 2 | |
| Pinus contorta | 4 = 21-50% | Elymus glaucus | 2 = 6-10% |
| Carex geyeri | | Symphoricarpos albus | 2 = 6-10% |
| Abies grandis | 2 = 6-10% | Bereberis repens 1: | |
| Arcostaphylos uva-ursi | 2 = 6-10% | Calamagrostis rubescens | 1 = 1-5% |

Comments / Problems:

Community Number: 6 Community Title (main spp): Salix bebbiana / Phalaris arundinacea

| Dominant Species | % Cover | Dominant Species | % Cover |
|----------------------|-----------|------------------|---------|
| Salix bebbiana | 5 = > 50% | | |
| Phalaris arundinacea | 5 = > 50% | | |
| Alnus incana | 1 = 1-5% | | |
| Crataegus douglasii | 1 = 1-5% | | |
| Persicaria amphibia | 1 = 1-5% | | |
| | | | |

Comments / Problems:

Community Number: 7 Community Title (main spp): Alnus incana / Phalaris arundinacea

| Dominant Species | % Cover | Dominant Species | % Cover |
|----------------------|-----------|------------------|---------|
| Alnus incana | 5 = > 50% | | |
| Phalaris arundinacea | 5 = > 50% | | |
| Persicaria amphibia | 1 = 1-5% | | |
| Cirsium arvense | + = < 1% | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Comments / Problems:

Community Number: **8** Community Title (main spp): **Carex utriculata**

| Dominant Species | % Cover | Dominant Species | % Cover |
|----------------------|------------|------------------|---------|
| Carex utriculata | 4 = 21-50% | | |
| Carex aquatilis | 1 = 1-5% | | |
| Persicaria amphibia | 1 = 1-5% | | |
| Phalaris arundinacea | 1 = 1-5% | | |
| Salix bebbiana | 1 = 1-5% | | |
| Salix candida | 1 = 1-5% | | |

Comments / Problems:

VEGETATION COMMUNITIES (continued)

Community Number: **9** Community Title (main spp): **Crataegus douglasii / Symphoricarpos albus**

| Dominant Species | % Cover | Dominant Species % Co | |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Crataegus douglasii | 5 = > 50% | Achillea millefolium | + = < 1% |
| Symphoricarpos albus | 4 = 21-50% | Cynoglossum officinale | + = < 1% |
| Cirsium arvense | 2 = 6-10% | Dactylis glomerata | + = < 1% |
| Phalaris arundinacea | 2 = 6-10% | Galium triflorum | + = < 1% |
| Alopecurus pratensis | 1 = 1-5% | Taraxacum officinale += | |
| Elymus trachycaulus | 1 = 1-5% | Urtica dioica | +=<1% |

Comments / Problems:

Community Number: **10** Community Title (main spp): **Typha latifolia / Open Water**

| Dominant Species | % Cover | Dominant Species | % Cover |
|------------------|------------|------------------|---------|
| Typha latifolia | 5 = > 50% | | |
| Comarum palustre | 4 = 21-50% | | |
| Open Water | 4 = 21-50% | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Comments / Problems:

Community Number: 11 Community Title (main spp): Open Water / Aquatic macrophytes

| Dominant Species | % Cover | Dominant Species | % Cover |
|-------------------------|------------|------------------|---------|
| Open Water | 5 = > 50% | | |
| Aquatic macrophytes | 4 = 21-50% | | |
| Persicaria amphibia | 3 = 11-20% | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Comments / Problems: _____

Community Number: 12 Community Title (main spp): Carex lasiocarpa

| Dominant Species | % Cover | Dominant Species | % Cover |
|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|---------|
| Carex lasiocarpa | 5 = > 50% | | |
| Carex aquatilis | 2 = 6-10% | | |
| Phalaris arundinacea | 2 = 6-10% | | |
| Carex utriculata | 1 = 1-5% | | |
| Typha latifolia | 1 = 1-5% | | |
| | | | |

| Comments | / Problems: | |
|----------|-------------------------|--|
| Comments | / I I O D I C I I I S . | |

Additional Activities Checklist:

Record and map vegetative communities on aerial photograph.

PLANTED WOODY VEGETATION SURVIVAL

| Plant Species | Number Originally Planted | Number Observed | Mortality Causes |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Various Species | 1500 | | |
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Comments / Problems: MDT planted 1,500 woody plants in the riparian buffer along Schrieber Creek, Coyote Creek, and around some wetland excavations. Based on observations at the parallel and perpendicular belt transects woody plantings survival was estimated to be below the required 50% survival. For many of the plantings, competition with herbaceous vegetation such as reed canary grass is problematic, as are conditions that are too wet for woody survival. Phil Johnson with MDT (Contacted 11/21/16 by phone) has indicated that some browse has been noted and some of the woody plantings have likely been adversely affected by weed spraying activities at the site.

Site: Schrieber Lake Date: July 28, 2016 Examiner: G. Howard & T. Traxler

Transect Number: Approximate Transect Length: 384 feet Compass Direction from Start: 251 Note:

| Transect Interval Length: 15 feet (Station 0-15) | | |
|---|-----------|--|
| Vegetation Community Type: Alnus incana / Phalaris arus | ndinacea | |
| Plant Species Cover | | |
| Phalaris arundinacea | 5 = > 50% | |
| Cirsium arvense | + = < 1% | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Total Vegetative Cover: | 100% | |

| Transect Interval Length: 78 feet (Station 15-93) | |
|---|-----------|
| Vegetation Community Type: Phalaris arundinacea / Carex | sp. |
| Plant Species | Cover |
| Phalaris arundinacea | 5 = > 50% |
| Carex simulata | 5 = > 50% |
| Deschampsia cespitosa | 1 = 1-5% |
| Carex utriculata | 1 = 1-5% |
| Persicaria amphibia | 1 = 1-5% |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Total Vegetative Cover: | 100% |

| Transect Interval Length: 8 feet (Station 93-101) | |
|---|------------|
| Vegetation Community Type: Open Water / Aquatic macrophytes | |
| Plant Species | Cover |
| Open Water | 5 = > 50% |
| Persicaria amphibia | 3 = 11-20% |
| Aquatic macrophytes | +=<1% |
| | |
| | |
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| | |
| | |
| | |
| Total Vegetative Cover: | 100% |

| Transect Interval Length: 283 feet (Station 101-384) | |
|---|------------|
| Vegetation Community Type: Phalaris arundinacea / Carex | sp. |
| Plant Species | Cover |
| Phalaris arundinacea | 5 = > 50% |
| Carex simulata | 4 = 21-50% |
| Persicaria amphibia | 3 = 11-20% |
| Eleocharis palustris | 2 = 6-10% |
| Carex utriculata | 1 = 1-5% |
| Algae - Green | +=<1% |
| Lemna minor | + = < 1% |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Total Vegetative Cover: | 100% |

MDT WETLAND MONITORING - VEGETATION TRANSECT

Site: Schrieber Lake Date: July 28, 2016 Examiner: G. Howard & T. Traxler

Transect Number: Approximate Transect Length: 280 feet Compass Direction from Start: 152 Note:

| ex sp. |
|------------|
| Cover |
| 4 = 21-50% |
| 4 = 21-50% |
| 4 = 21-50% |
| 3 = 11-20% |
| 1 = 1-5% |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| 100% |
| |

| Transect Interval Length: 27 feet (Station 253-280) | |
|---|-----------|
| Vegetation Community Type: Salix bebbiana / Phalaris ar | undinacea |
| Plant Species | Cover |
| Phalaris arundinacea | 5 = > 50% |
| Persicaria amphibia | 1 = 1-5% |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Total Vegetative Cover: | 100% |

| Transect Interval Length: | |
|----------------------------|-------|
| Vegetation Community Type: | |
| Plant Species | Cover |
| | |
| | |
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| | |
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| | |
| | |
| | |
| Total Vegetative Cover: | % |

| Transect Interval Length: | |
|----------------------------|-------|
| Vegetation Community Type: | |
| Plant Species | Cover |
| | |
| | |
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| | |
| | |
| Total Vegetative Cover: | % |

Site: Schrieber Lake Date: July 28, 2016 Examiner: G. Howard & T. Traxler

Transect Number: Approximate Transect Length: 584 feet Compass Direction from Start: 175 Note:

| Transect Interval Length: 35 feet (Station 0-35) | |
|--|-----------|
| Vegetation Community Type: Elymus repens / Bromus in | ermis |
| Plant Species | Cover |
| Bromus inermis | 5 = > 50% |
| Phalaris arundinacea | 5 = > 50% |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Total Vegetative Cover: | 100% |

| Transect Interval Length: 212 feet (Station 35-247) | |
|--|------------|
| Vegetation Community Type: Phalaris arundinacea / Ca | rex sp. |
| Plant Species | Cover |
| Carex simulata | 5 = > 50% |
| Phalaris arundinacea | 3 = 11-20% |
| Agrostis scabra | 2 = 6-10% |
| Carex aquatilis | 1 = 1-5% |
| Comarum palustre | + = < 1% |
| Geum macrophyllum | + = < 1% |
| Persicaria amphibia | + = < 1% |
| Symphyotrichum spathulat | + = < 1% |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Total Vegetative Cover: | 100% |

| Transect Interval Length: 337 feet (Station 247-584) | |
|--|-----------|
| Vegetation Community Type: Carex simulata / Persicaria | amphibia |
| Plant Species | Cover |
| Carex simulata | 5 = > 50% |
| Agrostis scabra | 2 = 6-10% |
| Persicaria amphibia | 2 = 6-10% |
| Moss | 2 = 6-10% |
| Carex nebrascensis | 1 = 1-5% |
| Comarum palustre | 1 = 1-5% |
| Phalaris arundinacea | 1 = 1-5% |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Total Vegetative Cover: | 100% |

| Transect Interval Length: | |
|----------------------------|-------|
| Vegetation Community Type: | |
| Plant Species | Cover |
| - | |
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| | |
| | |
| Total Vegetative Cover: | % |

3 = 11-10%

+ = Obligate P = Planted

1 = 1-5%

4 = 21-50%

- = Facultative/Wet

V = Volunteer

2 = 6-10%

5 = > 50%

0 = Facultative

Percent of perimeter developing wetland vegetation (excluding dam/berm structures): ____%

Establish transects perpendicular to the shoreline (or saturated perimeter). The transect should begin in the upland area. Permanently mark this location with a standard metal fencepost. Extend the imaginary transect line towards the center of the wetland, ending at the 3 foot depth (in open water), or at the point where water depths or saturation are maximized. Mark this location with another metal fencepost.

Estimate cover within a 10 foot wide "belt" along the transect length. At a minimum, establish a transect at the windward and leeward sides of the wetland. Remember that the purpose of this sampling is to monitor, not inventory, representative portions of the wetland site.

Comments:

PHOTOGRAPHS

Take photographs of the following permanent reference points listed in the check list below. Record the direction of the photograph using a compass. When at the site for the first time, establish a permanent reference point by setting a ½ inch rebar or fencepost extending 2-3 feet above ground. Survey the location with a resource grade GPS and mark the location on the aerial photograph.

| Photograph Ch | ecklist: |
|----------------------|--|
| One pho | tograph for each of the four cardinal directions surrounding the wetland. |
| At least of | one photograph showing upland use surrounding the wetland. If more than one upland |
| exists t | nen take additional photographs. |
| At least of | one photograph showing the buffer surrounding the wetland. |
| One pho | tograph from each end of the vegetation transect, showing the transect. |

| Location | Photograph Frame # | Photograph Description & Lat/Long | Compass Reading (°) |
|-----------|-----------------------|--|------------------------|
| PP-1 | | Photo Point 1, Photo 1: 48.107033 / -115.409592 | 242 |
| PP-1 | | Photo Point 1, Photo 2: 48.107033 / -115.409592 | 197 |
| PP-1 | | Photo Point 1, Photo 3: 48.107033 / -115.409592 | 164 |
| PP-2 | | Photo Point 2, Photo 1: 48.106591 / -115.412511 | 323 |
| PP-2 | | Photo Point 2, Photo 2: 48.106591 / -115.412511 | 205 |
| PP-2 | | Photo Point 2, Photo 3: 48.106591 / -115.412511 | 162 |
| PP-2 | | Photo Point 2, Photo 4: 48.106591 / -115.412511 | 104 |
| PP-2 | | Photo Point 2, Photo 5: 48.106591 / -115.412511 | 69 |
| PP-3 | | Photo Point 3: 48.10754 / -115.412747 | 183 |
| PP-4 | | Photo Point 4: 48.105948 / -115.408236 | 287 |
| PP-5 | | Photo Point 5, Photo 1: 48.104136 / -115.413847 | 173 |
| PP-5 | | Photo Point 5, Photo 2: 48.104136 / -115.413847 | 35 |
| PP-5 | | Photo Point 5, Photo 3: 48.104136 / -115.413847 | 359 |
| PP-6 | | Photo Point 6, Photo 1: 48.104297 / -115.414628 | 150 |
| PP-6 | | Photo Point 6, Photo 2: 48.104297 / -115.414628 | 103 |
| PP-6 | | Photo Point 6, Photo 3: 48.104297 / -115.414628 | 52 |
| PP-7 | | Photo Point 7, Photo 1: 48.105398 / -115.411691 | 228 |
| PP-7 | | Photo Point 7, Photo 2: 48.105398 / -115.411691 | 299 |
| PP-7 | | Photo Point 7, Photo 3: 48.105398 / -115.411691 | 355 |
| PP-8 | | Photo Point 8, Photo 1: 48.105714 / -115.411356 | 320 |
| PP-8 | | Photo Point 8, Photo 2: 48.105714 / -115.411356 | 49 |
| PP-8 | | Photo Point 8, Photo 3: 48.105714 / -115.411356 | 79 |
| PP-9 | | Photo Point 9, Photo 1: 48.105502 / -115.409787 | 323 |
| PP-9 | | Photo Point 9, Photo 2: 48.105502 / -115.409787 | 120 |
| PP-10 | | Photo Point 10, Photo 1: 48.100529 / -115.415406 | 17 |
| PP-10 | | Photo Point 10, Photo 2: 48.100529 / -115.415406 | 39 |
| PP-10 | | Photo Point 10, Photo 3: 48.100529 / -115.415406 | 57 |
| T-1 start | | Transect 1 start: 48.106526 / -115.410102 | 251 |
| T-1 end | | Transect 1 end: 48.106268 / -115.411205 | 71 |
| T-2 start | | Transect 2 start: 48.106037 / -115.412335 | 152 |
| T-2 end | | Transect 2 end: 48.105398 / -115.411692 | 332 |
| T-3 start | | Transect 3 start: 48.105866 / -115.413539 | 175 |

| T-3 end | Transect 3 end: 48.104242 / -115.413401 | 355 |
|---------|--|-----|
| DP-1W | Wetland soil pit: 48.106783 / -115.4101126 | |
| DP-1U | Upland soil pit: 48.106833 / -115.409964 | |
| SC1-1 | SC1-1 upstream: 48.10823599 / -115.4148624 | 300 |
| SC1-1 | SC1-1 left bank: 48.108236 / -115.414862 | 30 |
| SC1-2 | SC1-2 upstream: 48.108116 / -115.414221 | 280 |
| SC1-2 | SC1-2 left bank: 48.108116 / -115.414221 | 10 |
| SC2A-1 | SC2A-1 downstream: 48.107386 / -115.413401 | 315 |
| SC2A-1 | SC2A-2 left bank: 48.107386 / -115.413401 | 45 |
| SC2B-1 | SC2B-1 downstream: 48.106889 / -115.412990 | 185 |
| SC2B-1 | SC2B-1 right bank: 48.106889 / -115.412990 | 275 |
| SC2B-2 | SC2B-2 downstream: 48.106342 / -115.412902 | 175 |
| SC2B-2 | SC2B-2 right bank: 48.106342 / -115.412902 | 265 |
| SC3-1 | SC3-1 upstream: 48.105212 / -115.412439 | 240 |
| SC3-1 | SC3-1 left bank: 48.105212 / -115.412439 | 330 |
| SC3-2 | SC3-2 downstream: 48.105090 / -115.412014 | 160 |
| SC3-2 | SC3-2 left bank: 48.105090 / -115.412014 | 70 |
| SC7-1 | SC7-1 downstream: 48.104608 / -115.411380 | 110 |
| SC7-1 | SC7-1 left bank: 48.104608 / -115.411380 | 20 |
| CC1A-1 | CC1A-1 upstream: 48.106803 / -115.410891 | 50 |
| CC1A-1 | CC1A-1 left bank: 48.106803 / -115.410891 | 140 |
| CC1A-2 | CC1A-2 upstream: 48.106600 / -115.411270 | 85 |
| CC1A-2 | CC1A-2 left bank: 48.106600 / -115.411270 | 175 |
| CC1B-1 | CC1B-1 downstream: 48.105509 / -115.411518 | 200 |
| CC1B-1 | CC1B-1 left bank: 48.105509 / -115.411518 | 110 |

| Comments | / Problems: | |
|----------|-------------|--|
| | | |

GPS SURVEYING

Using a resource grade GPS survey the items on the checklist below. Collect at least 3 location points set at a 5 second recording rate. Record file numbers for site in designated GPS field notebook.

| GPS Checklist: ☐ Upland/wetland boundary. ☐ 4-6 landmarks that are recognizable on the aerial photograph. ☐ Start and End points of vegetation transect(s). ☐ Photograph reference points. ☐ Groundwater monitoring well locations. ☐ Bird nest boxes. |
|--|
| Comments / Problems: |
| WETLAND DELINEATION (attach COE delineation forms) |
| At each site conduct these checklist items: Delineate wetlands according to the 1987 Army COE manual and regional supplement. Delineate wetland – upland boundary onto aerial photograph. |
| Comments / Problems: |
| FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT Complete and attach full MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method field forms. |
| Comments / Problems: |
| MAINTENANCE |
| Were man-made nesting structure installed at this site? <u>Yes</u> If yes, do they need to be repaired? <u>No</u> If yes, describe the problems below and indicate if any actions were taken to remedy the problems. |
| Were man-made structures built or installed to impound water or control water flow into or out of the wetland? <u>NA</u> If yes, are the structures working properly and in good working order? <u>NA</u> If no, describe the problems below. |
| Comments / Problems: |

WILDLIFE

Birds

Were man-made nesting structures installed? Yes

If yes, type of structure: **Box** How many? **2** Are the nesting structures being used? **NA**

Do the nesting structures need repairs? Could not locate either box.

Mammals and Herptiles

| Mammal and Hamtila Species | Number | | Indir | ect Indicatio | on of Use |
|-----------------------------|----------|--------|-------|---------------|-----------|
| Mammal and Herptile Species | Observed | Tracks | Scat | Burrows | Other |
| Chipmunk sp. | 1 | | | | |
| Ground squirrel sp. | 3 | | | | |
| Columbia Spotted Frog | 2 | | | | |
| Pumpkinseed | | | | | |
| Moose | 1 | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Additional Activities Checklist:

NA Macroinvertebrate Sampling (if required)

Comments / Problems: Cow moose was observed running across Highway 2 onto the wetland.

BIRD SURVEY - FIELD DATA SHEET

| Site: Schrieber Lak Survey Time: | | | | | | | |
|---|------|----------|---------|--|---|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| Bird Species | # | Behavior | Habitat | Bird Species | # | Behavior | Habitat |
| Sparrow sp. | 4 | FO L | WM UP | | | | |
| Brewer's Blackbird | 4 | FO L | WM UP | | | | |
| Great Blue Heron | 1 | L | WM | | | | |
| Swallow sp. | 25 | FO | WM UP | | | | |
| Mallard | 4 | F | OW | | | | |
| Blue-winged Teal | 5 | F | OW | | | | |
| Wilson's Snipe | 1 | F | MF | | | | |
| Mountain Chickadee | 5 | FO L | UP | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| BEHAVIOR CODES BP = One of a breeding BD = Breeding display F = Foraging FO = Flyover | pair | | | HABITAT CODES AB = Aquatic bed FO = Forested I = Island MA = Marsh | | SS = Scrub, UP = Uplar WM = Wet | nd buffer |

| Weather: | |
|----------|--|
| Notes: | |

 $\mathbf{L} = \mathbf{Loafing}$

N = Nesting

US = Unconsolidated shore MA = Marsh $\mathbf{MF} = \mathbf{Mud} \; \mathbf{Flat}$

OW = Open Water

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

| roject/Site: Schrieber Lake | | | | ity/County: | Lincoln | Sampling Date: 28-Jul-16 | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|------------|-----------------|--|-------------|---|--|--|
| pplicant/Owner: MDT | | | | | | State: MT Sampling Point: DP-1u | | |
| nvestigator(s): RESPEC - G. Howard, | T. Traxler | | | Section, To | wnship, Ra | ange: S 13 T 27 N R 30 W | | |
| Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): | Floodplain | | | Local relief (concave, convex, none): Slope:2.0 ^o / | | | | |
| ubregion (LRR): LRR E | | | Lat.: 48 | | | | | |
| oil Map Unit Name: aquic adfluvents | s, poorly dra | ained | | | | NWI classification: Upland | | |
| e climatic/hydrologic conditions on | | | time of year | ? Yes | s • No | | | |
| re Vegetation, Soil | , or Hydrol | ogy 🗌 : | significantly | disturbed? | Are "N | Iormal Circumstances" present? Yes No | | |
| re Vegetation, Soil | , or Hydrol | ogv | naturally pro | blematic? | | eded, explain any answers in Remarks.) | | |
| - , – | | | | | • | ations, transects, important features, et | | |
| Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? | Yes | No O | | To the | Campled (| A | | |
| Hydric Soil Present? | $_{Yes}$ \bigcirc | No 💿 | | | Sampled A | Vac O Na 📵 | | |
| Wetland Hydrology Present? | $_{Yes}$ \bigcirc | No 💿 | | within | n a Wetland | d? Tes C NO C | | |
| Remarks: | | | | | | | | |
| Sampling point considered within a | n upland ar | rea. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| VEGETATION - Use scien | tific name | es of plan | ts. | Dominant _Species? . | | | | |
| /DL + : | , | | | Rel.Strat. | | Dominance Test worksheet: | | |
| Tree Stratum (Plot size: | | | % Cover | | Status | Number of Dominant Species | | |
| 1 | | | | 0.0% | | That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A) | | |
| 2 | | | • | 0.0% | | Total Number of Dominant | | |
| 4. | | | 0 | 0.0% | | Species Across All Strata: (B) | | |
| | | | 0 | = Total Cove | er | Percent of dominant Species That Are ORL FACW or FAC: 100.0% (A/B) | | |
| Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: | |) | | | | That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100.0% (A/B) | | |
| 1, | | | 0 | 0.0% | | Prevalence Index worksheet: | | |
| 2 | | | | 0.0% | | Total % Cover of: Multiply by: | | |
| 34. | | | | 0.0% | | 0BL species 0 x 1 = 0 | | |
| 4 5. | | | 0 | 0.0% | | FACW species 0 x 2 = 0 | | |
| <u> </u> | | | 0 | = Total Cove | | FACI species 100 x 3 = 300 FACII species 0 x 4 = 0 | | |
| Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 Ft. |) | | | - Total Cove | 51 | | | |
| 1. Elymus repens | | | 90 | 90.0% | FAC | or E specifies — X 5 - | | |
| 2. Alopecurus pratensis | | | 5 | 5.0% | FAC | Col umn Total s:100 (A)300 (B) | | |
| 3. Phleum pratense | | | 5 | 5.0% | FAC | Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.000 | | |
| 4 | | | | 0.0% | | Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: | | |
| 5 | | | | 0.0% | | 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrologic Vegetation | | |
| 7 | | | | 0.0% | | ✓ 2 - Dominance Test is > 50% | | |
| 8 | | | | 0.0% | | ✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ | | |
| 9 | | | 0 | 0.0% | | 4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) | | |
| 10. | | | | 0.0% | | 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹ | | |
| 11. | | | | 0.0% | | Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) | | |
| (D) | | , | 100 | = Total Cove | er | | | |
| Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: | | | 0 | D 0.00/ | | ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. | | |
| 1 | | | 0 | 0.0% | | Hydrophytic | | |
| 2 | | | 0 | = Total Cove | | Vegetation | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| % Bare Ground in Herb Stratum: | | | | | 91 | Present? Yes No | | |

^{*}Indicator suffix = National status or professional decision assigned because Regional status not defined by FWS.

Soil Sampling Point: DP-1u Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) **Redox Features** Matrix Depth % Color (moist) Loc2 **Texture** Remarks (inches) % Color (moist) Type 0-18 10YR 2/1 100 Loam Loam ¹Type: C=Concentration. D=Depletion. RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains ²Location: PL=Pore Lining. M=Matrix Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils3: 2 cm Muck (A10) Histosol (A1) Sandy Redox (S5) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except in MLRA 1) Other (Explain in Remarks) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Muck Mineral (S1) wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Redox depressions (F8) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: Yes O No 💿 **Hydric Soil Present?** Depth (inches): Remarks: No hydric soil indicator present. **Hydrology** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required) Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) ☐ Drainage Patterns (B10) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Water Marks (B1) Dry Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) FAC-neutral Test (D5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Frost Heave Hummocks (D7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) **Field Observations:** No 💿 Yes O Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): Yes O No 💿 Water Table Present? Depth (inches): Yes \bigcirc No 💿 Wetland Hydrology Present? Saturation Present? Yes O No 💿 Depth (inches): (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitor well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Remarks: No hydrology indicators present.

US Army Corps of Engineers

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

| Project/Site: Schrieber Lake | | | City/County: | Lincoln | | Samplin | g Date: <u>28-J</u> | ul-16 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------|--|----------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Applicant/Owner: MDT | | | | | State: MT | Samp | ling Point: | DP-1w |
| Investigator(s): RESPEC - G. Howard, | T. Traxler | | | | | T 27 N | R 30 W | |
| Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): | Floodplain | | Local relief (concave, convex, none): flat Slop | | | Slope:2 | 2.0 % / 1.1 ⁶ | |
| Subregion (LRR): LRR E | | Lat.: 48 | .106783 | | Long.: -115.4101126 Datum: NAD 83 | | | |
| Soil Map Unit Name: aquic adfluvent | s, poorly drained | | | | | lassification: | Unland | |
| re climatic/hydrologic conditions on | | his time of vear | ? Yes | ● No ○ | | in in Remark | | |
| Are Vegetation, Soil | , or Hydrology | significantly | | Are "N | ormal Circumstanc | | yes ● | No O |
| Are Vegetation , Soil | , or Hydrology | naturally pro | hlematic? | | eded, explain any a | - | marke) | |
| Summary of Findings - At | | | | - | | | _ | tures, etc. |
| Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? | Yes No | | Ts the | Sampled A | \rea | | | |
| Hydric Soil Present? | Yes ● No ○ | | | • | Vaa 📵 Na | \bigcirc | | |
| Wetland Hydrology Present? | Yes ● No ○ | | within | a Wetland | 1? 163 © 140 | <u> </u> | | |
| Remarks: | | | • | | | | | |
| Sampling points considered within | a wetland area. We | etland area dom | inated by em | ergent veg | getation type. | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| VEGETATION - Use scien | tific names of pl | ants. | Dominant _Species? _ | | | | | |
| _Tree Stratum_ (Plot size: | ١ | Absolute % Cover | Rel.Strat. | Indicator Status | Dominance Test | worksheet: | | |
| 1 | | | 0.0% | Status | Number of Domina That are OBL, FAC | | 1 | (A) |
| 2 | | | 0.0% | | mat are obe, the | N, OF TAO. | | (A) |
| 3 | | | 0.0% | | Total Number of Do Species Across All S | | 1 | (B) |
| 4 | | 0 | 0.0% | | Species /icross /iii c | otrata. | <u></u> ' | (5) |
| Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: |) | 0 | = Total Cove | er | Percent of domir That Are OBL, FA | | 100.09 | % (A/B) |
| 1, | | 0 | 0.0% | | Prevalence Index | worksheet: | | |
| 2 | | | 0.0% | | Total % Co | ver of: | Multiply by: | |
| 3 | | | 0.0% | | OBL species | 0 | x 1 = | 0 |
| 4 | | | 0.0% | | FACW species | | x 2 =1 | 60 |
| 5 | | | 0.0% | | FAC species | | | 50 |
| Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 Ft. |) | 0 | = Total Cove | er | FACU species | | | <u>0</u> |
| 1 Phalaris arundinacea | ′ | 80 | ✓ 79.2% | FACW | UPL species | | × J – — | 5 |
| 2. Alopecurus pratensis | | 20 | 19.8% | FAC | Column Totals: | 101 | (A) <u>2</u> | 25 (B) |
| 3. Bromus inermis | | 1 | 1.0% | UPL | Prevalence I | ndex = B/A = | 2.228 | 3_ |
| 4 | | | 0.0% | | Hydrophytic Vege | etation Indica | itors: | |
| 5 | | | 0.0% | | ✓ 1 - Rapid Test | | | 1 |
| 6 | | | 0.0% | | ✓ 2 - Dominance | | | • |
| 7 | | _ | 0.0% | | ✓ 3 - Prevalence | | | |
| 8.——— | | | 0.0% | | 4 - Morpholog | ical Adaptati | ons ¹ (Provide | e supporting |
| 9 10 | | | 0.0% | | data in Re | marks or on a | separate sh | eet) |
| 11 | | | 0.0% | | 5 - Wetland N | on-Vascular | Plants ¹ | |
| 11. | | 101 | = Total Cove | er | Problematic H | ydrophytic V | egetation 1 (E | xplain) |
| Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: | | | | | ¹ Indicators of hy be present, unles | dric soil and | wetland hydr | ology must |
| 1 | | | 0.0% | | | is distalbed (| n problemati | <u>. </u> |
| 2 | | | 0.0% | | Hydrophytic Vegetation | | \bigcirc | |
| | | 0 | = Total Cove | er | Present? | Yes 	● No | O | |
| % Bare Ground in Herb Stratum | : | | | | | | | |
| Remarks: | | | | | | | | |
| Hydrophytic vegetation present. | | | | | | | | |
| i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e | | | | | | | | |

^{*}Indicator suffix = National status or professional decision assigned because Regional status not defined by FWS.

| Depth | | | | | | onfirm the | absence of indicators.) | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|--------|
| i\ C- | scription: (Describe to the depth r Matrix Color (moist) % | | olor (moist) % Color (moist) % Type 1 Loc2 | | | | 1.5.52 | Tarduna | D. | emarks |
| nches) <u>Co</u> 0-9 10' | | _ | Color (moist) | <u> </u> | Type | LOC- | Texture | K | етагкѕ | |
| 9-18 10 | | 100 – | | | | | Loam | _ | | |
| 7-16 10 | | | | | | | LOGIII | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| :: C=Concentrat | ion. D=Depletion | n. RM=Reduce | ed Matrix, CS=Covere | ed or Coa | ted Sand G | rains ² Loo | cation: PL=Pore Lining. M | =Matrix | | |
| ric Soil Indicat | ors: (Applicat | ole to all LRF | Rs, unless otherwis | e noted | .) | | Indicators for Prob | lematic Hydric | Soils3: | |
| Histosol (A1) | (4.0) | | Sandy Redox (| | | | 2 cm Muck (A10) | | | |
| Histic Epipedon (Black Histic (A3) | | | Stripped Matri Loamy Mucky Loamy Gleyed | Mineral (| | in MLRA 1) | Red Parent Mate Other (Explain in | ` , | | |
| Hydrogen Sulfide | e (A4) Dark Surface (A1 | 11) | Depleted Matr | | -2) | | | | | |
| Thick Dark Surfa | • | 11) | Redox Dark Su | | 5) | | ³ Indicators of hydroph | vtic vegetation a | nd | |
| Sandy Muck Min | eral (S1) | | Depleted Dark | | | | wetland hydrology | must be present, | | |
| andy Gleyed Ma | atrix (S4) | | Redox depress | sions (F8) |) | | unless disturbed or | problematic. | | |
| rictive Layer (i | . , | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Hydric Soil Present? | Yes ● | No O | |
| anth (inchas). | | | | | | | , | 163 | 110 0 | |
| Depth (inches):_ narks: ic soil indicator | s present with | smell of hy | drogen sulfide. | | | | | | | |
| arks: | s present with | smell of hy | drogen sulfide. | | | | | | | |
| arks: c soil indicator | | smell of hy | drogen sulfide. | | | | | | | |
| arks: c soil indicator rology and Hydrology | · Indicators: | | | anta a | | | Coondon lad | | | |
| rology and Hydrology ary Indicators | r Indicators: (minimum of | | d; check all that ap | | s (B0) (avec | ont MI PA | Secondary Ind | | | |
| rology and Hydrology ary Indicators Surface Water (| r Indicators: (minimum of | | | ed Leaves | s (B9) (exce | pt MLRA | | ed Leaves (B9) | | |
| rology and Hydrology ary Indicators Surface Water (A | r Indicators: (minimum of | | d; check all that ap | ed Leaves d 4B) | s (B9) (exce | ept MLRA | Water-Stair 4A, and 4B | ed Leaves (B9) | | |
| rology and Hydrology ary Indicators Surface Water (Aligh Water Table) Saturation (A3) | r Indicators: (minimum of A1) e (A2) | | d; check all that ap Water-Staine 1, 2, 4A, and Salt Crust (B | ed Leaves d 4B) 311) | | pt MLRA | Water-Stair 4A, and 4B, Drainage Pa | ed Leaves (B9) | (MLRA 1, 2, | |
| rology and Hydrology ary Indicators Surface Water (Aligh Water Table Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B* | r Indicators: (minimum of A1) e (A2) | | d; check all that ap Water-Stain 1, 2, 4A, and | ed Leaves d 4B) d 4B) ertebrates | s (B13) | ept MLRA | Water-Stair 4A, and 4B Drainage Pa Dry Season | ed Leaves (B9) (| (MLRA 1, 2, | |
| rology and Hydrology ary Indicators Surface Water (Aligh Water Table Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B*) Sediment Depos | r Indicators: (minimum of A1) e (A2) I) its (B2) | | d; check all that ap Water-Staine 1, 2, 4A, and Salt Crust (B | ed Leaves d 4B) d 11) ertebrates ulfide Odd | s (B13) or (C1) | | Water-Stair 4A, and 4B; Drainage Pa Dry Season Saturation | ned Leaves (B9) (atterns (B10) Water Table (C2 | (MLRA 1, 2, | |
| rology and Hydrology ary Indicators Surface Water (Aligh Water Table) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B*) Sediment Deposits (B | r Indicators: (minimum of A1) e (A2) its (B2) 3) | | d; check all that ap Water-Staine 1, 2, 4A, and Salt Crust (B Aquatic Inve | ed Leaves d 4B) d 11) ertebrates ulfide Odd zosphere | s (B13) or (C1) os on Living | | Water-Stair 4A, and 4B; Drainage Pa Dry Season Saturation | ed Leaves (B9) (auterns (B10) Water Table (C2 Visible on Aerial (C2) | (MLRA 1, 2, | |
| rology and Hydrology ary Indicators Surface Water (A) High Water Table Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B' Sediment Depos Drift deposits (B Algal Mat or Cru | r Indicators: (minimum of A1) e (A2) i) its (B2) 3) st (B4) | | d; check all that ap Water-Staine 1, 2, 4A, and Salt Crust (B Aquatic Inve | ed Leaves d 4B) d 11) ertebrates ulfide Odd zosphere Reduced | s (B13) or (C1) es on Living Iron (C4) | Roots (C3) | Water-Stair 4A, and 4B, Drainage Pa Dry Season Saturation Geomorphic | atterns (B10) Water Table (C2 /isible on Aerial is Position (D2) | (MLRA 1, 2, | |
| rology and Hydrology and Hydrology ary Indicators Surface Water (A) High Water Table Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B* Sediment Depose Drift deposits (B) Algal Mat or Cru | r Indicators: (minimum of A1) e (A2) i) its (B2) 3) st (B4) 5) | | d; check all that ap Water-Staine 1, 2, 4A, and Salt Crust (B Aquatic Inve Hydrogen St Oxidized Rhi | ed Leaves d 4B) d 11) ertebrates ulfide Odd zosphere Reduced Reduction | s (B13) or (C1) s on Living Iron (C4) n in Tilled S | Roots (C3) | Water-Stair 4A, and 4B, □ Drainage Po □ Dry Season □ Saturation □ Geomorphic □ Shallow Aqu | atterns (B10) Water Table (C2 /isible on Aerial is Position (D2) | (MLRA 1, 2, 2) Imagery (C9) | |
| rology and Hydrology ary Indicators Surface Water (A) High Water Table Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B) Sediment Deposits (B) Algal Mat or Cru Iron Deposits (B) Surface Soil Cra | r Indicators: (minimum of A1) e (A2) l) its (B2) 3) st (B4) 5) cks (B6) | one required | d; check all that ap Water-Staine 1, 2, 4A, and Salt Crust (B Aquatic Inve Hydrogen St Oxidized Rhi Presence of Recent Iron | ed Leaves d 4B) st11) ertebrates ulfide Odd zosphere Reduced Reduction stressed F | s (B13) or (C1) es on Living Iron (C4) n in Tilled S | Roots (C3) | Water-Stair 4A, and 4B □ Drainage Pa □ Dry Season □ Saturation v □ Geomorphia □ Shallow Aqu ▼ FAC-neutra □ Raised Ant | atterns (B10) Water Table (C2 //sible on Aerial (C2) visible on Aerial (C2) vitard (D3) Test (D5) | (MLRA 1, 2, 2) Imagery (C9) | |
| rology and Hydrology ary Indicators Surface Water (A) High Water Table Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B* Sediment Deposits (B) Algal Mat or Cru Iron Deposits (B) Surface Soil Crail | r Indicators: (minimum of A1) e (A2) its (B2) 3) st (B4) 5) cks (B6) le on Aerial Ima | one required | d; check all that ap Water-Staine 1, 2, 4A, and Salt Crust (B Aquatic Inve V Hydrogen Su Oxidized Rhi Presence of Recent Iron Stunted or S | ed Leaves d 4B) st11) ertebrates ulfide Odd zosphere Reduced Reduction stressed F | s (B13) or (C1) es on Living Iron (C4) n in Tilled S | Roots (C3) | Water-Stair 4A, and 4B □ Drainage Pa □ Dry Season □ Saturation v □ Geomorphia □ Shallow Aqu ▼ FAC-neutra □ Raised Ant | atterns (B10) Water Table (C2 //sible on Aerial (C2) uitard (D3) Test (D5) Mounds (D6) (L6 | (MLRA 1, 2, 2) Imagery (C9) | |
| rology and Hydrology ary Indicators Surface Water (Aligh Water Table Saturation (A3) Water Marks (Baseline Marks) Water Marks (Baseline Marks) Sediment Deposits (Baseline Marks) Sediment Opposits (Baseline Marks) Surface Soil Cranton Visib Sparsely Vegeta | r Indicators: (minimum of A1) e (A2) i) its (B2) 3) st (B4) 5) cks (B6) le on Aerial Ima ted Concave Sur | one required gery (B7) face (B8) | d; check all that ap Water-Stains 1, 2, 4A, and Salt Crust (B Aquatic Inve W Hydrogen Su Oxidized Rhi Presence of Recent Iron Stunted or S Other (Expla | ed Leaves d 4B) ertebrates ulfide Odd zosphere Reduced Reduction stressed F hin in Ren | s (B13) or (C1) es on Living Iron (C4) n in Tilled S | Roots (C3) | Water-Stair 4A, and 4B □ Drainage Pa □ Dry Season □ Saturation v □ Geomorphia □ Shallow Aqu ▼ FAC-neutra □ Raised Ant | atterns (B10) Water Table (C2 //sible on Aerial (C2) uitard (D3) Test (D5) Mounds (D6) (L6 | (MLRA 1, 2, 2) Imagery (C9) | |
| rology and Hydrology and Hydrology ary Indicators Surface Water (A) High Water Tabil Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B) Sediment Deposits (B) Algal Mat or Cru Iron Deposits (B) Surface Soil Cra Inundation Visib Sparsely Vegeta Observations ce Water Preser | r Indicators: (minimum of A1) e (A2) l) its (B2) 3) st (B4) 5) cks (B6) le on Aerial Ima ted Concave Sur tet? Yes | one required gery (B7) face (B8) No • | d; check all that ap Water-Staine 1, 2, 4A, and Salt Crust (B Aquatic Inve W Hydrogen St Oxidized Rhi Presence of Recent Iron Stunted or S Other (Expla | ed Leaves d 4B) entebrates ulfide Odd zosphere Reduced Reduction dressed F hin in Ren | s (B13) or (C1) es on Living Iron (C4) n in Tilled S | Roots (C3) | Water-Stair 4A, and 4B □ Drainage Pa □ Dry Season □ Saturation v □ Geomorphia □ Shallow Aqu ▼ FAC-neutra □ Raised Ant | atterns (B10) Water Table (C2 //isible on Aerial II Position (D2) uitard (D3) Test (D5) Mounds (D6) (L6 P Hummocks (D7) | (MLRA 1, 2, 2) Imagery (C9) RR A) | |
| rology and Hydrology and Hydrology and Hydrology ary Indicators Surface Water (A) High Water Table Sediment Deposits (B) Algal Mat or Cru Iron Deposits (B) Surface Soil Cra Inundation Visib Sparsely Vegeta I Observations are Water Present? Table Present? | r Indicators: (minimum of A1) e (A2) i) its (B2) 3) st (B4) 5) cks (B6) le on Aerial Ima ted Concave Sur tel: Yes | gery (B7) face (B8) No • | d; check all that ap Water-Staine 1, 2, 4A, and Salt Crust (B Aquatic Inve W Hydrogen St Oxidized Rhi Presence of Recent Iron Stunted or S Other (Explain | ed Leaves d 48) ertebrates ulfide Odd zosphere Reduced Reduction otherssed F hin in Ren hes): | s (B13) or (C1) es on Living Iron (C4) n in Tilled S | Roots (C3) roils (C6) (LRR A) | Water-Stair 4A, and 4B □ Drainage Pa □ Dry Season □ Saturation v □ Geomorphia □ Shallow Aqu ▼ FAC-neutra □ Raised Ant | atterns (B10) Water Table (C2 Visible on Aerial II Position (D2) uitard (D3) Test (D5) Mounds (D6) (LF Position (D7) | (MLRA 1, 2, 2) Imagery (C9) | |
| rology and Hydrology and Hydrology ary Indicators Surface Water (A) High Water Table Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B) Sediment Deposits (B) Algal Mat or Cru Iron Deposits (B) Surface Soil Crac Inundation Visib Sparsely Vegeta Observations ce Water Preser r Table Present? ation Present? ides capillary frii | r Indicators: (minimum of A1) e (A2) l) its (B2) 3) st (B4) 5) cks (B6) le on Aerial Ima ted Concave Sur tel 'Yes 'Yes 'Ange) Yes | gery (B7) face (B8) No • No • | d; check all that ap Water-Staine 1, 2, 4A, and Salt Crust (B Aquatic Inve W Hydrogen St Oxidized Rhi Presence of Recent Iron Stunted or S Other (Explain | ed Leaves d 48) ertebrates ulfide Odd zosphere Reduced Reduction stressed F ain in Ren hes): hes): | s (B13) or (C1) is on Living Iron (C4) in in Tilled S Plants (D1) inarks) | Roots (C3) rooils (C6) (LRR A) Wetla | Water-Stair 4A, and 4B; □ Drainage Pa □ Dry Season □ Saturation 1 □ Geomorphia □ Shallow Aqi ☑ FAC-neutra □ Raised Ant □ Frost Heave | atterns (B10) Water Table (C2 Visible on Aerial II Position (D2) uitard (D3) Test (D5) Mounds (D6) (LF Position (D7) | (MLRA 1, 2, 2) Imagery (C9) RR A) | |

US Army Corps of Engineers

MDT MONTANA WETLAND ASSESSMENT FORM (revised March 2008)

| Project Name: Schrieber Lake 2. MDT Project #: NH 27(29) 3. Control #: 1027007 | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------------------|-----------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Evaluation Date: 7/28/2016 4. Evaluator(s): G. Howard, T. Traxler 5. Wetland/Site #(s): Schrieber Lake | | | | | | | | | |
| Wetland Location(s): Township 27 N, Range 30 W, Section 13; Township N, Range E, Section | | | | | | | | | |
| Approximate Stationing or | Roadposts: Approximately M | ilepost 53.8 | | | | | | | |
| Watershed: 1 - Kootenai | County: _ Lincoln | | | | | | | | |
| Purpose of Evaluation: Wetland potentially af Mitigation wetlands; p Mitigation wetlands; p | Evaluating Agency: RESPEC for MDT Purpose of Evaluation: Wetland potentially affected by MDT project Mitigation wetlands; pre-construction Mitigation wetlands; post-construction Mitigation wetlands; post-construction ■ Mitigation wetlands; post-construction 9. Assessment Area (AA) Size (acre): (visually estimated) | | | | | | | | |
| Other (see manual for determining AA) 51.7 (measured, e.g. GPS) 10. CLASSIFICATION OF WETLAND AND AQUATIC HABITATS IN AA (See manual for definitions.) | | | | | | | | | |
| HGM Class (Brinson) | Class (Cowardin) | Modifier (Cowardin) | Water Regime | % OF AA | | | | | |
| Depressional | Aquatic Bed | | Permanent / Perennial | 20 | | | | | |
| Depressional | Emergent Wetland | | Permanent / Perennial | 10 | | | | | |

| | Slope |
|-----------|-------|
| Comments: | |

11. ESTIMATED RELATIVE ABUNDANCE (of similarly classified sites within the same Major Montana Watershed Basin; see manual.) common

12. GENERAL CONDITION OF AA

Riverine

Slope

Slope

i. Disturbance: Use matrix below to select the appropriate response; see manual for Montana listed noxious weed and aquatic nuisance vegetation species lists

Permanent / Perennial

Permanent / Perennial

Seasonal / Intermittent

Seasonal / Intermittent

5

30

10

25

| | Predominar | nt Conditions Adjacent to (within | 500 feet of) AA |
|---|---|--|--|
| Conditions within AA | Managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is 15%. | Land not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to minor clearing; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is 30%. | Land cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >30%. |
| AA occurs and is managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or occupied buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is 15%. | | low disturbance | |
| AA not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to relatively minor clearing, fill placement, or hydrological alteration; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is 30%. | | | |
| AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >30%. | | | |

Comments (types of disturbance, intensity, season, etc.): Highway 2 and USFS roads are adjacent to the AA.

Unconsolidated Bottom

Emergent Wetland

Emergent Wetland

Scrub-Shrub Wetland

- ii. Prominent noxious, aquatic nuisance, and other exotic vegetation species: Spotted knapweed and Canada thistle infestations in the uplands surrounding the AA.
- iii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat: Site is in a realtively flat valley bottom that has historically been used for agriculture and hay production. The valley sides are heavily forested with secondary growth coniferous forest. The entire AA is very wet and is dominated primarily by emergent vegetation. PSS wetlands occur immediately along the pre-existing creek channels and in the southwest corner of the site where a "carr" fen occurs. The fen supports bog birch and other SOC including hoary willow.

13. STRUCTURAL DIVERSITY (Based on number of "Cowardin" vegetated classes present [do not include unvegetated classes]; see #10 above.)

| Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA | Initial Rating | Is current management peristence of additional | | Modified Rating |
|---|-------------------|--|------|--------------------|
| 3 (or 2 if one is forested) classes | high | NA | NA | NA |
| 2 (or 1 if forested) classes | | NA | NA | NA |
| 1 class, but not a monoculture | | ←NO | YES→ | |
| 1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises 90% of total cover) | | NA | NA | NA |

Comments: aquatic bed, emergent, scrub-shrub

| | | | | | | | | | | :e #(s): <u>s</u> | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------|---------|------------------|-------------------|---------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------|--------|
| 14A. HABITAT FOR FEDER | RALLY | LISTE | D OR | PRO | POSE | D THE | REATE | NED | OR | ENDAN | IGERE | D PL | ANTS | OR AN | IIMAI | LS | | | | |
| i. AA is Documented (D) or Primary or critical habitat (I Secondary habitat (list spe Incidental habitat (list spe No usable habitat | ist spe ecies) | | | D [D [| | | | sed o | n def | finitions | in mar | iual. | | | | | | | | |
| ii. Rating: Based on the stro | ngest h | nabitat | chose | en in | 14A(i) a | above | , selec | t the | corre | spondir | ng func | tiona | l point | and rat | ing. | | | | | |
| Highest Habitat Level | | Primar | | | rimary | _ | c/Sec | | | Sus/Se | | | | ncident | | Sus/ | Incide | ntal | None | • |
| Functional Point/Rating | | | | - | - | | .81 | Л | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sources for documented us | se (e.g. | . obser | vation | s, red | cords): | USFS | S perso | nnel | obse | erved a l | boar gr | izzly | upstre | am of th | ne AA | in th | e Schr | ieber | Creek | |
| drainage in 2010. Wolverines | could | potent | ially be | e in th | ne area | <u>l.</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14B. HABITAT FOR PLANT Do not include species | | | | | S1, S | 2, OR | 8 S3 B | Y TH | Е МС | NTAN | A NATI | JRAI | L HER | ITAGE | PRO | GRAI | VI | | | |
| AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain: Check box based on definitions in manual. Primary or critical habitat (list species) Secondary habitat (list species) Incidental habitat (list species) No usable habitat | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| i. Rating: Based on the strongest habitat chosen in 14A(i) above, select the corresponding functional point and rating. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Highest Habitat Level | Doc/l | c/Primary Sus/Primary Doc/Secondary Sus/Secondary Doc/Incidental Sus/Incide | | | | | | | | | | | | ncide | ntal | None | | | | |
| S1 Species Functional Point/Rating S2 and S3 Species | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Functional Point/Rating | | .9H | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sources for documented us fisheries biologists. Western | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | discus | ssions | s with r | egion | al wildli | fe and |
| 14C. GENERAL WILDLIFE | HARIT | AT RA | TING | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| i. Evidence of Overall Wild | | | | | ak aub | otopti | al mad | dorote | or I | low boo | ad an a | unna | ortina c | vidono | _ | | | | | |
| Substantial: Based on ar □ observations of abundant wildlife sign: □ presence of extremely □ interview with local bio | ant wild such as limiting | dlife #s s scat, g habita | or hig tracks at feat | gh spe s, nes ures | ecies d t struct not ava | ures, ilable | game | trails, | etc. | , | | few little spar | or no v to no v rse adj | sed on a wildlife of wildlife s acent u with loca | obser sign pland | vatior I food | ns duri source | ng pea es | ak úse | |
| ☐ Moderate: Based on any ☐ observations of scatter ☐ common occurrence of ☐ adequate adjacent upla ☐ interview with local bio | ed wild f wildlife and foo | llife gro e sign : od sour | oups o such a ces | or indi as sca | at, tracl | ks, ne | | | | | | k peri | iods | | | | | | | |
| ii. Wildlife Habitat Features | : Work | ing fro | m top | to bo | ottom, c | heck | approp | riate | AA a | attribute | s in ma | trix to | o arrive | e at rati | ng. S | Structi | ural div | ersity | is from | ı #13. |
| For class cover to be conside | ered eve | enly di | stribut | ed, th | ne mos | t and | least p | reval | ent v | egetate | d class | ses n | nust be | within | 20% | of ea | ch othe | er in te | erms of | their |
| percent composition of the A/S/I = seasonal/intermittent; T/ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | , | | | |
| Structural Diversity | 1 | прогаг | угори | | High | 7 u | | [000] | I | 101 10 | | | derate | | .011110 | <u>'</u> | | | OW | |
| (see #13) Class Cover Distribution | | | | | i iigii | | | | | | | _ IVIO | l | - | | | | | -OW | |
| (all vegetated classes) | | | ven | | | ⊠ Un | even | | | | ven | | | ☐ Une | ven | | | | ven | |
| Duration of Surface | P/P | S/I | T/E | Α | P/P | S/I | T/E | Α | P/P | S/I | T/E | Α | P/P | S/I | T/E | Α | P/P | S/I | T/E | Α |
| Water in ≥ 10% of AA | - '' | ٥,. | | | - /- | <u> </u> | | | | ٠,٠ | | | | ٥,, | | | - /- | ٥,. | | |
| ■ Low Disturbance at AA (see #12i) | | | | | Е | | | | | | | | Е | | | | | | | |
| ☐ Moderate Disturbance | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| at AA (see #12i) ☐ High Disturbance at | | | | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | |
| AA (see #12i) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| iii. Rating: Use the conclus | ions fro | m i an | d ii ab | ove a | | | | | | | | poin | it and r | ating. | | | 1 | | | |
| Evidence of Wildlife Use | | | | | W | | | at Fe | eatur | es Rati | | | | | | | | | | |
| (i) | | ⊠ Exc | _ | nal | 1 | | High | | ☐ Moderate ☐ Low | | | | | 4 | | | | | | |
| SubstantialModerate | | | 1E | | | | | | + | | | | | | | \dashv | | | | |
| ☐ Minimal | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Comments: Good habitat diversity with substantial wildlife evidence.

Wetland/Site #(s): Schrieber Lake

| 14D. GENER | AL FISH HABITAT | □ NA (prediction) | oceed to 14E |
|------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------|
|------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------|

If the AA is not used by fish, fish use is not restorable due to habitat constraints, or is not desired from a management perspective [such as fish entrapped in a canal], then check the NA box and proceed to 14E.

Assess this function if the AA is used by fish or the existing situation is "correctable" such that the AA could be used by fish [i.e., fish use is precluded by perched culvert or other barrier].

Type of Fishery: Cold Water (CW) Warm Water (WW) Use the CW or WW guidelines in the manual to complete the matrix.

i. Habitat Quality and Known / Suspected Fish Species in AA: Use matrix to select the functional point and rating.

| Duration of Surface Water in AA | ⊠ Pe | □ Permanent / Perennial | | | | | ☐ Seasonal / Intermittent | | | | | | | ☐ Temporary / Ephemeral | | | | | | |
|--|------|-------------------------|------|-----------|----|----|---------------------------|-----|-----|-------|----|----|-----|-------------------------|------|------|----|-----|--|--|
| Aquatic Hiding / Resting / Escape Cover | Opti | ∐ imal | Adeq |] uate | Po | or | Opti | mal | Ade | quate | Po | or | Opt | _ timal | Aded | uate | Po | oor | | |
| Thermal Cover: optimal / suboptimal | 0 | S | 0 | s | 0 | s | 0 | s | 0 | S | 0 | s | 0 | S | 0 | S | 0 | S | | |
| FWP Tier I fish species | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species | | .5M | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Sources used for identifying fish spp. potentially found in AA: Brook Trout documented in Schrieber Creek immediately up and downstream of Schrieber Lake by FWP in 2011 (MFISH queary). Westslope Cutthroat documented immediately upstream from confluence with Fisher River but outside project area.

- ii. Modified Rating: NOTE: Modified score cannot exceed 1.0 or be less than 0.1.
- a) Is fish use of the AA significantly reduced by a culvert, dike, or other man-made structure or activity, or is the waterbody included on the current final MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development with listed "Probable Impaired Uses" including cold or warm water fishery or aquatic life support, or do aquatic nuisance plant or animal species (see Appendix E) occur in fish habitat? TYES, reduce score in i by 0.1 = or NO
- b) Does the AA contain a documented spawning area or other critical habitat feature (i.e., sanctuary pool, upwelling area; specify in comments) for native fish or introduced game fish? \square YES, add to score in i or iia 0.1 = or \boxtimes N0
- iii. Final Score and Rating: .5M Comments: Salmonids observed in creek during monitoring. Assumed to be brook trout, but is unverified.

14E. FLOOD ATTENUATION

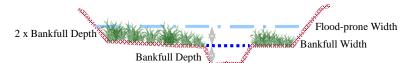
□ NA (proceed to 14F) Applies only to wetlands that are subject to flooding via in-channel or overbank flow.

If wetlands in AA are not flooded from in-channel or overbank flow, check the NA box and proceed to 14F.

Entrenchment Ratio (ER) Estimation (see manual for additional guidance). Entrenchment ratio = (flood-prone width) / (bankfull width). Flood-prone width = estimated horizontal projection of where 2 X maximum bankfull depth elevation intersects the floodplain on each side of the stream.

25 / 10 =

flood prone width / bankfull width = entrenchment ratio



| S | Slightly Entrenche ER 2.2 | ed | Moderately Entrenched ER = 1.41 - 2.2 | Entrenched ER = 1.0 − 1.4 | | | | | | | |
|---------------|------------------------------|---------------|--|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| C stream type | D stream type | E stream type | B stream type | A stream type | F stream type | G stream type | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating

| . Rung. Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and runing. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|---------------|-----------|----------|---------------|----------|----------------------|------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment | ⊠ SI | ightly Entrei | nched | ☐ Mod | lerately Enti | renched | ☐ Entrenched | | | | | | |
| (Rosgen 1994, 1996) | C, D | , E stream t | ypes | В | stream typ | e | A, F, G stream types | | | | | | |
| Percent of Flooded Wetland Classified as Forested and/or Scrub/Shrub | 75% | 25-75% | ⊠ <25% | □ 75% | 25-75% | <25% | 75% | 25-75% | <25% | | | | |
| AA contains no outlet or restricted outlet | | | .6M | | | | | | | | | | |
| AA contains unrestricted outlet | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

ii. Are 10 acres of wetland in the AA subject to flooding AND are man-made features which may be significantly damaged by floods located within 0.5 mile downstream of the AA? TYES NO Comments: The stream channels in the AA have free access to their floodplains. The floodplains are dominated by herbaceous vegetation.

Wetland/Site #(s): Schrieber Lake

| 14F. | SHORT AND LONG TERM SURFACE WATER STORAGE | ☐ NA (proceed to 14G) |
|------|---|---|
| | Applies to wetlands that flood or pond from overbank or in-chann | el flow, precipitation, upland surface flow, or groundwater flow. |
| | If no wetlands in the AA are subject to flooding or ponding, then | check the NA box and proceed to 14G. |

i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; and T/E = temporary/ephemeral [see manual for further definitions of these terms].

| Estimated Maximum Acre Feet of Water Contained in Wetlands within the AA that are Subject to Periodic Flooding or Ponding | \boxtimes | >5 acre fo | eet | □ 1.1 | to 5 ac | re feet | ☐ ≤1 acre foot | | |
|---|-------------|------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|----------------|-------|-------|
| Duration of Surface Water at Wetlands within the AA | ⊠ P/P | □ S/I | □ T/E | □ P/P | □ S/I | □ T/E | □ P/P | □ S/I | □ T/E |
| Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥ 5 out of 10 years | 1H | | | | | | | | |
| Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years | | | | | | | | | |

Comments: Extensive areas of inundation were observed.

Applies to wetland with potential to receive sediments, nutrients, or toxicants through influx of surface or ground water or direct input. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to such input, check the NA box and proceed to 14H.

i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating.

| Sediment, Nutrient, and Toxicant Input Levels within AA | AA receive has potent nutrients, such that substantia sedimenta toxicants, present. | tial to deliv or compou other funct illy impaire tion, sourc | er sedime inds at lev ions are r d. Minor es of nutr | ents, els oot ients or | Waterbody is on MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development for "probable causes" related to sediment, nutrients, or toxicants or AA receives or surrounding land use has potential to deliver high levels of sediments, nutrients, or compounds such that other functions are substantially impaired. Major sedimentation, sources of nutrients or toxicants, or signs of eutrophication present. | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|---------------------------------|---|------|---------|------|--|--|
| % Cover of Wetland Vegetation in AA | ⊠ ≥ 70% | | □ < 70% | | □ ≥ 70 % | | □ < 70% | | | |
| Evidence of Flooding / Ponding in AA | ⊠ Yes □ No | | ☐ Yes | ☐ No | ☐ Yes | ☐ No | ☐ Yes | ☐ No | | |
| AA contains no or restricted outlet | 1H | | | | | | | | | |
| AA contains unrestricted outlet | | | | | | | | | | |

Comments: AA has potential to receive minor sedimentation from nearby US 2 and adjacent hillsides that have been logged.

14H. SEDIMENT / SHORELINE STABILIZATION NA (proceed to 14I)

Applies only if AA occurs on or within the banks of a river, stream, or other natural or man-made drainage, or on the shoreline of a standing water body which is subject to wave action.

If 14H does not apply, check the NA box and proceed to 14I.

| % Cover of Wetland Streambank or Shoreline by Species with Stability | Duration of Surface Water Adjacent to Rooted Vegetation | | | | | | | |
|--|---|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ratings of 6 (see Appendix F). | Permanent / Perennial | ☐ Temporary / Ephemera | | | | | | |
| ⊠ ≥ 65% | 1H | | | | | | | |
| □ 35-64% | | | | | | | | |
| ☐ < 35% | | | | | | | | |

Comments: Shorelines and banks are well vegetated.

14I. PRODUCTION EXPORT / FOOD CHAIN SUPPORT

i. Level of Biological Activity: Synthesis of wildlife and fish habitat rates (select).

| General Fish Habitat Rating | General Wildlife Habitat Rating (14Ciii) | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-----|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| (14Diii) | ⊠ E/H | ■ M | L | | | | | |
| ☐ E/H | | | | | | | | |
| ⊠M | Н | | | | | | | |
| L | | | | | | | | |
| □NA | | | | | | | | |

ii. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. Factor A = acreage of vegetated wetland component in the AA; Factor B = level of biological activity rating from above (14li); Factor C = whether or not the AA contains a surface or subsurface outlet; the final three rows pertain to the duration of surface water in the AA, where P/P, S/I, and T/E were previously defined, and A = "absent" [see manual for further definitions of these terms].

| Α | | Vegeta | ted Co | mponent | t >5 ac | res | s | | | | | -5 acres | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|---------|---------|-----|--------------|------|-----|---------|-----|----------|-----|------|------|--------|-----|-----|
| В | ⊠⊦ | ligh | M | oderate | | Low | _ □ ŀ | ligh | □Мо | oderate | | Low | _ | ligh | ☐ Mo | derate | L | _ow |
| С | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | No |
| P/P | 1H | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| S/I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T/E/A | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Wetland/Site #(s): <u>Schrieber Lake</u> | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---|--|--|---|-----------------------|--|--------------|-------------------------|
| 14I. PRODUCTION EXPORT / FOOD CHAIN SUPPORT (continued) | | | | | | | | | |
| iii. Modified Rating: Note: Modified score cannot exceed 1.0 or be less than 0.1. | | | | | | | | | |
| Vegetated Upland Buffer: Area with 30% plant cover, 15% noxious weed or ANVS cover, AND that is not subjected to periodic mechanical mowing or clearing (unless for weed control). Is there an average 50 feet wide vegetated upland buffer around 75% of the AA's perimeter? ▼ VES add 0.1 to score in ii = 1.00. □ NO. | | | | | | | | | |
| Is there an average 50-foot wide vegetated upland buffer around 75% of the AA's perimeter? ☑ YES, add 0.1 to score in ii = 1.00 ☐ NO | | | | | | | | | |
| iv. Final Score and Rating: 1H Com | ments: <u>I</u> | High level of b | iological activit | y, veg co | mponent > 5 a | ac, perennial, f | nas surfa | ce and subsu | rface outlets |
| 14J. GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE / RECHARGE Check the appropriate indicators in i and ii below. | | | | | | | | | |
| i. Discharge Indicators ☐ The AA is a slope wetland. ☐ Springs or seeps are known or observed. ☐ Vegetation growing during dormant season/drought. ☐ Wetland occurs at the toe of a natural slope. ☐ Seeps are present at the wetland edge. ☐ AA permanently flooded during drought periods. ☐ Wetland contains an outlet, but no inlet. ☐ Shallow water table and the site is saturated to the surface. ☐ Other: | | | | | | | | | |
| iii. Rating: Use the information from i a | ınd ii abo | ove and the tal | ole below to se | elect the f | unctional poin | t and rating. | | | _ |
| Criteria | | Duration of S <u>WITH W</u> ⊠ P/P | Saturation at <i>i</i> <u>/ATER THAT I</u> ☐ S | IS RECH | inds <u>FROM G</u> ARGING THE ☐ T | ROUNDWATI GROUNDWA | <u>ER</u> <u>DISC</u> TER SY: ☐ No | STEM | |
| ☐ Groundwater Discharge or Recha | arge | 1H | | | | | | | |
| ☐ Insufficient Data/Information | /t | 4: 4- 4b | · | | | | | |] |
| Comments: AA with perennial inundation | n/satura | tion to the sun | ace. | | | | | | |
| 14K. UNIQUENESS | | | | | | | | | |
| i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, | use the r | matrix below to | select the fur | nctional p | oint and rating | ı . | | | |
| Replacement Potential | spring foreste | ntains fen, bo s or mature (: ed wetland Of ation listed a 'NHP | >80 yr-old) R plant | AA does not contain previously cited rare types AND structural diversity (#13) is high OR contains plant association listed as "S2" by the MTNHP AA does not contain previously cited rare associations AND st diversity (#13) is low | | | | | e types OR tructural |
| Estimated Relative Abundance (#11) | □ Rare | | ☐ Abundant | □ Rare | ☐ Common | ☐ Abundant | □ Rare | ☐ Common | □ Abundant |
| Low Disturbance at AA (#12i) | | .9H | | | | | | | |
| Moderate Disturbance at AA (#12i) High Disturbance at AA (#12i) | | | | | | | | | |
| _ 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Comments: This wetland complex contains a fen, is relatively undistrubed, and so is fairly unique in the watershed. 14L. RECREATION / EDUCATION POTENTIAL Affords 'bonus' points if AA provides a recreational or educational opportunity. | | | | | | | | | |
| i. Is the AA a known or potential recreational or educational site? XES, go to ii. NO, check the NA box. | | | | | | | | | |
| i. Check categories that apply to the AA: ☐ Educational/Scientific Study ☐ Consumptive Recreational ☐ Non-consumptive recreational ☐ Other: | | | | | | | | | |

| iii. Rating: Use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. | | |
|--|-------|-----------|
| Known or Potential Recreational or Educational Area | Known | Potential |
| Public ownership or public easement with general public access (no permission required) | .2H | |
| Private ownership with general public access (no permission required) | | |
| Private or public ownership without general public access, or requiring permission for public access | | |
| | 41 1 | |

Comments: This site is open to public access and has a high potential for education, especially for birders since there is a great hill at the entrance to the site that provides a good vantage point for low impact bird viewing.

15. GENERAL SITE NOTES: _____

Wetland/Site #(s): Schrieber Lake

| Function & Value Variables | Rating – Actual Functional Points | Possible Functional Points | Functional Units: Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage | Indicate the Four Most Prominent Functions with an Asterisk | | | | |
|---|---|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| A. Listed / Proposed T&E Species Habitat | mod 0.80 | 1.00 | 41.36 | * | | | | |
| B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat | mod 0.60 | 1.00 | 31.02 | | | | | |
| C. General Wildlife Habitat | exc 1.00 | 1.00 | 51.7 | * | | | | |
| D. General Fish Habitat | mod 0.50 | 1.00 | 25.85 | | | | | |
| E. Flood Attenuation | mod 0.60 | 1.00 | 31.02 | | | | | |
| F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage | high 1.00 | 1.00 | 51.7 | * | | | | |
| G. Sediment / Nutrient / Toxicant Removal | high 1.00 | 1.00 | 51.7 | | | | | |
| H. Sediment / Shoreline Stabilization | high 1.00 | 1.00 | 51.7 | | | | | |
| I. Production Export / Food Chain Support | high 1.00 | 1.00 | 51.7 | * | | | | |
| J. Groundwater Discharge / Recharge | high 1.00 | 1.00 | 51.7 | | | | | |
| K. Uniqueness | high 0.90 | 1.00 | 46.53 | | | | | |
| L. Recreation / Education Potential (bonus point) | high 0.20 | | 10.34 | | | | | |
| Total Points | 9.6 | 11 | 496.32 Total | Functional Units | | | | |
| Percent of Possible Score 87% (round to nearest whole number) | | | | | | | | |

| Category I Wetland: (must satisfy one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II) |
|--|
| Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; or |
| Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; or |
| Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation and answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; or |
| \boxtimes Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #). |
| Category II Wetland: (Criteria for Category I not satisfied and meets any one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV) Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; or High" to "Exceptional" ratings for both General Wildlife Habitat and General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; or Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; or Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #). |
| ☐ Category III Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied) |
| Category IV Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; if not go to Category III) "Low" rating for Uniqueness; and |
| ☐ Vegetated <u>wetland</u> component < 1 acre (do <u>not</u> include upland vegetated buffer); and |
| Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #). |
| |
| |
| |
| OVERALL ANALYSIS AREA (AA) RATING: Check the appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above. |
| |
| |
| |

APPENDIX C PROJECT AREA PHOTOGRAPHS

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Schrieber Lake Lincoln County, Montana



Photo Point: 1 – Photo 1 Bearing: 242 degrees

Location: Northwest Boundary Year: 2015



Photo Point: 1 – Photo Bearing: 242 degrees

Location: Northwest Boundary Year: 2016



Photo Point: 1 – Photo 2 Bearing: 197 degrees

Location: Northwest Boundary Year: 2015



Photo Point: 1 – Photo 2 Bearing: 197 degrees

Location: Northwest Boundary Year: 2016



Photo Point: 1 – Photo 3 Bearing: 164 degrees

Location: Northwest Boundary Year: 2015



Photo Point: 1 – Photo 3 Bearing: 164 degrees

Location: Northwest Boundary Year: 2016



Photo Point: 2 - Photo 1 Bearing: 323 degrees



Location: Near Corral Year: 2015



Photo Point: 2 - Photo 1 Bearing: 323 degrees

Location: Near Corral Year: 2016



Photo Point: 2 – Photo 2 Bearing: 205 degrees



Year: 2015



Photo Point: 2 - Photo 2 Bearing: 205 degrees

Location: Near Corral Year: 2016



Photo Point: 2 - Photo 3 Bearing: 162 degrees

Location: Near Corral Year: 2015



Photo Point: 2 - Photo 3 Bearing: 162 degrees

Location: Near Corral Year: 2016



Photo Point: 2 - Photo 4 Bearing: 104 degrees



Location: Near Corral

Photo Point: 2 - Photo 4 Bearing: 104 degrees

Location: Near Corral Year: 2016



Photo Point: 2 - Photo 5 Bearing: 69 degrees



Year: 2015

Location: Near Corral Year: 2015



Photo Point: 2 - Photo 5 Bearing: 69 degrees

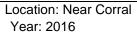




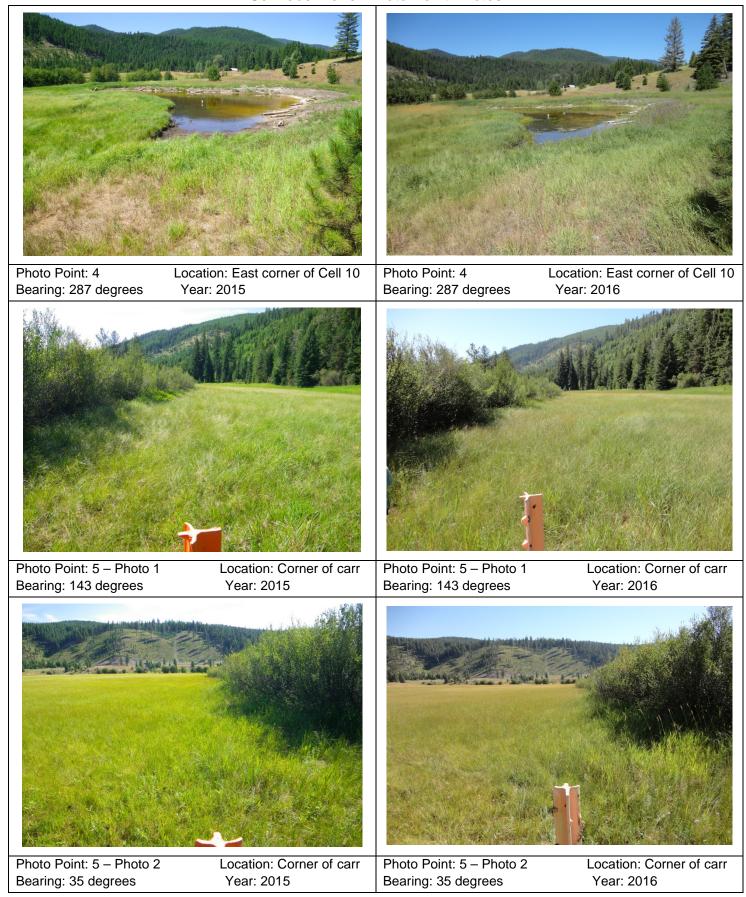
Photo Point: 3 Bearing: 183 degrees

Location: Edge of willow carr Year: 2015



Photo Point: 3 Bearing: 183 degrees

Location: Edge of willow carr Year: 2016



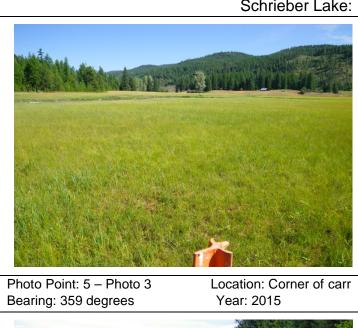




Photo Point: 5 – Photo 3 Bearing: 359 degrees

Location: Corner of carr Year: 2016



Photo Point: 6 – Photo 1 Bearing: 150 degrees

Location: South end of Cell 1 Year: 2015



Photo Point: 6 – Photo 1 Bearing: 150 degrees

Location: South end of Cell 1 Year: 2016



Photo Point: 6 – Photo 2 Bearing: 103 degrees

Location: South end of Cell 1 Year: 2015



Photo Point: 6 – Photo 2 Bearing: 103 degrees

Location: South end of Cell 1 Year: 2016



Photo Point: 6 – Photo 3 Bearing: 52 degrees

Location: South end of Cell 1 Year: 2015



Photo Point: 6 – Photo 3 Bearing: 52 degrees

Location: South end of Cell 1 Year: 2016



Photo Point: 7 – Photo 1 Location: South end of Transect 2 Bearing: 228 degrees Year: 2015



Photo Point: 7 – Photo 1 Location: South end of Transect 2 Bearing: 228 degrees Year: 2016



Photo Point: 7 – Photo 2 Location: South end of Transect 2 Bearing: 299 degrees Year: 2015



Photo Point: 7 – Photo 2 Location: South end of Transect 2 Bearing: 299 degrees Year: 2016



Photo Point: 7 – Photo 3 Location: South end of Transect 2 Bearing: 355 degrees Year: 2015



Photo Point: 7 – Photo 3 Location: South end of Transect 2 Bearing: 355 degrees Year: 2016



Photo Point: 8 – Photo 1 Bearing: 320 degrees

Location: Edge of corral Year: 2015



Photo Point: 8 – Photo 1 Bearing: 320 degrees

Location: Edge of corral Year: 2016



Photo Point: 8 – Photo 2 Bearing: 49 degrees

Location: Edge of corral Year: 2015



Photo Point: 8 – Photo 2 Bearing: 49 degrees

Location: Edge of corral Year: 2016



Photo Point: 8 – Photo 3 Bearing: 79 degrees

Location: Edge of corral Year: 2015



Photo Point: 8 – Photo 3 Bearing: 79 degrees

Location: Edge of corral Year: 2016



Photo Point: 9 – Photo 1 Location: Upland island center of site Bearing: 323 degrees Year: 2015



Photo Point: 9 – Photo 1 Location: Upland island center of site Bearing: 323 degrees Year: 2016



Photo Point: 9 – Photo 2 Location: Upland island center of site Bearing: 120 degrees Year: 2015



Photo Point: 9 – Photo 2 Location: Upland island center of site Bearing: 120 degrees Year: 2016



Photo Point: 10 – Photo 1 Bearing: 17 degrees

Location: Overlook Year: 2015



Photo Point: 10 – Photo 1 Bearing: 17 degrees

Location: Overlook Year: 2016



Photo Point: 10 – Photo 2 Bearing: 39 degrees

Location: Overlook Year: 2015



Photo Point: 10 – Photo 2 Bearing: 39 degrees

Location: Overlook Year: 2016



Photo Point: 10 – Photo 3 Bearing: 57 degrees

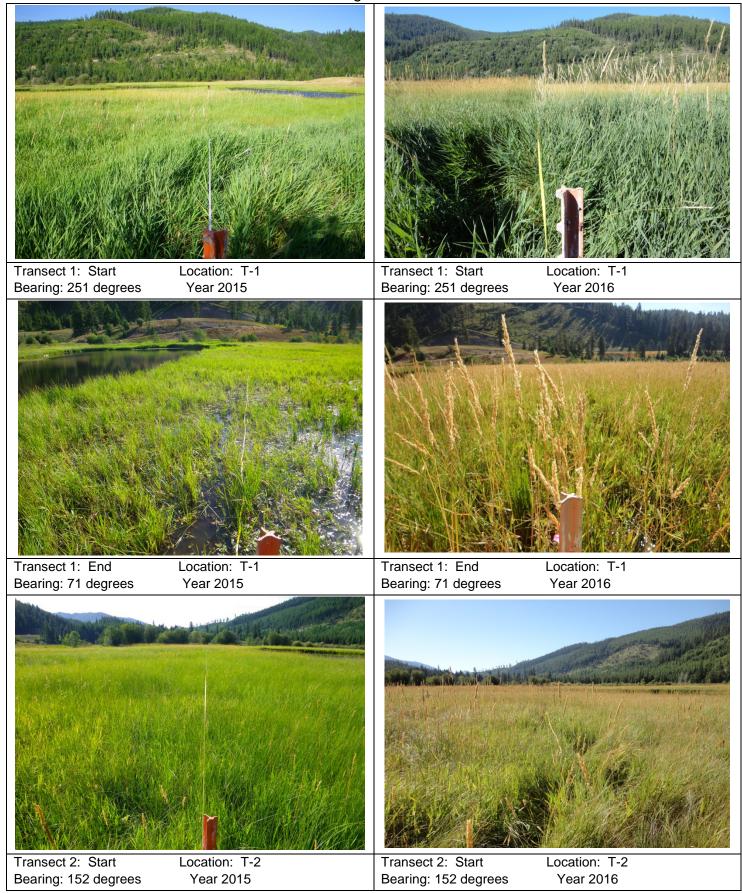
Location: Overlook Year: 2015



Photo Point: 10 – Photo 3 Bearing: 57 degrees

Location: Overlook Year: 2016

Schrieber Lake: Vegetation Transect Photos



Schrieber Lake: Vegetation Transect Photos



Transect 2: End Bearing: 332 degrees

Location: T-2 Year 2015



Transect 2: End Bearing: 332 degrees

Location: T-2 Year 2016



Transect 3: Start Bearing: 175 degrees

Location: T-3 Year 2015



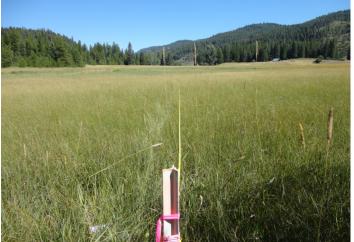
Transect 3: Start Bearing: 175 degrees

Location: T-3 Year 2016



Transect 3: End Bearing: 355 degrees

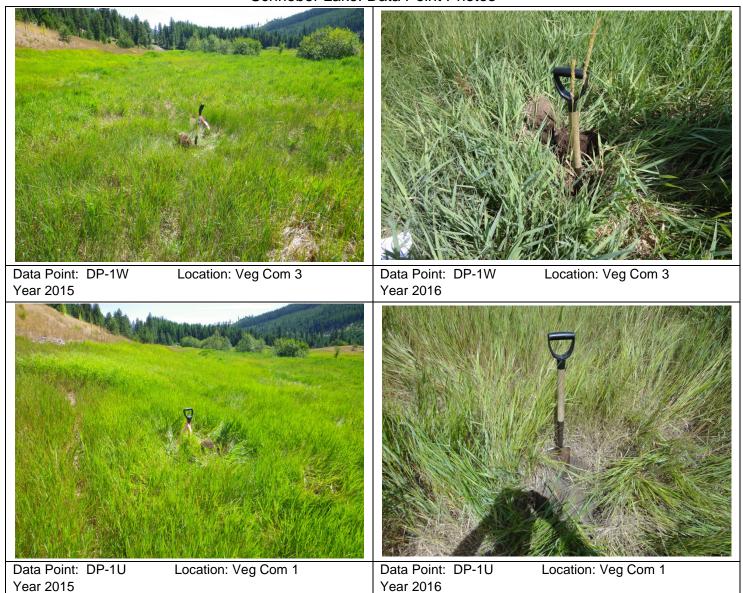
Location: T-3 Year 2015



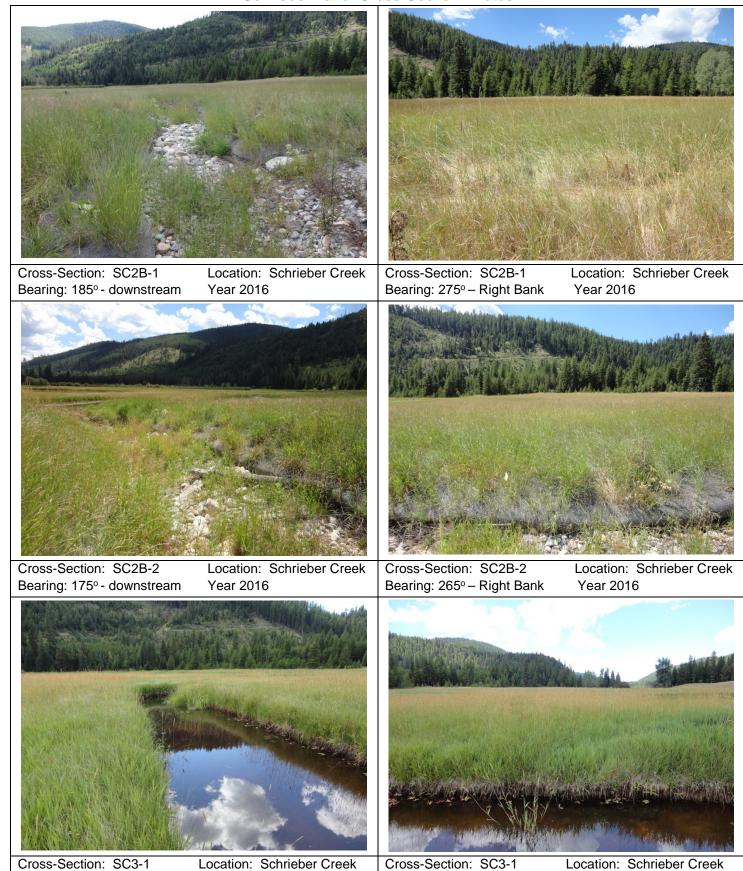
Transect 3: End Bearing: 355 degrees

Location: T-3 Year 2016

Schrieber Lake: Data Point Photos







Bearing: 330° – Left Bank

Year 2016

Year 2016

Bearing: 240° - Upstream



Cross-Section: SC3-2 Bearing: 160° - downstream

Location: Schrieber Creek Year 2016



Cross-Section: SC3-2 Bearing: 70° – Left Bank

Location: Schrieber Creek Year 2016



Cross-Section: SC7-1 Bearing: 110° - downstream

Location: Schrieber Creek Year 2016



Cross-Section: SC7-1 Bearing: 20° – Left Bank

Location: Schrieber Creek Year 2016



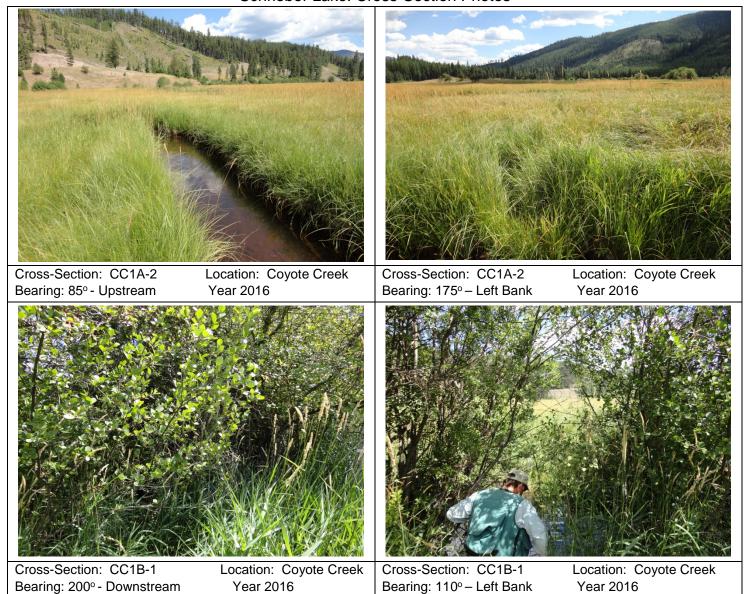
Cross-Section: CC1A-1 Bearing: 50° - Upstream

Location: Coyote Creek Year 2016



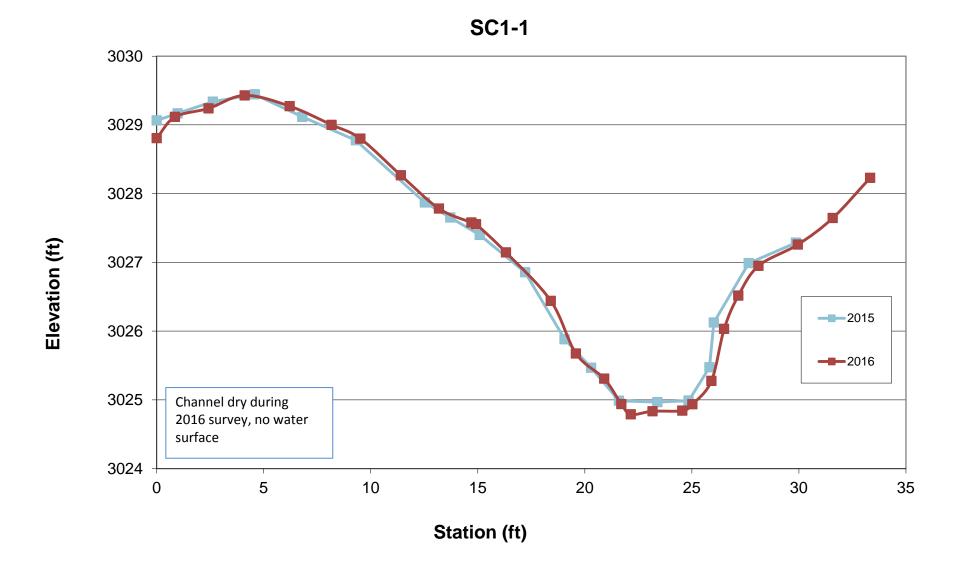
Cross-Section: CC1A-1 Bearing: 140° – Left Bank

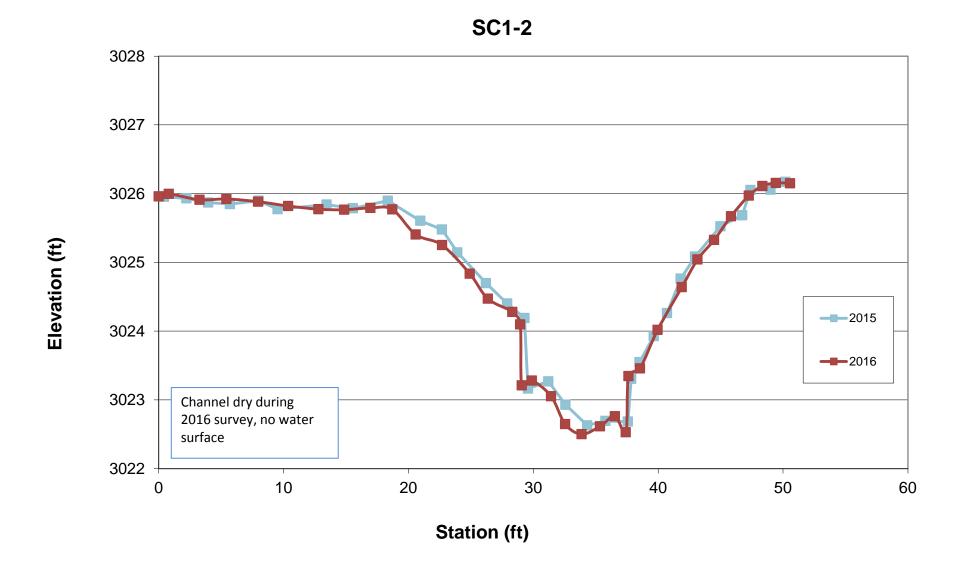
Location: Coyote Creek Year 2016

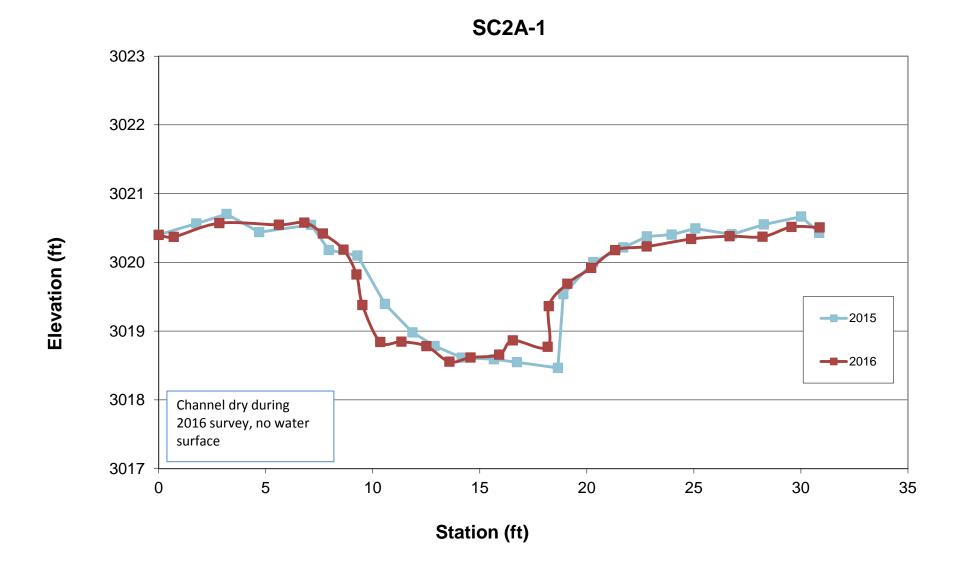


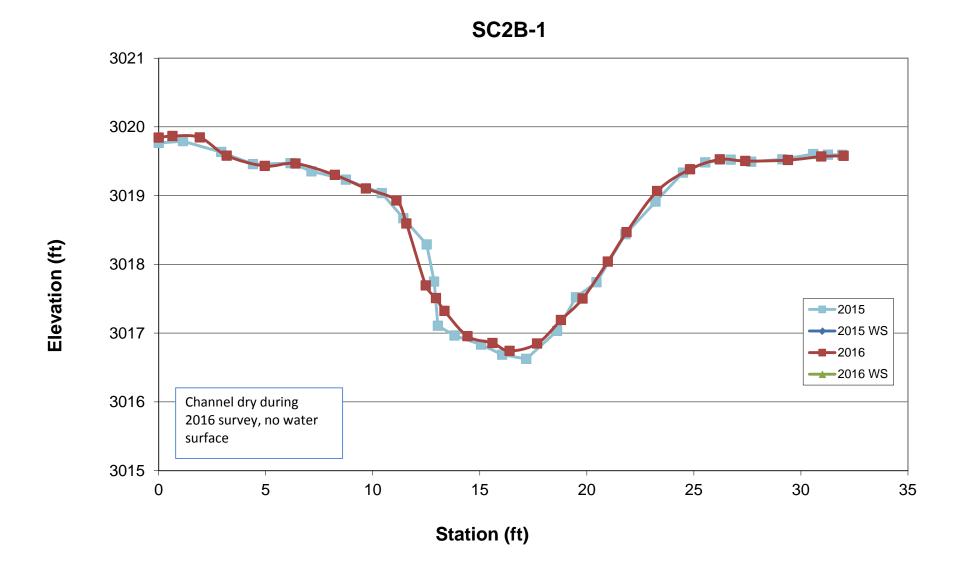
APPENDIX D SURVEYED STREAM CROSS-SECTIONS

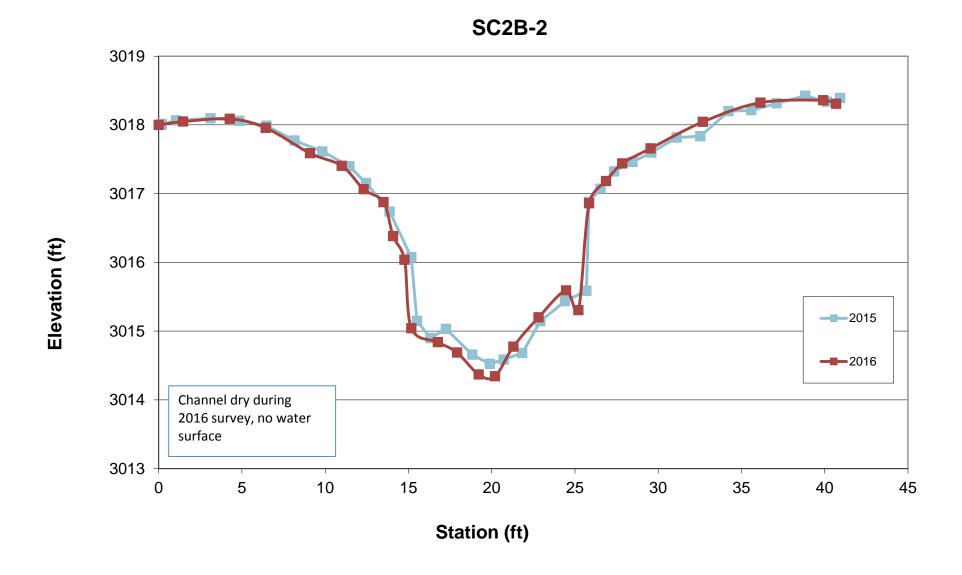
MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Schrieber Lake Lincoln County, Montana

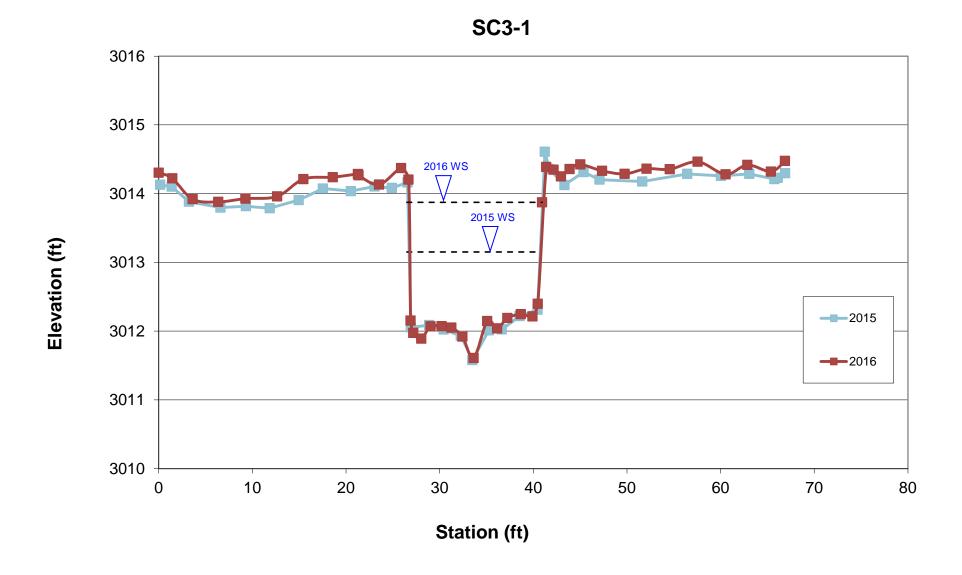


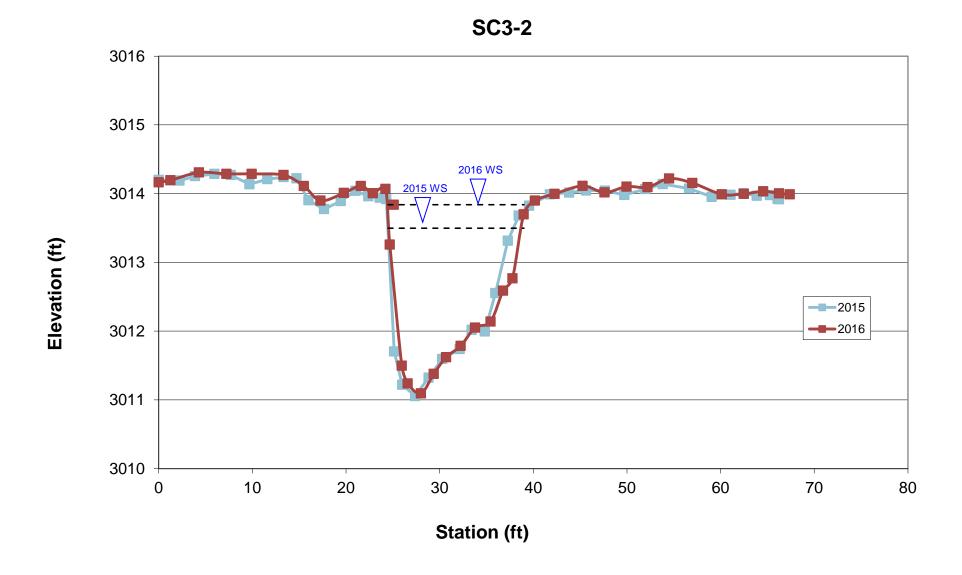


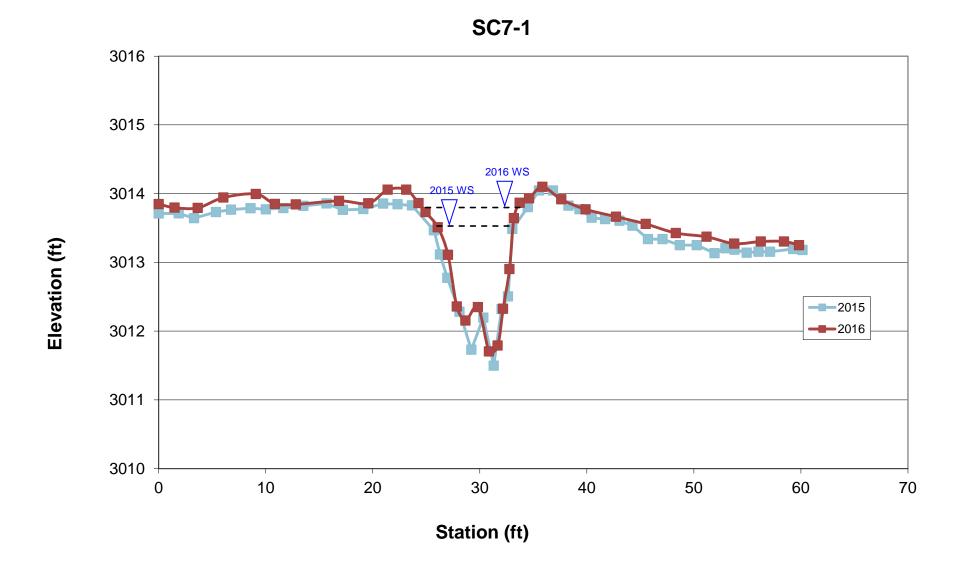


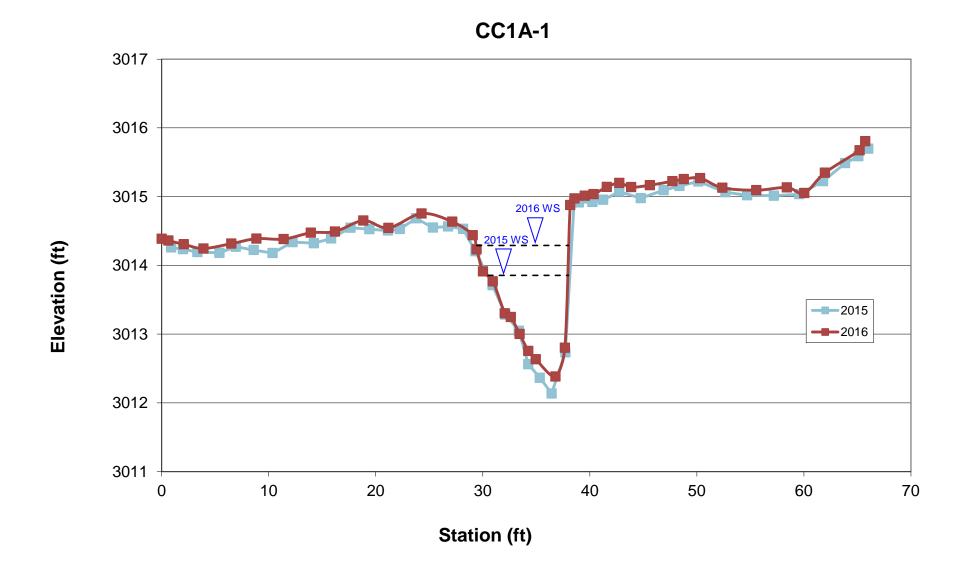


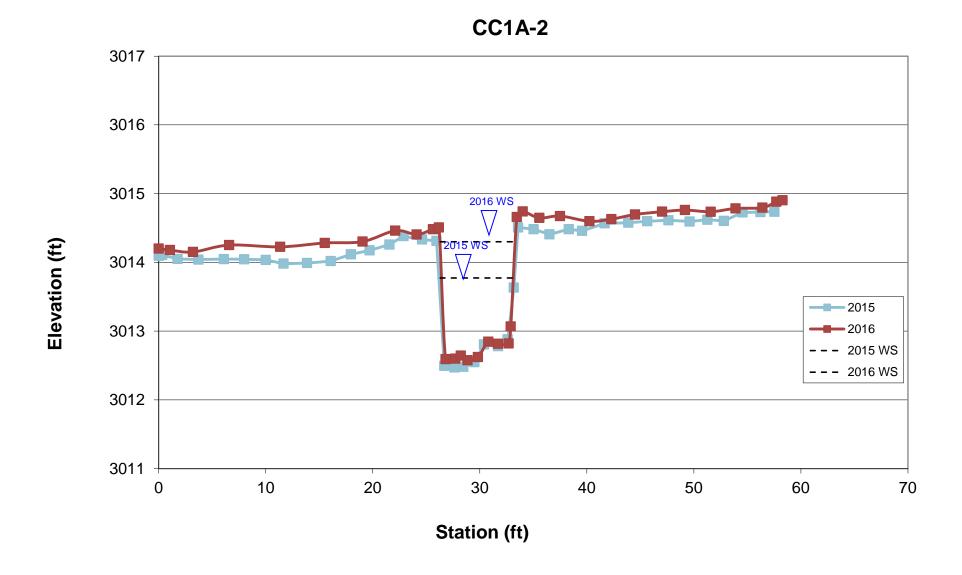


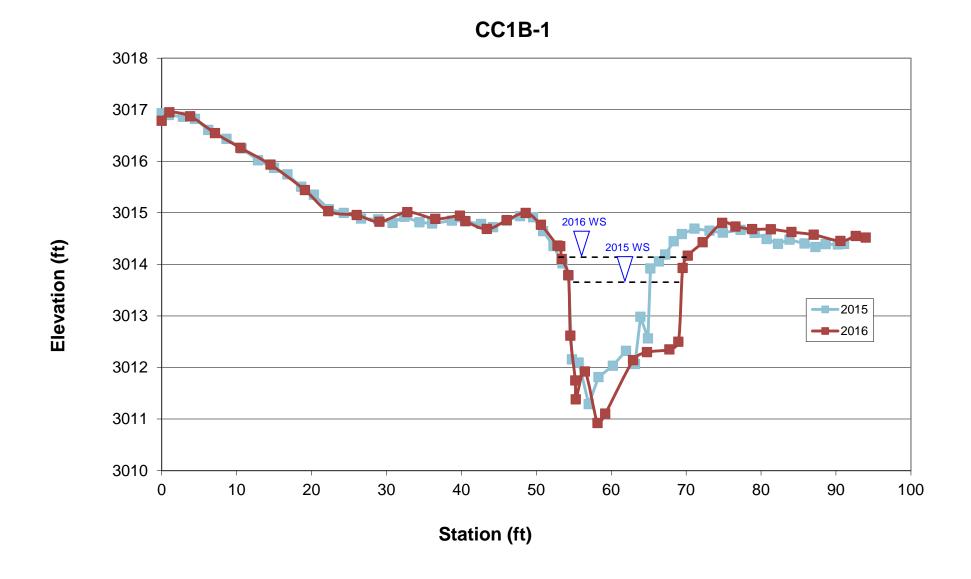






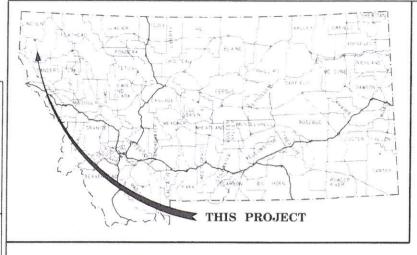






APPENDIX E PROJECT PLAN SHEETS

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Schrieber Lake Lincoln County, Montana



MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

CSF-0.99943246

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. NH 27(39) AQUATIC RESOURCES MITIGATION SCHRIEBER LAKE MITIGATION LINCOLN COUNTY

LENGTH N/A kilometers

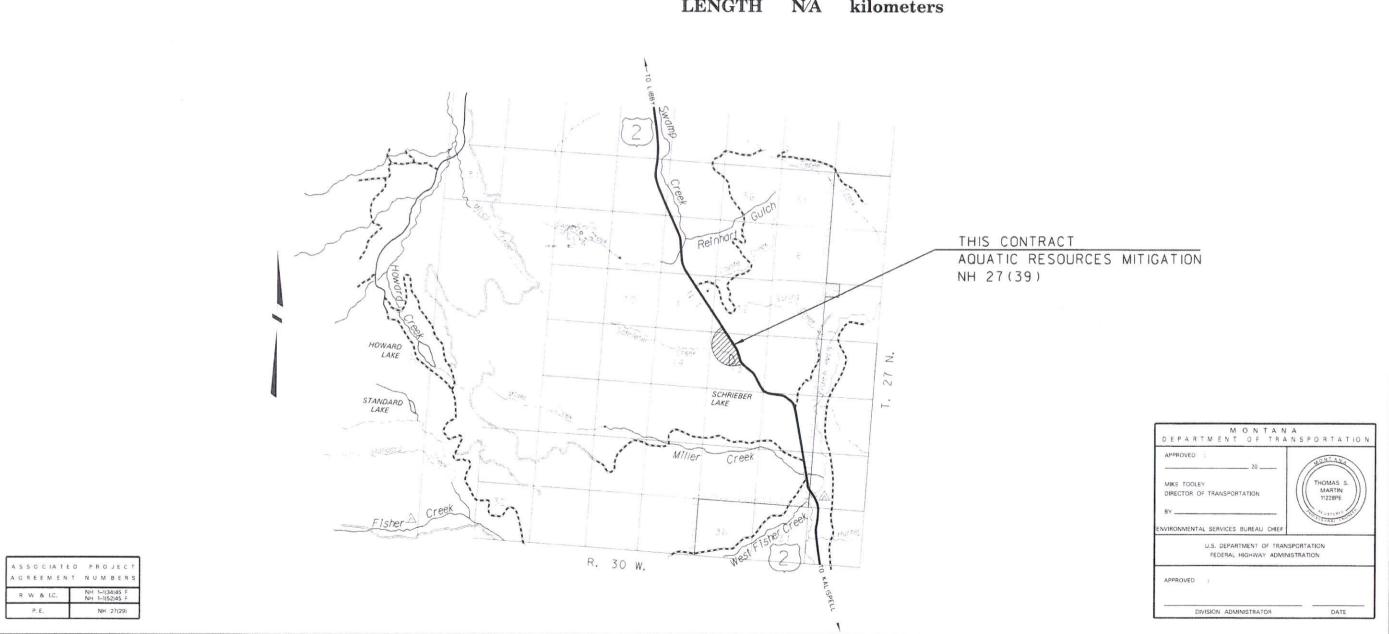


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| WETLAND CELLS 5 - 7 WETLAND CELLS 5 - 7 WETLAND CELLS 8 - 10 | 19 |
| SEEDING & REVEGETATION PLAN | 21 |
| | |

NOTES

UTILITIES

CALL THE UTILITIES UNDERGROUND LOCATION CENTER (1-800-424-5555) OR OTHER NOTIFICATION SYSTEM FOR THE MARKING AND LOCATION OF ALL LINES AND SERVICES BEFORE EXCAVATION, ALL CLEARANCES OR DEPTHS PROVIDED FOR UTILITIES ARE FROM THE EXISTING GROUND LINE.

WETLANDS

ALL WETLANDS WITHIN THE PROJECT AREA HAVE BEEN DELINEATED.
WETLANDS DO EXIST BEYOND THE PROJECT LIMITS AND ANY ACTION AFFECTING
SUCH WETLANDS IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.

MONITOR WELLS

ALL MONITOR WELLS - DO NOT DISTURB SEE SITE PLAN FOR MONITOR WELL LOCATIONS.

SOILS INFORMATION

SOILS INFORMATION IS INCLUDED WITH THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR THIS PROJECT.

SURVEY DATA

DIM FILES FORMATTED FOR TRIMBLE, LEICA, AND TOPCON SURVEY CONTROLLERS ARE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST.
CONTACT WADE SALYARDS, MOT WETLAND ENGINEER AT 406-444-0451.

LINEAR & LEVEL DATA

BEARING SOURCE

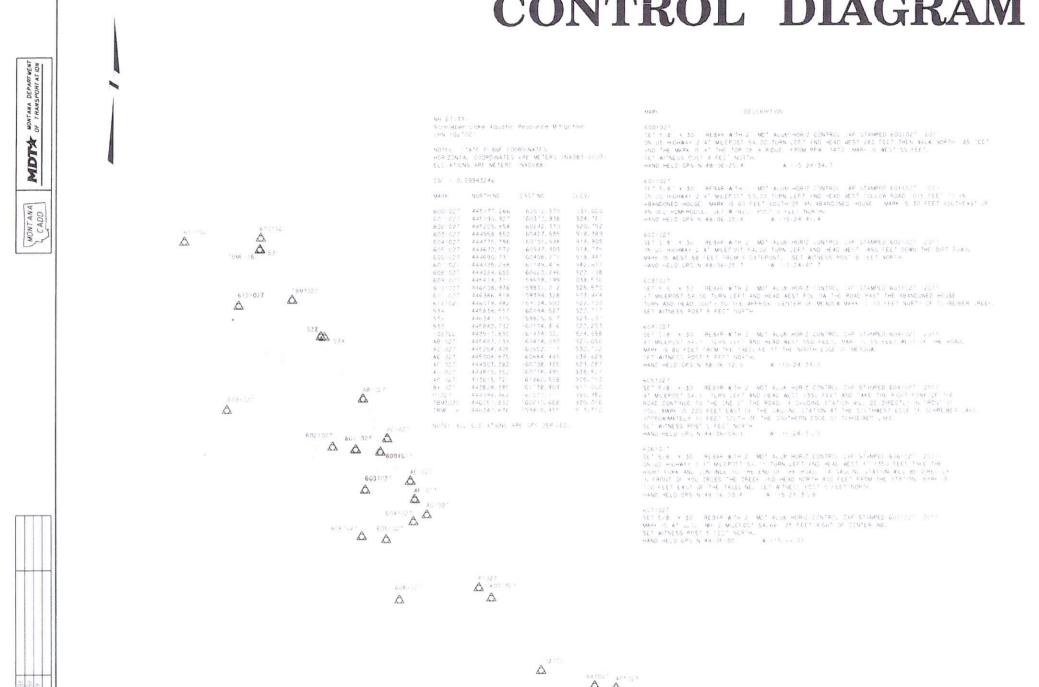
ALL COORDINATES ARE METRIC STATE PLANE COORDINATES HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE METERS (NAD83-2007) CSF = 0.99943246

LEVEL DATUM SOURCE

ELEVATIONS ARE METERS (NADV88) ALL ELEVATIONS ARE GPS DERIVED

STATE PROJECT NUMBER SHEET NO. MONTANA NH 27(39) 3

CONTROL DIAGRAM



605:027
SET 57:8 > 50 REBAR WITH 2 YET SUBM HORIZ CONTROL CAR STRAFET 608:027 20 :
H.M.E.S. HORT 2 MULEPUS: 54.11 (EPV.CE) I AND HEAD ME21 ON UNMARKED WORD.
D. 3.76 WLES. CEPT TURN GO LOG WIES, ROHT TURN GO LOG MULES, RIGHT TURN CONTINUE
AND 57:05 AT I TO MULES FROM HAY 2, WARN 5 15 FEET EAST OF DIRT SOAD.
SET AT VEST FORTS FEET MORTH.
HAND HELD DRUG 48:05 58 W HIS 24-26 GOTION: SO REBAR WITH 2 MCT ALUM MORE CONTROL TAR STAMPED GOTION: TO ... AT MILEPOST 52.58 DR 35.55 HAY 2 TOPA SCT. AND HEAD ACS? THE MILES ON SCHEDER EPER ROAD MARK ST 12 FFFT SOUTH OF CENTER OF AT A BENC N. THE ROAD.

BY ALTISOS POST'S FEET HES?

HAVE HELD GRS N.45-08-29 M.175-25-17 6101077

TET FUR! A 30 PERAS WITH " WE'LAUM HORIZ CONTROL CAP STAMPED & DEST" "0 FOLGS. HAVE 2 MUSPOCT \$3,076 FOR FEET LETT. MARK IS LOCATED ON SOUTHERN ESCE OF TURNOUT AT AELTHER STATION SET AITNESS POST A FEET MEST. et 1027 SET 578 + 30 - REBAR WITH Z MET BLUM TOF Z CONTROL CAP STAMPED & 1792' ZO TURN EC'" AND HEAD MEST ON SCHEDIOZE CRZZK ROAD AT MECPOS' 52, 58. FOLLOW THE FOAD D. 45E MILET, TO THE MARK COLATED ON THE CAST EMBOUDER. SET MITHESE POST 4 FEET SOUTH. BIZIDZE SET SVB 9 30 REPAR WITH 2 MCT ALLM HUPY CONTROL CAR STAMPED 6 2102 20 MARK INCOLATED ON WESTERN FROM 1801 - FFFT SOUTHER FIRE WITH HAND AS REEL ESSTERN, OF A MORTH SCULT ROAD AT BOTTOM OF LOCGED HULLS DE. SET ATTAEST ROST 4 FEET EAST TORE FOR A DUMINIAN FAR STAMEFOR STATES AND THE HOLD OF HOLDINAT OF THE ME ON THE NORTH EDGL OF A PURIOUT AT MILEFOLS STATES A THESS POST SET A FEET WEST. DOM COMMINED CAR STAMPED STA. TITES (ERT OF HIGHWAY 2 CENTER ME AT MILEPOST STITUS, MITMEST POOT 3ET 2 SEE: EAST FOUNT 2 MET A MINUM CAR STAMPED OFF. ODE HAND HELT OPE NAR-US-47 & 15 /3-45 A 02' FOUNC 2 MOT SUMMINUM CAP STAMPED SCHOZY 2006, HAND HELD DPS NAS DE 28 -X 15 24 55 SETOLOT 2 MOT ALLMANIA CAP S'AMPLE AF 127 2006 HAND HELD OPS NAS DE 17 ATTE 24 24 PETRO MET ALUMINUM CAP STAMPER AL D. 1 DIGG. HAND HELD UPS NAB-05-44 AC15-23-25 SYLOGY $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}$ THUM THE STATE OF SERVICE AND SELECT THE RESULT OF SERVICE AND SERVICE SERVICES AND SERVICES AND

TEMSORS (50°) REBAR With 2 $M^{\rm CT}$ ALLM HORIZ CONTROL CAF GTAMPES TRUTTON 2012 SOLD TOLKE FER MES SATASHES",

OF TRANSPORTATION

SUMMARY

| | | | | FEN | CING | | | | | |
|------|------|--------|-------------|-----------------|------|---------|-----------|---|---------|-----------------------|
| | | meters | | | each | | meters | | | |
| STAT | TION | FAR | M FENCE | REMOVE FENCE | | | FARM GATE | | REMARKS | |
| FROM | то | | | 1.21102 | | TYPE G2 | TYPE G3 | 1 | | |
| | | | | 1902 | | | | | | SEE PROJECT SITE PLAN |
| TOT | AL | | | 1902 | ~ | ~ | | ~ | | |

| | | REMOV | E STRI | JCTURE |
|---------|---|-------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| STATION | | lump | cubic meters | 5-11-12 |
| | | sum | UNCL. | REMARKS |
| FROM | TO | | EXC. | |
| | *************************************** | 1 | 50 | ACCESS ROAD BRIDGE REMOVAL |
| TOT | AL | 1 | # 50 | |

| | | | | CHANN | NEL CON | NSTRUC | CTION | | |
|---------|---------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | squar | e meters | lin, meters | | cubic meters | | each | |
| STAT | ION | COIR EROSION CONTROL NETTING | EROSION COCONUT CONTROL BLANKET F | FASCINE | # STREAM- BED | # RIFFLE MATERIAL | UNCL. CHANNEL EXC. | * GRADE CONTROL STRUCTURE | REMARKS |
| FROM | TO | | | | MATERIAL | WINTE CHANGE | | | |
| 0+24.76 | 1+81.24 | 1090 | 1090 | 218 | 40.2 | 65.5 | 885.2 | 7 | SCHRIEBER CREEK (SEGMENT 1) |
| 1+81.24 | 3+52.82 | 715 | 715 | 238 | 43.5 | 110.9 | 382.0 | | SCHRIEBER CREEK (SEGMENT 2A) |
| 3+52.82 | 3+89.82 | 240 | 240 | 74 | 7.4 | 21.7 | 188.0 | 7 | SCHRIEBER CREEK (SEGMENT 2B) |
| 3+89.82 | 4+20.67 | | | North Control of the | | 3.1 | 124.1 | | SCHRIEBER CREEK (TRANSITION POOL) |
| 4+20.67 | 6÷74.25 | | | | | | 399.7 | | SCHRIEBER CREEK (SEGMENT 3) |
| 0+10.00 | 3+07.10 | | | | | | 451.5 | | COYOTE CREEK |
| TOT | AL | 2 045 | 2 045 | 530 | 91.1 | 201.2 | 2 430.5 | 14 | |

* CONSTRUCTION SURVEY & LAYOUT STATION REMARKS PROJECT SITE TOTAL SEE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

INCLUDES ALL ITEMS NECESSARY TO CONSTRUCT GRADE CONTROL STRUCTURE INCLUDING LOGS. COIR FABRIC AND ANCHOR ROCKS # SUBEXCAVATION FOR RIFFLE MATERIAL AND STREAMBED MATERIAL INCLUDED IN UNCL. CHANNEL EXC

| | | REVEGE [*] | TATION | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|--|
| 3900 | cubic hectares meters | | lump sum | square meters | | | |
| FOR | TOPSOIL SALVAGING & PLACING | WETLAND SEEDING - UPLAND | WETLAND SEEDING- WETLAND | TREE & SHRUB PLANTING # | WETLAND SOD | REMARKS | |
| WETLAND CELLS | | | 1.87 | | | | |
| SCHRIEBER CREEK SEGMENTS 1 AND 2 | 107 | 0.11 | | 0.7 | | INCL. 2 DIVERSION STRUCTURES | |
| ACCESS ROAD AND OLD HOME SITE | 653 | 0.24 | | | | | |
| SCHRIEBER CREEK SEG. 3 AND COYOTE CREEK | | | | 0.3 | 2 326 | | |
| TOTAL | 760 | 0.35 | 1.87 | 1 | 2 326 | | |

* GRADING cubic meters STATION REMARKS CELL 1
CELL 2
CELL 3
CELL 4
CELL 5
CELL 6
CELL 7
CELL 8
CELL 9
CELL 9 1 830 673 316 344 1 847 1 170 2 635 986 568 1 694 12 063 117 * ALL UNCL. EXC. NOT USED FOR TOPSOIL TO BE STOCKPILED ON SCHRIEBER MEADOWS SITE

PLANTING LOCATIONS TO BE STAKED BY MDT BOTANIST (SEE SPECIAL PROVISIONS)

| | | * LOG & ROO1 | r WAD | |
|---------|----|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| STATION | | LOG & ROOT WAD (each) | BANK HABITAT LOG (each) | REMARKS |
| FROM | то | | | |
| | | 30 | 45 | SCHRIEBER LAKE PROJECT SITE |
| | | 75 | 100 | SCHRIEBER MEADOWS PROJECT SITE |
| TOT | AL | 105 | 145 | |

| CLEARING & GRUBBING | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | hectares | | | | | |
| STAT | ION | CLEARING AND GRUBBING | REMARKS | | | | |
| FROM | TO | GRUBBING | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | 0.23 | SCHRIEBER CREEK SEG. 1 AND 2 | | | | |
| | | 0.23 | | | | | |

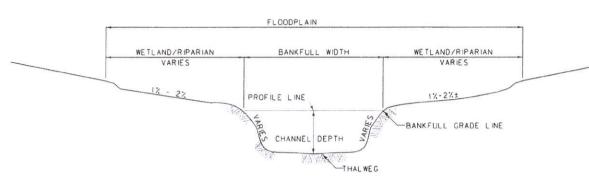
| | | | CULVE | RT SUN | MARY I | RECAP | | | |
|--------------|---------|--------------------------------------|------------------|--|-----------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| BASIC BID | | me | ters | | | square meters | | | |
| | | NEW PIPE (TOTAL) RELAY CLEAN CULVERT | CLEAN CULVERT | There is a second second second second | FOUND- ATION MATERIAL | MATERIAL | CLASS "DD" CONCRETE | CULVERT RIPRAP | GEOTEXTILE |
| | | | | | | | | | PERM. EROS. CNTRL |
| | (TOTAL) | | | | | | | | SURV. |
| | | | | | | | | CLASS | CLASS |
| 914 mm CMP | | | | 21 | | | | | |
| TOTAL | ~ ~ | ^~ | | # 21 | ^ 54 | 7.~ | ~~~ | ~~ | ~~ |

| | | DIVERSION | ON STR | UCTUR | E | | |
|---|----|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------|--|
| *************************************** | | cubic r | neters | square | meters | | |
| STAT | TO | DIVERSION STRUCT. FILL # | RIFFLE MATERIAL | PERM. EROSION CONTROL FABRIC | EROSION CONTROL BLANKET - BIO | REMARKS | |
| | | 59 | 10.8 | 77101110 | 135 | SCHRIEBER CREEK | |
| | | 58 | | 75 | | COYOTE CREEK | |
| TOT | AL | # 117 | 10.8 | 75 | 135 | | |

STATE PROJECT NUMBER SHEET NO.

MONTANA NH-27(39) S

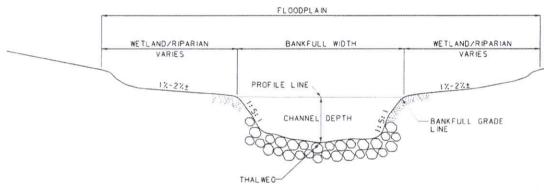
DETAIL



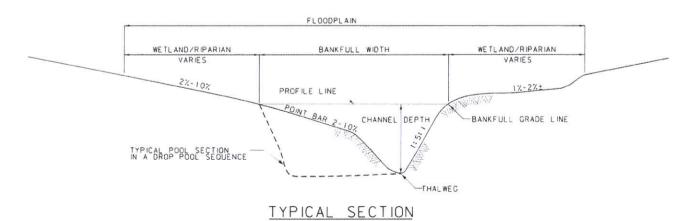
MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MOTA

TYPICAL SECTION RUN



TYPICAL SECTION RIFFLE/DROP



POOL

NOTES: (1) TYPICAL SECTION DRAWINGS ARE PROVIDED TO INDICATE THE GENERAL SHAPE AND ORIENTATION OF THE CROSS-SECTIONAL CHANNEL FEATURES. THEY DO NOT INDICATE THE PLACEMENT OF IN-STREAM STRUCTURES, SUCH AS GRADE CONTROL STRUCTURES, WOODY DEBRIS, LIVE FASCINES, AND SOIL WRAPS.

- (2) THE TABLES BELOW PROVIDE DIMENSIONS AND SLOPES FOR EACH CHANNEL REACH, SPECIFIC LOCATIONS OF CHANNEL FEATURES (RUN, RIFFLE, DROP, POOL) TO BE DETERMINED DURING CONSTRUCTION BASED ON SITE CONDITIONS AND AT THE DISCRETION OF THE STREAM RESTORATION SPECIALIST (SRS).
- (3) CHANNEL DIMENSIONS MAY VARY WITHIN THE RANGE SHOWN AT THE DISCRETION OF THE SRS.
- (4) SEE THE SPECIAL PROVISION FOR CHANNEL CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING REQUIREMENTS.

| | | SCHE | RIEBER CREEK | |
|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------|------------------------|
| | BANKLINE S | LOPE = 0.9% | | SEGMENT 1 |
| FLOODPLAIN | POOL | RUN | RIFFLE | STA.0+24.76 TO 1+81.24 |
| 8.25 - 10.25 | 3.0 - 3.8 | 2.4 - 2.8 | 2.8 - 3.3 | WIDTH |
| - | 0.3 - 0.36 | 0.25 - 0.29 | 0.22 - 0.25 | DEPTH |
| - | 1.5:1 | 1.5:1 | 1.5:1 | INSLOPE |

| | | SCHE | RIEBER CREEK | |
|------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|------------------------|
| | BANKLINE SL | OPE = 0.50% | | SEGMENT 2A |
| FLOODPLAIN | POOL | RUN | RIFFLE | STA.1+81.24 TO 3+52.82 |
| ~ | 3.6 - 4.2 | 2.6 - 3.1 | 3.3 - 3.9 | WIDTH |
| ~ | 0.34 - 0.40 | 0.28 - 0.34 | 0.23 - 0.26 | DEPTH |
| ~ | 1.5:1 | 1.5:1 | 1.5:1 | INSLOPE |

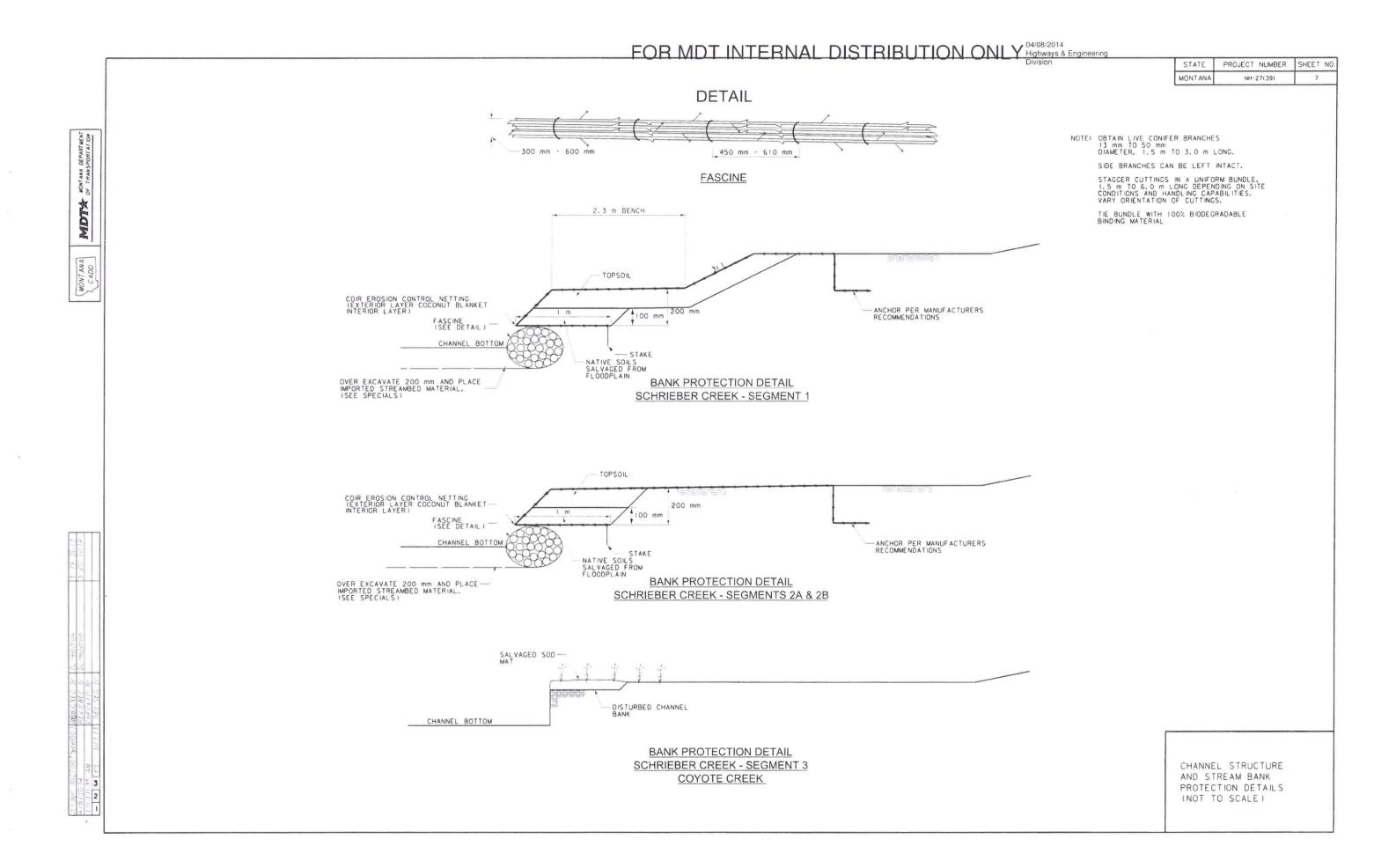
| | | SCHR | IEBER CREEK | |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|
| | BANKLINE SL | OPE = 0.50% | | SEGMENT 2B |
| FLOODPLAIN | POOL. | RUN | RIFFLE | STA.3+52.82 TO 3+89.82 |
| - | 3.6 - 4.2 | 2.6 - 3.1 | - | WIDTH |
| ~ | 0.34 - 0.40 | 0.28 - 0.34 | ~ | DEPTH |
| - | 1,5:1 | 1.5:1 | ~ | INSLOPE |

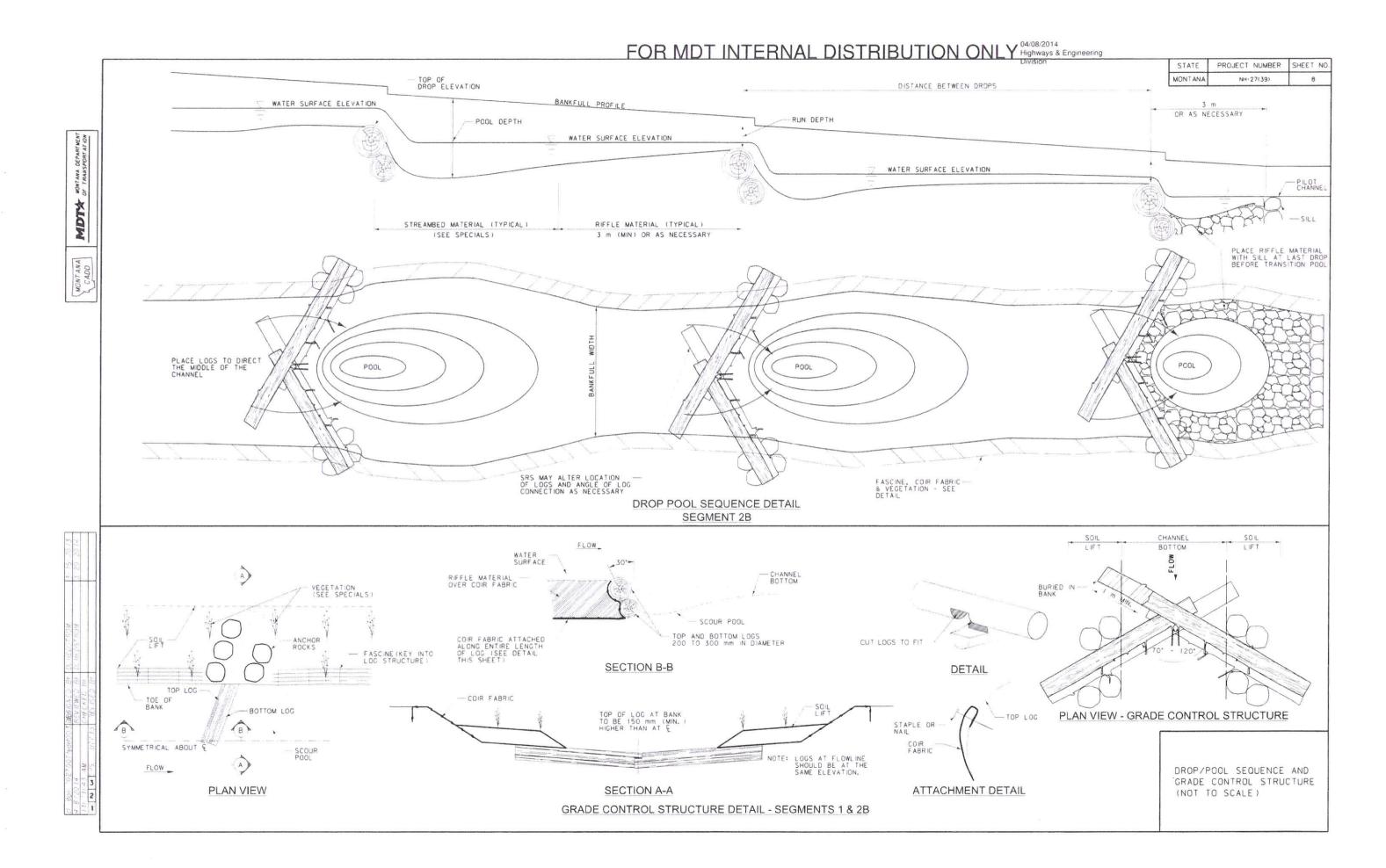
| | | SCHR | IEBER CREEK | |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|
| | BANKLINE SL | OPE = 0.19% | | SEGMENT 3 |
| FLOODPLAIN | POOL | RUN | RIFFLE | STA.3+89.82 TO 6+74.25 |
| - | *3.6 | 3.1 | ~ | WIDTH |
| - | 0.70 | 0.35 | ~ | DEPTH |
| - | VERTICAL | VERTICAL | ~ | INSLOPE |

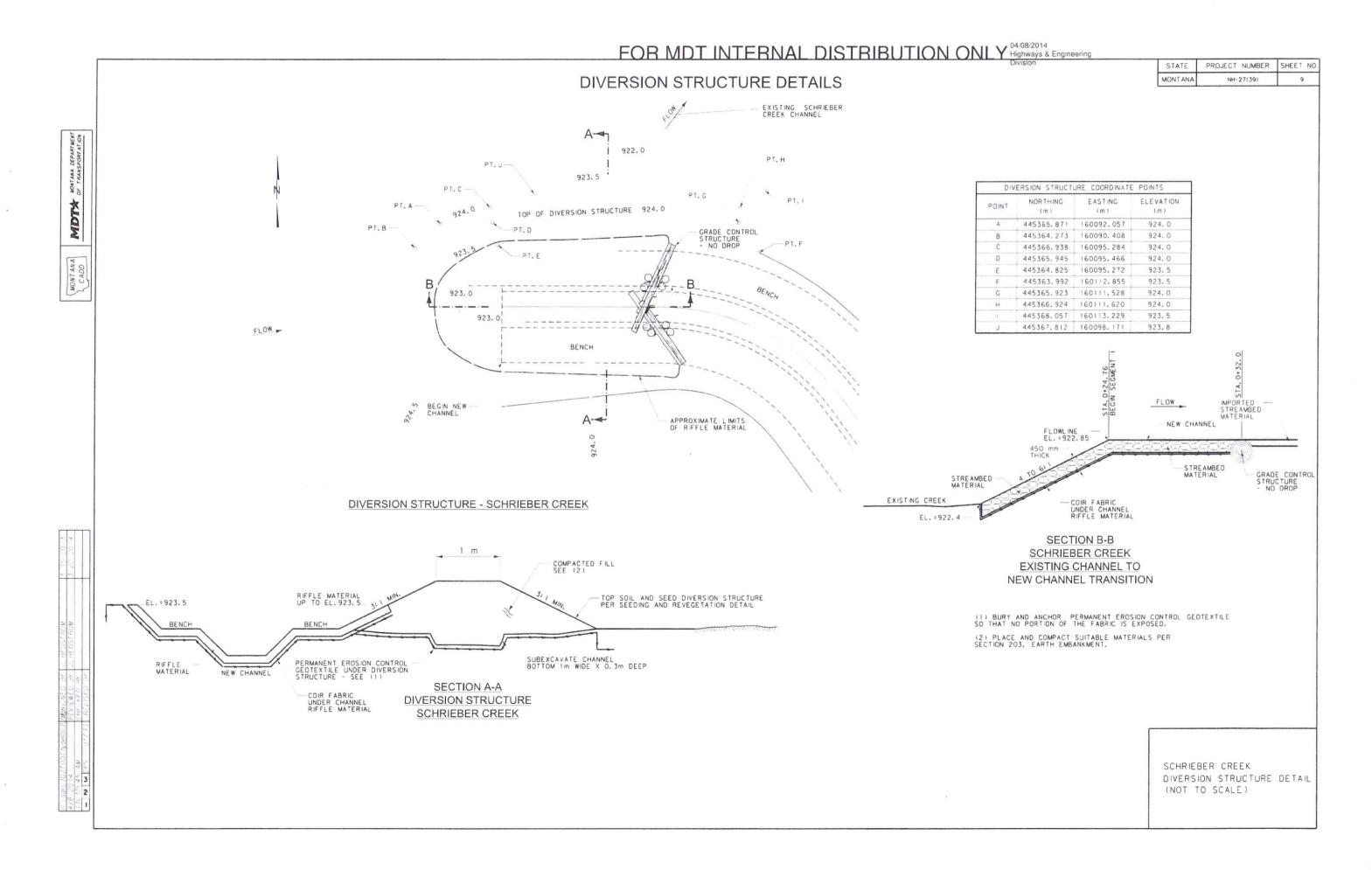
| | | COY | OTE CREEK | |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|------------------------|
| | BANKLINE SL | OPE = 0.10% | | |
| FLOODPLAIN | POOL | RUN | RIFFLE | STA.0+10.00 TO 3+07.10 |
| - | 2.5 | 2.0 | - | WIDTH |
| - | 0.72 | 0.38 | ~ | DEPTH |
| - | VERTICAL | VERTICAL | - | INSLOPE |

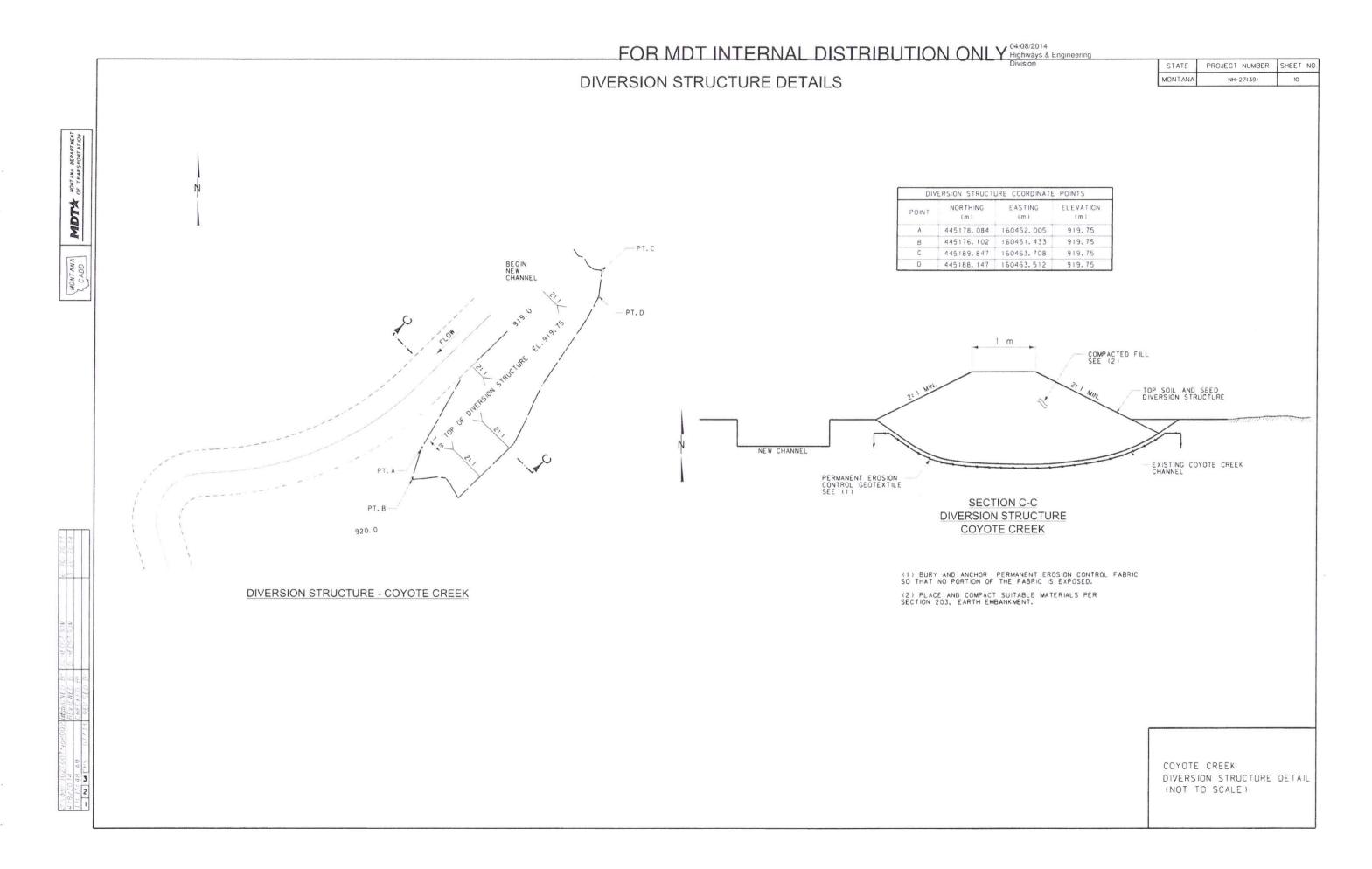
TYPICAL CHANNEL SECTION DIMENSIONS (NOT TO SCALE)

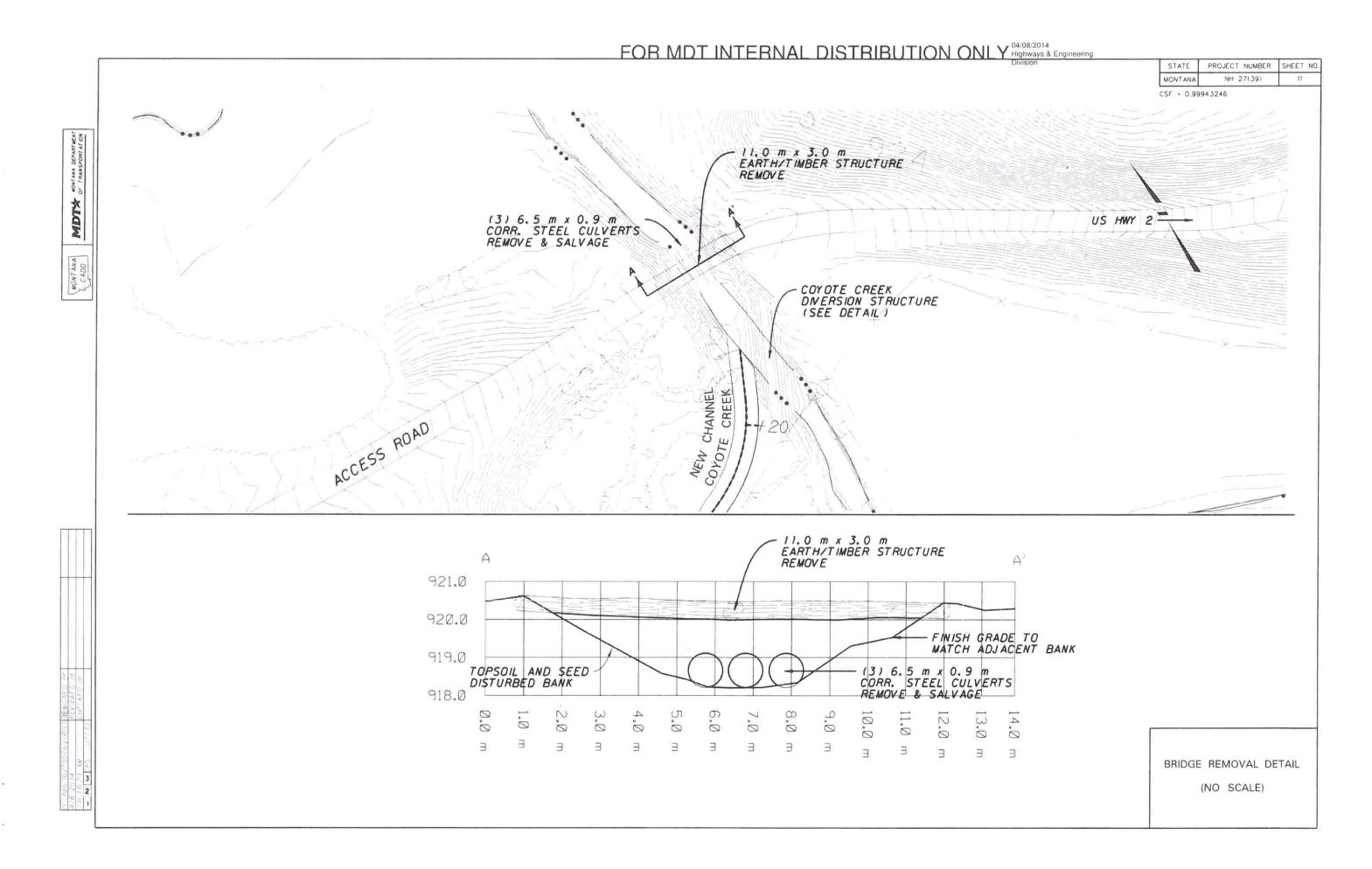
FOR MDT INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION ONLY Highways & Engineering PROJECT NUMBER SHEET NO. MONTANA NH-27(39) CHANNEL DETAILS MONTANA OF TRANS FASCINE/SOIL LAYER BANK PROTECTION SEE DETAIL MOTA RIFFLE POOL -WIDTH (3) GRADE CONTROL STRUCTURE (2) FLOOD PLAIN FLOW __ FLOW , RIFFLE WIDTH (3) FLOOD PLAIN POINT RUN WIDTH (3) FASCINE/SOIL LAYER — BANK PROTECTION SEE DETAIL POOL NOTES (1) THIS DETAIL SHOWS TYPICAL BANK PROTECTION INSTALLATION.
SEE PLANS, SPECIALS, AND SUMMARIES FOR MORE INFORMATION. SCHEMATIC - CHANNEL BANK PROTECTION PLAN (2) GRADE CONTROL STRUCTURES IN SEGMENT I WILL BE LOCATED PER PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE SRS. SEGMENTS 1 AND 2A (3) SEE TYPICAL CHANNEL SECTION DIMENSIONS DETAIL FOR CHANNEL DEPTHS & WIDTHS. (4) SEE SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR MATERIAL AND CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS FOR IMPORTED STREAMBED AND RIFFLE MATERIALS. (5) RIFFLE LENGTH VARIES BUT IS APPROXIMATELY 2 TIMES THE BANKFULL WIDTH. THE EXACT LENGTH TO BE DETERMINED BY THE SRS. TOP OF BANK (BANKFULL PROFILE) --- RIFFLE CREST RUN DEPTH (3) GRADE CONTROL STRUCTURE RIFFLE CREST SETS POOL ELEVATION 200 mm IMPORTED STREAMBED MATERIAL (4) 450 mm IMPORTED RIFFLE MATERIAL (4) RIFFLE (5) POOL RIFFLE (5) POOL SCHEMATIC - CHANNEL PROFILE - SEGMENTS 1 AND 2A BANK PROTECTION PLAN NOT TO SCALE (NOT TO SCALE)

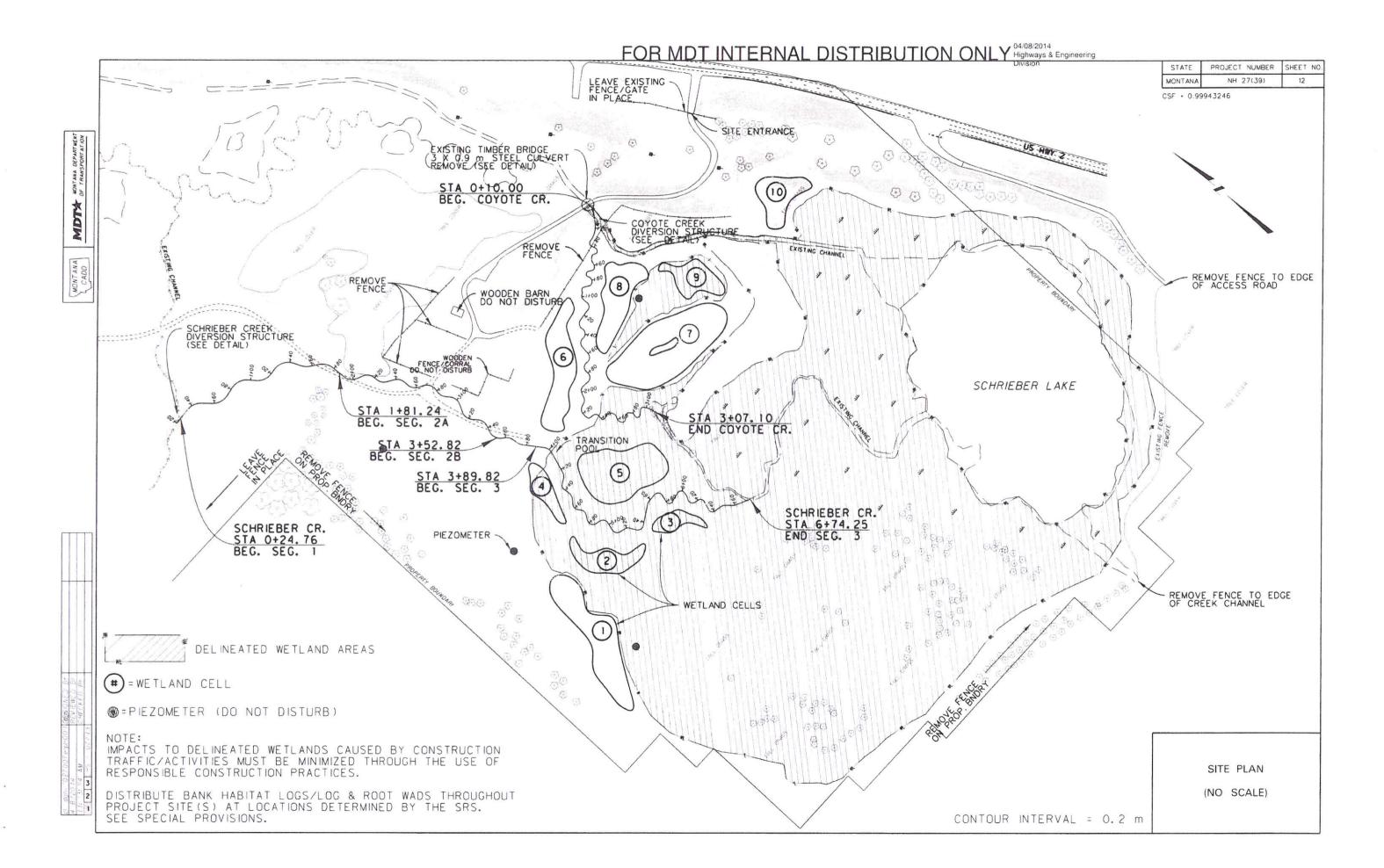












FOR MDT INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION ONLY Highways & Engineering

| STATION | DESCRIPTION | N OR Y COORDINATE | E OR X COORDINATE | REMARKS |
|----------|-------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| 2+50, 10 | Р | 445,070.825 | 160, 330, 424 | |
| 2+51, 62 | FT FT | 445,069,093 | 160, 331, 361 | |
| 2.52.50 | PC | 445, 068, 319 | 160, 331, 784 | |
| 2+55.12 | ts1 | 445, 066, 015 | 160, 333, 034 | |
| 2+51.33 | F1 | 445, 063, 676 | 60,331.851 | |
| 2+60.53 | P¢ | 445,060,821 | 160, 330, 406 | |
| 2+61.15 | Pi | 445.060.065 | 160, 330, 125 | |
| 2-61.73 | p) | 445, 059, 648 | 160, 330, 209 | |
| 2-63.48 | PC | 445,057.920 | 160, 330, 444 | |
| 2+67,69 | P | 445, 053, 752 | 160, 331, 010 | |
| 2+69.19 | P.T. | 445,055,646 | 160, 334, 767 | |
| 2+73.56 | PC | 445, 057, 614 | 60, 333, 671 | |
| 2+75.26 | PI | 445,058.380 | 160, 340, 190 | |
| 2+76.38 | PT | 445,057.003 | 160, 341, 190 | |
| 2+78.17 | PÇ | 445,055,553 | 160, 343, 243 | |
| 2+80,29 | PI | 445,053.838 | 160, 343, 488 | |
| 2+82.07 | PT | 445, 051, 244 | 160, 342, 768 | |
| 1+83.54 | PC | 445,050,458 | 160, 342, 268 | |
| 2+85.20 | P | 115,048.898 | 160, 341, 705 | |
| 2186.51 | F 7 | 445,048,056 | 160, 343, 133 | |
| 2+86.61 | PC PC | 445,047.902 | 160, 343, 393 | |
| 2+88,22 | PI | 145, 047, 088 | 160, 314, 721 | |
| 2+89,47 | pr | 445,048.003 | 60,346,091 | |
| 2+93.64 | PC I | 445, 050, 388 | 160,349,520 | |
| 1+96,55 | PI | 445,052,049 | 160, 351, 908 | |
| 2+97.95 | P.T | 445,049,438 | 60, 353, 191 | |
| 3+00.58 | PC | 445.047.072 | 160, 384, 353 | |
| 3+02,10 | μř. | 445, 045, 712 | 160, stac 022 | |
| 3+03.59 | PT | 445,044.615 | 160, 355, 257 | |
| 3-07 10 | P9" | 445, 040, 745 | 167 745 867 | END COYOTE CREEK |

| TE TABLE | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|----------|
| REMARKS | E OR X COORDINATE | N OR Y COORDINATE | DESCRIPTION | STATION |
| EESIN SCHRIEBER CR-SE | 60, 996, 114 | 445, 360, 438 | ROT | 0+24.76 |
| PERSON DELLA SERVICIONE SERVICIONE AND THE SERVICE SERVICES. | 160, 106, 386 | 445, 160, 418 | PC | 0+35,03 |
| | 160, 113, 932 | 445,360,404 | 2 | 0+42.58 |
| | 60, 118, 418 | 445.354.337 | 2.7 | 0+49.01 |
| | 160, 123, 861 | 445, 345, 977 | PC | 0+53, 17 |
| | 60, 129, 03? | 445, 339, 977 | 2 | 0+66, 87 |
| | 60, 137, 682 | 445, 340, 999 | PT | 0+73, 94 |
| | 160, 144, 650 | 445.341.847 | PC PC | 0+31.16 |
| | 160,163,935 | 449, 342, 928 | | 0+90.54 |
| | 60, 159, 017 | 445.335.293 | Pī | 0+97.64 |
| | 160, 163, 095 | 445, 329, 289 | 200 | 1+04, 67 |
| | 60, 167, 906 | 445, 322, 697 | fi fi | 1+13,52 |
| | 60, 167, 906 60, 176, 544 | 415, 322, 664 | 21 | 1+20.56 |
| * | 60, 180, 202 | 445, 322, 904 | P.* | 1424.23 |
| | 160.191.860 | 445, 323, 669 | 23 | 1+35.91 |
| | 160, 190, 156 | 115, 312, 551 | aT I | 1+14.08 |
| | 6G. 197. 188 | 445,307.201 | pr | 1149.71 |
| | 60, 198, 534 | 445, 303, 038 | 31 | +54.08 |
| | 160, 201, 909 | 445.300.252 | 41 | 1+88.22 |
| | 60, 207, 644 | 446, 295, 516 | p1 | 1+65.66 |
| | 160, 213, 197 | 445, 290, 932 | 2.1 | 1+72.86 |
| | 160, 213, 092 | 445, 283, 734 | - P | 1+19,09 |
| END LOSEFBER CRIVES | 160, 213, 061 | 445, 281, 579 | Ent. | 1+81,24 |

| | STREA | AM ALIGNMENT | COORDINAT | E TABLE |
|----------------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| STATION | DESCRIPTION | N OR Y COORDINATE | E OR X COORDINATE | REMARKS |
| 1+81.24 | PCT | 445,281,579 | 160, 213, 06! BE | U. SCHREBER CR-SEU ZA |
| 1+92.06 | υį | 445,270.761 | 160.212.903 | |
| 1+98.23 | P | 445, 264, 596 | 160,212,314 | |
| 2+03.11 | PT | 445, 261, 347 | 160,218.282 | |
| 2+08,71 | P(| 445, 259, 158 | 160, 223, 251 | |
| 2-15.18 | 2 | 445, 356, 169 | 160, 328, 985 | |
| 2-10-10 | PT | 235 720 711 | 160, 228, 614 | |
| 2-21,94 | 20 | 445, 247, 969 | 160, 228, 513 | |
| 2+27.34 | P | 445, 242, 679 | 160,223,201 | |
| 2+31.84 | 14 | 445,239,361 | 160, 132, 636 | |
| 7+39,33 | 50 | 445, 235, 493 | 160, 237, 748 | |
| 2+43.68 | P: | 445.232.309 | 160,242,036 | |
| 2+49.15 | PŢ | 115, 226, 972 | 160,241,276 | |
| 2151.91 | P.C | 445, 223, 218 | 160, 241, 591 | |
| 2+58.31 | ρ. | 445, 216, 826 | 169, 241, 277 | |
| 2+59, 71 2-63, 29 | PT | 145, 213, 863 | 160, 016, 916 | |
| 2+65.14 | 9.6 | 445, 213, 007 | 160, 248, 582 | |
| 2+73.23 | ρ. | 445, 209, 258 | 160, 255, 753 | |
| 2+19,14 | þs. | 445, 201, 463 | 160, 253, 582 | |
| 2+61.33 | PC | 445, 198, 973 | 160, 252, 889 | |
| 2+65.87 | P | 445, 194, 597 | 160, 251, 671 | |
| 2+89,8€ | 9.1 | 445, 190, 800 | 160, 254, 165 | |
| 2+93.55 | P(| 445, 187, 715 | 160, 256, 191 | |
| 2+99,97 | PI | 445, 182, 347 | 160, 259, 717 | |
| 3+04.9€ | ρ† | 445, 176, 908 | 160, 256, 302 | |
| 3-11.01 | PC | 445, 171, 790 | 180, 253, 089 | |

| Division | STATE | PROJECT NUMBER | SHEET NO |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------|
| NOTE: ALL STATIONS/ COORDINATES ARE METRIC | MONTANA NH 27(39) 1 | | 13 |
| STATE PLANE ON CHANNEL CENTERLINE. | CSF • 0.99 | 943246 | |

| 3+'8.32 P1 145, 65, 911 160, 248, 690 3123, 64 P1 445, 59, 962 160, 252, 928 3127, 82 P1 445, 56, 515 160, 255, 350 3-33, 76 P1 445, 146, 390 160, 256, 184 3-44, 09 P0 445, 414, 407 60, 253, 749 3+01, 47 P1 445, 14, 73 160, 255, 596 END 563, 2A/BEG 560, 23, 756, 83 3+52, 82 P00 445, 42, 73 160, 253, 596 END 563, 2A/BEG 560, 23, 756, 83 3+56, 81 P1 445, 28, 26, 9160, 253, 596 END 563, 2A/BEG 560, 23, 756, 386 3+58, 50 F0 445, 488, 600 160, 257, 703 3+63, 38 P1 445, 25, 224 160, 260, 680 3+67, 05 P1 445, 14, 41 160, 260, 6848 3+71, 38 P2 445, 16, 823, 160, 261, 027 | STATION | DESCRIPTION | N OR Y COORDINATE | E OR X COORDINATE | REMARKS |
|--|----------|-------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 3123,64 P1 445,59,982 160,252,928 3127,82 P1 445,56.515 180,255.350 3133,76 P1 445,11,700 160,256.184 3144,09 P0 445,446,390 160,256.184 3144,09 P0 445,4140,7 60,253,749 3151,47 P1 445,473 160,250,509 3152,82 P00 445,473 160,253,596 END 563,24/866 SEC, 2 3156.81 P1 445,23,721 160,253,596 END 563,24/866 SEC, 2 3156.81 P1 445,23,721 160,253,596 END 563,24/866 SEC, 2 3158.38 P1 445,23,24 160,260,680 3167,05 P1 445,1144 160,260,680 317,05 P1 445,1144 160,260,680 | | | | | |
| 3-27.82 P1 445. 56.575 160.255.350 3-33.76 P1 445.56.350 160.255.350 3-33.76 PT 445.66.350 160.256.184 5-44.03 P0 445.41.407 60.253.749 3-51.82 P0C 445.31.407 60.253.749 3-52.82 P0C 445.32.952 160.253.596 END 283.2A/BEG SEG.2 3-56.81 PT 445.24.727 160.253.596 END 283.2A/BEG SEG.2 3-56.33 P1 445.24.727 160.255.886 3-63.38 P1 445.24.727 160.256.680 3-63.38 P1 445.11.44 160.260.6848 3-71.38 P7 445.11.44 160.260.6848 | 3+18.32 | Pr | 145, 65, 941 | 160, 248, 690 | |
| 3+35,78 P1 145,151,720 160,258,795 3+38,55 PT 445,166,390 160,256,184 3+34,09 90 445,44,43 60,253,749 3+31,47 P1 445,24,73 60,253,596 3+52,82 P0C 445,32,952 160,253,596 END 563,2A/866 SEU, 23,550 P1 445,28,727 160,255,886 3+58,30 F0 445,28,00 160,257,703 3+63,38 P1 445,22,224 160,260,680 3+67,05 P1 445,21,144 160,260,680 3+7,38 P1 445,21,144 160,260,680 | 3123.64 | PI | 445, 59, 982 | 160, 252, 928 | |
| 3+38.55 PT 445,146,390 160,256,184 3+44.09 PC 445,41,407 60,253,294 3+51,47 P1 445,24,78 160,253,596 END 563,2A/BEG 560,2 3+52,82 POC 445,32,952 160,253,596 END 563,2A/BEG 560,2 3+56,81 PT 445,28,503 160,253,596 END 563,2A/BEG 560,2 3+58,50 FC 445,128,003 160,257,703 3+63,38 P1 445,25,224 160,260,680 3+67,05 P1 445,21,44 160,260,6848 3+71,38 P2 445, 16,523 160,261,027 | 3+27.82 | PC | 445. 56. 575 | 160, 255, 350 | |
| 3.44,09 P0 445, 41,407 60,253,749 3.51,47 P1 445,54,73 160,253,596 END 583, 2A/BEG 580, 2 3.52,82 P00 445,32,952 160,253,596 END 583,2A/BEG 580, 2 3.56,81 PT 445,24,727 160,555,886 3.56,81 PT 445,24,727 160,555,886 3.56,38 P1 445,28,000 160,257,03 3.66,05 P1 445,21,144 160,260,680 3.67,05 P1 445,21,144 160,260,848 3.67,05 P1 445,16,923 160,261,027 | 3+35.76 | Pi | 445, 151, 730 | 160,258,795 | |
| 3+51,47 P1 445, 24,73 160,250,509 3+52,82 P0C 445,32,352 160,253,536 END 563, 2A/866 SEU, 2 3+56,81 P1 445,28,727 160,055,886 3+58,50 F0 445,28,000 160,257,703 3+63,38 P1 445,22,224 160,260,680 3+67,05 P1 445,11,44 160,260,680 3+71,38 P1 445,16,323 160,261,027 | 3+38.55 | PT | 445, 146, 390 | 160, 256, 184 | |
| 3+52.82 PDC 448, 32.952 160,253.596 END 523, 2A/BEG SEC. 2 3+56.51 PT 445, 29.727 160,555.886 5+59.50 FC 4451,48,000 160,257.703 3+63.38 P1 445, 25.224 160,260.680 3+67.05 P1 445, 11.44 160,260.6848 3+71.38 PC 445, 16.523 160,261.027 | 3+44, 09 | PG PG | 445, 41,407 | 60, 253, 749 | |
| 3+52.82 PDC 448, 32.952 160,253.596 END 523, 2A/BEG SEC. 2 3+56.51 PT 445, 29.727 160,555.886 5+59.50 FC 4451,48,000 160,257.703 3+63.38 P1 445, 25.224 160,260.680 3+67.05 P1 445, 11.44 160,260.6848 3+71.38 PC 445, 16.523 160,261.027 | 3+51, 47 | Pi | 445, 14, 7/3 | 160, 250, 509 | 1 |
| 5 to 9, 50 FC 445, 128, 029 160, 257, 703 3 to 63, 38 P1 445, 25, 224 160, 260, 680 3 to 7, 05 P1 445, 21, 144 160, 260, 848 3 to 7, 38 P2 445, 16, 323 160, 261, 927 | 3+52,82 | P05 | | | END SEG. PAZBEG SEG. 26 |
| 3+63, 38 P1 445, 25, 224 160, 260, 680 3+67, 05 P1 445, 21, 144 160, 260, 848 3+71, 38 PC 445, 16, 323 160, 261, 027 | 3+56.81 | PT | 445, 29, 727 | 160, 255, 886 | |
| 3+67,05 P1 445, 21,144 160,260,848 3+7,38 P0 445, 16,923 160,261,027 | 3+09,30 | FS | 445.128.020 | 160, 257, 703 | 1 |
| 3+71.38 92 445, 16.823 160,261.02 | 3+63,38 | PI | 445.125.224 | 160, 260, 680 | |
| 3+71.38 P2 445, 16.823 160,261.023 | 3+67,05 | 0.1 | 445, 121, 144 | 160, 260, 848 | |
| | 3+71.38 | 90 | 445, 16,823 | | |
| | 3+73,88 | 64 | 445, 14, 326 | 160, 261, 130 | |
| 3+76, 28 PT 445, 112, 130 160, 262, 396 | 3+89.82 | 25.4 | 445, 00, 384 | | END SCHREDER CE-SEC 28 |

| | STRE | AM ALIGNMEN | T COORDINA | TE TABLE |
|---|-----------------|--|---|--|
| STATION | DESCRIPTION | N OR Y COORDINATE | E OR X COORDINATE | REMARKS |
| 3-89.82 | POT | 445,100,495 445,095,174 445,091,880 445,088,449 | 160, 269, 261 | BEGIN SCHREBER OR SEG |
| 3+89.82 3-95.99 | HC E | 445.096.174 | 160, 269, 261 160, 272, 369 160, 273, 945 160, 272, 717 | |
| 3+99.64 4+02.90 | F. D.T | 445, 091, 880 | 160, 273, 945 | |
| 4+02,90 | PCT FVL | 445.088.449 | 160, 272, 717 | |
| 4+22.53 4+25.75 4+23.65 | FIL. | 445,070,352 | 160, 265, 111 160, 263, 392 160, 261, 095 | |
| 4+78 65 | 8.7 | 445,061.334 445,065.331 | 160 161 094 | |
| 4-14 09 | Pξ | 445 057 564 | 166, 256, 265 | |
| 4+36.62 | φ. | 445,063,564 445,062,459 | 160, 253, 923 | |
| 4+38.60 | FT | 445, 052, 459 445, 053, 924 445, 053, 920 445, 050, 920 445, 046, 514 445, 046, 552 446, 046, 871 446, 047, 872 447, 037, 306 444, 037, 570 | 160, 256, 225 160, 253, 923 160, 253, 948 160, 254, 002 160, 254, 038 160, 254, 442 | |
| 1-31 57 | PC | 445,054,460 | 160, 254, 002 | |
| 4+47.61 4+50.73 2-65.09 2+59.03 3+61.37 | P F F F | 445,050,920 | 160, 254, 038 | |
| 4+50,73 | 87.5 | 445,048,514 | 160, 254, 038 160, 248, 347 26, 248, 347 26, 248, 386 160, 247, 288 160, 248, 787 160, 250, 248 160, 248, 424 160, 248, 424 160, 248, 424 160, 248, 424 | |
| 4-55.04 | F1 | 445, 045, 534 | 160.048.041 | |
| 1.07.47 | P.T | 112,012,07 | 12/14/31/32/1 | |
| 4+61.37 4+65.03 | pr pr | 235 745 441 | 150 249 287 | |
| 4100.4 | To the state of | 445,033,641 | 160, 250, 545 | |
| 1+70.58 | P * | 115.031.306 | 120,218, 121 | ************************************** |
| 4+76,00 | pr pr | 445, 027, 045 | 160, 245, 276 | |
| 4-93.09 | Pi Pi | 445, 021, 510 115, 019, 238 445, 011, 903 445, 018, 205 | | |
| 4.85.57 4-89.63 4-94.79 | D. | 145, 019, 238 | 160, 247, 528 150, 251, 362 | |
| 4+83.63 | FI | 445, 017, 901 | 150, 251, 362 | |
| 4-94.75 | | 445,016,205 445,011,384 445,004,744 448,000,000 | 160, 256, 241 | |
| 4+97.64 5+04.75 | 27 | 145,004,764 | 160, 254, 384 165, 251, 321 160, 250, 000 | |
| 5+03, 84 | ρi | 445.000,000 | 66.250.354 | |
| 5+12 70 | PT I | | 160, 254, 773 | |
| 5+17.82 | PC | 444, 995, 491 | 160, 254, 773 60, 253, 580 180, 261, 601 | |
| 5+13 57 | p. | 444, 995, 350 | 180, 261, 601 | |
| 5+21.88 5+27.95 5-33.29 5+36.13 | PT pr | 144, 993, 773 444, 983, 196 444, 983, 196 444, 983, 196 444, 985, 197 444, 994, 230 444, 994, 266 111, 994, 665 144, 994, 414 444, 984, 414 444, 984, 414 | 160, 264, 453 160, 264, 853 160, 166, 962 160, 271, 715 160, 371, 715 | |
| 5+27, 95 | Pi | 444, 368, 196 | 160,264,853 160,166,962 160,271,715 160,271,715 | |
| 5 - 33, 29 5 + 36, 13 | PT | 777, 702, 775 | 160, 200, 302 | |
| 5+36,13 | POT | 364 925 713 | 188 191 718 | |
| 5-54.89 | o'C | 444, 994, 230 | 160,088,408 | A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O |
| 5.455 77 | Pi | 444, 995, 069 | 160, 290, 074 | |
| 5+58,50 | PI | 444,994.986 | 160, 291, 921 | |
| 5+65.77 | PC | 141, 991, 658 | 160,299,183 | |
| 5+65.77 5+71.17 5+73.24 5+80.38 | 91 | 444, 994, 414 | 160, 304, 576 | |
| 2+13.24 | 5(| 444, 383, 3/6 | 60.307.113 | |
| 5+80,38 5+85,21 | 91 | 144 079 073 | 160,100,166 | |
| 5+86.47 | 21 | 214 979 211 | 701 5.8 | |
| 1+91 67 | 97 | 343 979 893 | 120 31 707 | |
| 5+95.67 6+00.87 | | 444, 980, 303 | 160, 317, 869 | |
| P + Ox . 52 | PT | 444,975.29! | 160, 271, 715 160, 271, 715 160, 288, 408 160, 290, 074 160, 291, 921 160, 299, 183 160, 304, 576 160, 302, 773 160, 302, 773 160, 302, 326 160, 298, 774 160, 303, 368 160, 312, 869 160, 312, 869 160, 316, 489 | |
| 6+04.50 | FL | 191, 991, 698 144, 984, 414 444, 985, 326 111, 985, 595 144, 978, 642 444, 978, 694 444, 978, 694 444, 978, 291 444, 977, 742 444, 977, 742 444, 977, 742 444, 977, 742 444, 978, 344 444, 978, 344 | 160,315,964 | <u> </u> |
| 6+06,20 6+07,87 | P C | 444, 971, 742 | 160, 316, 613 160, 314, 546 160, 313, 542 | |
| 6+07.87 | PT P7 | 444, 970, 344 | | |
| 6+09.63 | 5 | 100 950 053 | 160, 313, 342 | The second secon |
| 6+15.03 6+17.10 | PT PT | 444,968,89! 444,964,463 444,962,806 | 160, 313, 542 160, 310, 472 160, 315, 611 | |
| 6+20.61 | PC | 444, 961, 135 | 160, 318, 959 | |
| 6+24.38 | (9.1 | 444,960,562 444,957,086 | 160.322.552 | |
| 6+26,37 | 2.1 | 444,957.086 | 160, 318, 959 160, 322, 552 160, 321, 135 | |
| 6+35.01 | PC PC | 444,949,077 | 60 517 900 1 | |
| 6-38, 99 | P) ET | 444 945 387 | 160, 316, 396 | |
| 6+40.96 6+47.57 | p^ | 144, 944, 377 | 160, 316, 396 160, 320, 246 160, 326, 641 160, 328, 323 | |
| 6+49, 31 | P. P. | 444, 942, 699 444, 943, 258 | 160, 328, 323 | |
| 6+50,92 | - Fi | 1-11, 940, 869 | 160, 329, 368 | |
| 6-58.29 | | 444, 934, 975 | 160 333 200 | - The state of the |
| 6+59.30 | P) | 444, 934, 167 | 60, 334, 410 | |
| 6-60.09 | 12.1 | 444, 933, 658 | 160, 335, 284 | NO SCHRIBER OR SEG 3 |
| 6+74, 26 | PC T | 444, 926, 641 | 160, 347, 355 (| NO SCHRIFRER OR SEC. 3 |

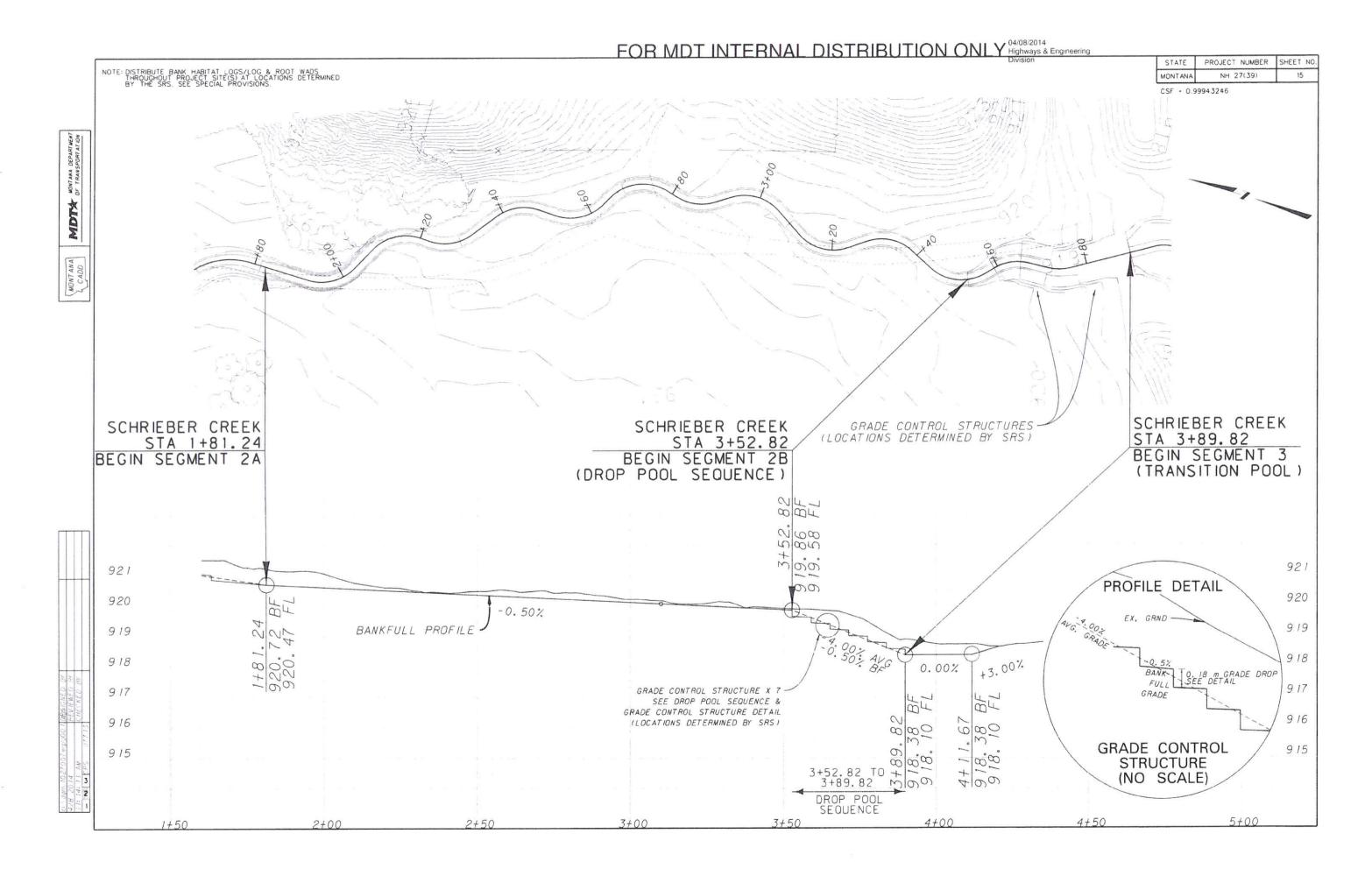
| | STATION | DESCRIPTION | N OR Y COORDINATE | E OR X COORDINATE |
|-------------------------|-----------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| | 0 * 10.00 | P01 | 445, 186, 948 | 160, 456, 4 |
| 1 | 0+16.56 | PΩ | 445, 182, 331 | 160, 456, 4 160, 451, 9 |
| | 0+24, 11 | Fi | 445, 177, 016 | 180, 446, 4 |
| 15 € | 0+30, 99 | PT | 445, 178, 568 | 160, 438, 9 |
| DEPARTMENT PORTATION | 0+32.31 | P.º | 445, 176, 490 | 160.437.8 |
| RTAT | 0+33,79 | £1 | 445, 176, 401 | 160,436.1 |
| 8 8 | 0+35.07 | PI | 445, 175, 170 | 160, -35, 3 |
| SPORT, | 0+35, 18 | Pr. | 445, 175, 073 | 160, 436. 2 |
| A X X | 0+36.60 | F) | 445, 173, 827 | 160, 434, 4 |
| 7 8 I | 0+37.83 | PT | 445, 172, 538 | 160, -34.8 |
| WONT ANA OF TRANS | 0:40,66 | Pf" | 445, 169, 826 | 160, 435. 6 |
| 0 | 0+42.30 | p. | 445, 168, 258 | 160, 436. 1 |
| 4 | 0+43,66 | PI | 445, 167, 015 | 160,435.0 |
| *TOM | 0+44,52 | P.: | 445, 166, 366 | 160, 434. 5 |
| 8 | 0+46,41 | F | 445, 164, 925 | 160, 433.2 |
| | 0+44,55 | PI | 445, 166, 080 | 160.431.7 |
| Σ | 0+49.24 | P.C. | 445, 167, 109 | 160, 430, 4 |
| -111 | V+50.53 | P: | 445, 167, 932 | 160, 429, 3 |
| | 0+51.52 | PT | 445, 167, 244 | 160, 428. 2 |
| | 0+53, 45 | P.C. | 445, 166, 3, 4 | 160, 426. 6 |
| MONT ANA | 0+55,60 | F | 445, 165, 220 | 160, 424, 7 |
| VO | 0+57.51 | P? | 445, 163, 125 | 160,424.3 |
| 15 8 | 0+57,80 | re I | 445, 162, 840 | 160, 424, 2 |
| 18 11 | 0+53, 78 | p) | 445, 161, 883 | 160, -24, 0; |
| | 0+59, 73 | PT | 445, 161, 088 | 160, 423, 4 |
| | Q+60.93 | TIC . | 445, 160, 107 | 160, 425.7 |
| 1 | 0+64,17 | P1 | 145, 157, 448 | 60, 425, 7 60, -20, 9 |
| | 0+65,87 | PT | 446 159 516 | 160,418.4 |
| | 0+68.79 | E | 445, 161, 373 | 160, 416, 11 |
| | 0+71.15 | e l | 145, 160, 866 | 160, 416, 11 160, 411, 3 |
| | 0+72,56 | p.t. | 445, 151, 156 | 150, 412. 7 |
| | 0+73.09 | P.1 | 445, 160, 774 | 160,412.3 |
| | 0+:4.06 | p. | 445, 160, 067 | 160, 411, 7 |
| | 0+74.81 | PT | 445, 159, 171 | 160,412.09 |
| | 0+75.45 | 0.0 | 445, 158, 575 | 160, 418, 3, |
| 1 | 0+80,67 | 4. | 445, 153, 762 | 160,414,5 |
| | 0+83.18 | PI | 445, 152, 483 | 160, 409, 28 |
| | 3+82,31 | 67, | 445, 152, 452 | 160, 409, 10 |
| | 0+84,82 | | 445, 152, 082 | 150, 407, 70 |
| | 0+85.10 | Pγ | 445,153,032 | 160, 406, 5. |
| | | | | |

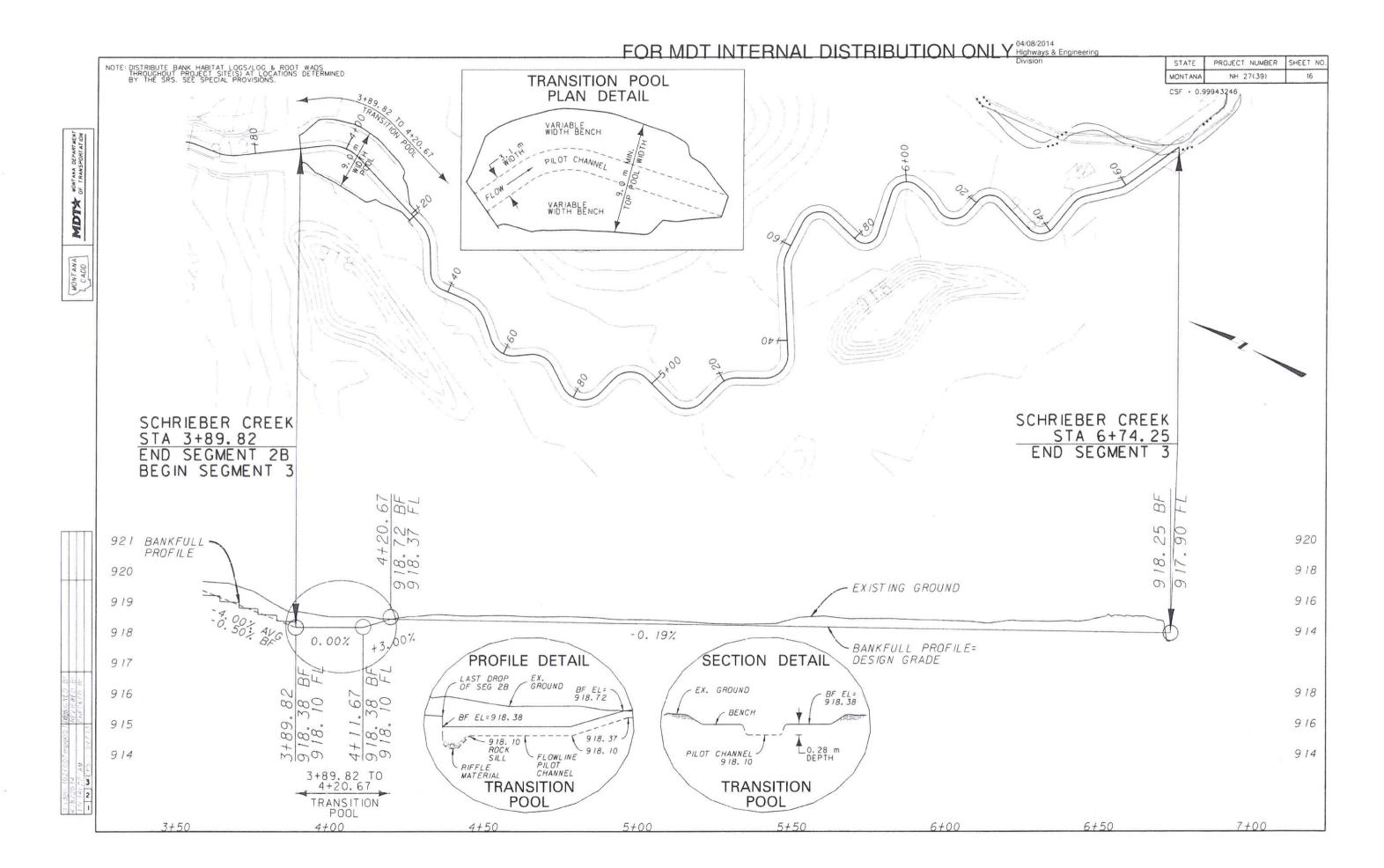
| 0+58 | 78 | P) | 445, 161, 888 | 160, -24, 000 | |
|---|--------------|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| 0+59 | . 78 . 73 | PT | 445 161 082 | 160 423 469 | |
| 1 2123 | 0.7 | Tri- | 445 150 177 | 16 0 10 2 2 2 3 | |
| 0+54 0+62 0+64 0+65 0+71 0+72 0+74 0+74 0+74 0+74 0+82 | 172 | P | 445, 161, 883 445, 161, 388 445, 160, 107 135, 157, 442 446, 153, 516 445, 161, 372 | 160, -24, 020 160, 473, 459 160, 422, 772 160, -20, 909 | |
| 3 * 6 4 | | P. | 135, 157, 442 | 160, -20, 909 | |
| 0+65 | . 87 | PT | 445, 153, 515 | 160, 418, 405 | |
| 0+68 | . 73 | PT EC | 445, 159, 8, 6 445, 161, 372 145, 160, 866 445, 161, 156 445, 160, 774 445, 160, 774 445, 159, 171 445, 159, 171 445, 159, 171 445, 153, 764 446, 152, 462 445, 153, 764 445, 153, 764 445, 154, 767 445, 154, 767 445, 154, 778 445, 153, 787 445, 153, 787 445, 153, 787 445, 153, 787 445, 153, 787 445, 153, 543 145, | 160, -20, 909 160, 418, 405 160, 416, 154 160, 412, 740 160, 412, 740 160, 412, 741 160, 412, 381 160, 412, 381 160, 412, 381 160, 412, 381 160, 412, 381 160, 409, 281 160, 409, 281 | |
| 0+71 | . 1 | P | 145, 160, 866 | 160, 111, 316 | |
| 01, 77 | 5.6 | 0.7 | 1/2 151 TES | 150 /15 7/0 | |
| 3.77 | 100 | | 772, 10 - 120 | 1004 | |
| - A * 6 A | . 02 | P1. | 945, 160, 7:4 | 160,414.321 | |
| 0+:4 | . 06 | P | 445, 160, 067 | 160, 411, 717 | |
| 0+74 | . 81 | PT | 445, 159, 171 | 160, 412, 090 | |
| 0 + 75 | . 45 | 6.5 | 445, 158, 575 | 160, 412, 338 | |
| 0.80 | 5.7 | p.7 | 245 153 260 | 160 414 541 | |
| 0.63 | 1.0 | C 7 | 440 153 785 | 100 400 307 | |
| | | F/ | 440, 102, 480 | 974 9774 68 | |
| 2+81 | . 23 | 100 | 945, 152, 452 | 160, 409, 162 160, 407, 703 160, 406, 535 | |
| 0+84 0+85 0+30 0+33 | 82 | | 445, 152, 082 | 50, 407, 703 | |
| 0+85. | 0 | Pγ | 445, 153, 032 | 160, 406, 535 | |
| 0+90 | 5.6 | FC | 445 155 857 | 160 403 057 | |
| 0+93 | 0.7 | P | 6/5 167 / 27 | 100 401 104 | *************************************** |
| 7.51 | | P f | 773, 23, 76 | | |
| 17.74 | 201 | | 447, 23,200 | 60, 377, 347 | |
| 0+96. | 98 | PC | 445, 154, 176 | 160, 398, 544 | |
| 0+96. | 77 | E/ | 445, 153, 783 | 160, 409, 162 60, 407, 703 160, 406, 535 160, 403, 057 160, 403, 057 160, 309, 547 160, 398, 544 160, 398, 146 | |
| 0+97. | 33 | PT | 445, 153, 543 | 160, 597, 649 | |
| 0+92 | 88 | F f | 445 152 969 | 160 396 100 | |
| 0+86 0+37 0+33 0+94 0+96 0+97 0+88 1+06 1+07 1+11 1+12 1+11 1+26 1+30 | 7 : | F (| 845 157 355 | 160, 406, 585 160, 403, 597 160, 309, 547 160, 398, 544 160, 398, 548 160, 597, 40 160, 50 160, 50 16 | |
| | | | | | |
| 1 | 47 | 21 20 21 21 201 | 445, 150, 315 | 0:4, 134, 201 | |
| 1+07. | 9: | E (*) | 145, 111, 676 | 160, 393, 905 | |
| 1411. | 56 | 2. | 445, 141, 069 | 60, 393, 677 | |
| 1+13 | 82 | 97 | 445 147 437 | 180 390 085 | |
| 1 4 1 1 | 12 | OAY | 132 130 607 | 100 390 400 | |
| 1.35 | 45 | pr. | | | |
| | 47 | | 445, 147, 482 | 190,378,943 | |
| 1120 | 33 | E | 445, 140, 294 | 160, 373, 549 | |
| *52. | 301 | P i | 445, 155, 396 | 160, 375, 636 | |
| 1+34. | 83 | F/ | 446, 133, 769 | 160, 373, 666 | |
| 1+41 | 2.7 | P) | 345 197 781 | 160 373 780 | |
| - 4 3 | 9.5 | 1507 | 1/15 1/2 2/31 | 100 101 551 | |
| | | F.C | | | |
| 1 - 4 - 4 - 4 | U- | 25 | 441,128,538 | 150, 157, 411 | |
| 1+30 +34 1+41 +43 1+43 1+43 1+43 1+65 1+66 1+68 1+68 1+78 | 1.5 | £ 1 | 445, 141, 069 445, 140, 937 145, 140, 907 445, 140, 482 445, 140, 294 143, 133, 395 445, 133, 769 345, 127, 387 445, 128, 806 445, 128, 806 | 160,381,460 | |
| 1+51, | 98 | PT | 445, 124, 991 | 160, 361, 403 | |
| +60. | 40 | F | 245, 116, 760 | 120 750 671 | |
| 1+56 | 27 | 0.1 | 105 111 505 | 107 850 523 | |
| 1.00 | 2.7 | 20 T | 776 113 163 | 100, 200, 200 | |
| 1.190. | 177 | | -43, 14, 154 | 169, 333, 993 | |
| ithy. | 00 | 5.2 | 445, 113, 135 | 160, 352, 911 | |
| 1+75. | .00 | P1 | 445.114.745 | 160.347.036 | |
| +77. | 7.9 | PΥ | 445, 103, 811 | 160, 346, 623 | |
| 1480 | 47 | 63 | 435 106 143 | 160 346 348 | PER TENENT CONTROL TO LOCATE DE LA CONTROL DE LA CONTROL DE LA CONTROL DE CONTROL DECENTROL DE CONTROL DE CONT |
| 1 4 0 5 | 70 | D (| 115 100 300 | 100,040,040 | |
| | | p · | | Q | |
| 1.57 | 23 | | 445,101.725 | 50, 140, 157 | |
| 1+94. | 46 | F.C. | 445, 102, 672 | 160, 334, 902 | |
| 1+98. | 13 | P) P1 | 145, 103, 267 | 160, 331, 189 | |
| 2100 | 70 | 0.1 | 445, 130, 337 | 160, 329, 631 | |
| +77, +87, +96, +94, +94, +94, 2+25, 2+25, 2+32, 2+33, 2+13, 2+13, | 46 | F. | 445, 12, 462 445, 113, 105 445, 106, 143 445, 106, 143 445, 106, 143 445, 107, 810 445, 107, 87 445, 107, 87 445, 107, 87 445, 107, 87 445, 108, 82 449, 925, 82 449, 925, 82 449, 925, 82 445, 083, 807 445, 087, 48 445, 087, 48 445, 087, 48 445, 088, 602 445, 084, 602 | 160, 373, 549 160, 373, 606 160, 373, 606 160, 373, 606 160, 367, 411 160, 361, 403 160, 351, 403 160, 353, 566 160, 353, 566 160, 353, 566 160, 353, 566 160, 353, 566 160, 353, 566 160, 353, 603 160, 503, 603 160, 503, 603 160, 503, 603 160, 603, 603 16 | |
| 1 | 0: | PÏ | 100 100 100 | | |
| 4.0 | 52 | | 445, J33, 106 | 160, 226, 222 | |
| 2+09 | 91 | P1 | 445,093,207 | 160, 324, 601 | |
| 2+13. 2+11. 2+20. | 48 | PC | 445, 092, 462 | 160, 324, 001 160, 320, 517 160, 316, 413 160, 315, 830 160, 315, 512 160, 315, 512 160, 315, 512 | |
| 2+1+. | € / | P | 445.091.584 | 160, 316, 413 | |
| 2+20 | 80 | J2 T | 445 087 428 | 160 315 830 | *************************************** |
| 2+23 | 5.6 | FC | 145 395 661 | 160 315 595 | *************************************** |
| 2,32 | 77 | Pi | 773.003.001 | 100,012,000 | |
| 57521 | 27 | | 447,084,602 | 60,015,433 | |
| 2+24. | 16 | N. I | 445,083.535 | 160, 315, 512 | |
| 2+25. | 98 | FC FC | 445,082.278 | 160, 315, 605 | |
| 2+21. | 07 | PI | 445,081,183 | 180.315.686 | |
| 2+27 | 86 | PT | 446 080 931 | 160 316 747 | |
| 2+30, 2+22, 2+24, 2+24, 2+27, 2+31, 2+31, 2+31, 2+37, 2+37, 2+37, 2+43, 2+43, | 32 | 90 | 445, 080, 931 4-5, 080, 140 445, 079, 148 | 160, 316, 413 160, 315, 830 160, 315, 433 160, 315, 433 160, 315, 512 160, 315, 686 160, 316, 147 160, 324, 933 160, 324, 933 160, 324, 933 160, 324, 315 160, 324, 315 160, 324, 315 160, 324, 315 | |
| | 4.3 | Pi | 4-0, 050, 140 | 100. 200. 004 | |
| L | 4/ | | 445, 374, 148 | 160, 124, 093 | |
| 2+37. | 70 | PT | 445.075.1 4 445.072.842 | 160, 322, 895 | |
| 2+40. | 07 | FC | 445,072,842 | 160, 321, 220 | |
| 7+43 | 02 | P . | 445,070,019 | 160, 321, 382 | |
| 2+43 | 97 | ργ | 445,070.281 145,070.650 | 318 NOS 031 | |
| | Marian | | 779, 717, 491 | 10/4 26 4 2 2 2 | |
| 2+43, 2+18. | 1 2 | 27 | | | |

STREAM ALIGNMENT COORDINATE TABLE

REMARKS

FOR MDT INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION ONLY Highways & Engineering PROJECT NUMBER SHEET NO. NOTE: DISTRIBUTE BANK HABITAT LOGS/LOG & ROOT WADS THROUGHOUT PROJECT SITE(S) AT LOCATIONS DETERMINED BY THE SRS. SEE SPECIAL PROVISIONS. MONTANA NH 27(39) CSF • 0.99943246 MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SCHRIEBER CREEK DNERSION STRUCTURE (SEE DETAIL) MDTA GRADE CONTROL STRUCTURES. (LOCATIONS DETERMINED BY SRS) SCHRIEBER CREEK SCHRIEBER CREEK STA 0+24.76 STA 1+81.24 BEGIN SEGMENT 1 END SEGMENT 1 BF 10 5 ω 923. 925 925 GRADE CONTROL STRUCTURE X 7 SEE DROP POOL SEQUENCE &
GRADE CONTROL STRUCTURE DETAIL PROFILE DETAIL 924 924 (LOCATIONS DETERMINED BY SRS) EX. GRND 923 923 0.90% (BANKFULL GRADE) 922 922 1. 52% (AVG. GRADE) 10.16 m GRADE DROP BANKFULL PROFILE 921 921 920 920 GRADE CONTROL 919 919 **STRUCTURE** (NO SCALE) 0+00 0+50 1+00 1+50





FOR MDT INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION ONLY Highways & Engineering PROJECT NUMBER SHEET NO. NOTE: DISTRIBUTE BANK HABITAT LOGS/LOG & ROOT WADS THROUGHOUT PROJECT SITE(S) AT LOCATIONS DETERMINED BY THE SRS. SEE SPECIAL PROVISIONS. NH 27(39) MIDTA WONTANA DEPARTMENT
OF TRANSPORTATION COYOTE CREEK DN ERSION STRUCTURE (SEE DETAIL) COYOTE CREEK COYOTE CREEK STA 3+07.10 END NEW CHANNEL STA 0+10.00 BEGIN NEW CHANNEL BF BF 50 921 38 921 00 18 18. 920 18 920 EXISTING GROUND 00 919 919 918 -0.10% 918 BANKFULL PROFILE = DESIGN GRADE 9 17 9 17 916 916 915 915 0+00 3+00 2+50 2+00 1+50 1+00 0+50

