MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION WETLAND MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT: YEAR 2015

Kindsfater Yellowstone County, Montana



Prepared for:



Prepared by:



December 2015

MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

WETLAND MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT:

YEAR 2015

Kindsfater
Yellowstone County, Montana
Constructed: 2012

MDT Project Number STPX-0056 (56) Control Number 5034

USACE: NWO-2007-00824-MTB

Prepared for:

MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

2701 Prospect Ave Helena, MT 59620-1001

Prepared by:

Confluence Consulting, Inc.

P.O. Box 1133 Bozeman, MT 59771

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CCI Project No: MDT.006

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION	1
2.	METHODS	7
2.1.	. Hydrology	7
2.2.	. Vegetation	7
2.3.	. Soil	8
2.4.	. Wetland Delineation	8
2.5.	. Wildlife	S
2.6.	. Functional Assessment	9
2.7.	. Photo Documentation	9
2.8.	. GPS Data	10
2.9.	. Maintenance Needs	10
3.	RESULTS	10
3.1.	. Hydrology	10
3.2.	. Vegetation	13
3.3.	. Soil	22
3.4.	. Wetland Delineation	23
3.5.	. Wildlife	23
3.6.	. Functional Assessment	25
3.7.	. Photo Documentation	25
3.8.	. Maintenance Needs	25
3.9.	. Current Credit Summary	27
4.	REFERENCES	31



TABLES



FIGURES

Figure 1. Project location of Kindsfater wetland mitigation site	2
Figure 2. 2015 Monitoring Activity Locations	
Figure 3. 2015 Mapped Site Features	• •

APPENDICES

Appendix A	Project Area Maps – Figures 2 and 3
Appendix B	2015 MDT Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring Form
	2015 USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms
	2015 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Methods Forms
Appendix C	Project Area Photographs
Appendix D	Project Plan Sheet

Cover: View across excavated wetland cell 12.



1. INTRODUCTION

The Kindsfater 2015 Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Report presents the results of the third year of post-construction monitoring at the Kindsfater mitigation area. This Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) wetland mitigation project is located in the northwest quarter of Section 6, Township 2 South, Range 25 East, Yellowstone County, Montana. This MDT-owned property is located approximately 3.0 miles northeast of Laurel, Montana, and is adjacent to 72nd Street West and Laurel Airport Road (Figure 1). The wetland mitigation site is intended to provide 43.8 acres of wetland mitigation credits to assist the MDT in meeting compensatory mitigation requirements for proposed construction projects in Watershed #13 (Upper Yellowstone). The US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) permit number NWO-2007-00824-MTB approved the Kindsfater project and proposed crediting that was presented in the August 2012 Kindsfater wetland mitigation plan. The objectives of this project included the creation, restoration, enhancement, and preservation of wetland habitat within the historic Kindsfater gravel pit.

The Kindsfater site was previously a gravel mining operation that ended mining in 1987. The mining excavations exposed groundwater throughout the site. The historic gravel pit eventually evolved into a wetland complex including emergent, scrub/shrub, and forested wetland habitats. The site was identified in 2002 as a potential wetland restoration site and evaluated by Carter Burgess, Inc. (CB) to determine the practicality of developing wetland mitigation credits. A wetland delineation conducted by CB in 2002 identified 47.6 acres within the site. In 2006, Morrison-Maierle, Inc. (MMI) delineated wetlands within the site and identified 32.9 acres of emergent, scrub/shrub, and forested wetlands. In 2012, MMI re-delineated the site to verify the wetland acreage and identified a total of 25.9 acres of wetlands on the site. Based on these findings, approximately 22 acres of wetland habitat converted to upland between 2002 and 2012.

The project was designed for two phases of development, Base Project and Alternative Option. The Base Project would involve the creation, restoration, enhancement, and preservation of wetlands within the west half of the site. The Alternative Option would include the excavation and removal of gravel materials and the construction of new wetlands within the east half of the site. Credits to be developed as a result of both phases would total 43.8 credit acres under full build-out. The amount of wetland credits estimated for each phase as presented in the mitigation plan follows.



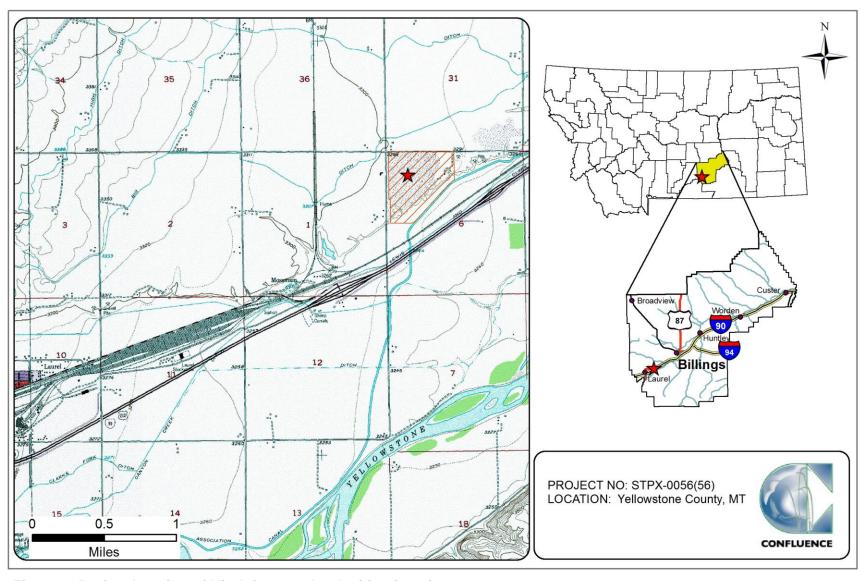


Figure 1. Project location of Kindsfater wetland mitigation site.



Base Project:

- Create (establishment) two emergent wetland areas (Cells 7 & 9) totaling 1.8 acres (1:1 mitigation ratio).
- Restore (rehabilitation) former wetland areas within the site (Cells 1 through 6 and a portion of Cell 8) with tree/shrub plantings totaling 14.0 acres (1:1 mitigation ratio).
- Restore (re-establishment) several depressional emergent wetland areas (adjacent to Cells 1 through 12) totaling 9.2 acres (1.5:1 mitigation ratio).
- Enhance 3.1 acres (3:1 mitigation ratio) of existing palustrine, emergent, scrub-shrub, forested wetland (Cells 10 through 12 and a portion of Cell 8).
- Preserve 21.9 acres (4:1 mitigation ratio) of existing palustrine emergent, scrub/shrub and forested wetlands.
- Designate a 50 feet wide upland buffer around the mitigation area that totals 4.3 acres (5:1 mitigation ratio).
- Temporary impacts during establishment of wetland Cells 10 through 12 and a portion of Cell 8 totaling 3.6 acres (0:1 mitigation ratio).

Alternative Option:

- Create two lacustrine emergent wetland cells totaling 2.8 acres (1:1 mitigation ratio).
- Create palustrine emergent and scrub/shrub wetlands totaling 11.1 acres (1:1 mitigation ratio).
- Designate a 50-foot wide upland buffer around the perimeter of the excavated area totaling 3.0 acres (5:1 mitigation ratio).

Table 1 provides a breakdown of the compensatory credits by bid phase and mitigation type including a brief description of each credit type, approved mitigation ratios, and anticipated mitigation credits assuming the site develops to full potential. A total of 29.3 mitigation credits may be generated by the completion of the base bid phase in the west half of the site. The additional alternative bid phase in the east half of the site would result in 14.5 mitigation credits as designed. A maximum 43.8 mitigation credits would be anticipated at the Kindsfater site following completion of both phases.

The project was constructed during fall/winter 2012 and consisted of excavating a series of 14 cells ranging in size from 0.24 to 1.39 acres; each designed to expose the shallow groundwater table for limited portions of the year. Wetland Cells 1 through 12 were constructed under the base bid phase. Wetland Cells 13 and 14 were completed as part of the alternative bid phase; however, the 11.1 acres of created wetlands within the gravel mining area were not completed as planned. Due to the steepness of the slopes from the gravel excavation, the contractor and MDT construction project manager decided to lessen the slopes so that people could still access the Kindsfater site from a gravel parking area along Laurel Airport Road. As a result, the area around the excavated cells was not constructed to the bottom elevation of the pre-existing wetland areas.



The site consists of an upper terrace with a slope that descends into a lower terrace adjacent to the Billings Bench Water Canal (BBWC). The project was designed to intercept shallow, unconfined groundwater flow through the project area to provide the hydrology required to sustain the wetland and open water areas. Revegetation of desirable species included a combination of plantings and cuttings (Salix spp.), seeding with wetland plant species, and natural recruitment of existing shrubs, trees, and emergent plants. Woody plantings identified in the mitigation plan included locally collected willow cuttings, red osier (Cornus alba), cottonwoods (Populus spp.), choke cherry (Prunus virginiana), black hawthorn (Crataegus douglasii), silver buffalo-berry (Shepherdia argentea), Woods' rose (Rosa woodsii), and Rocky Mountain juniper (Juniperus scopulorum). The wetland seed mix included beaked spike-rush (Eleocharis rostellata), Baltic rush (Juncus balticus), hard-stem club-rush (Schoenoplectus acutus), bluejoint (Calamagrostis canadensis), tufted hair grass (Deschampsia caespitosa), fowl blue grass (Poa palustris), and slender wild rye (Elymus trachycaulus). The locations of the willow planting areas are shown on Figure 2 of Appendix A. Several state-listed noxious weed species have been documented across the Kindsfater site. Weed control measures have been implemented under the guidelines of the Yellowstone County Noxious Weed Plan.

Table 1. Wetland credit determination for the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site.

Compensatory Mitigation Type	Mitigation Area Description	Proposed Wetland Type (Cowardin)	Mitigation Surface Area (Acres)	USACE Approved Mitigation Ratios	Anticipated Mitigation Credit (Acres)
BASE BID CREDITS					
Creation (Establishment)	Wetland Cells 7 & 9	Lacustrine emergent	1.8	1:1	1.8
Restoration (Re-establishment)	Wetland Cells 1-6 and partial Cell 8	Lacustrine emergent and Palustrine emergent, scrub-shrub	14.0	1:1	14.0
Restoration (Rehabilitation)	Areas adjacent to Wetland Cells 1-12	Palustrine emergent, scrub-shrub	9.2	1.5:1	6.1
Enhancement	Wetland Cells 10-12 & partial Cell 8	Palustrine emergent, scrub-shrub	3.1	3:1	1.0
Preservation	Existing Wetland Areas	Palustrine emergent, scrub-shrub	21.9	4:1	5.5
Upland Buffer	50-foot wide upland perimeter	N/A	4.3	5:1	0.9
Temporary Impacts	Wetland Cells 10-12 & partial Cell 8	N/A	3.6	0:1	0.0*
			Sub-total Mitig	gation Credit	29.3
ALTERNATIVE BID C	REDITS			,	
Creation (Establishment)	Gravel Mining Area	Palustrine emergent, scrub-shrub	11.1**	1:1	11.1
Creation (Establishment)	Wetland Cells 13 & 14	Lacustrine emergent	2.8	1:1	2.8
Upland Buffer	50-foot wide upland perimeter	N/A	3.0	5:1	0.6
	*Tomporary imposts will result from construction activities in proposed only			gation Credit	

^{*}Temporary impacts will result from construction activities in proposed enhancement areas for Wetland Cells 10, 11, 12, and parts of



4

^{**11.1} acres of creation wetlands in Alternative Bid Credits (gravel mining area) were not constructed

The USACE approved performance standards for the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site are listed below.

- 1. Wetland Characteristics: All restored, created, enhanced, and preserved wetlands within the project limits will meet the three parameter criteria for hydrology, vegetation, and soils established for determining wetland areas as outlined in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratory 1987) and the 2010 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Manual: Great Plains Region (Version 2.0) (2010 Regional Supplement). These methodologies were utilized to establish baseline wetland conditions on site.
 - a) Wetland Hydrology Success will be achieved where wetland hydrology is present as per the technical guidelines in the 1987 Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement. Wetland hydrology will be confirmed through the periodic observations of surface water across the site and saturated soil conditions during the annual midseason monitoring event. Soil saturation will be present for at least 12.5% of the growing season.
 - b) Hydric Soil Success will be achieved where hydric soil conditions are present (per the most recent Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) definitions for hydric soil) or appear to be forming, the soil is sufficiently stable to prevent erosion, and the soil is able to support plant cover. Soil sampling will be conducted during the course of the monitoring period to determine if wetland areas are exhibiting characteristics of hydric soils per the 1987 Wetland Manual. Since typical hydric soil indicators may require long periods to form, a lack of distinctive hydric soil features will not be considered a failure if hydrologic and vegetation success is achieved.
 - c) Hydrophytic Vegetation Success will be achieved through the delineation of developing wetlands utilizing the technical guidelines established in the 1987 USACE Wetland Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement and noxious weeds do not exceed 5% cover. The following concept of "dominance", as defined in the 1987 Manual, will be applied during future routine wetland determinations in created/restored wetlands: "Subjectively determine the dominant species by estimating those having the largest relative basal area (woody overstory), greatest height (woody understory), greatest percentage of aerial cover (herbaceous understory), and/or greatest number of stems (woody vines)." (Environmental Laboratory 1987). Additionally, as per guidance from the USACE, hydrophytic vegetation success will include achieving a minimum overall vegetation cover of 80% in created wetland areas within 5 years following site construction.
 - i. Woody Plants Plantings will be considered successful where they exceed 50 percent survival after 5 years. Natural colonization of woody plant species from nearby sources is



- anticipated after construction activities are complete. The rate and extent of natural woody plant colonization will be dependent on factors such as planting locations, habitat availability, animal activity, seed sources, and other natural selection factors.
- ii. **Herbaceous Plants** At the conclusion of the monitoring period, ocular coverage of desirable hydrophytic vegetation (wetland plants listed as OBL, FACW and FAC) will be at least 80 percent.
- 2. **Open Water Areas:** It is the intent of the project to provide seasonal open water in the wetland enhancement areas where excavation in the existing wetlands will be completed, and in the gravel removal area where wetland will be created. Open water that is established within the designated wetland cells will be considered successful and creditable.
- 3. Upland Buffer: Success will be achieved when noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent cover within the buffer areas on site. Any area within the creditable buffer area disturbed by project construction must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of non-noxious weed species by the end of the monitoring period.
- 4. Weed Control: Implementation of weed control will be based upon annual monitoring of the site to determine weed species and the degree of infestation within the site. Control measures based upon the monitoring results will be implemented by MDT to minimize and/or eliminate the intrusion of State Listed Noxious weed species within the site. Success will be achieved where <5% absolute cover of noxious weed species occurs across the site.</p>
- 5. **Fencing** of the proposed mitigation site has been installed along the easement boundaries to protect the integrity of the wetland from disturbance that may be detrimental to the site. Fencing installed along the perimeter of the site has been designed to be "wildlife friendly" to allow for wildlife movement into and out of the wetland complex.
- 6. Monitoring of this MDT mitigation site will be based upon the MDT standard monitoring protocols utilized for all MDT wetland mitigation sites for a minimum period of five years or longer as determined by the USACE, Montana Regulatory Office's review of annual monitoring reports for the site and whether or not the site has met the wetland success criteria. The site will be monitored annually beginning with the first full growing season following construction.

Figures 2 and 3 in Appendix A of this report show the site Monitoring Activity Locations and Mapped Site Features, respectively. The MDT Mitigation Monitoring Form, USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms – Great Plains Region (USACE 2010), and the 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method (MWAM) Forms (Berglund and McEldowney 2008) are included in



Appendix B. Project area photographs are included in Appendix C and the MDT plans sheets for the Kindsfater wetland mitigation complex are located in Appendix D.

2. METHODS

The 2015 monitoring event was completed on June 16, 2015. Information for the Mitigation Monitoring Form and Wetland Determination Data Forms was recorded in the field during the site investigation (Appendix B). Monitoring activity sites were located with a global positioning system (GPS) and are illustrated on Figure 2 (Appendix A). Data collection activities included a wetland delineation, vegetation community mapping, vegetation transect monitoring, soil and hydrology data collection, bird and wildlife use documentation, photographic documentation, and a non-engineering examination of the infrastructure established within the mitigation project area.

2.1. Hydrology

The presence of hydrological indicators as outlined on the Wetland Determination Data Form was assessed at five data points established within the project area. The hydrologic indicators were evaluated according to features observed *in situ* during the site visit. The data were recorded on the Wetland Determination Data Form (Appendix B). Hydrologic assessments allow evaluation of mitigation criteria addressing inundation and saturation requirements.

Technical criteria for wetland hydrology guidelines have been established as "permanent or periodic inundation, or soil saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface for a significant period (12.5 percent of the growing season) during the growing season" (USACE 2010). Systems with continuous inundation or saturation for greater than 12.5 percent of the growing season are considered jurisdictional wetlands. The growing season is defined for purposes of this report as the number of days when there is a 50 percent probability that the minimum daily temperature is greater than or equal to 28.5 degrees Fahrenheit (Environmental Laboratory 1987). Temperature data recorded for the meteorological station at the Billings Logan International Airport, Montana (240807), located approximately 10 miles northeast of the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site, have a median (5 years in 10) growing season length of 156 days. Areas defined as wetlands would require 19.5 days of inundation or saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface to meet the hydrology criteria.

Soil pits excavated during the wetland delineation were used to evaluate groundwater levels within 18 inches of the ground surface. The data were recorded on the Wetland Determination Data Form (Appendix B).

2.2. Vegetation

The boundaries of the dominant vegetation communities were determined in the field during the active growing season and subsequently delineated on the 2015 aerial photograph. Percent cover of dominant species within a community type



was visually estimated and recorded using the following classification values: 0 (less than 1 percent), 1 (1 to 5 percent), 2 (6 to 10 percent), 3 (11 to 20 percent), 4 (21 to 50 percent), and 5 (greater than 50 percent) (Appendix B). Community types were named based on the dominant vegetation species that characterized each mapped polygon (Figure 3, Appendix A).

Temporal changes in vegetation were evaluated through assessment of static belt transects established in August 2013 (Figure 2, Appendix A). Vegetation composition was assessed and recorded along three vegetation belt transects (T-1, T-2, T-3) approximately 10 feet wide and 300, 388, and 292 feet long, respectively (Figure 2, Appendix A). The transect locations were recorded with a resource-grade GPS unit.

Spatial changes in the dominant vegetation communities were recorded along the stationed transect. The percent areal cover of each vegetation species within the belt transect was estimated using the same values and cover ranges used for the vegetation community polygon data (Figure 3, Appendix B). Photographs were taken at the endpoints of each transect during the monitoring event and are shown in Appendix C.

The survival of woody species planted onsite was recorded during monitoring. Survival rates will be evaluated annually. The Montana State Noxious Weed List (July 2015), prepared by the Montana Department of Agriculture and the Yellowstone County Noxious Weed List prepared by the Yellowstone County Weed Board (July 2015), was used to categorize weeds identified within the site. The location of noxious weeds was noted in the field and mapped on the aerial photo with noxious weed species color-coded (Figure 3, Appendix A). The locations are denoted with the symbol "x", "\(\Lambda \)", or "\(\Lambda \)" representing 0 to 0.1 acre, 0.1 to 1 acre, or greater than 1 acre in extent, respectively. Cover classes are shown on Figure 3 as T, L, M, or H, representing less than 1 percent, 1 to 5 percent, 6 to 25 percent, and 26 to 100 percent, respectively.

2.3. Soil

Soil information was obtained from the *Soil Survey for Yellowstone County Area* (SSURGO 2012) and *in situ* soil descriptions. Soil cores were excavated using a hand auger and evaluated according to procedures outlined in the 1987 Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement. A description of the soil profile, including hydric soil indicators when present, was recorded on the Wetland Determination Data Form for each profile (Appendix B).

2.4. Wetland Delineation

Waters of the U.S. including special aquatic sites and jurisdictional wetlands were delineated throughout the project area in accordance with criteria established in the 1987 Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Manual: Great Plains Region (USACE 2010). The technical criteria for hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soil, and wetland hydrology described in the 2010 Regional Supplement must be satisfied to delineate a representative area



as jurisdictional. The name and indicator status of plant species was derived from the 2014 National Wetland Plant List (NWPL) (Lichvar et al. 2014). Following USACE guidance, the 2014 NWPL scientific and common plant names were used in this report. A Routine Level-2 on-site Determination Method (Environmental Laboratory 1987) was used to delineate jurisdictional areas within the project boundaries. The information was recorded on the Wetland Determination Data Form (Appendix B).

The wetland boundary was determined in the field based on changes in plant communities and/or hydrology, and changes in soil characteristics. Topographic relief boundaries within the project area were also examined and cross referenced with soil and vegetation communities as supportive information for this delineation. Vegetation composition, soil characteristics, and hydrology were assessed at likely wetland and adjacent upland locations. If all three parameters met the criteria, the area was designated as wetland and mapped by vegetation community type. If any one of the parameters did not exhibit positive wetland indicators, the area was determined to be upland unless the site was classified as an atypical situation, potential problem area, or special aquatic site, i.e., mudflat. The wetland boundaries were surveyed using resource-grade GPS and imported into Geographic Information System (GIS) format. Wetland areas reported have been calculated using GIS spatial quantification methodology.

2.5. Wildlife

Observations of use by mammal, reptile, amphibian, and bird species were recorded on the Mitigation Monitoring form during the site visit. Indirect use indicators including tracks, scat, burrows, eggshells, skins, and bones were also recorded. These signs were recorded while traversing the site for other required activities. Direct sampling methods such as snap traps, live traps, and pitfall traps, were not used. A comprehensive species list of wildlife observed during the annual monitoring periods has been compiled and is provided in Section 3.5 (Table 7).

2.6. Functional Assessment

The 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method (Berglund and McEldowney 2008) was used to evaluate functions and values of wetlands identified on the site during the 2015 site investigation. This method provides an objective means of assigning wetlands an overall rating and provides regulators a means of assessing mitigation success based on wetland functions. Functions are self-sustaining properties of a wetland ecosystem that exist in the absence of society and relate to ecological significance without regard to subjective human values (Berglund and McEldowney 2008). Field data for this assessment were collected during the site visit. Wetland Assessment Forms were completed for two separate assessment areas (AA) within mitigation site (Appendix B).

2.7. Photo Documentation

Monitoring at photo points provide supplemental information documenting wetland, upland, and vegetation transect conditions; site trends; and current land uses surrounding the site. Photographs were taken at photo points throughout



the mitigation area that were established in coordination with the MDT Wetland Mitigation Specialist during the 2013 site visit (Appendix C). Photo point locations were recorded with a resource grade GPS unit (Figure 2, Appendix A).

2.8. GPS Data

Site features and survey points were collected with a resource grade Thales Pro Mark III GPS unit during the 2015 monitoring season. Points were collected using WAAS-enabled differential correction satellites, typically improving resolution to sub-meter accuracy. The collected data were then transferred to a personal computer, imported into GIS, and presented in Montana State Plane Single Zone NAD 83 meters. Site features and survey points that were located with a GPS included fence boundaries, photograph points, transect endpoints, wetland boundaries and wetland data points.

2.9. Maintenance Needs

Channels, engineered structures, fencing, and other man-made features were examined during the site visit for obvious signs of breaching, damage, or other problems. This was a cursory examination and did not constitute an engineering-level structural inspection.

3. RESULTS

3.1. Hydrology

Climate data from the meteorological station at Laurel, Montana (244894), located approximately three miles southwest of the site, recorded an average annual precipitation rate of 14.3 inches from September 1951 to October 1993. Data collection at this station was discontinued after 1994. The weather station at the Billings Logan International Airport, Montana (240807), located approximately 10 miles northeast of the site, recorded an average annual precipitation rate of 14.2 inches from August 1934 through October 2015. The historic precipitation average from January to August was 10.31 inches. Precipitation in recent years for the same time period was 14.7 inches (2010), 17.1 inches (2011), 5.1 inches (2012), 8.2 inches (2013), 11.9 inches (2014), and 9.8 inches (2015). These data indicate that 2012, 2013, and 2015 were below the long-term average for precipitation, while 2010, 2011, and 2014 were above-average.

The site history (wetland area decreased by approximately 22 acres between 2002 and 2015, during an upward trend in precipitation —see Chart 1) suggests that direct precipitation can have little effect on this site's wetland development from year to year. Conversely, mid to long term drought may affect recharge of groundwater, which appears to be the primary hydrologic driver on this site.



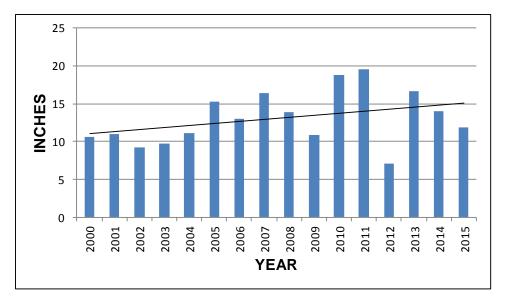


Chart 1. Average yearly precipitation totals from 2000 to 2015 at station 240807.

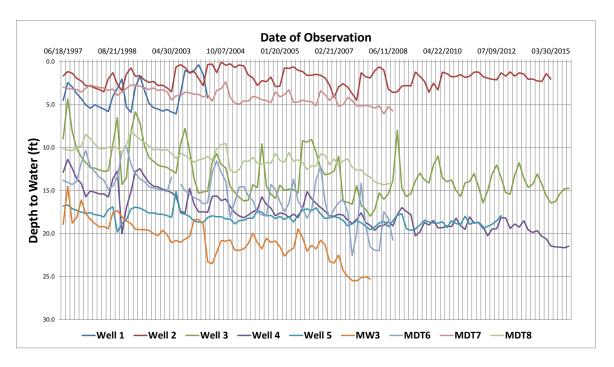


Chart 2. Groundwater level in monitoring wells local to the Kindsfater site.

Reductions in the areal extent of wetlands prior to implementation of the mitigation plan could be the result of several factors including less flood irrigation on fields west and north of the site, reduced recharge of groundwater due to persistent drought conditions, increased withdrawal of groundwater for domestic usage from the underlying aquifer, and ongoing dewatering activities associated with the Fisher-Mobley gravel operation directly north of the site. Decreased flood



11

irrigation will likely affect the long-term supply of water entering the Kindsfater mitigation site on a permanent basis. Although the trend in precipitation at this site over the last 15 years has been positive, this represents the climb out of statewide drought conditions, and precipitation for most years during that period remained well below the long term average, likely reducing groundwater recharge. The dewatering associated with the adjacent active gravel operation and resultant cone of depression has likely compounded this effect, further reducing the site's hydrology. Groundwater data from monitoring wells on and surrounding the project area are presented Chart 2. As shown in Chart 2, the predominant trend in groundwater elevation for these monitoring wells is downward over their period of record, lending support to the idea that below average precipitation and pumping may be negatively affecting recharge and suppressing groundwater levels, ultimately resulting in reduced opportunity for wetland development on this site.

Given the current recovery from the drought conditions of the early 2000s, the groundwater table may be expected to increase following termination of the gravel mining, unless that operation permanently alters the nature of the aquifer. This could occur if mining activities remove or increase the permeability of the aquifer's confining layers, such as the underlying Colorado shale.

Five data points were sampled to determine the wetland/upland boundaries. Data points K-1w, K-2w, and K-3w were located in areas that met the wetland criteria. Wetland hydrology indicators at K-1w and K-2w included saturation on aerial imagery and drainage patterns. Data point K-3w exhibited a positive FAC-neutral test, geomorphic position, saturation on aerial imagery, and drainage patterns. No primary or secondary indicators of wetland hydrology were observed at K-1u or K-2u, located in upland areas that did not meet the wetland criteria.

In 2015, one previously unmonitored groundwater well was observed on site. Groundwater could not be measured at the well because it was locked. Future monitoring efforts may consider measuring groundwater levels at this well, as the results provide additional information for assessing hydrologic conditions at the site.

Approximately 10 percent of the entire site was inundated during the 2015 survey. The depth of water within some of the excavated wetland cells averaged 0.2 feet with surface water depths up to 0.3 feet. Many areas defined as wetlands across the site were not inundated but exhibited signs of periodic saturation within 12 inches (1.0 foot) of the ground. Constructed cells 3, 6, 7, 9, 13 and 14 represented isolated wetland depressions surrounded by upland habitat. The remaining constructed cells were situated within a contiguous wetland mosaic with frequent surface drainages between cells. Shallow groundwater flows through the cells constructed along the upper terrace then



discharges into the natural slope wetlands to recharge the depressional wetlands along the lower terrace.

3.2. Vegetation

Monitoring year 2015 marked the third year of monitoring at the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site. Eighty-five plant species have been observed site wide from 2013 through 2015 (Table 2). Vegetation plant communities were identified by plant composition, species dominance, and the results of the wetland delineation. The community composition is provided on the Mitigation Monitoring form (Appendix B) and the community boundaries are shown on Figure 3 (Appendix A). Six vegetation community types were identified in 2015 including three upland communities and three wetland communities. The communities were upland Type 1 – Chenopodium spp./Bromus spp., wetland Type 2 – Eleocharis palustris/Bromus spp., wetland Type 3 – Alopecurus pratensis/Poa palustris, upland Type 4 – Elaeagnus angustifolia, wetland Type 5 – Typha latifolia, and upland Type 6 – Elymus trachycaulus/Bromus spp. These communities are discussed below.

Upland community Type 1 – Chenopodium spp./Bromus spp. represented upland areas that were disturbed by construction at the mitigation site in late 2012. This community type occupied approximately 37.1 acres and surrounded stands of upland community Type 4 - Elaeagnus angustifolia. Fifty-five species were identified within upland Type 1. Cheatgrass (Bromus tectorum) dominated this community, with lesser cover provided by lamb's-quarters (Cheonopodium album), crested wheatgrass (Agropyron cristatum), smooth brome (Bromus inermis), goosefoot (Chenopodium sp.), tall hedge-mustard (Sisymbrium altissimum), and slender wild rye. During the 2015 survey, percent cover by Bromus spp. increased, while percent cover by Chenopodium spp. decreased. Due to this community's composition of cover by primarily early successional species, and likelihood of shifts in species composition and their associated cover classes in subsequent monitoring years, this community Type was retained in 2015. Bromus spp. was added to the community Type following the 2015 survey, although this community will likely be replaced by a new community type in future surveys. Overall, this community was represented by primarily nonnative species commonly found in recently disturbed and/or degraded landscapes.

Wetland community Type 2 – *Eleocharis palustris/Bromus* spp. was mapped across 9.0 acres of the project area in the fourteen excavated wetland cells. This community was dominated by common spike-rush (*Eleocharis palustris*), field brome (*Bromus arvensis*), cheatgrass, and fowl blue grass, with lesser cover provided by forty-five other species. This community exhibited only 1 to 5 percent bare ground, a result of the expansion of annual species since construction.

Wetland community Type 3 – Alopecurus pratensis/Poa palustris was identified across 16.2 acres of pre-existing wetland that remained relatively undisturbed



during the 2012 construction. This community was located on the upper and lower terraces along the eastern boundary and included the slope wetlands between the terraces. Field meadow-foxtail (*Alopecurus pratensis*) and fowl bluegrass dominated the community. Other species identified in this community included western-wheatgrass (*Pascopyrum smithii*), field brome, cheatgrass, Northwest Territory sedge (*Carex utriculata*), Nebraska sedge (*Carex nebrascensis*), lamb's-quarters, creeping wild rye (*Elymus repens*), annual rabbit's-foot grass (*Polypogon monspeliensis*), dock-leaf smartweed (*Persicaria lapathifolia*), curly dock (*Rumex crispus*), field sow-thistle (*Sonchus arvensis*), and 28 additional species in trace amounts. Bare ground declined to 1 to 5 percent of total cover.

Upland community Type 4 – *Elaeagnus angustifolia* was a scrub/shrub and forested community identified on 24.7 acres, scattered throughout upland community Type 1. Together, upland community Types 1 and 4 formed a mosaic across 61.8 acres of the site. Russian olive (*Elaeagnus angustifolia*), American silver-berry (*Elaeagnus commutata*), eastern cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*), and narrow-leaf cottonwood (*Populus angustifolia*) were the dominant mature woody species identified in this community.

Wetland community Type 5 – *Typha latifolia* characterized 9.8 acres of preexisting wetlands that were dominated by broad-leaf cat-tail (*Typha latifolia*). This community type, undisturbed during 2012 construction, was characterized by seasonal/intermittent to permanent/perennial wetland hydrology. Hard-stem club-rush, common spike-rush, Baltic rush, dock-leaf smartweed, rough waterhorehound (*Lycopus asper*), annual rabbit's-foot grass, and climbing nightshade (*Solanum dulcamara*) were identified in this community.

Upland community Type 6 – *Elymus trachycaulus/Bromus* spp. was created in 2014 to characterize 19.0 acres along the dry slopes near the east boundary. Following the 2015 field survey, *Bromus* spp. was added to the community Type as percent cover by cheatgrass had increased to the same cover class as field brome. Fourteen species were identified within this community. Slender wild rye, field brome, cheatgrass, field bindweed (*Convolvulus arvensis*), and Canadian thistle (*Cirsium arvense*) dominated the vegetation cover. This community, similar to upland Type 1, was represented by primarily non-native species commonly found in recently disturbed and/or degraded landscapes.



Table 2. Vegetation species observed from 2013 to 2015 at the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site.

Scientific Names	Common Names	GP Indicator
Scientific Names	Common Names	Status ¹
Agropyron cristatum	Crested Wheatgrass	NL
Alopecurus pratensis	Field Meadow-Foxtail	FACW
Amaranthus retroflexus	Red-Root	FACU
Artemisia frigida	Fringed Sage	NL
Asclepias speciosa	Showy Milkweed	FAC
Atriplex suckleyi	Suckley's Saltbush	NL
Bassia scoparia	Mexican-Fireweed	FACU
Brassica nigra	Black Mustard	NL
Bromus arvensis	Field Brome	FACU
Bromus inermis	Smooth Brome	UPL
Bromus tectorum	Cheatgrass	NL
Calamagrostis canadensis	Bluejoint	FACW
Carex nebrascensis	Nebraska Sedge	OBL
Carex utriculata	Northwest Territory Sedge	OBL
Chenopodium album	Lamb's-Quarters	FACU
Chenopodium sp.	Goosefoot	NL
Cirsium arvense	Canadian Thistle	FACU
Cirsium vulgare	Bull Thistle	UPL
Conium maculatum	Poison-Hemlock	FACW
Convolvulus arvensis	Field Bindweed	NL
Cornus alba	Red Osier	FACW
Cynoglossum officinale	Gypsy-Flower	FACU
Deschampsia caespitosa	Tufted Hair Grass	FACW
Descurainia sophia	Herb Sophia	NL
Elaeagnus angustifolia	Russian-Olive	FACU
Elaeagnus commutata	American Silver-Berry	UPL
Eleocharis palustris	Common Spike-Rush	OBL
Elymus repens	Creeping Wild Rye	FACU
Elymus trachycaulus	Slender Wild Rye	FACU
Epilobium ciliatum	Fringed Willowherb	FACW
Equisetum hyemale	Tall Scouring-Rush	FACW
Erigeron caespitosus	Caespitose Fleabane	NL
Erodium cicutarium	Stork's bill	NL
Euphorbia esula	Leafy Spurge	NL
Filago arvensis	Field Fluffweed	NL
Glycyrrhiza lepidota	American Licorice	FACU
Heterotheca villosa	Hairy Goldenaster	NL
Hordeum jubatum	Fox-Tail Barley	FACW
Hyoscyamus niger	Black Henbane	NL
Juncus articulatus	Joint-Leaf Rush	OBL
Juncus balticus	Baltic Rush	FACW
Juncus ensifolius	Dagger-Leaf Rush	FACW
Juncus torreyi	Torrey's Rush	FACW
Juniperus scopulorum	Rocky Mountain Juniper	NL

¹ 2014 NWPL (Lichvar et al., 2014).

New species identified in 2015 are **bolded**.



Table 2. (Continued). Vegetation species observed from 2013 to 2015 at the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site.

Scientific Names	Common Names	GP Indicator Status1
Lactuca serriola	Prickly Lettuce	FAC
Lemna minor	Common Duckweed	OBL
Lycopus asper	Rough Water-Horehound	OBL
Medicago lupulina	Black Medick	FACU
Medicago sativa	Alfalfa	UPL
Melilotus albus	White Sweetclover	FACU
Melilotus officinalis	Yellow Sweet-Clover	FACU
Mentha arvensis	American Wild Mint	FACW
Opuntia polyacantha	Plains Pricklypear	NL
Panicum capillare	Common Panic Grass	FAC
Pascopyrum smithii	Western-Wheat Grass	FACU
Persicaria lapathifolia	Dock-Leaf Smartweed	OBL
Phalaris arundinacea	Reed Canary Grass	FACW
Poa palustris	Fowl Blue Grass	FACW
Poa pratensis	Kentucky Blue Grass	FACU
Polypogon monspeliensis	Annual Rabbit's-Foot Grass	FACW
Populus angustifolia	Narrow-Leaf Cottonwood	FACW
Populus deltoides	Eastern Cottonwood	FAC
Rumex crispus	Curly Dock	FAC
Salix exigua	Narrow-Leaf Willow	FACW
Salix lutea	Yellow Willow	FACW
Salix sp.	Willow	NL
Salsola tragus	Prickly Russian-Thistle	FACU
Schedonorus pratensis	False Meadow Rye	FACU
Schoenoplectus acutus	Hard-Stem Club-Rush	OBL
Schoenoplectus pungens	Three-Square	OBL
Scirpus microcarpus	Red-Tinge Bulrush	OBL
Sisymbrium altissimum	Tall Hedge-Mustard	FACU
Solanum dulcamara	Climbing Nightshade	FACU
Solidago canadensis	Canadian Goldenrod	FACU
Sonchus arvensis	Field Sow-Thistle	FAC
Stipa comata	Needle-and-Thread	NL
Taraxacum officinale	Common Dandelion	FACU
Thlaspi arvense	Field Pennycress	FACU
Tragopogon dubius	Meadow Goat's-beard	NL
Typha angustifolia	Narrow-Leaf Cat-Tail	OBL
Typha latifolia	Broad-Leaf Cat-Tail	OBL
Verbascum thapsus	Great Mullein	UPL
Veronica peregrina	Neckweed	FACW
Vicia sativa	Garden Vetch	FACU
Xanthium strumarium	Rough Cockleburr	FAC

¹ 2014 NWPL (Lichvar et al., 2014).

New species identified in 2015 are $\boldsymbol{bolded}.$

Vegetation cover was measured along three transects at the Kindsfater mitigation site in 2015 (Figure 2, Appendix A). Baseline conditions were documented along the vegetation transects for the first time in 2013. The data recorded on Transect 1 (Monitoring Forms, Appendix B) are summarized in tabular and graphical formats in



Table 3 and Charts 2 and 3, respectively. Transect one (T-1) began in upland Type 1, extended 300 feet across excavated cell 14, intersected wetland Type 2, and ended in upland Type 1. Hydrophytic vegetation remained consistent with 2013 and 2014 observations, comprising approximately 40 percent of the transect during the 2015 survey. A total of 45 species were identified, including 14 hydrophytes and 31 upland species. Due to modifications to the wetland plan in this area and the distinct topographic breaks between upland and wetland habitat along this transect, minimal changes to the percent wetland/upland habitat are expected, although community composition will likely shift with time.

Table 3. Data summary for Transect T-1 for 2013 to 2015 at the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site.

Monitoring Year	2013	2014	2015
Transect Length (feet)	300	300	300
Vegetation Community Transitions along Transect	4	4	4
Vegetation Communities along Transect	2	2	2
Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities along Transect	1	1	1
Total Vegetative Species	24	36	45
Total Hydrophytic Species	9	13	14
Total Upland Species	15	23	31
Estimated % Total Vegetative Cover	70	70	70
Estimated % Unvegetated	30	30	30
% Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities	40.3	40.3	40.3
% Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities	59.7	59.7	59.7
% Transect Length Comprising Unvegetated Open Water	0	0	0
% Transect Length Comprising Mudflat	0	0	0

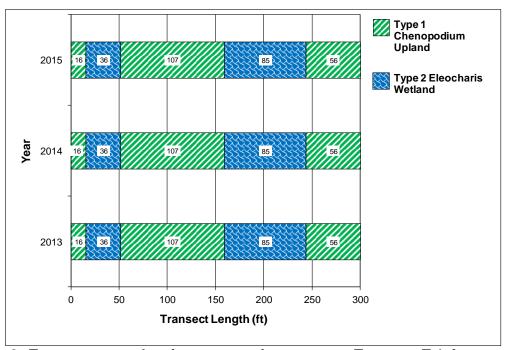


Chart 3. Transect map showing community types on Transect T-1 from start (0 feet) to finish (300 feet) at the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site from 2013 to 2015.



17

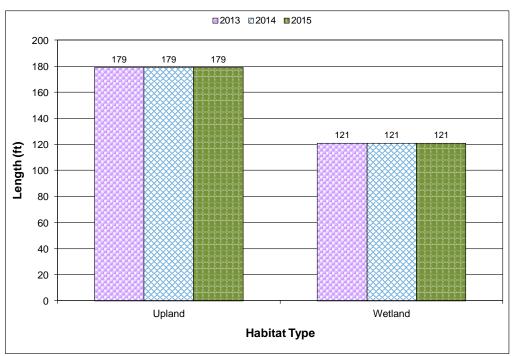


Chart 4. Length of habitat types within Transect T-1 for 2013 to 2015 at the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site.

Data collected on Transect T-2 (Monitoring Form, Appendix B) are summarized in tabular and graphical formats in Table 4 and Charts 4 and 5, respectively. This 388-foot transect began in pre-existing wetland Type 3, then bisected excavated cell 8 and wetland Type 2, and ended in wetland Type 3. Hydrophytic vegetation remained consistent with 2013 and 2014 observations, comprising 100 percent of the transect during the 2015 survey. A total of 39 species were identified, including 20 hydrophytes and 19 upland species. Approximately 40 percent of the transect that occurred primarily within the constructed basins, consisted of bare substrate as a result of excavation in 2012.

Table 4. Data summary for Transect T-2 for 2013 to 2015 at the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site.

Monitoring Year	2013	2014	2015
Transect Length (feet)	388	388	388
Vegetation Community Transitions along Transect	2	2	2
Vegetation Communities along Transect	2	2	2
Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities along Transect	2	2	2
Total Vegetative Species	22	33	39
Total Hydrophytic Species	16	19	20
Total Upland Species	6	14	19
Estimated % Total Vegetative Cover	60	60	60
Estimated % Unvegetated	40	40	40
% Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities	100	100	100
% Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities	0	0	0
% Transect Length Comprising Unvegetated Open Water	0	0	0
% Transect Length Comprising Mudflat	0	0	0



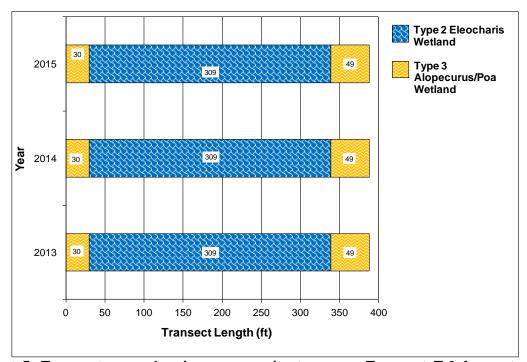


Chart 5. Transect map showing community types on Transect T-2 from start (0 feet) to finish (388 feet) at the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site from 2013 to 2015.

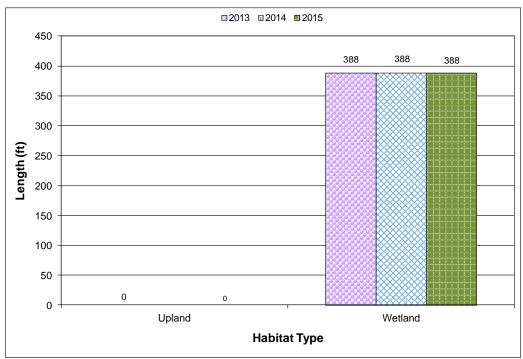


Chart 6. Length of habitat types within Transect T-2 for 2013 to 2015 at the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site.



Data collected on Transect T-3 (Monitoring Form, Appendix B) are summarized in tabular and graphic formats in Table 5 and Charts 6 and 7, respectively. This 292-foot transect began in pre-existing wetland Type 3, then bisected excavated cell 4 and wetland Type 2, and ended in upland Type 1. Hydrophytic vegetation remained consistent with 2013 and 2014 observations, comprising approximately 90 percent of the transect during the 2015 survey. A total of 32 species were identified, including 18 hydrophytes and 14 upland species.

Table 5. Data summary for Transect T-3 for 2013 to 2015 at the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site.

Monitoring Year	2013	2014	2015
Transect Length (feet)	292	292	292
Vegetation Community Transitions along Transect	2	2	2
Vegetation Communities along Transect	3	3	3
Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities along Transect	2	2	2
Total Vegetative Species	18	26	32
Total Hydrophytic Species	11	18	18
Total Upland Species	7	8	14
Estimated % Total Vegetative Cover	70	70	70
Estimated % Unvegetated	30	30	30
% Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities	89.7	89.7	89.7
% Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities	10.3	10.3	10.3
% Transect Length Comprising Unvegetated Open Water	0	0	0
% Transect Length Comprising Mudflat	0	0	0

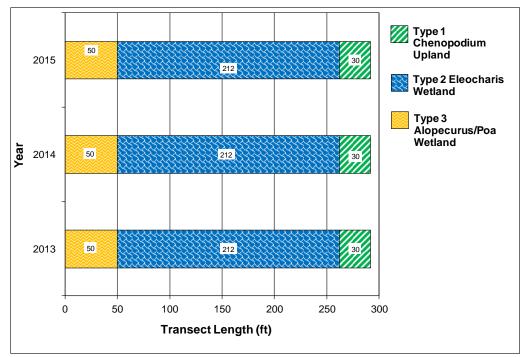


Chart 7. Transect map showing community types on Transect T-3 from start (0 feet) to finish (292 feet) at the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site from 2013 to 2015.



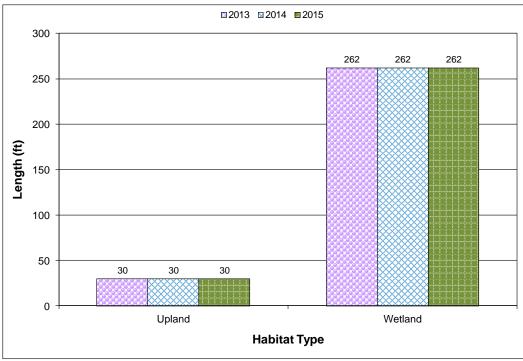


Chart 8. Length of habitat types within Transect T-3 for 2013 to 2015 at the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site.

Thirty-five infestations of Montana Listed Priority 2B noxious weeds were mapped at the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site (Figure 3, Appendix A). Ten infestations of Canadian thistle, eight infestations of gypsy-flower (houndstongue, Cynoglossum officinale), five infestations of spotted knapweed (Centaurea stoebe), five infestations of leafy spurge (Euphorbia esula), and seven infestations of field bindweed were identified in areas less than 1.0 acre in size with cover classes ranging from trace (less than 1 percent) to moderate (6 to 25 percent). In addition, common mullein (Verbascum thapsus), a Yellowstone County designated noxious weed, was observed in trace amounts in vegetation communities 1 and 6. The size and number of infestations are continuing to increase each year. The increased extent of weed infestations observed in 2015 exceeds the success criterion for weed population at less than five percent sitewide. A weed contractor with MDT treated this site in 2012 prior to construction. Eight acres of the site were treated again in July 2015, with treatment concentrated in areas of infestation by the five noxious weed species observed on site. The MDT has an ongoing weed control program for their mitigation sites that includes an annual assessment of weeds identified at each location and treatment to contain and control identified populations.

Two Priority 3 regulated weed species (not Montana Listed noxious weeds), cheatgrass and Russian olive, were identified across the site with increased cover classes observed since 2014. Regulated plants have the potential to cause significant negative impacts. The Montana Department of Agriculture (July



2015) recommends research, education, and prevention to minimize the spread of regulated plant species.

A few thousand cuttings and containerized materials were planted in approximately 27 clusters (Figure 2, Appendix A) around the Kindsfater site. The woody planting zones were generally located around the excavated wetland cells. Only 35 percent of the observed plantings were alive during the 2015 evaluation. Low survival is due to lack of hydrology. The species planted are listed on the Mitigation Monitoring Form in Appendix B.

3.3. Soil

The project site was mapped in the *Yellowstone County Soil Survey* (USDA 2013). Five soil series were mapped within the monitoring area and include the Bew silty clay loam, Shoreu gravelly loam, Wanetta clay loam, Larim gravelly loam, and alluvial land (wet). The existing wetlands across the site were located in areas mapped as Bew silty clay loam, Wanetta clay loam, Larim gravelly loam, and alluvial land mapped along the irrigation canal. The constructed cells were generally mapped in the Bew and Wanetta series. The Bew soils consist of very deep, well drained, slowly permeable soils that occur on uplands and in valleys. The Wanetta series is a well-drained, moderately permeable loam to gravelly loam. The Bew soil and alluvial land map units are listed on the Montana Hydric Soils list. The historic gravel mining operations disturbed soils extensively across the site. Soil profiles observed in the test pits provided evidence that the NRCS mapped soil units are not applicable for describing contemporary soil conditions within the Kindsfater mitigation area.

Soil test pits were excavated at five locations (Figure 2, Appendix A). Data points K-1u and K-1w were located near the eastern site boundary while data points K-2w, K-2u, and K-3w were located in the northwestern corner of the site. The soil profile at K-1w, located in wetland Type 5, revealed a brown (10YR 4/3) fine sand. The soil profile at K-2w, located in wetland Type 2, exhibited a dark gray (10YR 4/1) sandy loam. No hydric soil indicators were observed for K-1w or K-2w, likely due to its location in a recently constructed wetland where soils may be too young to have formed hydric indicators (Problematic Hydric Soils: Recently Developed Wetlands, USACE 2010). The soil profile at K-3w, located in wetland Type 5, revealed a dark grayish brown (10 YR 4/2) sandy clay loam with yellowish brown (10 YR 5/6) redox concentrations in the matrix. This soil met the criteria for depleted matrix and classification as a hydric soil. The soil profile at K-1u, located in upland Type 1, exhibited a dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) sandy loam with 10 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) redox concentrations in the matrix. This soil met the criteria for depleted matrix but did not exhibit wetland hydrology or hydrophytic vegetation. The soil profile at K-2u, located in upland Type 1, revealed a dark gray (10 YR 4/1) sandy loam without redox features, with no hydric soil indicators observed.



3.4. Wetland Delineation

Five data points were evaluated to confirm the wetland boundary determination in 2015 (Figure 2, Appendix A). The completed Wetland Determination Data Forms are located in Appendix B. Data points K-1w, K-2w, and K-3w were located in areas that were classified as wetlands. The total wetland acreage surveyed within the Kindsfater mitigation area in 2015 was 34.9 acres, the same as 2014. The delineation confirmed 8.80 acres in the restoration areas (reestablishment and rehabilitation), 3.0 acres in the enhancement area, and 1.8 acres of created wetland in the excavated cells (Table 6). Uplands accounted for 80.8 acres of the mitigation site.

Table 6. Wetland acres delineated in 2013 to 2015 at the Kindsfater Wetland Mitigation Site.

Habitat Type	2013	2014	2015
Habitat Type	Acreage	Acreage	Acreage
Preservation	21.9	21.3	21.3
Re-establishment (Restoration)	7.9	7.9	7.9
Rehabilitation (Restoration)	0.9	0.9	0.9
Enhancement	3.0	3.0	3.0
Creation	1.8	1.8	1.8
Total Wetland Habitat	35.5	34.9	34.9

3.5. Wildlife

A comprehensive list of bird and other wildlife species observed directly or indirectly from 2013 through 2015 field survey is presented in Table 7 and noted on the Mitigation Monitoring form (Appendix B). Eight bird species were identified in 2015, including killdeer (*Charadrius vociferus*), mourning dove (*Zenaida macroura*), northern flicker (*Colaptes auratus*), northern harrier (*Circus cyaneus*), red-tailed hawk (*Buteo jamaicensis*), ring-necked pheasant (*Phasianus colchicus*), western tanager (*Piranga ludoviciana*), and yellow warbler (*Dendroica petechia*). Two white-tailed deer (*Odocoileus virginianus*) and two voles (vole sp.) were observed on site in 2015.



COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME			
AMPHIBIANS				
Boreal Chorus Frog	Pseudacris maculata			
Plains Spadefoot	Spea bombifrons			
Northern Leopard Frog	Rana pipiens			
BIRD	OS			
American Goldfinch	Spinus tristus			
Bank Swallow	Riparia riparia			
Common Grackle	Quiscalus quiscula			
Common Yellowthroat	Geothlypis trichas			
Double-crested Cormorant	Phalacrocorax auritus			
Downy Woodpecker	Picoides pubescens			
European Starling	Sturnus vulgaris			
Gray Catbird	Dumetella carolinensis			
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus			
Mallard	Anas platyrhynchos			
Mourning Dove	Zenaida macroura			
Northern Flicker	Colaptes auratus			
Northern Harrier	Circus cyaneus			
Red-tailed Hawk	Buteo jamaicensis			
Red-winged Blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus			
Ring-necked Pheasant	Phasianus colchicus			
Spotted Sandpiper	Actitis macularius			
Swainson's Hawk	Buteo swainsoni			
Vesper Sparrow	Pooecetes gramineus			
Western Kingbird	Tyrannus verticalis			
Western Meadowlark	Sturnella neglecta			
Western Tanager	Piranga ludoviciana			
Western Wood-Pewee	Contopus sordidulus			
White-crowned Sparrow	Zonotrichia leucophrys			
Yellow Warbler	Dendroica petechia			
MAMN				
White-tailed Deer	Odocoileus virginianus			
Vole sp.				

Species observed in 2015 are **bolded**.



3.6. Functional Assessment

The 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method (MWAM) (Berglund and McEldowney 2008) was used to evaluate two general assessment areas (AA), created and pre-existing (Table 8 and Appendix B). The findings of the assessment are described below.

The Existing Wetland AA included 33.1 acres of pre-existing wetland habitat identified in the 2012 wetland delineation conducted by MMI. This AA included 21.3 acres of preservation wetland habitat, 8.8 acres of restoration habitat, and 3.0 acres of enhancement habitat. The Existing Wetland AA was rated as a Category III wetland, scoring 59 percent of the possible points and 155.57 functional units. This AA received high ratings for short and long term surface water storage, sediment/nutrient/toxicant removal, recreation/education potential, and the 2013 observation of the Plains Spadefoot (S3) in its documented primary habitat.

The Created Wetlands AA encompassed 1.8 acres of constructed palustrine, emergent wetlands and included Cells 9, 13, 14, and a portion of Cell 7. This AA was rated as a Category III wetland with 49 percent of the possible points and a total of 7.02 functional units. Disturbances from construction in 2012, adjacent gravel mine operations, and high recreational use was reflected in a high disturbance rating for the site from 2013 through 2015. The AA received a high rating for MTNHP species habitat owing to the documented primary habitat of the Plains Spadefoot (S3) observed in 2013. The AA was also given a high rating for recreation/education potential as access to the site is permitted to the public without permission. In 2015, hydrophytic vegetation cover increased to greater than 70% in the AA, resulting in a high rating for sediment/nutrient/toxicant removal. The rating for this AA is expected to increase as the disturbed areas recover, desirable vegetation cover increases, and if the site retains wetland hydrology.

3.7. Photo Documentation

Photographs taken at photo points one through twelve (PP1 through PP12; Figure 2, Appendix A) are shown on pages C-1 to C-12 of Appendix C. Photographs of the transect end points and wetland determination data points are shown on pages C-13 to C-15, and page C-16, respectively (Appendix C).

3.8. Maintenance Needs

No man-made water control structures were installed within the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site. The perimeter fence installed around the site was in good condition at the time of the 2015 investigation. Two bluebird boxes were installed on the site (Figure 2, Appendix A). The two trees that the bird boxes were mounted had fallen over prior to the 2015 survey rendering the boxes unusable. This site appears to be used by a high number of people for a diversity of recreational activities.



Table 8. Functions and Values of the Kindsfater Wetland Mitigation Site from 2013 to 2015.

Function and Value Parameters 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method	2013 AA 1 (Existing Wetlands)	2014 AA 1 (Existing Wetlands)	2015 AA 1 (Existing Wetlands)	2013 AA 2 (Created Wetlands)	2014 AA 2 (Created Wetlands)	2015 AA 2 (Created Wetlands)
Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	Low (0.0)	Low (0.0)	Low (0.0)	Low (0.0)	Low (0.0)	Low (0.0)
MTNHP Species Habitat	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	High (0.9)
General Wildlife Habitat	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)
General Fish/Aquatic Habitat	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Flood Attenuation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	Mod (0.6)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)
Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	Mod (0.5)	Mod (0.7)	High (1.0)
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Production Export/Food Chain Support	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)
Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)
Uniqueness	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)
Recreation/Education Potential	High (0.20)	High (0.20)	High (0.20)	High (0.20)	High (0.20)	High (0.20)
Actual Points / Possible Points	4.7 / 8	4.7 / 8	4.7 / 8	3.7 / 8	3.6 / 8	3.9 / 8
% of Possible Score Achieved	59%	59%	59%	46%	45%	49%
Overall Category	III	III	III	III	III	III
Total Acreage of Assessed Wetlands within Site Boundaries (ac)	33.7	33.1	33.1	1.8	1.8	1.8
Functional Units (acreage x actual points)	158.44	155.57	155.57	6.55	6.37	7.02



As noted in the vegetation section of this report, thirty-five infestations of Montana Listed Priority 2B noxious weeds were mapped at the Kindsfater wetland mitigation site (Figure 3, Appendix A). Ten infestations of Canadian thistle, eight infestations of gypsy-flower, five infestations of spotted knapweed, five infestations of leafy spurge, and seven infestations of field bindweed were identified in areas less than 1.0 acre in size with cover classes ranging from trace (less than 1 percent) to moderate (6 to 25 percent). The size and number of infestations are continuing to increase each year. The increased extent of weed infestations observed in 2015 exceeds the success criterion for weed population at less than five percent site-wide. A weed contractor with MDT treated this site in 2012 prior to construction. Eight acres of the site were treated again in July 2015, with treatment concentrated in areas of infestation by the five noxious weed species observed on site. The MDT has an ongoing weed control program for their mitigation sites that includes an annual assessment of weeds identified at each location and treatment to contain and control identified populations.

Two Priority 3 regulated weed species (not Montana Listed noxious weeds), cheatgrass and Russian olive, were identified across the site with increased cover classes observed since 2014. Regulated plants have the potential to cause significant negative impacts. The Montana Department of Agriculture (July 2015) recommends research, education, and prevention to minimize the spread of regulated plant species.

3.9. Current Credit Summary

Table 9 summarizes the current estimated wetland credits based on the USACE approved credit ratios (MDT 2008) and the wetland delineation completed in June 2015. A total of 57.8 acres were delineated at the Kindsfater site in 2015, including 1.8 acres of creation, 7.9 acres of re-establishment, 0.9 acres of rehabilitation, 3.0 acres of enhancement, 21.3 acres of wetland preservation, and 22.9 acres of upland buffer. Applying the USACE approved ratios to these values, a total of 21.2 acres of mitigation credit have been estimated in 2015, a value well below the targeted 32.7 acres anticipated at this site. Although 2015 represents only the third year of monitoring, the attainment of the full target value of 32.7 credit acres may prove difficult without an increase of groundwater or supplemental water into the mitigation area.



Table 9. Wetland mitigation credits estimated for Kindsfater from 2013 to 2015.

Compensatory Mitigation Type	Mitigation Area Description	Wetland Type (Cowardin)	Anticipated Mitigation Surface Area (Acres)	USACE Approved Mitigation Ratios	Anticipated Mitigation Credit (Acres)	2013 Delineated Acres	2013 Mitigation Credit (Acres)	2014 Delineated Acres	2014 Mitigation Credit (Acres)	2015 Delineated Acres	2015 Mitigation Credit (Acres)
Creation (Establishment)	Wetland Cells 7, 9, 13 & 14	Lacustrine emergent	4.6	1:1	4.6	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Restoration (Re-establishment)	Wetland Cells 1-6 and partial Cell 18	Lacustrine emergent and Palustrine emergent, scrub-shrub	14.0	1:1	14.0	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9
Restoration (Rehabilitation)	Areas adjacent to Wetland Cells 1-12	Palustrine emergent, scrub-shrub	9.2	1.5:1	6.1	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.6
Enhancement	Wetland Cells 10-12 & partial Cell 8	Palustrine emergent, scrub-shrub	3.1	3:1	1.0	3.0	1.0	3.0	1.0	3.0	1.0
Preservation	Existing Wetland Areas	Palustrine emergent, scrub-shrub	21.9	4:1	5.5	21.9	5.5	21.3	5.3	21.3	5.3
Upland Buffer	50-foot wide upland perimeter	N/A	7.3	5:1	1.5	22.9	1.46*	22.8	4.56**	22.9	4.6**
	or upland buffer included	Totals			32.7	58.4	18.2	57.7	21.1	57.8	21.2

^{*}Estimated credit acres for upland buffer included the 1.46 acres anticipated in USACE-approved mitigation plan.



^{**}Value calculated using GIS.

Table 10 provides a summary of the site conditions in relation to the established performance standards and success criteria. This site meets the established performance standards with the exception of the success criteria that measure desirable hydrophytic herbaceous plant cover across all wetlands, noxious weed cover, and woody plantings. All wetlands delineated within the Kindsfater site in 2015 met the three criteria outlined in the 1987 Manual and 2010 Regional Supplement, but exhibited less than 80 percent desirable hydrophytic vegetation cover and more than 5 percent cover of noxious weeds. Created wetland areas alone exhibited less than 5 percent cover from noxious weeds and greater than 80 percent hydrophytic vegetation cover. Upland buffer areas also exhibited more 5 percent cover of noxious weed infestations, increasing in number from 2013 to 2015. The MDT implements weed control measures based on the results of field surveys to minimize and/or eliminate the intrusion of State Listed Noxious weed species within the site. Woody planting survival was estimated at 35% during the 2015 survey, well below the 50% threshold for success. Comprehensive site monitoring has occurred for three years and will be conducted for a minimum period of five years as determined by the USACE Montana Regulatory Office's review of annual monitoring reports for the site and attainment of wetland success criteria.



Table 10. Summary of performance standards and success criteria compared to existing site conditions.

Performance Standards	Success Criteria	Criteria Achieved Y/N	Discussion
Wetland Characteristics	Meet the three parameter criteria for hydrology, vegetation, and soils as outlined in the 1987 Wetland Delineation Manual and 2010 Great Plains Region.	Υ	Areas identified as wetland habitat within the mitigation site meet the three parameter criteria.
Wetland Hydrology	Soil saturation present for at least 12.5 percent of the growing season.	Υ	Areas identified as wetland habitat within the mitigation site exhibit soil saturation for a minimum 12.5 percent of growing season.
Hydric Soil	Hydric soil conditions present or appear to be forming.	Υ	The recently constructed wetland complex exhibits weak hydric soil development, including faint redoximorphic concentrations observed within several of the excavated depressions. Pre-existing hydric soil characteristics are present in several areas identified as wetland prior to project construction.
	Soil is sufficiently stable to prevent erosion.	Υ	Disturbed soil is stable and does not exhibit signs of erosion.
	Soil is able to support plant cover.	Υ	Plant cover has continued to develop across disturbed soils.
	Achieved when wetlands delineated as hydrophytic utilizing technical quidelines.	Y	Areas identified as wetland habitat within the mitigation site support a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation (OBL, FACW, and FAC).
Hydrophytic Vegetation	Noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent cover.	N	Although numerous noxious weed infestation have been mapped across this site, these infestations are generally located outside of excavated wetlands. Estimated noxious weed cover within delineated wetlands is above 5 percent.
y. 1 y	Hydrophytic vegetation success will include achieving a minimum overall vegetation cover of 80 percent in created wetland areas within 5 years following site construction.	Y	The majority of created wetlands exhibited more than 80 percent hydrophytic vegetation cover during the 2015 monitoring event. These areas generally showed increased vegetation cover, with hydophytic vegetation cover anticipated to increase in subsequent monitoring years.
Woody Plants	Plantings will be considered successful where they exceed 50 percent survival after 5 years.	N	Approximately 35 percent of the woody plantings observed were alive in 2015, not meeting the 50 percent survival criteria.
Herbaceous Plants	At the conclusion of the monitoring period, ocular coverage of desirable hydrophytic vegetation will be at least 80 percent.	N	In total, restored, created, enhanced, and preserved wetlands exhibited less than 80 percent desirable hydrophytic vegetation cover during the 2015 monitoring event. These areas generally showed increased overall vegetation cover and are anticipated to meet this criteria within 5 years post-construction.
Open Water Areas	Open water that is established within the designated wetland cells will be considered successful and creditable.	NA	Although inundation was observed during the 2015 monitoring event, no areas of open water were mapped within the Kindsfater wetland complex.
Upland Buffer	Success will be achieved when noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percenct cover within the buffer areas on site.	N	Numerous noxious weed infestations, including field bindweed, leafy spurge, gypsy- flower, Canadian thistle, and spotted knapweed, have been mapped within the site and displayed an increase between 2013 and 2015. MDT will need to continue to implement weed control measure to meet this criteria.
	Any area disturbed within creditable buffer zone must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of non-weed species by end of monitoring period.	Y	Upland buffers surround wetland areas within the site exhibited greater than 50 percent aerial cover of non-weed species.
Weed Control	Success will be achieved where <5 percent absolute cover of noxious weed species occurs across the site.	N	Although the estimated coverage of noxious weeds within the constructed wetlands is below 5 percent, state-listed noxious weed species across the entire site has been estimated at greater than 5 percent absolute cover in 2015.
Fencing	Install wildlife-friendly fencing along the easement boundaries.	Y	Wildlife-friendly fencing has been installed around the easement boundaries and is in good condition.
Monitoring	Monitor the site for a minimum period of five years or longer as determined by the US Army Corps.	N	Comprehensive site monitoring has been on-going for 3 years.



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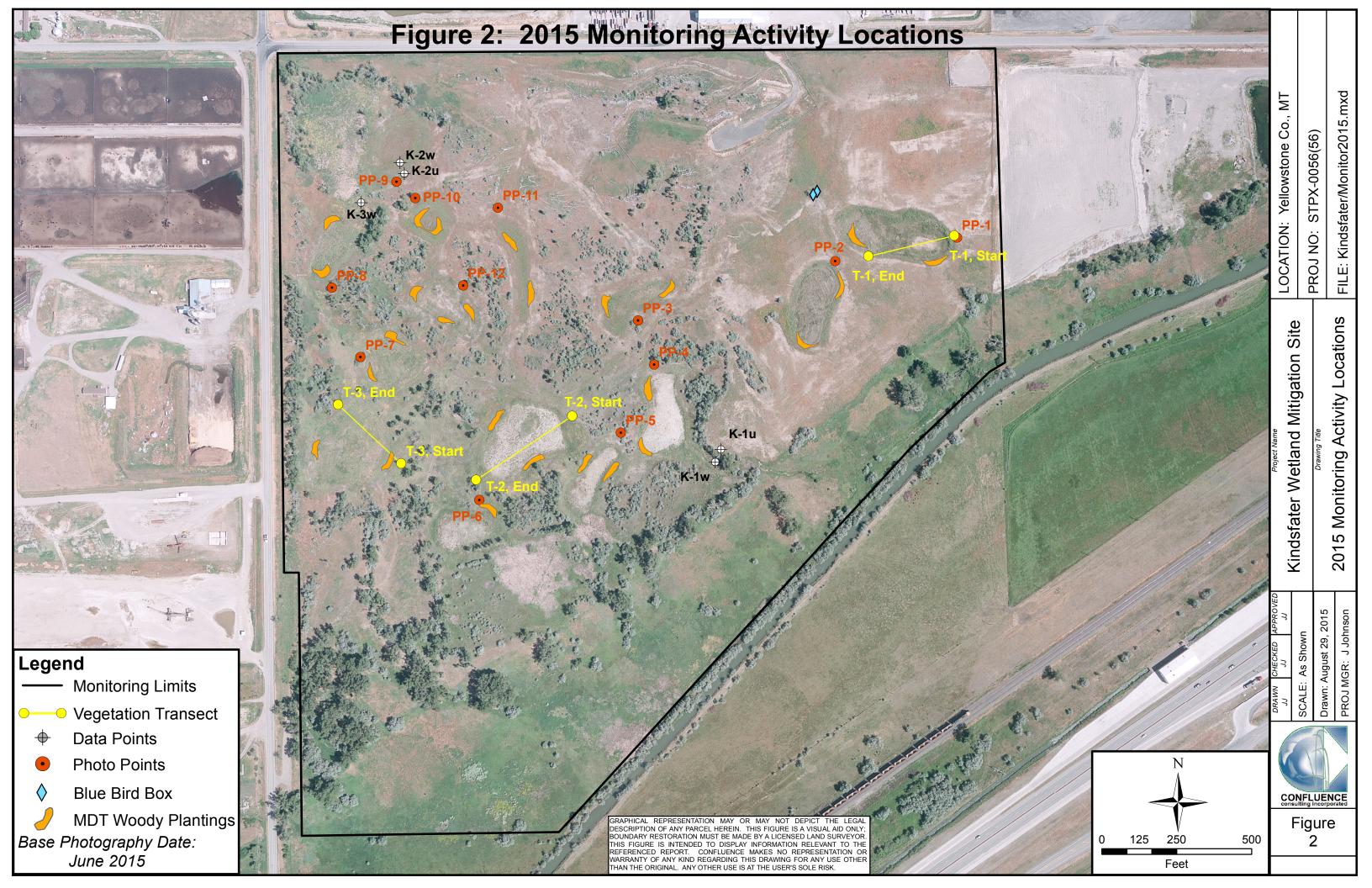


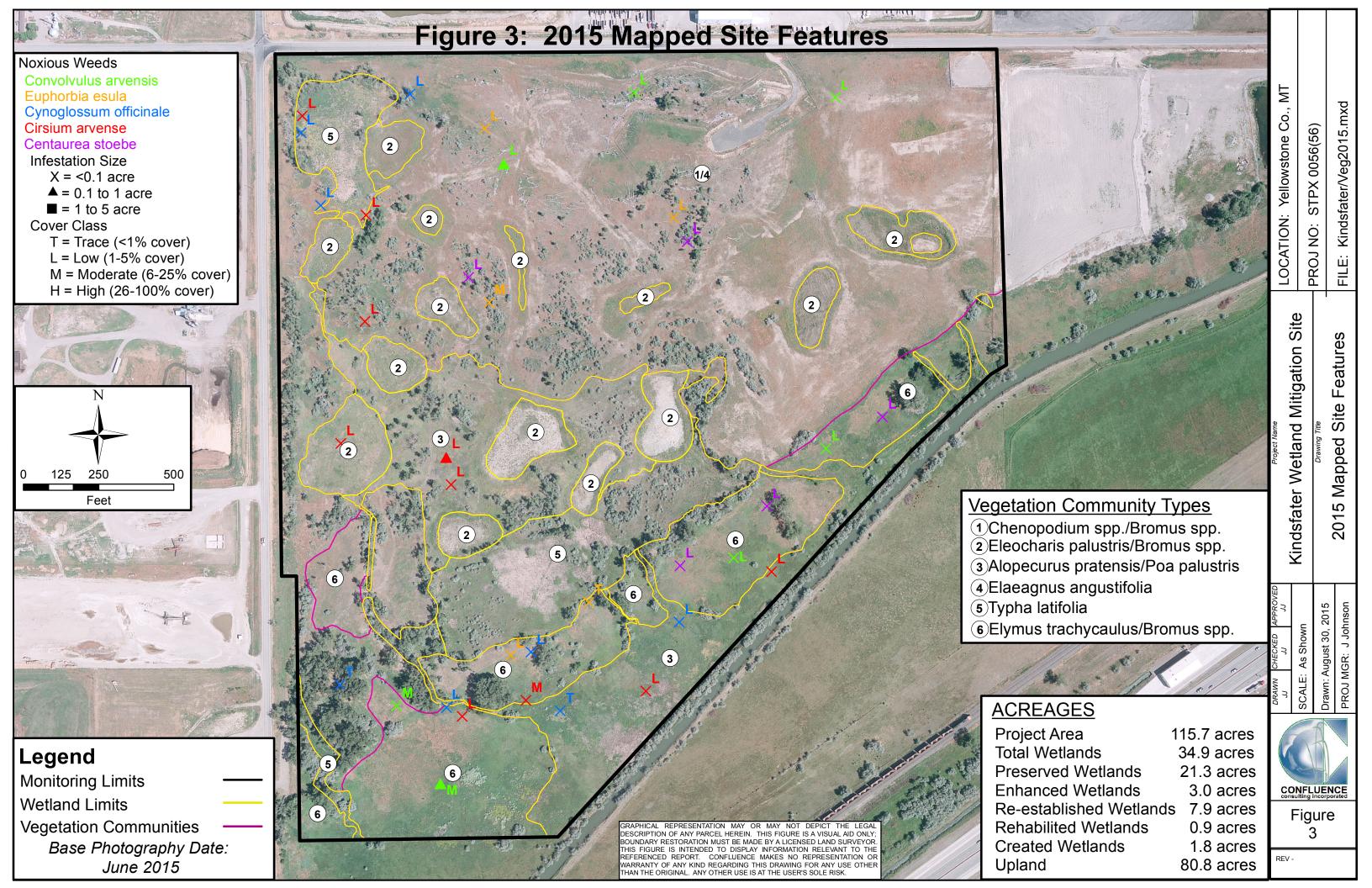
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Appendix A

Project Area Maps – Figures 2 and 3

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Kindsfater Yellowstone County, Montana





Kindsfater 2015 Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Report

Appendix B

2015 MDT Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring Form 2015 USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms 2015 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Forms

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Kindsfater Yellowstone County, Montana

MDT WETLAND MITIGATION SITE MONITORING FORM

Project Site:	Kindstater Assessment Date/Time	<u>6/16/2</u> 01
Person(s) cor	nducting the assessment: Ryan Quire, Erik Nyquist	
Weather: Sur	nny, clear approximately 75 de Location: Laurel, MT	
MDT District:	<u> 5 Milepost:</u>	
Legal Descrip	ption: T <u>2S</u> R <u>25E</u> Section(s) 6	
Initial Evaluat	tion Date: 8/22/2013 Monitoring Year: 3_#Visits in Year: 1	
Size of Evalu	uation Area: 115.69 (acres)	
Land use sur	rrounding wetland:	
Transportati	ion, commercial, agriculture	
	HYDROLOGY	
Surface Water Sc	ource: Groundwater	
Inundation:	Average Depth: 0.2 (ft) Range of Depths: 0.1-0.3 (ft)	
Percent of assess	sment area under inundation:10 %	
Depth at emerger	nt vegetation-open water boundary: 0.1 (ft)	
If assessment are	ea is not inundated then are the soils saturated within 12 inches of surface: $_$	es
Other evidence of	of hydrology on the site (ex. – drift lines, erosion, stained vegetation, etc:	<u></u>
	ration visible on aerial imagery, geomorphic position, drainage patterns.	
Groundwater	Monitoring Wells	
	of water surface below ground surface, in feet.	
Well ID	Water Surface Depth (ft)	
7		
Additional Activities Ch	hecklist:	
✓ Map emergent v	vegetation-open water boundary on aerial photograph.	
Observe extent	of surface water during each site visit and look for evidence of past surface water	
•	erosion, vegetation staining, etc.)	
	rvey groundwater monitoring well locations, if present.	
Hydrology Notes:		
Only located one	e of the four groundwater monitoring wells and it was locked.	

VEGETATION COMMUNITIES

Site Kindsfater

(Cover Class Codes $\mathbf{0} = < 1\%$, $\mathbf{1} = 1-5\%$, $\mathbf{2} = 6-10\%$, $\mathbf{3} = 11-20\%$, $\mathbf{4} = 21-50\%$, $\mathbf{5} = >50\%$)

Community # 1 Community Type: Chenopodium spp. / Bromus spp. Acres 37.07

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Achnatherum nelsonii	0	Agropyron cristatum	2
Alopecurus pratensis	0	Amaranthus retroflexus	0
Artemisia frigida	0	Asclepias speciosa	0
Bare Ground	0	Bassia scoparia	1
Brassica nigra	0	Bromus arvensis	1
Bromus inermis	2	Bromus tectorum	4
Calamagrostis canadensis	0	Chenopodium album	1
Chenopodium sp.	1	Cirsium arvense	1
Convolvulus arvensis	1	Cynoglossum officinale	0
Descurainia sophia	0	Elaeagnus angustifolia	1
Elaeagnus commutata	0	Elymus trachycaulus	2
Equisetum hyemale	1	Erigeron caespitosus	0
Erodium cicutarium	0	Filago arvensis	0
Heterotheca villosa	0	Hyoscyamus niger	0
Juncus balticus	0	Lactuca serriola	0
Lycopus asper	0	Medicago lupulina	0
Medicago sativa	1	Melilotus albus	0
Melilotus officinalis	0	Opuntia polyacantha	0
Panicum capillare	0	Pascopyrum smithii	0
Persicaria lapathifolia	0	Phalaris arundinacea	0
Poa palustris	1	Polypogon monspeliensis	0
Populus angustifolia	0	Populus deltoides	0
Salsola tragus	1	Schedonorus pratensis	1
Sisymbrium altissimum	2	Solanum dulcamara	0
Solidago canadensis	1	Sonchus arvensis	0
Stipa comata	0	Taraxacum officinale	0
Thlaspi arvense	1	Tragopogon dubius	1
Verbascum thapsus	1	Xanthium strumarium	0
Comments:			

Upland community

Community #	<u>2</u>	Community Type:	Eleocharis palustris / Bromus spp.	Acres	<u>8.97</u>
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Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Alopecurus pratensis	1	Atriplex suckleyi	0
Bare Ground	1	Bromus arvensis	2
Bromus tectorum	3	Calamagrostis canadensis	0
Carex nebrascensis	0	Chenopodium sp.	0
Cirsium arvense	1	Cirsium vulgare	0
Cornus alba	0	Deschampsia caespitosa	0
Elaeagnus commutata	0	Eleocharis palustris	3
Elymus trachycaulus	1	Epilobium ciliatum	1
Filago arvensis	0	Hordeum jubatum	0
Hyoscyamus niger	0	Juncus articulatus	0
Juncus balticus	1	Juncus ensifolius	0
Juncus torreyi	0	Lactuca serriola	1
Lemna minor	0	Lycopus asper	0
Medicago Iupulina	0	Melilotus albus	0
Mentha arvensis	0	Panicum capillare	0
Persicaria lapathifolia	1	Phalaris arundinacea	0
Poa palustris	2	Polypogon monspeliensis	0
Populus deltoides	1	Rumex crispus	0
Salix exigua	1	Salix sp.	0
Schoenoplectus acutus	1	Schoenoplectus pungens	0
Scirpus microcarpus	1	Solanum dulcamara	0
Sonchus arvensis	1	Taraxacum officinale	0
Thlaspi arvense	0	Tragopogon dubius	0
Typha latifolia	0	Veronica peregrina	0
Vicia sativa	0	Xanthium strumarium	0
Comments:			

Wetland community developed within excavated basins.

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class	
Alopecurus pratensis	4	Bare Ground	1	
Bromus arvensis	1	Bromus tectorum	2	
Carex nebrascensis	1	Carex utriculata	1	
Chenopodium album	1	Chenopodium sp.	0	
Cirsium arvense	0	Cirsium vulgare	0	
Conium maculatum	0	Cynoglossum officinale	0	
Deschampsia caespitosa	0	Elaeagnus commutata	0	
Elymus repens	1	Elymus trachycaulus	0	
Filago arvensis	0	Glycyrrhiza lepidota	0	
Juncus balticus	0	Lactuca serriola	0	
Lycopus asper	0	Medicago sativa	0	
Melilotus albus	0	Mentha arvensis	0	
Panicum capillare	0	Pascopyrum smithii	3	
Persicaria lapathifolia	1	Poa palustris	4	
Poa pratensis	0	Polypogon monspeliensis	1	
Populus deltoides	0	Rumex crispus	1	
Salix exigua	0	Salix lutea	0	
Schedonorus pratensis	0	Scirpus microcarpus	0	
Sonchus arvensis	1	Thlaspi arvense	0	
Tragopogon dubius	0	Typha angustifolia	0	
Typha latifolia	0	Xanthium strumarium	0	
Comments:				
Existing drier wetland area co	ommunity.			
Community # 4 Co	mmunity Type:	Elaeagnus angustifolia /	Acres	<u>24.71</u>
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class	
Elaeagnus angustifolia	5	Elaeagnus commutata	1	
Populus angustifolia	1	Populus deltoides	2	
Comments:				
Scrub/shrub and tree vegetat Upland community is general		rspersed through upland community coms 1 & 4.	1 (Chenopodium spp./Bro	omus spp.)
Community # 5 Co	mmunity Type:	Typha latifolia /	Acres	9.76
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class	
Eleocharis palustris	1	Juncus balticus	1	
Lycopus asper	1	Persicaria lapathifolia	1	
Polypogon monspeliensis	1	Schoenoplectus acutus	2	
Solanum dulcamara	1	Typha latifolia	5	
Cammanta				

Acres <u>16.17</u>

Community # 3 Community Type: Alopecurus pratensis / Poa palustris

Comments:

Pre-construction existing wetland community.

Community # 6	Community Type:	Elymus trachycaulus / Bromus spp.	Acres	<u>19.01</u>
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class	
Bare Ground	1	Bromus arvensis	3	
Bromus tectorum	3	Chenopodium album	1	
Cirsium arvense	2	Convolvulus arvensis	3	
Elymus repens	1	Elymus trachycaulus	3	
Equisetum hyemale	1	Euphorbia esula	0	
Lactuca serriola	1	Sisymbrium altissimum	1	
Solidago canadensis	0	Thlaspi arvense	1	
Verbascum thapsus	0			
_				

Comments:

Community generally located along the drier slope between the upper and lower terraces. Cheatgrass increasing in all but veg com 5.

Total Vegetation Community Acreage

115.69

(Note: some area within the project bounds may be open water or other non-vegetative ground cover.)

VEGETATION TRANSECTS

e: Kindsfater		Da	te:	6/16/2015
Transect Number: 1		_ Compass Di	rection from Start: 2	40
Interval Data:				
Ending Station	16	Community Type:	Chenopodium spp. / Bromu	ıs spp.
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Bare Ground		2	Brassica nigra	1
Bromus arvensis		1	Bromus tectorum	4
Chenopodium album		2	Hyoscyamus niger	0
Hyoscyamus niger		0	Lactuca serriola	1
Medicago sativa		1	Melilotus albus	4
Salsola tragus		1		
Ending Station	52	Community Type:	Eleocharis palustris / Brom	us spp.
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Bare Ground		1	Bromus arvensis	0
Chenopodium sp.		1	Deschampsia caespitosa	1
Eleocharis palustris		3	Hordeum jubatum	0
Juncus articulatus		1	Juncus balticus	1
Juncus torreyi		1	Lactuca serriola	0
Mentha arvensis		0	Poa palustris	2
Polypogon monspeliensis		0	Populus deltoides	3
Salix exigua		3	Salix sp.	1
Schoenoplectus pungens		1	Scirpus microcarpus	1
Typha latifolia		1		
Ending Station	159	Community Type:	Chenopodium spp. / Bromu	ıs spp.
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Achnatherum nelsonii		0	Agropyron cristatum	0
Bare Ground		0	Bromus arvensis	2
Bromus inermis		0	Bromus tectorum	4
Chenopodium sp.		0	Cirsium arvense	0
Descurainia sophia		1	Erodium cicutarium	0
Hyoscyamus niger		0	Medicago lupulina	1
Melilotus officinalis		0	Salsola tragus	1
Sisymbrium altissimum		0	Solanum dulcamara	0

Ending Station	244	Community Type:	Eleocharis palustris / Bromus spp.
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Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Atriplex suckleyi	0	Bare Ground	1
Bromus arvensis	1	Cirsium arvense	1
Eleocharis palustris	3	Elymus trachycaulus	0
Hordeum jubatum	0	Hyoscyamus niger	0
Juncus articulatus	1	Juncus torreyi	1
Medicago lupulina	1	Persicaria lapathifolia	0
Poa palustris	3	Polypogon monspeliensis	1
Populus deltoides	3	Salix exigua	2
Salix sp.	1	Scirpus microcarpus	0
Tragopogon dubius	0	Typha latifolia	0
Typha latifolia	1	Vicia sativa	0

Ending Station 300 **Community Type:** Chenopodium spp. / Bromus spp.

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Achnatherum nelsonii	0	Agropyron cristatum	0
Artemisia frigida	0	Bare Ground	2
Brassica nigra	1	Bromus inermis	1
Bromus tectorum	2	Cirsium arvense	1
Convolvulus arvensis	0	Elaeagnus commutata	0
Elymus trachycaulus	2	Hyoscyamus niger	1
Lactuca serriola	1	Medicago sativa	1
Melilotus officinalis	0	Poa palustris	3
Salsola tragus	2	Sisymbrium altissimum	0
Verbascum thapsus	0		

Transect Notes:

Transect Number: 2 Compass Direction from Start: 225

Interval Data:

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Alopecurus pratensis	2	Chenopodium sp.	2
Cirsium arvense	0	Cynoglossum officinale	1
Elaeagnus commutata	0	Elymus trachycaulus	1
Lactuca serriola	1	Lycopus asper	0
Medicago sativa	0	Melilotus albus	0
Mentha arvensis	1	Panicum capillare	2
Persicaria lapathifolia	1	Poa palustris	1
Rumex crispus	0	Sonchus arvensis	1
Thlaspi arvense	1	Xanthium strumarium	1

Ending Station 339 **Community Type:** Eleocharis palustris / Bromus spp.

	Community Types	• •		
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class	
Alopecurus pratensis	0	Bare Ground	3	
Cirsium arvense	0	Cirsium arvense	1	
Cirsium vulgare	0	Deschampsia caespitosa	1	
Elaeagnus commutata	0	Eleocharis palustris	0	
Hordeum jubatum	0	Juncus torreyi	1	
Lycopus asper	0	Mentha arvensis	1	
Panicum capillare	1	Phalaris arundinacea	1	
Polypogon monspeliensis	0	Populus deltoides	2	
Salix exigua	1	Schoenoplectus pungens	0	
Scirpus microcarpus	0	Solanum dulcamara	0	
Sonchus arvensis	1	Taraxacum officinale	0	
Typha latifolia	0	Veronica peregrina	0	
Xanthium strumarium	0			

Ending Station 388 **Community Type:** Alopecurus pratensis. / Poa palustris

	, , , ,		
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Alopecurus pratensis	3	Chenopodium album	0
Cirsium arvense	1	Cirsium vulgare	0
Conium maculatum	0	Cynoglossum officinale	0
Deschampsia caespitosa	0	Glycyrrhiza lepidota	1
Juncus balticus	2	Lactuca serriola	0
Poa palustris	2	Polypogon monspeliensis	0
Rumex crispus	0	Salix exigua	0
Schedonorus pratensis	1	Sonchus arvensis	1
Thlaspi arvense	0	Typha latifolia	0

Transect Notes:

Transect Number: 3 Compass Direction from Start: 290

Interval Data:

Ending Station	50 Community Type:	Alopecurus pratensis / Poa palustris
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	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Alopecurus pratensis	3	Bare Ground	1
Bromus tectorum	1	Carex utriculata	1
Chenopodium sp.	2	Cirsium arvense	0
Filago arvensis	1	Juncus balticus	1
Lactuca serriola	0	Persicaria lapathifolia	1
Poa palustris	2	Poa pratensis	1
Rumex crispus	0	Thlaspi arvense	1
Tragopogon dubius	0		

Ending Station 262 **Community Type:** Eleocharis palustris / Bromus spp.

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Alopecurus pratensis	3	Calamagrostis canadensis	1
Carex nebrascensis	0	Eleocharis palustris	1
Epilobium ciliatum	0	Juncus torreyi	0
Lactuca serriola	0	Mentha arvensis	0
Persicaria lapathifolia	1	Phalaris arundinacea	1
Polypogon monspeliensis	3	Populus deltoides	1
Rumex crispus	0	Salix exigua	1
Scirpus microcarpus	1	Thlaspi arvense	1
Typha latifolia	2		

Ending Station 292 Community Type: Chenopodium spp. / Bromus spp.

	, ,,		
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Alopecurus pratensis	2	Bare Ground	2
Bassia scoparia	2	Bromus tectorum	1
Chenopodium sp.	3	Equisetum hyemale	0
Juncus balticus	0	Lactuca serriola	1
Pascopyrum smithii	0	Schedonorus pratensis	2
Sisymbrium altissimum	0	Thlaspi arvense	1

Transect Notes:

PLANTED WOODY VEGETATION SURVIVAL

Kindsfater

Planting Type	#Planted	#Alive Notes
Cornus alba	130	
Crataegus douglasii	50	
Juniperus scopulorum	50	
Populus sp.	140	
Prunus virginiana	50	
Rosa woodsii	50	
Salix sp.	2800	
Shepherdia sp.	50	

Comments

Approximately 27 woody planting areas were mapped by MDT in 2013 and are located around the excavated basins. Values for planted vegetation were drawn from the plan sheet. Approximately 35% of the woody plantings observed were alive in 2015. Site is drying out due to lack of hydrology.

Kindsfater

WILDLIFE

Birds

Were man-made nesting structures installed	? Yes	
If yes, type of structure: 0		
How many?2		
Are the nesting structures being used?	No	
Do the nesting structures need repairs?	Yes	

Nesting Structure Comments:

The 2 trees that the bird boxes were mounted on have fallen over.

Species	#Observed	Behavior	Habitat	
Killdeer	3		AB, AB, MF,	
Mourning Dove	4		FO, SS, UP,	
Northern Flicker	1		FO, SS,	
Northern Harrier	1		UP, WM,	
Red-tailed Hawk	1		FO, SS, UP, WM,	
Ring-necked Pheasant	1		SS, UP,	
Western Tanager	1		FO,	
Yellow Warbler	1		SS, UP,	
Bird Comments				

BEHAVIOR CODES

BP = One of a <u>breeding pair</u> **BD** = <u>Breeding display</u> **F** = <u>Foraging</u> **FO** = <u>Flyover</u> **L** = <u>Loafing</u> **N** = <u>Nesting</u>

HABITAT CODES

 $\textbf{AB} = \text{Aquatic bed} \quad \textbf{SS} = \text{Scrub/Shrub} \quad \textbf{FO} = \text{Forested} \quad \textbf{UP} = \text{Upland buffer} \quad \textbf{I} = \text{Island}$

WM = Wet meadow MA = Marsh US = Unconsolidated shore MF = Mud Flat OW = Open Water

Mammals and Herptiles

Species # Observed Tracks Scat Burrows Comments

Vole sp.	2	No	No	No
White-tailed Deer	2	No	No	No

Wildlife Comments:

Kindsfater

PHOTOGRAPHS

Take photographs of the following permanent reference points listed in the check list below. Record the direction of the photograph using a compass. When at the site for the first time, establish a permanent reference point by setting a ½ inch rebar or fencepost extending 2-3 feet above ground. Survey the location with a resource grade GPS and mark the location on the aerial photograph.

Photograph Checklist:

- ☑ One photograph for each of the four cardinal directions surrounding the wetland.
- At least one photograph showing upland use surrounding the wetland. If more than one upland exists then take additional photographs.
- At least one photograph showing the buffer surrounding the wetland.
- ☑ One photograph from each end of the vegetation transect, showing the transect.

Photo #	Latitude	Longitude	Bearing	Description
51	45.693317	-108.697517	290	T-3, start
52	45.693317	-108.698486	110	T-3, finish
53	45.698065	-108.698065	90	PP-7
54	45.694939	-108.698429	315	PP-8
55	45.695734	-108.698029	290	K-3w
56	45.694302	-108.698044	90	PP-9
57	45.696088	-108.697497	310	K-2w
58	45.695972	-108.69745	310	K-2u
59	45.694847	-108.698418	140	PP-10
60	45.695892	-108.697601	350	PP-11
61	45.694939	-108.696663	230	PP-12
62	45.694612	-108.69443	0	PP-3
63	45.695136	-108.691839	280	PP-2
64	45.695072	-108.691437	50	T-1, finish
65	45.695357	-108.690285	240	T-1, start
66	45.695342	-108.690247	280	PP-1, same location at T-1 start
67	45.693439	-108.693354	140	K-1u
68	45.693313	-108.693455	120	K-1w
69	45.694935	-108.691902	200	PP-4
70	45.694748	-108.694458	10	PP-5
71	45.693763	-108.695288	225	T-2, start
72	45.693184	-108.696573	40	T-2, finish
73	45.694084	-108.694321	150	PP-6

Comments:

Kindsfater

ADDITIONAL ITEMS CHECKLIST

	Hydrology
☑ ☑ lines,	Map emergent vegetation/open water boundary on aerial photos. Observe extent of surface water. Look for evidence of past surface water elevations (e.g. drift vegetation staining, erosion, etc).
	Photos
	One photo from the wetland toward each of the four cardinal directions One photo showing upland use surrounding the wetland. One photo showing the buffer around the wetland One photo from each end of each vegetation transect, toward the transect
	Vegetation
☑ Ma	ap vegetation community boundaries
☑ Co	mplete Vegetation Transects
	Soils
☑ As	ssess soils
	Wetland Delineations
☑ Suppl	Delineate wetlands according to applicable USACE protocol (1987 form or
Suppi ☑	lement) Delineate wetland – upland boundary onto aerial photograph.
Wetla	and Delineation Comments
Site	e is getting drier due to lack of hydrology
	Functional Assessments
☑ forms	Complete and attach full MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method field .
Funct	ional Assessment Comments:

Maintenance

Were man-made nesting structure installed at this site? Yes

If yes, do they need to be repaired? Yes
If yes, describe the problems below and indicate if any actions were taken to remedy the problems
Were man-made structures built or installed to impound water or control water flow
into or out of the wetland? No
If yes, are the structures in need of repair?
If yes, describe the problems below.
hird haves need to be replaced
bird boxes need to be replaced

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Great Plains Region

Project/Site: Kindsfater	City/County:	ellowstone		Sampling Date:	6/16/2015
Project/Site: Kindsfater Applicant/Owner: MDT			State: Montana	Sampling Point:	K-1u
nvestigator(s): E. Nyquist	_ Section, Towr	nship, Range:	6 28	25E	
_andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.); Bench	Local relief (c	oncave, convex	. none); convex	Slo	ope (%): 1
Subregion (LRR): LRR F	45	5.693439 Long	-10	08.693354 _{Datu}	um: WGS84
Subregion (LRR): LRR F Lat: Lat:	oes		NWI classific	cation: Not Mapp	ped
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of	year? Yes 🔽	No	 (If no, explain in F	Remarks.)	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significant					Z_ No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally p	problematic?	(If needed, e	explain any answe	ers in Remarks.)	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing					eatures, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soil Present? Yes ✓ No ✓ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ✓ No ✓		Sampled Area a Wetland?	Yes		_
Remarks: Upland sample point.					
VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plant					
Troe Stratum Plot size (20 Feet Padius) Absolute Domic		Dor	minance Test wo	rksheet	
70 GOVEL. Opcom			mber of Dominant		4
Elaeagnus angustifolia 5 Populus deltoides 5	FACU	that	are OBL, FACW	or FAC:	1 (A)
Populus deltoides 5	FAC		al Number of Domecies Across All St		3 (B)
			cent of Dominant	• -	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum Plot size (15 Foot Radius)			t Are OBL, FACW		% (A/B)
		Pre	valence Index wo		
			Total % Cover of L species	of: M 0 X 1	lultiply by:
			CW species	·	0
			C species		15
Herbaceous Stratum Plot size (5 Foot Radius)			CU species		40
Bromus tectorum 75	NL	UPI	_ species	77 X 5	385
Convolvulus arvensis 1	NL	Col	umn Totals	92 (A)	440 (B)
Elymus trachycaulus 5	FACU		Prevalence Inde	x = B/A =	4.78
Tragopogon dubius 1	NL	Hyd	Irophytic Vegetat	tion Indicators	
			1 - Rapid Tes	t for Hydrophytic \	/egetation
			2 - Dominance	e Test is >50%	
			3 - Prevalence	e Index is <= 3.0	
				ical Adaptations (
			supporting da sheet.	ta in remarks or o	n separate
		[5 - Wetland N	on-Vascular Plant	ts
			☐ Problematic H	lydrophytic Vegeta	ation (Explain)
Woody Vine Stratum Plot size (30 Foot Radius)			ators of hydric sil a		
		Hyd	Irophytic Vegetat		NO ☑
Percent Bare Ground 0		Pre	sent?		😐
Remarks:		L			

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SOIL Sampling Point: K-1u

Profile Desc	ription: (Describe	to the de	oth need	ed to docu	ment the i	ndicator	or c	onfirm	the absence	of indicators.)
Depth		Matrix			Redo	x Feature:	3				
(inches)	Color	(moist)	%	Colo	r (moist)	%	_Type ¹	<u>L</u>	oc ²	<u>Texture</u>	Remarks
0-4	10YR	4/2	_100_						Silty	Clay Loam	
4.20	10VD	4/0	00	10VD	E/G	10	0	N /	Co	andu Loom	
4-20	10YR	4/2	90	10YR	5/6	10	С	М	58	indy Loam	
							-	_			
							1				
							-				
¹Type: C=Co	oncentration	on. D=Dep	letion. RM	=Reduce	ed Matrix. C	S=Covered	or Coat	ed Sa	and Gra	ains. ² Loc	cation: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil I											for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol	(A1)				☐ Sandy	Gleyed Ma	trix (S4)			1 cm N	Muck (A9) (LRR I, J)
_	ipedon (A	(2)			_	Redox (S5					Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR F, G, H)
Black Hi						d Matrix (S				_	Surface (S7) (LRR G)
	n Sulfide					Mucky Mir	. ,			_	Plains Depressions (F16)
_		A5) (LRR F			= '	Gleyed Ma	, ,			_ `	RR H outside of MLRA 72 & 73)
		. RR F, G, I ark Surfac				ed Matrix (f Dark Surfa					ed Vertic (F18) arent Material (TF2)
_	rk Surfac		C (/ (1 1)	,		ed Dark Su	. ,)			shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
_	lucky Min					Depressio	,	,			(Explain in Remarks)
2.5 cm N	lucky Pea	it or Peat (S2) (LRR	G , H)	High Pl	ains Depre	essions (I	- 16)		³ Indicators	of hydrophytic vegetation and
☐ 5 cm Mu	cky Peat	or Peat (S	3) (LRR F))	(ML	.RA 72 & 7	3 of LRI	RH)			d hydrology must be present,
										unless	disturbed or problematic.
Restrictive L		-									
Type:				-						111-1- 0-1	Present? Yes V No U
	cnes):									Hydric Soil	Present? Yes No
Remarks:											
HYDROLO	GY										
Wetland Hyd		ndicators:									
Primary Indic				d check	all that appl	lv)				Seconda	ary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Surface					_ Salt Crust	•				-	ace Soil Cracks (B6)
_	ter Table			H	_ Aquatic In		s (B13)			_	rsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
☐ Saturation		(-)		\Box		Sulfide Od					nage Patterns (B10)
	arks (B1)					on Water T)		=	dized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
_	t Deposit	s (B2)			Oxidized F	Rhizosphe	res on Li	/ing F	Roots (here tilled)
☐ Drift Dep	osits (B3)				(where	not tilled)				Cray	yfish Burrows (C8)
Algal Ma	t or Crust	(B4)			Presence	of Reduce	d Iron (C	4)		☐ Satu	uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
☐ Iron Dep	osits (B5)				_ Thin Muck	Surface (C7)			☐ Geo	morphic Position (D2)
Inundation	on Visible	on Aerial I	magery (E	37)	Other (Ex	plain in Re	marks)			☐ FAC	C-Neutral Test (D5)
☐ Water-St	tained Lea	aves (B9)								☐ Fros	st-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)
Field Observ				. <i>a</i>	 I						
Surface Water			es 📙		Depth (in						
Water Table	Present?	Y	es <u> </u>		_ Depth (in						
Saturation Pr			es	No 🔽	_ Depth (in	ches):		_	Wetla	ind Hydrolog	y Present? Yes No
(includes cap Describe Red			gauge, m	onitorina	well, aerial	photos, pr	evious in	spect	tions), i	f available:	
		,	5 0 /	3		. 71			,, .		
Remarks: No	indicata	re obcom	vod.								
INC	niulcal	13 ODSELV	eu.								

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Great Plains Region

Project/Site: Kindsfater	City/County: Yellowsto	one Sampling Date: 6/16/2015
Applicant/Owner: MDT		one Sampling Date: 6/16/2015 State: Montana Sampling Point: K-1w
Investigator(s): E. Nyquist		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Terrace		
Subregion (LRR): LRR F	45.69331	3 Long: -108.693455 Datum: WGS84
Subregion (LRR): LRR F Lat: Lat: Soil Map Unit Name: Larim gravelly loam, 15 to 35 percent slop	es	NWI classification. Not Mapped
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of y	vear? Yes ☑ No	(If no explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significant	ly disturbed? Are "	'Normal Circumstances' present? Yes No 🔽
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology naturally p	problematic? (If ne	eeded explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showin		
		, ,
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>✓</u> No <u> </u>	ls the Sampled	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes V No	within a Wetlar	nd? Yes 🔽 No 🔲
Remarks: Due to disturbed soils this area is classified as a w	<u>-</u> ∟ ∟ etland.	
Duo to diotal bod colle and a called the diagonite as a	ottaria.	
VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plant		
Tree Stratum Plot size (30 Foot Radius) Absolute Domia		Dominance Test worksheet
70 COVEL Specie		Number of Dominant Species
Elaeagnus angustifolia 10	FACU_	that are OBL, FACW or FAC:
		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)
		Percent of Dominant Species
Sapling/Shrub Stratum Plot size (15 Foot Radius)		That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 50.0 % (A/B)
,		Prevalence Index worksheet
		Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species 0 X 1 0
		OBL species 0 X 1 0 FACW species 60 X 2 120
		FAC species 0 X 3 0
Herbaceous Stratum Plot size (5 Foot Radius)		FACU species 20 X 4 80
Cynoglossum officinale 5	FACU	UPL species 0 X 5 0
Juncus balticus 50 ✓	FACW	Column Totals 80 (A) 200 (B)
Phalaris arundinacea 10	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.50
Solidago canadensis 5	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators
		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
		☐ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
		✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is <= 3.0
		4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting data in remarks or on separate
		supporting data in remarks of on separate sheet.
		5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants
		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)
Woody Vine Stratum Plot size (30 Foot Radius)		Indicators of hydric sil and wetland hydrology must be
		present, unless disturbed or problematic for #3, 4, 5.
		Hydrophytic Vegetation Yes ✓ NO ☐
Percent Bare Ground 5 Remarks:		Present
Remarks:		

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SOIL Sampling Point: K-1w

Profile Desc	cription: (Descri	be to the depth	needed to docu	ment the indicator	or confirm	m the absence of indicators.)
Depth	Matrix	κ	Redo	x Features		_
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%Type ¹ _	Loc ²	Texture Remarks
0-4	10YR 4/3	100			S	Sa <u>ndy Loam</u>
04-12	10YR 4/3	100				Fine Sand
12+						rock refusal
	-					
1						2
	oncentration, D=[Indicators: (App			S=Covered or Coat	ed Sand G	Grains. ² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol		nicable to all Lr	_	-		_
_	pipedon (A2)			Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5)		☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR I, J) ☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR F, G, H)
	istic (A3)			d Matrix (S6)		Dark Surface (S7) (LRR G)
	en Sulfide (A4)			Mucky Mineral (F1)		High Plains Depressions (F16)
	d Layers (A5) (LR	R F)		Gleyed Matrix (F2)		(LRR H outside of MLRA 72 & 73)
	uck (A9) (LRR F,			ed Matrix (F3)		Reduced Vertic (F18)
_	d Below Dark Sur			Dark Surface (F6)		Red Parent Material (TF2)
_	ark Surface (A12)			ed Dark Surface (F7)	☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
	Mucky Mineral (S1 Mucky Peat or Pe	•		Depressions (F8) ains Depressions (F	16)	✓ Other (Explain in Remarks) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and
	ucky Peat of Peat ucky Peat or Peat			RA 72 & 73 of LRI		wetland hydrology must be present,
<u></u>		(00) (=1.1.1.)	(,	unless disturbed or problematic.
Restrictive I	Layer (if present):				
Type:			<u> </u>			
Depth (in	ches):					Hydric Soil Present? Yes 🗹 No 🔲
Remarks: N	o hydric soil inc	licators observe	ed. Mitigation s	ite construction m	av have i	modified soil profile and if hydrology remains,
						tly Developed Wetland).
HYDROLO	GY					
	drology Indicato	rs:				
_	cators (minimum		heck all that app	lv)		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required
Surface	•		Salt Crust	**		Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
	ater Table (A2)			vertebrates (B13)		Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
☐ Saturation				Sulfide Odor (C1)		Drainage Patterns (B10)
Water M	larks (B1)		Dry-Seas	on Water Table (C2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C
Sedimer	nt Deposits (B2)		Oxidized	Rhizospheres on Liv	ing Roots	s (C3) (where tilled)
☐ Drift Dep	oosits (B3)		(where	not tilled)		Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Algal Ma	at or Crust (B4)		Presence	of Reduced Iron (C	4)	✓ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
☐ Iron Dep	oosits (B5)		Thin Muc	Surface (C7)		Geomorphic Position (D2)
Inundati	on Visible on Aeri	al Imagery (B7)	Other (Ex	plain in Remarks)		FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
☐ Water-S	tained Leaves (B	9)				Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)
Field Obser						
Surface Water				ches):		
Water Table	Present?			ches):	_	Ы □
Saturation Projection (includes cap		Yes No	Depth (in	ches):	Wet	tland Hydrology Present? Yes 🖳 No 📙
		am gauge, monit	oring well, aerial	photos, previous in	spections),	, if available:
Remarks: 2	secondary indic	ators.				

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Great Plains Region

roject/Site: Kindsfater	Cit	y/County: Yellowsto	ne	Sampling [Date:	6/16/2015
pplicant/Owner: <u>MDT</u>			State: Mont	ana_ Sampling F	oint: K-	2u
vestigator(s): E. Nyquist	Se	ection, Township, Ran	ige: 6	2S	25E	
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): slope	Lo	ocal relief (concave, c	onvex, none): cond	cave	Slope	(%):
ubregion (LRR): LRR F	Lat:	45.695972	Long:	-108.69745	Datum:	WGS84
oil Map Unit Name: Bew silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent s	lopes		NWI cla	ssification: Not I	Mapped	
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): slope ubregion (LRR): LRR F oil Map Unit Name: Bew silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent s	me of year?	Yes 🔽 No _	🔲 (If no, explai	n in Remarks.)		
re Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology sigr	nificantly dis	sturbed? Are "N	Normal Circumstan	ces" present? Yo	es 🔽	_ No _ 🔲
re Vegetation $\overline{\square}$, Soil $\overline{\square}$, or Hydrology $\overline{\square}$ natu	urally proble	ematic? (If nee	eded, explain any a	nswers in Remar	ks.)	
UMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map sh	nowing s	ampling point lo	ocations, trans	ects, importa	nt feat	ures, etc
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Remarks: Upland sample point.	\checkmark	Is the Sampled within a Wetland	Area d? Yes	No_[✓	
VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plant						
Absolute	Domiant	Indicator	Dominance Tes	t worksheet		
Tree Stratum Plot size (30 Foot Radius) % Cover: Elaeagnus angustifolia 1	Species?	Status FACU	Number of Domi		0	(4)
Lideaghus angustiolia 1	<u> </u>	TAGO	that are OBL, FA		U	(A)
			Total Number of Species Across		4	(B)
			Percent of Domi		0.0	% (A/B)
DI 1 (2) 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1			That Are OBL, F	ACW, or FAC:	0.0	% (A/b)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum Plot size (15 Foot Radius)						
Sapling/Shrub Stratum Plot size (15 Foot Radius)			Prevalence Inde		Multir	oly by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum Plot size (15 Foot Radius)			Prevalence Indo Total % Co OBL species	over of:		oly by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum Plot size (15 Foot Radius)			Total % Co	over of: 0 X 1		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum Plot size (15 Foot Radius)			Total % Co OBL species FACW species FAC species	0 X1 0 X2 0 X3		0 0
			Total % Co OBL species FACW species FAC species FACU species	0 X 1 0 X 2 0 X 3 56 X 4	22	0 0 0 0 24
Herbaceous Stratum Plot size (5 Foot Radius) Bromus arvensis 25		FACU	Total % Co OBL species FACW species FAC species FACU species UPL species	0 X1 0 X2 0 X3 56 X4 40 X5	2:	0 0 0 0 0 24 00
Herbaceous StratumPlot size (5Foot Radius)Bromus arvensis25Bromus inermis15	ا 🗖	JPL	Total % Co OBL species FACW species FAC species FACU species	0 X 1 0 X 2 0 X 3 56 X 4	2:	0 0 0 0 24 00 24 (B)
Herbaceous StratumPlot size (5Foot Radius)Bromus arvensis25Bromus inermis15Bromus tectorum25		JPL NL	Total % Co OBL species FACW species FAC species FACU species UPL species Column Totals	0 X1 0 X2 0 X3 56 X4 40 X5	2:	0 0 0 0 0 24 00
Herbaceous StratumPlot size (5Foot Radius)Bromus arvensis25Bromus inermis15		JPL	Total % Co OBL species FACW species FACU species UPL species Column Totals Prevalence Hydrophytic Ve	0 X 1 0 X 2 0 X 3 56 X 4 40 X 5 96 (A) Index = B/A =	2: 2: 2: 4:	0 0 0 0 24 00 24 (B)
Herbaceous StratumPlot size (5 Foot Radius)Bromus arvensis25Bromus inermis15Bromus tectorum25		JPL NL	Total % Co OBL species FACW species FAC species FACU species UPL species Column Totals Prevalence Hydrophytic Ve	0 X 1 0 X 2 0 X 3 56 X 4 40 X 5 96 (A) Index = B/A =	2: 24:	0 0 0 0 24 00 24 (B)
Herbaceous StratumPlot size (5Foot Radius)Bromus arvensis25Bromus inermis15Bromus tectorum25		JPL NL	Total % Co OBL species FACW species FAC species FACU species UPL species Column Totals Prevalence Hydrophytic Ve 1 - Rapic 2 - Domi	0 X 1 0 X 2 0 X 3 56 X 4 40 X 5 96 (A) Index = B/A = getation Indicate	22 20 42 42	0 0 0 0 24 00 24 (B)
Herbaceous StratumPlot size (5 Foot Radius)Bromus arvensis25Bromus inermis15Bromus tectorum25		JPL NL	Total % Co OBL species FACW species FAC species FACU species UPL species Column Totals Prevalence Hydrophytic Ve 1 - Rapic 2 - Domi	0 X 1 0 X 2 0 X 3 56 X 4 40 X 5 96 (A) Index = B/A =	22 20 42 42	0 0 0 0 24 00 24 (B)
Herbaceous StratumPlot size (5 Foot Radius)Bromus arvensis25Bromus inermis15Bromus tectorum25		JPL NL	Total % Co OBL species FACW species FAC species FACU species UPL species Column Totals Prevalence Hydrophytic Ve	0 X 1 0 X 2 0 X 3 56 X 4 40 X 5 96 (A) Index = B/A = getation Indicate	22 20 42 20 42 20 42 20 42 20 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	0 0 0 24 00 24 (B) 4.42 etation
Herbaceous StratumPlot size (5 Foot Radius)Bromus arvensis25Bromus inermis15Bromus tectorum25		JPL NL	Total % Co OBL species FACW species FAC species FACU species UPL species Column Totals Prevalence Hydrophytic Ve	0 X 1 0 X 2 0 X 3 56 X 4 40 X 5 96 (A) Index = B/A = getation Indicate Test for Hydropherance Test is >50 lence Index is <=	22 20 42 20 42 20 42 20 42 20 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	0 0 0 24 00 24 (B) 4.42 etation
Herbaceous StratumPlot size (5Foot Radius)Bromus arvensis25Bromus inermis15Bromus tectorum25		JPL NL	Total % Co OBL species FACW species FAC species FACU species UPL species Column Totals Prevalence Hydrophytic Ve	over of: 0 X 1 0 X 2 0 X 3 56 X 4 40 X 5 96 (A) Index = B/A = getation Indicate Test for Hydroph nance Test is >50 elence Index is <= nological Adaptating data in remarks	ors nytic Vego 3.0 ions (Pross or on se	0 0 0 24 00 24 (B) 4.42 etation
Herbaceous StratumPlot size (5 Foot Radius)Bromus arvensis25Bromus inermis15Bromus tectorum25		JPL NL	Total % Co OBL species FACW species FAC species FACU species UPL species Column Totals Prevalence Hydrophytic Ve	over of: 0 X 1 0 X 2 0 X 3 56 X 4 40 X 5 96 (A) Index = B/A = getation Indicate I Test for Hydroph mance Test is >50 elence Index is <= mological Adaptat ng data in remark and Non-Vascular atic Hydrophytic No	ors hytic Vegrons (Prossor on services or on services) Plants /egetation	0 0 0 24 00 24 (B) 4.42 etation
Herbaceous Stratum Plot size (5 Foot Radius) Bromus arvensis 25 Bromus inermis 15 Bromus tectorum 25 Elymus trachycaulus 30		JPL NL	Total % Co OBL species FACW species FAC species FACU species UPL species Column Totals Prevalence Hydrophytic Ve 1 - Rapic 2 - Domi 3 - Preval 4 - Morpl supportir sheet. 5 - Wetla Problema	over of: 0 X 1 0 X 2 0 X 3 56 X 4 40 X 5 96 (A) Index = B/A = getation Indicate Test for Hydroph mance Test is >50 elence Index is <= mological Adaptat ng data in remark and Non-Vascular atic Hydrophytic V c sil and wetland sturbed or problem	ors hytic Vega 20 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42	0 0 0 24 00 24 (B) 4.42 etation

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SOIL Sampling Point: K-2u

				or confirm the absence	of indicators.)
Depth (inches)	Color (mois		Redox Features Color (moist) % Type ¹	Loc ² Texture	Remarks
0-16	10YR 4/1			Sandy Loam	
				-	
16-20	10YR 4/2	100		Sandy Loam	
					-
1T 0-0.		Doubtion DM-Do	dues d Matrix, CC-Covered on Costs	d Cond Cooling 21 or	action, DI - Description, M-Matrix
			duced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Rs, unless otherwise noted.)		cation: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol		,	Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	_	Muck (A9) (LRR I, J)
_	pipedon (A2)		Sandy Redox (S5)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR F, G, H)
Black Hi	istic (A3)		Stripped Matrix (S6)	Dark S	Surface (S7) (LRR G)
	en Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)		Plains Depressions (F16)
_	d Layers (A5) (L		Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	— `	RR H outside of MLRA 72 & 73)
	ıck (A9) (LRR F ,		Depleted Matrix (F3)		ed Vertic (F18)
	d Below Dark Su	3 1	Redox Dark Surface (F6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7)		arent Material (TF2) Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
_	ark Surface (A12 /lucky Mineral (S	1	Redox Depressions (F8)		(Explain in Remarks)
_	-	eat (S2) (LRR G, H	_		of hydrophytic vegetation and
	icky Peat or Pea		(MLRA 72 & 73 of LRR	•	d hydrology must be present,
_	•	,	•		disturbed or problematic.
Restrictive I	Layer (if presen	it):			
Туре:			-		
Depth (inc	ches):			Hydric Soil	Present? Yes No
Remarks: N	o hydric soil in	dicators observe	d.		
HYDROLO	GY				
Wetland Hyd	drology Indicat	ors:			
Primary Indic	cators (minimum	of one required; ch	ieck all that apply)	Seconda	ary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Surface	Water (A1)		Salt Crust (B11)	☐ Surf	face Soil Cracks (B6)
☐ High Wa	ater Table (A2)		Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	Spa	rsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
Saturation	on (A3)		Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	☐ Drai	inage Patterns (B10)
☐ Water M	larks (B1)		Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	Oxid	dized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3
□ c	nt Deposits (B2)		Oxidized Rhizospheres on Livin	ng Roots (C3) (w	here tilled)
Seaimer			(la a.ua. ua 4 4:11 a.d)	□ Cray	yfish Burrows (C8)
	posits (B3)		(where not tilled)	L Clay	,
Drift Dep			Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)		uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
☐ Drift Dep☐ Algal Ma	posits (B3)) 🔲 Satu	
Drift Dep Algal Ma	posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5)	rial Imagery (B7)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Satu Geo	uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) C-Neutral Test (D5)
Drift Dep Algal Ma Iron Dep Inundation Water-St	posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) on Visible on Ae tained Leaves (E	,	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Thin Muck Surface (C7)) Satu Geo	uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2)
Drift Dep Algal Ma Iron Dep Inundation Water-St	posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) on Visible on Ae tained Leaves (B vations:	39)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Other (Explain in Remarks)) Satu Geo	uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) C-Neutral Test (D5)
Drift Dep Algal Ma Iron Dep Inundation Water-Si Field Observ Surface Wate	posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) on Visible on Ae tained Leaves (E vations: er Present?	39) Yes No _	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depth (inches):	Satu Geo	uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) omorphic Position (D2) C-Neutral Test (D5)
Drift Dep Algal Ma Iron Dep Inundatic Water-Si Field Observ Surface Water Water Table	posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) on Visible on Ae tained Leaves (B vations: er Present? Present?	Yes	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Pepth (inches): Depth (inches):	Geo	uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) cmorphic Position (D2) C-Neutral Test (D5) st-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)
☐ Drift Dep☐ Algal Ma☐ Iron Dep☐ Inundatio☐ Water-Si Field Observ Surface Water Table Saturation Pr	posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) on Visible on Ae tained Leaves (B vations: er Present? Present?	Yes	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depth (inches):	Geo	uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) comorphic Position (D2) C-Neutral Test (D5) st-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)
☐ Drift Dep☐ Algal Ma☐ Iron Dep☐ Inundatio☐ Water-Si Field Observ Surface Water Water Table Saturation Pr (includes cap	posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) on Visible on Ae tained Leaves (B vations: er Present? Present? resent? pillary fringe)	Yes No Yes No No	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Pepth (inches): Depth (inches):	O Satu ☐ Geo ☐ FAC ☐ Fros ☐ Wetland Hydrology	uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) cmorphic Position (D2) C-Neutral Test (D5) st-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)
Drift Dep Algal Ma Iron Dep Inundation Water-Si Field Observ Surface Water Water Table Saturation Pr (includes cap	posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) on Visible on Ae tained Leaves (B vations: er Present? Present? resent? pillary fringe)	Yes No Yes No No	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depth (inches): Depth (inches): Depth (inches):	O Satu ☐ Geo ☐ FAC ☐ Fros ☐ Wetland Hydrology	uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) cmorphic Position (D2) C-Neutral Test (D5) st-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Great Plains Region

Project/Site: Kindsfater	City/County: Yellowsto	ne Sampling Date: 6/16/2015
Applicant/Owner: MDT		State: Montana Sampling Point: K-2w
• •	Section, Township, Ran	
	Geotion, Township, Ivan	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Excavated depression Subregion (LRR): LRR F	Local relief (concave, co	3nvex, none): 60110ave Slope (%)
Subregion (LRR): LINI I	Lat: 40.080000	Long: Datum:
Soil Map Unit Name: Bew silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this to	siopes	NWI classification: NOT Mapped
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this t	time of year? Yes 🔽 No 👢	(If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology sig	nificantly disturbed? Are "N	lormal Circumstances" present? Yes 📙 No 🔟
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology na	turally problematic? (If nee	eded, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map s	howing sampling point lo	cations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☑ No Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☑ No Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☑ No	Is the Sampled within a Wetland	Area d? Yes <u>V</u> No
Remarks: Sample point located in wetland depression		
VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plant		
Too Stratum Plateira (60 Fact Padius) Absolute	Domiant Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet
Tree Stratum Plot size (30 Foot Radius) % Cover:	Species? Status	Number of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW or FAC: 1 (A)
		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)
Continue Plat size (45 Foot Podius)		Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 50.0 % (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum Plot size (15 Foot Radius)		Prevalence Index worksheet
		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
		OBL species 15 X 1 15
		FACW species 40 X 2 80
		FACT species 0 X 3 0
Herbaceous Stratum Plot size (5 Foot Radius)		FACU species 25 X 4 100 UPL species 16 X 5 80
Bromus arvensis 20	✓ FACU	
Bromus tectorum 15	□ NL	Column Totals 96 (A) 275 (B)
Eleocharis palustris 15	OBL	Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.86
Elymus trachycaulus 2	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators
Poa palustris 40	FACW	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Sisymbrium altissimum 2	FACU	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
Thlaspi arvense 1	FACU NI	☑ 3 - Prevalence Index is <= 3.0
Tragopogon dubius 1	□ NL	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting data in remarks or on separate sheet.
		☐ 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants
		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)
Woody Vine Stratum Plot size (30 Foot Radius)		Indicators of hydric sil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic for #3, 4, 5.
		Hydrophytic Vogetation — — —
Percent Bare Ground 0		Hydrophytic Vegetation Yes ✓ NO ☐
Remarks:		

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SOIL Sampling Point: K-2w

Profile Desc	ription: ((Describe	to the depth	needed to docu	ment the	indicator	or confi	rm the absence	of indicators.)
Depth		Matrix			x Feature		. 2		
(inches)		(moist)		Color (moist)	%	_Type ¹ _	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-16	10YR	4/1	_ <u>100</u>		_			Sandy Loam	
16-20	10YR	4/2	100					Loamy Sand	
					_				
	-				-				
					-				-
									
				educed Matrix, C			d Sand		ation: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
_		s: (Applic	cable to all LR	Rs, unless othe				_	for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol	(A1) pipedon (A	(2)			Gleyed Ma Redox (St				luck (A9) (LRR I, J) Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR F, G, H)
Black Hi		12)			d Matrix (urface (S7) (LRR G)
	n Sulfide	(A4)				neral (F1)			lains Depressions (F16)
	d Layers (/			Loamy	Gleyed M	atrix (F2)		(LR	R H outside of MLRA 72 & 73)
	ıck (A9) (L				ed Matrix (_	ed Vertic (F18)
_	d Below D		ce (A11)	_	Dark Surf	101 10			arent Material (TF2)
	ark Surfac Iucky Min				ed Dark Si Depressio	urface (F7))		hallow Dark Surface (TF12) Explain in Remarks)
	•	. ,	(S2) (LRR G, F			essions (F	16)		of hydrophytic vegetation and
_	•		3) (LRR F)	. —	-	73 of LRR			d hydrology must be present,
								unless	disturbed or problematic.
Restrictive I									
Type:				_					
Depth (in	ches):			_				Hydric Soil	Present? Yes V No No
				pected to deve	lop if site	hydrolog	gy rema	ins (Indicators	for Problematic Hydric Soils-
R	ecently D	Develope	d Wetland).						
HYDROLO	GY								
Wetland Hy		adioators							
				heck all that app	lvA			Soconda	ny Indicators (minimum of two required)
			one required, c		•			_	ry Indicators (minimum of two required)
	Water (A1 iter Table			Salt Crust Aquatic In		se (R13)			ace Soil Cracks (B6) rsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
☐ Saturation		(//2)		Hydrogen					nage Patterns (B10)
_	arks (B1)			Dry-Seaso				_	lized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
	nt Deposits	s (B2)		Oxidized I					here tilled)
	oosits (B3)				not tilled)		Ü	· · · · —	rfish Burrows (C8)
Algal Ma	t or Crust	(B4)		Presence	of Reduce	ed Iron (C4	1)		ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Iron Dep	osits (B5)			Thin Muck	Surface	(C7)		☐ Geo	morphic Position (D2)
Inundati	on Visible	on Aerial	Imagery (B7)	Other (Ex	plain in Re	emarks)		☐ FAC	-Neutral Test (D5)
☐ Water-S	tained Lea	aves (B9)						☐ Fros	t-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)
Field Obser	vations:								
Surface Water	er Present	t? \		Depth (in					
Water Table	Present?	١		Depth (in			_		
Saturation P			′es <u> </u>	Depth (in	ches):		We	tland Hydrology	y Present? Yes No
(includes car Describe Re			n gauge, monit	oring well, aerial	photos. n	revious ins	pections	s), if available:	
		(55411		,	,, pi		,	,,	
Remarks	annan da -	n, indiast	ors observed						
	secondar	y maicat	ois observed	•					

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Great Plains Region

Project/Site: Kindsfater	City/County: Yellowston	е	Sampling Date:	6/16/2015
	, , ,	State: Montana	Sampling Point:	K-3w
Investigator(s): E. Nyquist				
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Lowland			Slo	pe (%):
Subregion (LRR): LRR F Lat:	45.695734 L	ong: -10	 08.698029 _{Datu}	m WGS84
Soil Map Unit Name: Bew silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes		NWI classific	cation: PEM	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of ye				
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly				. No □
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally pro	oblematic? (If need	ed explain any answe	ers in Remarks.)	\
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing				esturae atc
		allons, transcou	, important io	atures, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>✓</u>	Is the Sampled Ar		_	
Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☑ No ☐ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☑ No ☐	within a Wetland?	Yes	2 No_□	_
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes V No Remarks: Wetland sample point.				
wettand sample point.				
VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plant				
Tree Streeture Plot size (00 Feet Padius) Absolute Domiani	t Indicator	Dominance Test wo	rksheet	
Tree Stratum Plot size (30 Foot Radius) % Cover: Species		Number of Dominant	Species	1 (4)
		that are OBL, FACW		1 (A)
		Total Number of Dom Species Across All St		1 (B)
		Percent of Dominant		0 0/ (A/D)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum Plot size (15 Foot Radius)		That Are OBL, FACW	/, or FAC: L	.0 % (A/B)
		Total % Cover of		ultiply by:
		<u></u>	15 X 1	15
			70 X 2	140
		FAC species	0 X3	0
Herbaceous Stratum Plot size (5 Foot Radius)		FACU species	5 X 4	20
Alopecurus pratensis 55	FACW	UPL species	1 X5	5
Carex nebrascensis 5	OBL	Column Totals	91 (A)	180 (B)
Eleocharis palustris 10	OBL	Prevalence Inde	x = B/A =	1.98
Phalaris arundinacea 15	FACW	Hydrophytic Vegeta	tion Indicators	
Thlaspi arvense 5	FACU	1 - Rapid Tes	t for Hydrophytic V	egetation
Tragopogon dubius 1	NL	2 - Dominance	e Test is >50%	
		✓ 3 - Prevalence	e Index is <= 3.0	
			ical Adaptations (F	
		supporting da sheet.	ta in remarks or or	n separate
			on-Vascular Plants	c
		_		
Woody Vine Stratum Plot size (30 Foot Radius)			lydrophytic Vegeta	` ' '
		ndicators of hydric sil a resent, unless disturb		
	Ī	Hydrophytic Vegeta	tion —	
Percent Bare Ground 5		Present?	Yes 🗹	NO L
Remarks:				

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SOIL Sampling Point: K-3w

Profile Desc	cription: (Descri	be to the dep	th needed to do	ument the i	ndicato	r or confirn	n the absence of ind	icators.)	
Depth	Matrix			dox Features	3				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	_Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
0-22	10YR 4/2	85	10YR 5/6	15	C	M San	d <u>y Clay Loam</u>		
					-				
					·-				
¹Type: C=C	oncentration, D=E	epletion, RM=	=Reduced Matrix,	CS=Covered	or Coat	ted Sand Gi	rains. ² Location:	PL=Pore Lining, N	I=Matrix.
	Indicators: (App							oblematic Hydric	
Histosol	I (A1)		☐ Sand	ly Gleyed Ma	trix (S4)		1 cm Muck (A	(9) (LRR I, J)	
	pipedon (A2)			ly Redox (S5			_	Redox (A16) (LRR	RF, G, H)
	istic (A3)			oed Matrix (S				(S7) (LRR G)	
	en Sulfide (A4)			ny Mucky Min				epressions (F16)	
	d Layers (A5) (LR			ny Gleyed Ma	, ,		_ `	utside of MLRA 72	2 & 73)
_	uck (A9) (LRR F, C	(A) (A)		eted Matrix (F			Reduced Ver	` '	
_	d Below Dark Sur	3 0	_	x Dark Surfa		7\	Red Parent M	, ,	2)
_	ark Surface (A12) Mucky Mineral (S1			eted Dark Su ox Depression		()	Other (Explai	Dark Surface (TF1	2)
	Mucky Peat or Pe	•		Plains Depre		F16)		ophytic vegetation	and
	ucky Peat or Peat			VILRA 72 & 7		-		logy must be prese	
	act, rout or rout	(00) (=)	(,		ped or problematic.	
Restrictive	Layer (if present):							
Type:									
Depth (in	ches):						Hydric Soil Prese	nt? Yes 🔽	No
Remarks:								·	
HYDROLO	GY								
Wetland Hy	drology Indicato	rs:							
Primary Indi	cators (minimum o	of one required	d; check all that a	oply)			Secondary Indi	cators (minimum o	f two required)
☐ Surface	Water (A1)		☐_ Salt Cru	ıst (B11)			Surface So	il Cracks (B6)	
☐ High Wa	ater Table (A2)		Aquatic	Invertebrate	s (B13)		☐ Sparsely V	egetated Concave	Surface (B8)
Saturati	on (A3)		Hydrog	en Sulfide Od	dor (C1)		✓ Drainage F	atterns (B10)	
	larks (B1)		☐ Dry-Sea	ason Water T	able (C2	2)	Oxidized R	hizospheres on Liv	ring Roots (C3)
Sedime	nt Deposits (B2)		Oxidize	d Rhizosphei	res on Li	ving Roots	(C3) (where t	illed)	
☐ Drift De	posits (B3)		(whei	e not tilled)			Crayfish Bu	urrows (C8)	
Algal Ma	at or Crust (B4)		Present	ce of Reduce	d Iron (C	24)	✓ Saturation	Visible on Aerial In	nagery (C9)
☐ Iron Dep	oosits (B5)		Thin Mu	ick Surface (C7)		✓ Geomorph	ic Position (D2)	
Inundati	on Visible on Aeri	al Imagery (B	7) 🔲 Other (I	Explain in Re	marks)		FAC-Neutr	al Test (D5)	
☐ Water-S	Stained Leaves (B	9)					☐ Frost-Heav	e Hummocks (D7)	(LRR F)
Field Obser	vations:	_	_						
Surface Wat	er Present?	Yes	No Depth	(inches):					
Water Table	Present?	Yes 🔲		(inches):				-	
Saturation P		Yes	No 🔽 Depth	(inches):		Wetl	and Hydrology Pres	ent? Yes <u>V</u>	_ No <u> </u>
(includes ca	pillary fringe) corded Data (stre	am gauga ma	nitoring well seri	al photos pr	avious is				
Describe Re	COIGEG Data (SITE	am yauye, me	antoning well, aen	ai piiutus, pit	SVIOUS III	speciions),	n avanaDI€.		
Domerka									
remarks: 4	secondary indic	ators observ	red.						

MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Form (revised March 2008)

1. Project name	Kindsfater			2. MDT pro	ject#	ST	PX-0056(5	6)		Con	trol#	5034	
3. Evaluation Date	6/16/2015	4. Evaluators	s E Ny	yquist, R Quire	5.	Wet	and/Site#	(s)	Kindsfate	er - create	ed wet	land	
6. Wetland Location(s	s): T	2S R	25E	Sec1 6		Т		R		Sec2			
Approx Stationing or													
Watershed 10070	•		Waters	shed/County	Upper	Yello	wstone Wa	ters	hed, Yello	wstone C	County		
7. Evaluating Agency	Confl	uence for MDT					8. Wetla	nd s	size acres			1.8	
Purpose of Evaluation	on			_			How ass	esse	ed:	Measur	ed e.g	by GPS	
☐ Wetlands potenti		by MDT projec	ct				9. Asses	ssn	nent area			1.8	
_	•						(AA) size					1.0	
☐ Mitigation Wetlar	_						How ass	esse	ed:	Measure	ed e.g.	by GPS	
✓ Mitigation Wetlar	nds: post coi	nstruction											
☐ Other													
10. Classification of	Watland one	d Aguatia Habit	toto in	A A									
		•			Soward	lin\	Wata	. D.	aima		% of	A A	
HGM Class (Brinson		ass (Cowardin)		Modifier (C	Joward	iin)	Wate				% OI		
Depressional	Emei	rgent Wetland		Excavated			Seasona	แ/เทเ	ermittent			95	
Depressional	essional Scrub-Shrub Wetland						Seasona	ıl/Int			5		
							1						
11. Estimated Relativ													
		e Commo	on										
 General Condition Disturbance: (use 		o determine (circle	el annroi	nriate resnonse -	- see ins	truction	ns for Monta	na-li	sted novious	s weed ar	nd		
aquatic nuisance veg			oj approj	priate response	300 1113	il dollo	no for Monta	110 11	Stea Hoxioa	5 WCCG GI	iu		
			Ma				conditions adja			li '		u bootili anomo	
			nat	naged in predomina tural state; is not gra	zed,		d not cultivated erately grazed					or heavily grazed tt to substantial	
Cone	ditions within AA			yed, logged, or other	ctively logged; ect to minor cle			placement, grading, clearing, or					
									oxious	building	hydrological alteration; high roa building density; or noxious we		
		wee	ed or ANVS cover is	s <=15%.	wee	d or ANVS cov	er is •	<=30%.	or ANVS	cover is	s >=30%.		
AA occurs and is managed in													
grazed, hayed, logged, or oth roads or occupied buildings;				low disturber			low distu	rhai		mod	oroto	diaturbana	
<=15%.				low disturban	ice		low distu	ıval	ice	-11100	erate	disturbance	
AA not cultivated, but may be selectively logged; or has been			fill										
placement, or hydrological alt				moderate		m	oderate di	stur	bance	hi	gh dis	turbance	

Comments: (types of disturbance, intensity, season, etc)

AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration;

high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is

noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=30%.

The wetland mitigation site was constructed in 2012/2013 and included substantial excavation, modification/rehabilitation to existing wetlands, and revegetation. Preserved wetland areas with higher elevations appear to be losing hydrology and transitioning into upland communities with excavated wetland cells retaining hydrology but also drying out. Site will need to be re-evaluated in 2016, specifically for existing wetland areas (higher elevation) outside of excavated cells.

high disturbance

high disturbance

disturbance

high disturbance

ii. Prominent noxious, aquatic nuisance, other exotic species:

Euphorbia esula, Cirsium arvense, Cynoglossum officinale, Centaurea stoebe, Convolvulus arvensis

iii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat

The AA consists of excavated depressional wetland cells within a historic gravel pit/wetland site. Wetland mitigation construction was completed in 2013 and 2015 is the third monitoring year for the expanded wetland site. Land use surrounding the AA includes commerical developments, agriculture (grazing), transportation (railroad and interstate), and a shooting range within the site.

13. Structural Diversity: (based on number of "Cowardin" vegetated classes present [do not include unvegetated classes], see #10 above) Modified Initial Is current management preventing (passive) Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA Rating existence of additional vegetated classes? R ating NA NΑ >=3 (or 2 if 1 is forested) classes NA Н 2 (or 1 if forested) classes NA NΑ NA М 1 dass, but not a monoculture М L YES> <NO 1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises>=90% of total cover) NA NΑ NA Comments: Predominantly emergent vegetation with scrub-shrub communities around some margins SECTION PERTAINING to FUNCTIONS VALUES ASSESSMEN 14A. Habitat for Federally Listed or Proposed Threatened or Endangered Plants or Animals: i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions): Primary or critical habitat (list species) \bigcirc D \bigcirc S Secondary habitat (list Species) Incidental habitat (list species) \bigcirc D \bigcirc S ✓ S No usable habitat ii. Rating (use the condusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Highest Habitat Level doc/primary sus/primary doc/secondary sus/secondary doc/incidental sus/incidental None Functional Points and .8H 1H .9H .7M .3L .1L 0L Rating USFWS list for species in Yellowstone County; no habitat specifications/known occurrences Sources for documented use 14B. Habitat for plant or animals rated S1, S2, or S3 by the Montana Natural Heritage Program: (not including species listed in14A above) i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions): Primary or critical habitat (list species) Secondary habitat (list Species) Incidental habitat (list species) No usable habitat ii. Rating (use the conclusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Highest Habitat Level	doc/primary	sus/primary	doc/secondary	sus/secondary	doc/incidental	sus/incidental	None
S1 Species: Functional Points and Rating	1H	8H	7M	6M	.2L	1L	_OL_
S2 and S3 Species: Functional Points and Rating	.9Н	7M	6M	5M	.2L	1L	OL

Sources for documented use

Observed approximately 40 plains spadefoot during the 2013 site investigation; none observed in 2014 or 2015.

ubstantial (base	d on any	of the	followin	ıg [che	ck]):						Minir	mal (b	ased or	n any of	the foll	owing	[check]):				
observations	of abund	lant wil	ldlife #s	or high	n specie	s diver	rsity (du	ring an	y period	d)	fe	ew or r	o wildlif	e obsei	rvations	during	peak ι	ıse per	riods			
abundant wild	llife sign	such a	as scat,	tracks,	nest st	ructure	s, gam	e trails,	, etc.		lit	ttle to i	no wildli	fe sign								
presence of e	xtremely	/ limitin	g habita	at featu	ires not	availab	ole in th	e surro	unding	area	S	parse	adjacen	t upland	d food s	ources	3					
interviews wit	h local b	iologis	ts with I	knowle	dge of tl	he AA					in	ntervie	ws with	local bi	ologists	with k	nowled	ge of th	ne AA			
oderate (based	on any of	f the fo	llowing	[check]):																	
observations	of scatte	red wil	dlife gro	oups or	individ	uals or	relative	ly few	species	during	peak pe	eriods										
common occi			•		s scat, t	racks,	nest str	ucture	s, game	trails, e	etc.											
adequate adj																						
interviews wit	h local b	iologis	ts with I	knowle	dge of t	ne AA																
i. Wildlife hab rom #13. For other in terms of permanent/per erms])	class co	over to perce	o be con	onside ipositi	ered ev on of tl	enly d ne AA	listribu (see #	ted, th #10).	ne mos Abbrev	t and I	east p	revale urface	ent veg water	etate durati	d class ons ar	es mi	ust be ollows	within : P/P =	20% c	f each		
Structural liversity (see ‡13)				Hi	gh							Mod	erate					L	ow			
Class cover distribution (all vegetated classes)		Eve	en			Une	ven			Eve	en			Une	ven			Ev	ven			
Ouration of surface water in 10% of AA ow disturbance	P/P	S/I	T/E	А	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	А	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	А		
it AA (see #12i)	Е	Е	E	Н	E	Е	Н	н	Е	Н	Н	М	Е	Н	М	М	Е	Н	М	М		
Moderate disturbance at AA see #12i)	H	Н	н	н	Н	Н	Н	М	н	Н	М	М	Н	М	М	L	Н	М	L	L		
ligh disturbance at AA (see #12i)	М	М	М	L	М	М	L	L	М	М	L	L	М	L	L	L	L	L	L	L		
iii. Rating (I Evidence of I					om i aı		above	and t	the ma		Vildlife				ratin			point	s and	rating	l) Low	
Substantial					1E	1				.91						.8H					.7M	1
Moderate					.9⊢					.71	и					5M					.3L	
Minimal					.6M					.41	И					.2L					.1L	
omments	Rece	•	constr	ucted	l/distu	rbed	areas	conti	ributed	d to lo	w ratii	ng. E	xpect	wildlif	fe ratir	ng to	increa	ase fo	or subs	seque	ent moni	toring
ID. General lould be used storable due	by fish to hab	[i.e., itat c	fish u onstra	se is ints,	preclu	ıded l	by pe	rched	d culve	ert or c	ther b	oar rie	er, etc.]. If tl	he AA	is no	t use	d by f	fish, fis	sh use	e is not	
Habitat O	al ity an	d Kno	own / S	Suspe	cted F	ish Sp	oec ie s	in AA	(usen	natrix t	o arrive	e at [c	heck tl	ne fund	ctional	points	and ra	ating)				
	e water																					
Duration of surfac	e water			Pe	ermaner	nt / Pere	ennial					Seas	onal / Ir	termitte	ent				Ten	porary	/ Epheme	ral
Duration of surfac in AA Aquatic hiding / re			Optim			nt / Pere		Po	or	Op	otimal	Seas	onal / In			Poor		Opti			/ Epheme	eral Po
Duration of surfac in AA	sting/		Optim			dequate		Po	or S	O _F	otimal S					_	S	Optio				

. Habitat Quality and	IXIIOWII /	Ouspec	ica i isii	O poole		1 (do 0 ii	TO TO TO	arnvo a	t [OTIOOK		onai po	into and	, racing)					
Duration of surface water in AA		Pe	manent /	Perennial			Seasonal / Intermittent					Temporary / Ephemeral						
Aquatic hiding / resting / escape cover	Opt	imal	Adeq	uate	ate Poor Opi		Opti	mal	Adequate		Poor		Optimal		Adequate		Poor	
Thermal cover optimal/ suboptimal	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S
FWP Tier I fish species	1E	.9Н	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.3L
FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L
FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L	.1L
FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species	.5M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.4M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.1L	.1L	.1L

Sources used for identifying fish sp. potentially	found in AA	•								
ii. Modified Rating (NOTE: Modified score of a) Is fish use of the AA significantly reduced by current final MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of fishery or aquatic life support, or do aquatic nuityes, reduce score in a above by 0.1: Modified	annot exce a culvert, d of TMDL de sance plant	ed 1 or be les like, or other n velopment wit	nan-made s h listed "Pro	obable Imp	oaired Úses"	including	g cold or w		he If	
b) Does the AA contain a documented spawning comments) for native fish or introduced game fi		her critical ha			he adjusted)	
iii. Final Score and Rating: 0 NA	Comme	nts: No fish	habitat v	vithin mi	tigation si	te; no p	erennial	water		
14E. Flood Attenuation: (Applies only to wet channel or overbank flow, click NA he	lands subje re and proc	ct to flooding eed to 14F.)	via in-chanı	nel or over	bank flow. It	f wetland	s in AA are	e not floode	ed from in-	
i. Rating (working from top to bottom, use the	matrix belo	ow to arrive at	[check] the	functiona	points and	rating)				
Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment (Rosge 1994, 1996)	en Slightl	ly entrenched stream type			ely entrench stream type	ned – B	Entrench	ed-A, F, G types	stream	
% of flooded wetland classified as forested and/or scrub/shrub	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	
AA contains no outlet or restricted outlet	_1H	.9H	.6M	.8H	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	
AA contains unrestricted outlet	.9H	.8H	.5M	.7M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.2L	1L	
05.14.54.1.1	-			-						_
Slightly Entrenched ER = >2.2		•	Entrenched 41 – 2.2				ntrenched = 1.0 - 1.4			
C stream type D stream type E strea	m type	B strea	am type	A	stream type	E	stream typ	e G	stream type	
2 x Bankfull D	Depth W	Bankfull D	Pepth		27.444.4	ood-pron				
Floodprone width	/ Ban widt				=	Entreno ratio	hment			
ii. Are 10 acres of wetland in the AA subject t within 0.5 mile downstream of the AA (check)?	o flooding A	AND are man-	made featu	es which	may be signi	ificantly d	lamaged b	y floods loo	cated	
Flooding does not occur o channel or overbank flow.	n the site	as ground	lwater is t	he prim	ary hyrdol	ogy so	urces; no	o flooding	g occurs f	rom in-
14F. Short and Long Term Surface Waupland surface flow, or groundwater flow. 14G.)	ater Stora If no wet	ge: (Applies lands in the	to wetland AA are sul	ds that flo	ood or pond ooding or p	from over	erbank o dick	r in-chanr	nel flow, pre e and proce	ecipitation, eed to
 i. Rating (Working from top to bottom, water durations are as follows: P/P = perfurther definitions of these terms].) 										
Estimated maximum acre feet of water contained in wetlands within the AA that are subject to periodic flooding or ponding		>5 acre feet			1.1 to 5 a	acre feet			≤1 acre foot	
Duration of surface water at wetlands within the AA	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/I	·	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E

_further definitions of these terms].)									
Estimated maximum acre feet of water contained in wetlands within the AA that are subject to periodic flooding or ponding		>5 acre feet		1.	1 to 5 acre feet			≤1 acre foot	
Duration of surface water at wetlands within the AA	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E
Wetlands in AA flood or pond f 5 out of 10 years	1H	.9H	.8H	.8H	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years	.9H	.8H	.7M	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L

Comments: Estimated that AA ponds greater than 5 out of 10 years with approximately 1.8 acres inundated to approximately 0.5 feet.

14G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Retention and Removal: (Applies to wetlands with potential to receive sediments, nutrients, or toxicants through influx of surface or ground water or direct input. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to such input, click

NA here and proceed i. Rating (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating [H = high, M = moderate, or L Waterbody on MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL Sediment, nutrient, and toxicant input levels within AA AA receives or surrounding land use with potential development for "probable causes" related to sediment, to deliver levels of sediments, nutrients, or nutrients, or toxicants or AA receives or surrounding land use compounds at levels such that other functions are with potential to deliver high levels of sediments, nutrients, or not substantially impaired. Minor sedimentation, compounds such that other functions are substantially impaired. sources of nutrients or toxicants, or signs of Major sedimentation, sources of nutrients or toxicants, or signs eutrophication present. of eutrophication present. % cover of wetland vegetation in AA 70% ≥ 70% Evidence of flooding / ponding in AA No No No Yes No AA contains no or restricted outlet .8H .7M .5M .5M .4M .3L .2L 1H AA contains unrestricted outlet .9H .7M .4M .4M .3L .2L .6M .1L Comments: Isolated depressional wetland cells do not have outlets. Percent cover of wetland vegetation increased in 2015 to greater than 70%. 14H Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization: (Applies only if AA occurs on or within the banks or a river, stream, or other natural or man-made drainage, or on the shoreline of a standing water body which is subject to wave action. If 14H does not apply, click ✓ NA here and proceed to 14I.) i. Rating (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) % Cover of wetland streambank or Duration of surface water adjacent to rooted vegetation shoreline by species with stability ratings Permanent / Perennial Seasonal / Intermittent Temporary / Ephemeral of 6 (see Appendix F) 65% .9H .7M 1H .6M .5M 35-64% .7M .1L < 35% .3L .2L The AA does not occur on a stream bank or drainage. No wave action occurs in depression wetland areas when inundated. Comments: 14I. Production Export/Food Chain Support: i. Level of Biological Activity (synthesis of wildlife and fish habitat ratings [check]) General Wildlife Habitat Rating (14C.iii.) General Fish Habitat Rating (14D.iii.) M Н M Н F/H Н Μ M M M 1 Н М L N/A ii. Rating (Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating. Factor A = acreage of vegetated wetland component in the AA; Factor B = level of biological activity rating from above (14l.i.); Factor C = whether or not the AA contains a surface or subsurface outlet; the final three rows pertain to duration of surface water in the AA, where P/P, S/I, and T/E are as previously defined, and A = "absent" [see instructions for further definitions of these terms].) Vegetated component >5 acres Vegetated component 1-5 acres Vegetated component <1 acre Moderate В High Moderate High High Moderate Yes C Yes Nο Yes Nο Yes No Yes Nο Yes Nο Yes No Yes Nο Nο Yes No P/P 1E .7H .8H .5M .6M .4M .9H .6M .7H .4M .5M .3L .8H .6M .6M .4M .3L .2L S/I .9H .6M .4M .7H .5M .3L .8H .5M .6M .3L .4M .7H .5M .5M .3L .3L .2L .2L .8H .5M .3L .6M .4M .2L .7H .4M .5M .2L .3L .1L .6M .4M .4M .2L .2L .1L T/E/A iii. Modified Rating (NOTE: Modified score cannot exceed 1 or be less than 0.1.) Vegetated Upland Buffer (VUB): Area with 30% plant cover, 15% noxious weed or ANVS cover, and that is not subjected to periodic mechanical mowing or clearing (unless for weed control). a) Is there an average 50 foot-wide vegetated upland buffer around 75% of the AA circumference? Y NO If yes, add 0.1 to the score in ii above and adjust rating accordingly: Modified Rating

Comments:

Adjacent upland buffer with greater than 30% plant cover.

B-30

14J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge: (check the appropriate indicators in i & ii below) i. Discharge Indicators ii. Recharge Indicators Permeable substrate present without underlying impeding layer The AA is a slope wetland Springs or seeps are known or observed Wetland contains inlet but no outlet Vegetation growing during domant season/drought Stream is a known 'losing' stream; discharge volume decreases Wetland occurs at the toe of a natural slope Other Seeps are present at the wetland edge AA permanently flooded during drought periods Wetland contains an outlet, but no inlet Shallow water table and the site is saturated to the surface Other: iii. Rating (use the information from i and ii above and the table below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Duration of saturation at AA Wetlands FROM GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE OR WITH WATER THAT IS RECHARGING THE GROUNDWATER SYSTEM Criteria P/P None **Groundwater Discharge or Recharge** 1H .4M .1L .7M Insufficient Data/Information NA Comments: Vegetation observed to be growing following regional drought conditions; gravel substrate in created depressional wetland 14K. Uniqueness: i. Rating (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) AA does not contain previously AA contains fen, bog, warm springs cited rare types and structural AA does not contain previously Replacement potential or mature (>80 yr-old) forested diversity (#13) is high or contains cited rare types or associations wetland or plant association listed plant association listed as "S2" by and structural diversity (#13) is as "S1" by the MTNHP the MTNHP low-moderate Estimated relative abundant abundant abundant commo common rare common rare rare abundance (#11) n Low disturbance at AA .9H .8H 1H .8H .6M .5M .5M .4M .3L (#12i) Moderate disturbance at .9H .8H .4M .7M .7M .5M .4M .3L .2L AA (#12i) High disturbance at AA .8H .6M .4M .7H .6M .3L .3L .1L .2L (#12i) Comments: 14L. Recreation/Education Potential: (affords "bonus" points if AA provides recreation or education opportunity) i. Is the AA a known or potential rec./ed. site: (check) Y NО (if 'Yes' continue with the evaluation; if 'No' then click NA here and proceed to the overall summary and rating page) Check categories that apply to the AA: 🔽 Educational/scientific study; 🔲 Consumptive rec.; 🔽 Non-consumptive rec.; I Other iii. Rating (use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Known or Potential Recreation or Education Area Known Potential Public ownership or public easement with general public access (no permission required) .15H 2H Private ownership with general public access (no permission required) .15H .1M Private or public ownership without general public access, or requiring permission for public access .1M .05L Comments: Access is permitted without permission with the exception of the police shooting range. **General Site Notes** Anticipate higher wildlife ratings in subsequent monitoring years. Wetland acreage may be less in 2016 due to transitioning hydrology and plant communities.

FUNCTION & VALUE SUMMARY & OVERALL RATING FOR WETLAND/SITE #(S): Kindsfater - created wetland

Function & Value Variables	Rating	Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: (Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage)	Indicate the four most prominent functions with an asterisk (*)
A. Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	L	0	1	0	
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	Н	.9	1	1.62	✓
C. General Wildlife Habitat	L	.3	1	0.54	
D. General Fish Habitat	NA	0	0	0	
E. Flood Attenuation	NA	0	0	0	
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	L	.3	1	0.54	
G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	Н	1	1	1.8	V
H. Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	NA	0	0	0	
Production Export/Food Chain Support	L	.3	1	0.54	
J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	М	.7	1	1.26	V
K. Uniqueness	L	.2	1	0.36	
L. Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	Н	.2	NA	0.36	
Totals:		3.9	8	7.02	
Percent of Possible Score			48.75 %		

Category I Wetland: (must satisfy one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II) Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; or Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; or Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation and answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; or Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).	
Category II Wetland: (Criteria for Category I not satisfied and meets any one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV) Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; or "High" to "Exceptional" ratings for both General Wildlife Habitat and General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; or Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; or Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).	
Category III Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)	
Category IV Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; otherwise go to Category III) "Low" rating for Uniqueness; and Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); and Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).	

OVERALL ANALYSIS AREA RATING: (check appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above)

I II IV

MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Form (revised March 2008)

1. Project name Kindsf	fater		2. MDT pro	ject#	STI	PX-0056(56))	Control	\$ 5034
3. Evaluation Date 6/16/2	2015 4. Evaluators	E Nyqı	uist, R Quire	5.	Wetla	and/Site# (s	Kindsfate	er - existing w	etland/preservati
6. Wetland Location(s): T	2S R 2	5E	Sec1 6		Т		D	Sec2	
Approx Stationing or Milepo		JL	Sec i		'		R	Jecz	
Watershed 10070004		atersh	ed/County	Unner	Yellov	vstone Wate	arshed/Yello	wstone Count	V
		101311	cu/Oddiny	Оррсі	I CIIOV	votoric vvate	71311CG/ 1 CIIO	wstoric oodiit	y
7. Evaluating Agency	Confluence for MDT					8. Wetland	d size acres	s	33.1
Purpose of Evaluation						How asses	ssed:	Measured e	.g. by GPS
☐ Wetlands potentially aff	fected by MDT project					9. Assess (AA) size (sment area		33.1
☐ Mitigation Wetlands: pr	re-construction					How asses	•	Measured e.	a by GPS
☑ Mitigation Wetlands: po	ost construction					now asses	sseu.	ivicasureu e.	g. by 01 3
Other									
40. Ole a differentia de Civil de la									
10. Classification of Wetlar	·	in AA							
HGM Class (Brinson)	Class (Cowardin)		Modifier (in)		Regime	% C	of AA
Slope	Emergent Wetland		Partly Drain	ned		Seasonal/	Intermittent		80
Slope	Scrub-Shrub Wetland		Partly Drain	ned		Seasonal/	Intermittent		20
11. Estimated Relative Abur	Common								
12. General Condition of A. i. Disturbance: (use matrix I aquatic nuisance vegetation	below to determine [circle] a	ppropri	ate response	- see inst	ruction	s for Montana	a-listed noxiou	us weed and	
aquatio Huisarios Vogotation	openies (Furt S) note)			Predo	minant o	conditions adjac	ent to (within 50	0 feet of) AA	
Conditions wit	ithin AA	natura hayed conve roads	ged in predomina al state; is not gra d, logged, or othe erted; does not co or buildings; and or ANVS cover is	azed, rwise ontain I noxious	mode selec subje few re	not cultivated, be erately grazed or stively logged; or ect to minor clear bads or buildings or ANVS cover	hayed or has been ring; contains s; noxious	or logged; sub placement, gra hydrological a	d or heavily grazed ject to substantial fill ading, clearing, or lteration; high road or ty; or noxious weed r is >=30%.
AA occurs and is managed in predomir grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise coroads or occupied buildings; and noxio <=15%.	onverted; does not contain	lo	ow disturbar	nce		low disturb	pance	moderate	e disturbance
AA not cultivated, but may be moderate selectively logged; or has been subject placement, or hydrological alteration; c noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=30%	t to relatively minor clearing, fill contains few roads or buildings;		moderate disturbance		_mc	oderate dist	turbance	high c	listurbance
AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logg substantial fill placement, grading, cleahigh road or building density; or noxio >=30%.	aring, or hydrological alteration;	hic	gh disturbar	nce		high disturl	bance	high d	isturbance
Comments: (types of disturk The wetland mitigation site wa existing wetlands, and reveget elevations appear to be losing	is recently constructed (2) tation. Existing wetlands (012 ar (pre-co	nd 2013) whi onstruction) v	vere pre	serve	d and rehabi	litated. Pres	erved wetland	l areas with higher
ii. Prominent noxious, aquat									
Euphorbia esula, Cirsium arve	. , ,					ulus arvensi	S		
ii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat The AA consists of pre-existing slope/depressional wetland areas located within a historic gravel pit/wetland site. Wetland mitigation constructed was completed in early spring 2013 and 2015 is the third monitoring year for the expanded wetland site. Land use surrounding the AA includes commercial developments, agriculture (grazing), transportation (railroad and interstate), and a shooting range within the site.									

13. Structural Diversity: (based on number of "Cowardin" vegetated classes present [do not include unvegetated classes], see #10 above) Modified Initial Is current management preventing (passive) existence of additional vegetated classes? Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA Rating R ating NA NΑ >=3 (or 2 if 1 is forested) classes NA Н 2 (or 1 if forested) classes NA NΑ NA Μ 1 dass, but not a monoculture М L YFS> <NO 1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises>=90% of total cover) NA NΑ NA Comments: Emergent wetland community is dominant with areas of scrub-shrub wetland. SECTION PERTAINING to FUNCTIONS VALUES ASSESSMEN 14A. Habitat for Federally Listed or Proposed Threatened or Endangered Plants or Animals: i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions): Primary or critical habitat (list species) \bigcirc D \bigcirc S Secondary habitat (list Species) Incidental habitat (list species) \bigcirc D \bigcirc S ✓ S No usable habitat ii. Rating (use the condusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Highest Habitat Level doc/primary sus/primary doc/secondary sus/secondary doc/incidental sus/incidental None Functional Points and .8H 1H .9H .7M .3L .1L 0L Rating USFWS list for species in Yellowstone County Sources for documented use 14B. Habitat for plant or animals rated S1, S2, or S3 by the Montana Natural Heritage Program: (not including species listed in14A above) i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions): Primary or critical habitat (list species) ● D ● S Plains spadefoot (S3) Secondary habitat (list Species) \bigcirc D \bigcirc S Incidental habitat (list species) No usable habitat ii. Rating (use the conclusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Highest Habitat Level doc/primary sus/primary doc/secondary sus/secondary doc/incidental sus/incidental None S1 Species: Functional Points and .7M 1H .8H .6M .2L .1L 0L

Rating S2 and S3 Species: Functional Points and .7M .6M .5M .2L 0L .9H .1L

Sources for documented use

Rating

Observed approximately 40 plains spadefoot during the 2013 site visit, none observed in subsequent site visits.

																			Mode	erate)	
bstantial (based	d on any	of the	followin	g [che	ck]):						Minin	nal (b	ased or	n any of	the follo	owing	check])	:				
observations of	of abun	dant wil	dlife #s	or higl	n specie	s diver	sity (dur	ing an	y period)	fe	w or n	o wildlit	e obsei	vations	during	peak u	se perio	ods			
abundant wild	llife sign	such a	s scat,	tracks,	nest st	ructure	s, game	trails,	etc.		lit	tle to r	no wildli	fe sign								
presence of e	xtremel	y limitin	g habita	t featu	ires not	availat	ole in the	surro	unding a	area	sp	arse a	adjacen	t upland	d food so	ources						
interviews with	h local b	oiologist	ts with k	nowle	dge of t	he AA					in	terviev	ws with	local bi	ologists	with kı	nowledg	ge of the	e AA			
derate (based o	on any c	of the fo	llowing	[check]):																	
observations	of scatte	ered wil	dlife gro	ups o	individ	uals or	relativel	y few s	species	during	peak pe	riods										
common occu	ırrence	of wildli	fe sign s	such a	s scat, t	racks,	nest stru	uctures	s, game	trails, e	etc.											
adequate adja	acent up	land fo	od sour	ces																		
interviews with	h local b	oiologist	s with k	nowle	dge of t	he AA																
. Wildlife habiom #13. For other in terms of the common terms of the common terms [] tructural	class c of their	over to perce	be con	nside positi	ered ev	enly d ne AA	listribut (see #	ed, th	e mos Abbrev	t and I	east pr s for su	evale ırface	ent veç water	jetate durati	d classons are	es mu e as fo	ist be sollows:	within 2 P/P =	20% o	f each		
iversity (see 13)				Hi	gh							Mode	erate					Lo	w			
lass cover istribution (all egetated lasses)		Eve	en			Une	ven			Eve	n			Une	ven			Eve	en			
uration of urface water in 1 0% of AA	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	А		
ow disturbance t AA (see #12i)	Е	Е	Е	Н	Е	E	Н	Н	Е	Н	Н	М	Е	Н	М	М	Е	Н	М	М		
oderate sturbance at AA	Н	н	н	н	Н	Н	Н	М	н	Н	М	М	Н	М	М	L	Н	М	L	L		
_																-						
igh disturbance	М	М	М	L	М	М	L	L	M	М	L	L	М	L	L	L	L	L	L	L		
igh disturbance AA (see #12i)	use th	e cond	clusio	ns fro	om i a	nd ii a	<u> </u>		_	ıtrix b	elow to	o arri	ive at	[chec	k] the	funct						
igh disturbance t AA (see #12i) ii. Rating (u	use th	e cond	clusio	ns fro		nd ii a	<u> </u>		_	ntrix b	elow to	o arri	ive at	[chec	k] the	funct) Low	
igh disturbance t AA (see #12i) ii. Rating (u	use th	e cond	clusio	ns fro	om i a	nd ii a	<u> </u>		_	ıtrix b	elow to	o arri	ive at	[chec	k] the	funct						
igh disturbance t AA (see #12i) ii. Rating (u Evidence of W Substantial	use th	e cond	clusio	ns fro	om i a	nd ii a	<u> </u>		_	atrix b V High	elow to	o arri	ive at	[chec	k] the	funct g (ii) derate					Low	
iii. Rating (UEVidence of V	use th	e cond	clusio	ns fro	om i a	nd ii a	<u> </u>		_	atrix b V High	elow to	o arri	ive at	[chec	k] the	funct g (ii) derate 8H					Low .7M	
see #12i) High disturbance at AA (see #1	Expectation of the state of the	e cond use (dlife u orts al	ns from EE	Dom i all Except 1E .9H .6N Assess preclu	nd ii a ional	ease for	and t	he ma	High-	elow truly iddifference in the second by the but her b	o arrive hab	ve at itat fe	[checicatures as vegents as vegents as vegents as lift].	k] the strating Moo	funct function functi	comes	points s more	e and r	rating blish	.7M .3L .1L ed and v	e AA
ii. Rating (UEvidence of Winimal D. General Full does used by the storable due to the NA here at the NA here a	Expected by fish by fish and pri	ect will rol effort lie.e., bitat cooceec	dlife u orts al	ns fro	1Except 1Except 1.9h .6M .6M .Asses precluor is r	o incrented.	ease for the street of the str	and t	bsequithe A culve a man	High 9 39 39 40 40 41 41 41 41 41 41 42 43 43 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	H A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	o arriing y	vears or the	as veç	k] the strating Moo	functing (ii) derate 8H 5M 2L tuation is not hent	on is "i	points s more	e and r	rating blish	.7M .3L .1L ed and v	e AA
ii. Rating (UEVidence of VI) Substantial Moderate Minimal D. General Fould be used be storable due:	Expected by fish to hak and purely an interest of the control of t	ect will rol effort lie.e., bitat cooceec	dlife u orts al	ns fro	1Except 1Except 1.9h .6M .6M .Asses precluor is r	o incrented.	ease for the street of the str	and t	bsequithe A culve a man	High 9 39 39 40 40 41 41 41 41 41 41 42 43 43 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	H A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	o arriing y	vears or the	as veç	k] the strating Moo	functing (ii) derate 8H 5M 2L tuation is not hent	on is "i	points s more	e and r	rating blish	.7M .3L .1L ed and v	e AA

i. Habitat Quality and	Known	/Suspec	ted Fish	Specie	s in A	A (usen	natrix to	arrive a	t[check	the funct	ional po	ints and	d rating)					
Duration of surface water in AA		Pe	rmanent / I	Perennial	l			Se	easonal /	Intermitten	t			Tem	porary/	Epheme	eral	
Aquatic hiding / resting / escape cover	Opt	timal	Adeq	uate	Po	oor	Opti	mal	Ade	quate	Po	or	Opti	mal	Adeo	quate	Po	oor
Thermal cover optimal/ suboptimal	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S
FWP Tier I fish species	1E	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.3L
FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L
FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L	.1L
FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species	.5M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.4M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.1L	.1L	.1L

Sources used for identifying fish sp. potentially fou	und in AA:									
ii. Modified Rating (NOTE: Modified score cannot exceed 1 or be less than 0.1) a) Is fish use of the AA significantly reduced by a culvert, dike, or other man-made structure or activity or is the waterbody included on the current final MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development with listed "Probable Impaired Uses" including cold or warm water fishery or aquatic life support, or do aquatic nuisance plant or animal species (see Appendix E) occur in fish habitat? Y No If yes, reduce score in i above by 0.1: Modified Rating b) Does the AA contain a documented spawning area or other critical habitat feature (i.e., sanctuary pool, upwelling area, etc specify in										
comments) for native fish or introduced game fish?	2 OY 🗑 N	If yes, add 0.1	to the adjusted seed Rating	score in i or iia abo	ve:					
iii. Final Score and Rating: Comments: No fish habitat present within the site; no perennial water										
14E. Flood Attenuation: (Applies only to wetlands subject to flooding via in-channel or overbank flow. If wetlands in AA are not flooded from inchannel or overbank flow, click NA here and proceed to 14F.)										
i. Rating (working from top to bottom, use the m	atrix below to arrive a	t [check] the function	nal points and ra	ating)						
Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment (Rosgen 1994, 1996)	Slightly entrenched stream type	I - C, D, E Mode	erately entrenche stream type		ed-A, F, G stream types					
% of flooded wetland classified as forested and/or scrub/shrub	75% 25-75%	<25% 75%	25-75%	<25% 75%	25-75% <25%					
AA contains no outlet or restricted outlet	1H .9H	.6M .8H	.7M	.5M .4M	.3L .2L					
AA contains unrestricted outlet	.9H .8H	.5M .7M	.6M	.4M .3L	.2L .1L					
										
Slightly Entrenched Moderately Entrenched Entrenched ER = >2.2 ER = 1.41 - 2.2 ER = 1.0 - 1.4										
C stream type D stream type E stream ty		am type	A stream type	F stream type	G stream type					
			—		•					
2 x Bankfull Dep	th Bankfull I	Depth	THE TRAIN	ood-prone Width ull Width						
Floodprone width	/ Bankfull		_	Entrenchment ratio						
ii. Are 10 acres of wetland in the AA subject to fl within 0.5 mile downstream of the AA (check)?	width looding AND are man-	-made features whi			floods located					
Comments: Wetlands are not subject to		annel or overba	ink flow as th	nere are no wate	erways on site.					
14F. Short and Long Term Surface Water upland surface flow, or groundwater flow. If 14G.)	er Storage: (Applies f no wetlands in the	s to wetlands that AA are subject to	flood or pond oflooding or po	from overbank or onding, dick	in-channel flow, pred	ipitation, d to				
i. Rating (Working from top to bottom, use										
water durations are as follows: P/P = perma further definitions of these terms].)	aneni/perenniai, 5/1		initerit, and 1/E	_ = тетпрогату/ерг	nemerai (see instructio	0115 101				
Estimated maximum acre feet of water contained in wetlands within the AA that are subject to periodic flooding or ponding	>5 acre feet		1.1 to 5 ac	cre feet	≤1 acre foot					
Don't a set	Time to the second	1		ī						

turtner definitions of these terms].)												
Estimated maximum acre feet of water contained in wetlands within the AA that are subject to periodic flooding or ponding		>5 acre feet			1.1 to 5 acre feet				≤1 acre foot			
Duration of surface water at wetlands within the AA	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E			
Wetlands in AA flood or pond 5 out of 10 years	1H	.9Н	.8H	.8H	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L			
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years	.9H	.8H	.7M	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L			

Comments: Estimated that AA ponds greater than 5 our of 10 years with approixmately 25 acres inundated to approximately 0.5 feet.

= low) .				tom, us	se the r	natrix b	elow to	arrive a	t [check	the f				0.			
	ent, nutr. within A	ient, and A	toxican	tinput	com	to delive npounds t substar	r levels of at levels ntially import nutrier	of sedim such th paired. No its or to	land use with potential nents, nutrients, or hat other functions are Minor sedimentation, xicants, or signs of present. development nutrients, or toxi with potential to compounds such Major sedimenta					rbody on MDEQ list of waterbodies in need elopment for "probable causes" related to so to so toxicants or AA receives or surroundin tential to deliver high levels of sediments, in nots such that other functions are substantial edimentation, sources of nutrients or toxicar of eutrophication present.				sediment, ling land u nutrients, ially impai
		land veg				≥ 70%			< 70	%			≥ 70				< 70)%
vider	ice of flo	oding / p	onaing	n AA	Yes	3	No	Ye	s	No		Yes	i	No		Yes	;	No
A cor	ntains no	or rest	ricted o	utlet	11	н .	8H	.71	л	.5M		.5N	1	.41	/	.3L		.2L
A co	ntains ur	nrestrict	ed outle	et	.9	н .	7M	.61	Л	.4M		.41	1	.31		.2L		.1L
H Seaina		t/ShoreI	ine Sta	bilizatio	n: (App	olies only	if AA oo	ccurs on	or within	the ban					ural or r NA he		de	
		rking fro			use the	e matrix	below to		at [check]								Ī	
orelir	e by spe	cies with s			Peri	manent / l	Perennial	Duration		asonal / In			_	emporary /	Enheme	ral		
6 (S 65%	ee Apper	naix F).			- 1 011	1H	1			.9H	_			.7				
						71				Ch				-	м			
-64%						.71	1			.6N								
35%	ents:	Wetla	ands do	o not oc	cur alo	.3L		k, open	water r	.2L		ct to wa	ve actic	·	IL			
mm 14l. i. L	ents: Production evel of the production of the	ction Ex Biologic sh Habit 14D.iii.)	port/Fo	ood Chai	n Supp	.3L ng strea	am ban	habitat	ratings [(14C.iii.)	.2L		ct to wa	ve actio	·	_			
35% mm 14l. i. L	ents: Produce evel of neral Fis	ction Ex Biologic sh Habit 14D.iii.)	port/Fo	ood Chai vity (synt G E/H	n Supp	.3L ng strea	and fish	habitat	ratings [(.2L		ct to wa	ve actio	·	_			
35% mm 14l. i. L	ents: Production evel of the serial Fise serial fixed (1)	ction Ex Biologic sh Habit 14D.iii.)	port/Fo	ood Chai vity (synt G E/H H	n Supp	.3L ng strea	and fish Habitat M	habitat	ratings [.2L check])		ct to wa	ve actic	·	_			
14I. i. L Ger	ents: Production evel of the first stating (1) E/H	ction Ex Biologic sh Habit 14D.iii.)	port/Fo	ood Chai	n Supp	.3L ng strea	and fish Habitat M	habitat	ratings [.2L		ct to wa	ve actio	·	_			
mm 14l. i. L Ger F	ents: Production E/H M L N// ting (W) d composite counts out the struction	A A Orking fronent in thet; the first for furning for form to the first for form the form the first for furning furning for furning furning for furning furn	oom top the AA; the detailed com	Proof Chair Figure 1	n Supp	.3L ng strea	and fish Habitat M H M Schelow togical act on of sur	habitat Rating o arrive ivity ratiface wa	ratings [.2L check])	subjectional li.i.); Fare P/P,	points ar	nd rating	. Factor a or not the as previous	A = acruse AA cousty de	ontains a	surface	e or
mmm 14I. i. L Ger F	ents: Production E/H M L N// ting (W) d composite counts out the struction	Biologic sh Habit 14D.iii.) H A orking fronent in tilet; the first for fur	oom top the AA; the detailed com	Prod Chair Figure 1	n Supponeneral n, use the selection to of these acres	.3L ng strea	and fish Habitat M H M Schelow togical act on of sur	habitat Rating o arrive ivity ratii	ratings [(14C.iii.) at [checled at [chec	.2L check])	ctional I.i.); Fare P/P,	points ar	nd rating	Factor or not the as previous Vege	A = acrie AA cously de	ontains a fined, ar	surface nd A = "a	e or
mmm 14I. i. L Ger F	ents: Production Production Production E/H M L N// ting (W d comportance out struction Hi	A Orking fronent in Stort fur fur for fur Vegagh	om top the AA; inal thre ther del	Prod Chair G E/H H H H to bottom Factor E er rows p initions c eponent >5	n Supp	.3L ng strea port: f wildlife Wildlife me matrix of biologo o duratic terms].)	and fish Habitat M H Gebelow togical actor of sur	habitat Rating o arrive ivity ratii face wa	ratings [i (14C.iii.) at [checling from a ter in the letated commodule.	.2L check]) M L L d] the fun	ctional I.i.); Fare P/P,	points ar actor C = S/I, and	nd rating whether T/E are	. Factor of root the as previous Vegg	A = acrose AA cousty de	ontains a fined, ar ponent <1 erate	surface ad A = "a	e or absent"
35% 14I. i. L Ger F	ents: Production (Wastruction	A A Orking from the first for fullet; the fi	om top the AA; inal ther detetated com Moc Yes	H H H H Obotton Factor E er rows p initions of exponent >5	n Supp eneral	.3L ng strea	and fish Habitat M H M M Scoperation of sur	o arrive ivity ratinface was	ratings [(14C.iii.) at [checling from a ter in the letated com Mod Yes	.2L check]) M L L d] the fun	ctional I.i.); Fare P/P,	points ar ictor C = S/I, and	nd rating whether T/E are	. Factor Arror not the as previous veggh	A = acruse AA cousty de Modry'es	pontains a fined, ar ponent <1 erate No	surface acre L Yes	e or absent"

B-37

Comments: Surface outlet draining wetlands down-slope to meadow below site.

14J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge: (check the appropriate indicators in i & ii below) i. Discharge Indicators ii. Recharge Indicators Permeable substrate present without underlying impeding layer The AA is a slope wetland Springs or seeps are known or observed Wetland contains inlet but no outlet Vegetation growing during domant season/drought Stream is a known 'losing' stream; discharge volume decreases Wetland occurs at the toe of a natural slope Other: Seeps are present at the wetland edge AA permanently flooded during drought periods Wetland contains an outlet, but no inlet Shallow water table and the site is saturated to the surface Other: iii. Rating (use the information from i and ii above and the table below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Duration of saturation at AA Wetlands FROM GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE OR WITH WATER THAT IS RECHARGING THE GROUNDWATER SYSTEM Criteria P/P None **Groundwater Discharge or Recharge** 1H 4M .1L .7M Insufficient Data/Information **Comments:** Saturation observed in portions of AA during dry season/drought conditions. 14K. Uniqueness: i. Rating (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) AA does not contain previously AA contains fen, bog, warm springs cited rare types and structural AA does not contain previously Replacement potential or mature (>80 yr-old) forested diversity (#13) is high or contains cited rare types or associations wetland or plant association listed plant association listed as "S2" by and structural diversity (#13) is as "S1" by the MTNHP the MTNHP low-moderate Estimated relative abundant abundant abundant commo common rare common rare rare abundance (#11) n Low disturbance at AA .9H .8H 1H .8H .6M .5M .5M .4M .3L (#12i) Moderate disturbance at .4M .9H .8H .7M .7M .5M .4M .3L .2L AA (#12i) High disturbance at AA .8H .6M .4M .7H .6M .3L .3L .1L .2L (#12i) Comments: 14L. Recreation/Education Potential: (affords "bonus" points if AA provides recreation or education opportunity) i. Is the AA a known or potential rec./ed. site: (check) Y NО (if 'Yes' continue with the evaluation; if 'No' then click NA here and proceed to the overall summary and rating page) Check categories that apply to the AA: 🔽 Educational/scientific study; 🔲 Consumptive rec.; 🔽 Non-consumptive rec.; I Other iii. Rating (use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Known or Potential Recreation or Education Area Known Potential Public ownership or public easement with general public access (no permission required) .15H 2H Private ownership with general public access (no permission required) .15H .1M Private or public ownership without general public access, or requiring permission for public access .1M .05L Comments: Access is permitting without permission with the exception of the police shooting range. **General Site Notes** Pre-construction wetland areas appear to be transitioning into upland as the site appears to be losing hydrology and the vegetation communities are transitioning into upland.

Function & Value Variables	Rating	Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: (Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage)	Indicate the four most prominent functions with an asterisk (*)
A. Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	L	0	1	0	
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	Н	.9	1	29.79	V
C. General Wildlife Habitat	L	.3	1	9.93	
D. General Fish Habitat	NA	0	0	0	
E. Flood Attenuation	NA	0	0	0	
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	Н	.9	1	29.79	V
G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	Н	.9	1	29.79	V
H. Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	NA	0	0	0	
Production Export/Food Chain Support	М	.6	1	19.86	
J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	М	.7	1	23.17	V
K. Uniqueness	L	.2	1	6.62	
L. Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	Н	.2	NA	6.62	
Totals:		4.7	8	155.57	
Percent of Possible Score			58.75 %		

Category I Wetland: (must satisfy one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II) Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; or Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; or Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation and answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; or Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).	
Category II Wetland: (Criteria for Category I not satisfied and meets any one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV) Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; or "High" to "Exceptional" ratings for both General Wildlife Habitat and General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; or Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; or Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).	
Category III Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)	
Category IV Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; otherwise go to Category III) "Low" rating for Uniqueness; and Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); and Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).	

OVERALL ANALYSIS AREA RATING: (check appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above)

I II	III	IV
------	-----	----

Kindsfater 2015 Wetland Mitigation Monit	orina	Report
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Appendix C

Project Area Photographs

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Kindsfater Yellowstone County, Montana



Photo Point 1

Location: Wetland Cell 14

Bearing: 280 Degrees

Taken in 2013



Photo Point 1

Location: Wetland Cell 14

Bearing: 280 Degrees Taken in 2014



Photo Point 1

Location: Wetland Cell 14

Bearing: 280 Degrees

Taken in 2015



Photo Point 2

Location: Wetland Cell 13

Bearing: 280 Degrees Taken in 2013



Photo Point 2

Location: Wetland Cell 13

Bearing: 280 Degrees Taken in 2014



Photo Point 2

Location: Wetland Cell 13

Bearing: 280 Degrees

Taken in 2015



Photo Point 3

Location: Wetland Cell 9

Bearing: 0 Degrees

Taken in 2013



Photo Point 3

Location: Wetland Cell 9

Bearing: 0 Degrees Taken in 2014



Photo Point 3

Location: Wetland Cell 9

Bearing: 0 Degrees



Photo Point 4

Location: Wetland Cell 12

Bearing: 200 Degrees Taken in 2013



Photo Point 4

Location: Wetland Cell 12

Bearing: 200 Degrees Taken in 2014



Photo Point 4

Location: Wetland Cell 12

Bearing: 200 Degrees

Taken in 2015



Photo Point 5

Location: Wetland Cell 11

Bearing: 10 Degrees

Taken in 2013



Photo Point 5

Location: Wetland Cell 11

Bearing: 10 Degrees

Taken in 2014



Photo Point 5

Location: Wetland Cell 11

Bearing: 10 Degrees



Photo Point 6

Location: Wetland Cell 10

Bearing: 150 Degrees Taken in 2013



Photo Point 6

Location: Wetland Cell 10

Bearing: 150 Degrees Taken in 2014



Photo Point 6

Location: Wetland Cell 10

Bearing: 150 Degrees

Taken in 2015



Photo Point 7

Location: Wetland Cell 5

Bearing: 90 Degrees

Taken in 2013



Photo Point 7

Location: Wetland Cell 5

Bearing: 90 Degrees Taken in 2014



Photo Point 7

Location: Wetland Cell 5

Bearing: 90 Degrees

Taken in 2015



Photo Point 8

Location: Wetland Cell 2

Bearing: 315 Degrees

Taken in 2013



Photo Point 8

Location: Wetland Cell 2

Bearing: 315 Degrees Taken in 2014



Photo Point 8

Location: Wetland Cell 2

Bearing: 315 Degrees



Photo Point 9

Location: Wetland Cell 1

Bearing: 90 Degrees

Taken in 2013



Photo Point 9

Location: Wetland Cell 1

Bearing: 90 Degrees Taken in 2014



Photo Point 9

Location: Wetland Cell 1

Bearing: 90 Degrees



Photo Point 10

Location: Wetland Cell 3

Bearing: 140 Degrees Taken in 2013



Photo Point 10

Location: Wetland Cell 3

Bearing: 140 Degrees Taken in 2014



Photo Point 10

Location: Wetland Cell 3

Bearing: 140 Degrees



Photo Point 11

Location: Wetland Cell 7

Bearing: 150 Degrees

Taken in 2013



Photo Point 11

Location: Wetland Cell 7

Bearing: 150 Degrees Taken in 2014



Photo Point 11

Location: Wetland Cell 7

Bearing: 150 Degrees



Photo Point 12

Location: Wetland Cell 6

Bearing: 230 Degrees

Taken in 2013



Photo Point 12

Location: Wetland Cell 6

Bearing: 230 Degrees Taken in 2014



Photo Point 12

Location: Wetland Cell 6

Bearing: 230 Degrees



Transect 1 – Start

Location: Wetland Cell 14

Bearing: 240 Degrees

Taken in 2013



Transect 1 - Start

Location: Wetland Cell 14

Bearing: 240 Degrees

Taken in 2014



Transect 1 – Start

Location: Wetland Cell 14

Bearing: 240 Degrees

Taken in 2015



Transect 1 - Finish

Location: Wetland Cell 14

Bearing: 50 Degrees

Taken in 2013



Transect 1 - Finish

Location: Wetland Cell 14

Bearing: 50 Degrees

Taken in 2014



Transect 1 - Finish

Location: Wetland Cell 14

Bearing: 50 Degrees

Taken in 2015



Transect 2 – Start

Location: Wetland Cell 8

Bearing: 225 Degrees

Taken in 2013



Transect 2 - Start

Location: Wetland Cell 8

Bearing: 225 Degrees

Taken in 2014



Transect 2 - Start

Location: Wetland Cell 8

Bearing: 225 Degrees

Taken in 2015



Transect 2 - Finish

Location: Wetland Cell 8

Bearing: 40 Degrees

Taken in 2013



Transect 2 - Finish

Location: Wetland Cell 8

Bearing: 40 Degrees

Taken in 2014



Transect 2 - Finish

Location: Wetland Cell 8

Bearing: 40 Degrees

Taken in 2015



Transect 3 – Start

Location: Wetland Cell 4

Bearing: 290 Degrees

Taken in 2013



Transect 3 - Start

Location: Wetland Cell 4

Bearing: 290 Degrees

Taken in 2014



Transect 3 - Start

Location: Wetland Cell 4

Bearing: 290 Degrees

Taken in 2015



Transect 3 - Finish

Location: Wetland Cell 8

Bearing: 110 Degrees

Taken in 2013



Transect 3 - Finish

Location: Wetland Cell 8

Bearing: 110 Degrees

Taken in 2014



Transect 3 - Finish

Location: Wetland Cell 8

Bearing: 110 Degrees

Taken in 2015



Data point: K-1w

Location: Veg community 5

Data point: K-1u

Location: Veg community 1

Taken in 2015

Data point: K-2w

Taken in 2015

Location: Veg community 2



Data point: K-2u

Location: Veg community 1

Taken in 2015



Data point: K-2w

Location: Veg community 2

Taken in 2015

Kindsfater 2015 Wetland Mitigation Monit	orina	Report
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Appendix D

Project Plan Sheets

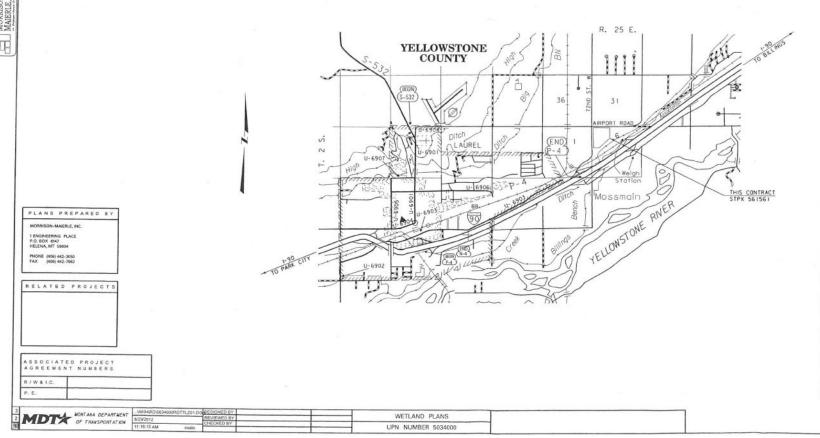
MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Kindsfater Yellowstone County, Montana

COUNTY AND SECRET SERVICES SECRET SERVICES SECRET S

MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. STPX 56(56) AQUATIC RESOURCES MITIGATION KINDSFATER WETLAND YELLOWSTONE COUNTY

LETTING DATE -



MORRISON-MAIERLE, INC.

JULIAN PHILLIP JOHN FORES OF THE STATE OF THE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

WETLAND PLANS	SHEET NO.
TITLE SHEET	1
TABLE OF CONTENTS	2
NOTES	2
LINEAR & LEVEL DATA	2
CONTROL DIAGRAM	3
SUMMARIES GRADING REVEGETATION	4
SURFACING CONSTRUCTION SURVEY & LAYOUT FENCING	4
REVEGETATION OVERVIEW	5
PROPOSED SITE OVERVIEW	6
SHOOTING RANGE PLAN	7
WETLAND CELL 1	8
WETLAND CELL 2	9
WETLAND CELL 3	10
WETLAND CELL 4	1.1
WETLAND CELL 5	12
WETLAND CELL 6	13
WETLAND CELL 7	14
WETLAND CELL 8	15
WETLAND CELL 9	16
WETLAND CELL 10	17
WETLAND CELL 11	18
WETLAND CELL 12	19
SWALES ADDITIVE ALTERNATE	20 21-25

NOTES

TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

REFER TO SECTION 208 OF THE MOT DETAILED DRAWINGS FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES.

ALL INSTALLED TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MATERIALS IN DR ADJACENT TO MATERS OF THE U.S. MUST BE COMPOSED AND CONSTRUCTED OF 100% BIODEGRADABLE FIBERS, NETTING AND STITCHING.

CLEARING AND GRUBBING

CLEAR AND GRUB TO STAXED GRADING LIMITS. INCLUDE THE COST OF CLEARING AND GRUBBING IN THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR UNCLASSFIED EXCAVATION.

WETLANDS

WETLANDS EXIST ADJACENT TO THE ROADWAY AND BEYOND THE PROJECT WELLANDS EXIST ADJACENT TO THE ROADWAY AND BEYOND THE PROJECT LIMITS, METLAND AREAS AND PERMITTED WELLAND IMPACT AREAS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS HAVE BEEN DELEMENTED AND ARE SHOWN ON THE PLANS. ANY ACTION IMPACTING WETLAND AREAS WITHOUT THE APPROPRIATE PERMITTING IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.



PERMITTED WETLAND IMPACTED AREAS

SOILS INFORMATION

THE PLAN SHEETS INCLUDE MONITORING WELL LOCATIONS WHERE SOIL INFORMATION HAS BEEN RECORDED. THE COMPLETE SOIL BORING LOOS FOR THESE LOCATIONS ARE INCLUDED IN THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS. TO OBTAIN ANY ADDITIONAL AVAILABLE INFORMATION. CONTACT THE MOT GEOTECHNICAL SECTION AT (406) 444-5281.

UTILITIES

CALL THE UTILITIES UNDERGROUND LOCATION CENTER (1-800-424-5555) OR OTHER NOTIFICATION SYSTEM FOR THE MARKING AND LOCATION OF ALL LINES AND SERVICES

SURVEY DATA

DTM FILES FORMATTED FOR TRIMBLE, LEICA, AND TOPCON SURVEY CONTROLLERS ARE AVALABLE UPON REGUEST. CONTACT WADE SALYARDS, MOT WETLAND ENGINEER. AT 444-0451.

COMBINATION SCALE FACTOR

ALL COORDINATES ARE STATE PLANE (SEE CONTROL DIAGRAM). CSF FOR THE PROJECT IS 0. 99948655.

TOPSOIL SALVAGING AND PLACING

TOPSOIL QUANTITIES SHOWN IN THE PLANS ARE SUFFICIENT TO RE-TOPSOIL IN AREAS WHERE CUTS OF FILLS EXCEED 1 FOOT. ALL REMAINING GRADING IS CONSIDERED UNCLASSE FOR EXCAVATION. COORDINATE TABLE ELEVATIONS ARE TO FINISHED GRADE FOLLOWING TOPSOIL PLACEMENT.

MONITORING WELLS

ALL MONITOR WELLS ARE TO BE LEFT IN PLACE UNDISTURBED.

LINEAR & LEVEL DATA

BEARING SOURCE

LEVEL DATUM SOURCE

NAVD 88

BENCH MARKS

SEE CONTROL TRAVERSE ABSTRACT FOR BENCHMARK INFORMATION

nesigner av				
2 MDT OF TRANSPORTATION 91/2/2012 CHECKED BY CHECKED BY	WETLAND PLANS		KINDSFATER WETLAND	PROJECT NO. STPX 56(56)
1 855.45 AM CPS - U2160	YELLOWSTONE COUNTY	CSF = 0.999	655 UPN NUMBER 5034000	SHEET 2 OF 25

CONTROL DIAGRAM



IN ADDITION, ALL NEW PROJECT MARKS ESTABLISHED IN THIS SURVEY (ASO34 THROUGH JS0341 WERE CONSTRAINED VERTICALLY, USING THE ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHTS DERIVED FROM DIFFERENTIAL LEVELING.

NOTE: FILE SOJASUCONZOZ. FT CONTAINS FINAL STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF MARKS IN THE VICINITY OF THIS PROJECT. HORIZONTAL COORDINATES IN THIS FILE ARE INTERNATIONAL FEET AND ELEVATIONS ARE US SURVEY FEET.

ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON MAYDAB DATUM. THIS DATUM IS APPROXIMATELY 2.64 FEET HIGHER THAN NGVD29 DATUM HYDRAULICS SHOULD BE AWARE OF THIS IF A DESIGNATED FLOODPLAIN IS INVOLVED. THE GEOID WAS MODELED USING GEOIDDS.

N DRDER 10 MAINTAIN A RELATIVE ACCURACY OF 1:50000, ONE COMBINATION SCALE FACTOR CAN BE USED FOR THIS PROJECT. THIS COMBINATION SCALE FACTOR IS 0.99946555, AND IS DENTICAL TO THE CSF USED FOR N 5174 (MOSSMAN NETRICHANGE-EAST).

THIS CSF MUST BE USED FOR ALL PICK UP SURVEYS, COORDINATE CALCULATIONS, ETC; AS WELL AS STAKING OF THE PROJECT. ALL KASSINED DISTANCES X CSF-CRB DISTANCE AND GRB DISTANCE OR PLANE DISTANCE/XCSF-DISTANCE TO

· 1	LAUREL AIRPORT ROAD	05034 △	E5034		F5034△
		°C5034	į.	△ _{G5034}	
STREET MEST	K NOSFATER WETLAND		Н5034 Д		
SANK.	6.00	Δ,5034			
ET CAP T POST					
ORT	STA .				
PORT 7		A5034			
7 F ING		10004			

		- 9	CONTRO	L MARK ABSTRACT
POINT NAME/NUMBER	N OR Y COORD INATE	E OR X COORDINATE	POINT	LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION
A5174	523, 803, 624	2, 172, 357, 202	3, 256. 70	FOUND 2" ALUMINUM MOT CAP FLUSH WITH GROUND STAMPED ASIT4 2006, AT MP 0. I ON FRONTAGE ROAD (ACCESS TO SHOTGUN WILLE'S), 29" SOUTH OF CENTER LINE OF DITCH BANK
05174	529, 332, 412	2, 180, 147, 638	3, 232, 42	FOUND 2" ALUMINUM CAP FLUSH WITH GROUND STAMPED D5174 2006, AT MP 1,9 ON FRONTAGE RDAD, 31' SOUTH OF CENTERLINE OF FRONTAGE RDAD, 8' WEST OF WITNESS POST IN EAST/WEST FENCE.
A5034	524, 852, 310	2, 173, 106, 557	3, 254, 86	SET 2° ALUMINUM CAP FLUSH WITH GROUND STAMPED ASO34. ON EAST SIDE OF TEND STREET APROX. 150 FEET SOUTH OF RAL ROAD CROSSING AND 20 FEET SOUTH OF CHEVRON SIGN. CAF 15 4.5 FEET EAST OF X MARKED IN GUARDRAU, 0.4 MILES EAST OF EXIT OVER PAST.
B5034	526, 657, 762	2, 173, 080, 639	3, 296, 48	SET 2" ALUMNUM CAP FLUSH WITH GROUNG STAMPED BEOM 2006, 0.8 MEES EAST OF EXIT OVERPASS, DN EAST SIGE OF 72MO STREET, ACROSS THE ROAD FROM DRIVE MAY, A GATE POS BEARS SOUTHWEST 80.5 FEET. TO THE SOUTHWEST 76, O FEET IS ANOTHER OATE POST, CAP PALLS 8.8 FEET LAST OF EDDE OF PAYEMENT.
C5034	528, 208, 189	2, 173, 072, 093	3, 297, 52	SET 2" ALUMINUM CAP FLUSH WITH GROUND STAMPED C5034 2006, 486 FEET SOUTH OF INTERSECTION TO TEND AND AIRPORT ROAD. 21.4 FEET TO EDGE OF PAVEMENT, AND 25.2 FEET NORTH EAST OF SIGN POST.
05034	528, 684, 449	2, 173, 841, 523	3, 295, 61	SET 2" ALUMINUM CAP FLUSH WITH GROUND STAMPED D5034 2006, ON SOUTH SIDE OF AIRPORT ROAD, 780 FEET EAST OF INTERSECTION OF AIRPORT ROAD AND 72ND STREET, 16,4 FEET FROM EDGE OF PAYEWENT. A POWER POLE IS 43.2 FFET WEST OF CAP.
E5034	528, 653, 209	2, 174, 616, 514	3, 309, 16	SET 2" ALUMINUM CAP FLUSH WITH GROUND STAMPED E5034 2006. ON TOP OF BERM ON SOUTH SIDE OF AIRPORT ROAD, AND ACROSS FROM THE CEMENT PLANT. POMER POLE IS S56'36' M, T1.7 FEET, AND ANDTHER AT N64'E, 92.2 FEET
F5034	528, 704, 550	2, 176, 801, 405	3, 289. 05	SET 2" ALUMINUM CAP FLUSH WITH GROUND STAMPED F5034 2006, ON SOUTH SIDE OF AIRPOR ROAD, APROX, IS FEET WEST OF GATE ON FENCE LINE, 5 FEET NORTH OF FENCE, AND 0.7 MILES EAST OF INTERSECTION TO 72ND STREET AND AIRPORT ROAD.
C5034	528, 245, 613	2, 175, 462, 622	3, 293, 63	SET 2" ALUMINUM CAP FLUSH WITH CROUND STAMPED G5034 2006, ON SOUTH SIDE OF AIRPORT ROAD, APROX. IS FEET WEST OF GATE ON FENCE LINE. 5 FEET NORTH OF FENCE, AND 0.7 MILES EAST OF INTERSECTION TO 72ND STREET AND AIRPORT ROAD.
H5034	527, 548. 136	2, 174, 827, 935	3, 294, 80	SET 2" ALUMINUM CAP FLUSH WITH GROUND STAMPED HOOJE 2006, ON TOP OF SMALL BLUFF, HOS FEET EAST OF THE TOP OF SLOPE, AND 71 FEET SOUTH OF THE TOP OF SLOPE LOOKING TOWARD THE RAL ROAD TRACKS.
J5034	526, 653, 710	2, 173, 801, 670	3, 274. 02	ALL DENDU AND THANKS HIT CROUND STAMPED JSD34, ON THE TOP OF A SMALL BLUFF 200 FEST OF MALL CREEK COMING OUT OF THE MAIN WEILAND AREA. A PATCH OF COTTONWOOD TREES ARE ABOUT 40 FEST SOUTH OF CAP, FROM WHICH YOU CAN SEE ASD34, NEAR THE RAIL ROAD TRACK A
0 44	533, 384, 189	2, 170, 421. 056	3, 304, 07	FOUND NGS BENCH MARK DISC MARKED "O 44 1931" IN TOP OF CONCRETE MONUMENT PER DATA

| 3 | 2 | MONTANA DEPARTMENT | CISQUES | CONTINUE | CISQUES | CONTINUE | CONT

D-3

A5174A

MORRISON MAIERLE INC

AD517

SUMMARY

		(GRADI	NG
		cubic y	ards*	
STATION	UNCL. EXC.	UNCL. BORROW	EMB.	REMARKS
-			230	SHOOTING RANGE BERM
	4,710			WETLAND CELL I
	3,890			WETLAND CELL 2
	3,275			WETLAND CELL 3
	6,670			WETLAND CELL 4
	3,715			WETLAND CELL 5
	4, 265			WETLAND CELL 6
	3,560			WETLAND CELL 7
	5,375			WETLAND CELL B
	4, 355			WETLAND CELL 9
	2, 330			WETLAND CELL 10
	1,660			WETLAND CELL 11
	3,500			WETLAND CELL 12
	885		65	SWALES
TOTAL	48, 190		# 295	

^{*}QUANTITIES SHOWN ARE IN-PLACE, NO SHRINK/SWELL FACTORS HAVE BEEN APPLIED. # FOR INFORMATION ONLY

				REVEGET	ATION				
STATION		bic rds*		acres		TREE & SHRUB PLANTING			
	WETLAND SOIL	TOPSOIL SALVAGING	WETLANI	SEEDING	CONDITION		REMARKS		
	SALVAGE	& PLACING	WETLAND	UPLAND	7				
						1,0	BASE BID AREA		
		50					SHCOTING RANGE BERM"*		
		750					WETLAND CELL I		
		660					WETLAND CELL 2		
		560					WETLAND CELL 3		
		1, 375					WETLAND CELL 4		
		720					WETLAND CELL 5		
		860					WETLAND CELL 6		
		800					WETLAND CELL 7		
		1,290					WETLAND CELL 8		
		820					WETLAND CELL 9		
		600					WETLAND CELL 10		
		540					WETLAND CELL 11		
		850					WETLAND CELL 12		
		565					SWALES		
	-		28.1		28.1		WETLAND AREAS		
TOTAL		10, 440	28. 1		28.1	1.0***			

 ⁶⁻INCH SALVAGE DEPTH.
 SALVAGE AND PLACE TOPSOIL FROM THE STOCKPILES ALONG LAUREL AIRPORT ROAD (SEE SPECIAL PROVISIONS).
 SEE SHEET 5.

(CONSTRU	JCTION	SURVEY & LAYOUT
STAT	ION	lump sum	REMARKS
FROM	то	1	
		1.0	BASE BID SURVEY
TOT	AL	1.0	

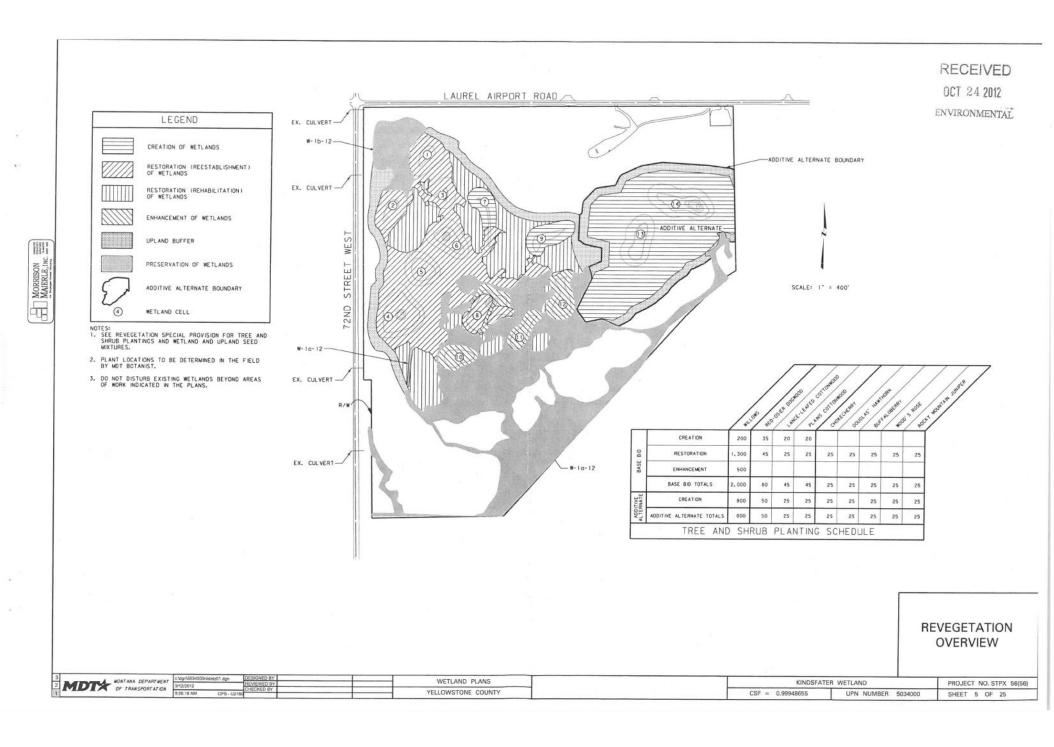
							SURF	ACING							
		linear feet			tons			AGGREGATE B			BITUMINOUS MATERIAL		AGG. TREATMENT	square	
					(9992)		square yards	tons	cubic	yards	to	ns	tons	yards	
	GROSS	NET	*	-	FOR	HYDRATED LIME	COVER GRADE 4A	PLANT MIX BIT. SURF. GRADE D	CRUSHED AGG. COURSE	TRAFFIC GRAVEL	ASPHALT CEMENT PG 64-28	SEAL CRS-2P	DUST PALLIATIVE	BIT. PAVEMENT REMOVAL	REMARKS
									25						EXISTING ACCESS ROAD
TOTAL									25					-	

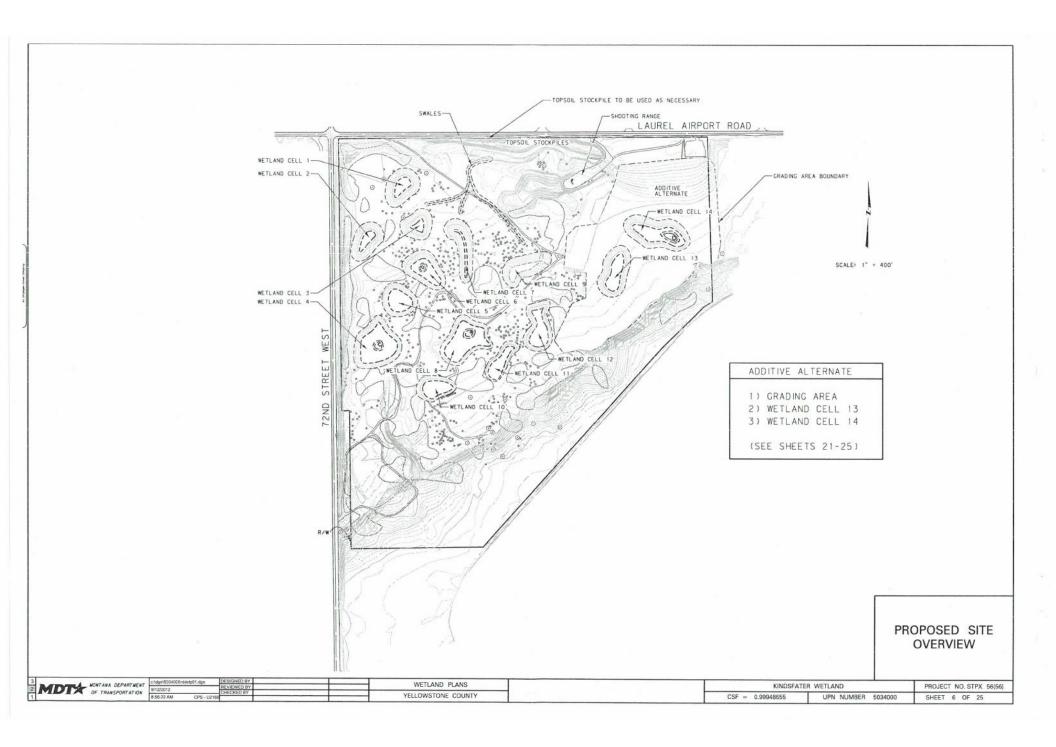
NOTE: SEE ACCESS ROAD SECTION FOR CRUSHED AGGREGATE THICKNESS

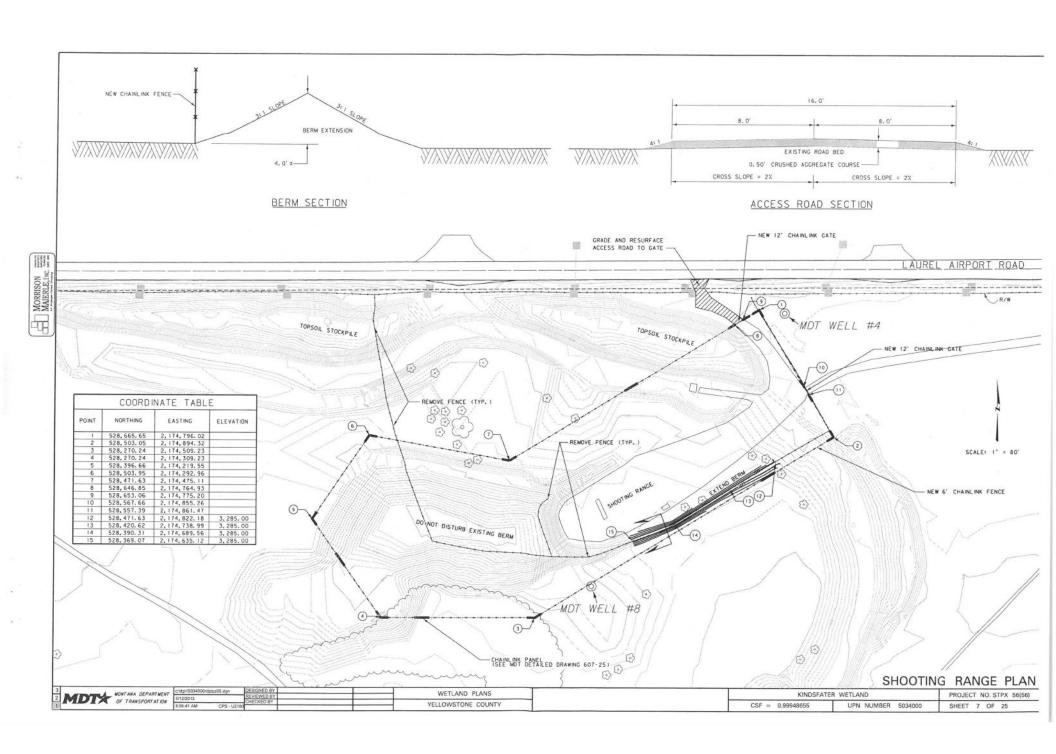
							FE	NCING					
STATION		linear feet				08	ich		linear feet				
	CI	CHAIN LINK FENCE			CHAIN LINK PANEL		FARM FENCE PANEL		REMOVE	CHAIN L	INK GATE	Transcorting	REMARKS
	4'0"	5°0°	6.04	FENCE	SINGLE	DOUBLE	SINGLE	DOUBLE	FENCE*	SINGLE	DOUBLE	METAL TYPE G-3	
			1,401		4	11			1,179		24		SHOOTING RANGE
TOTAL			1,401		4	11			~		24		

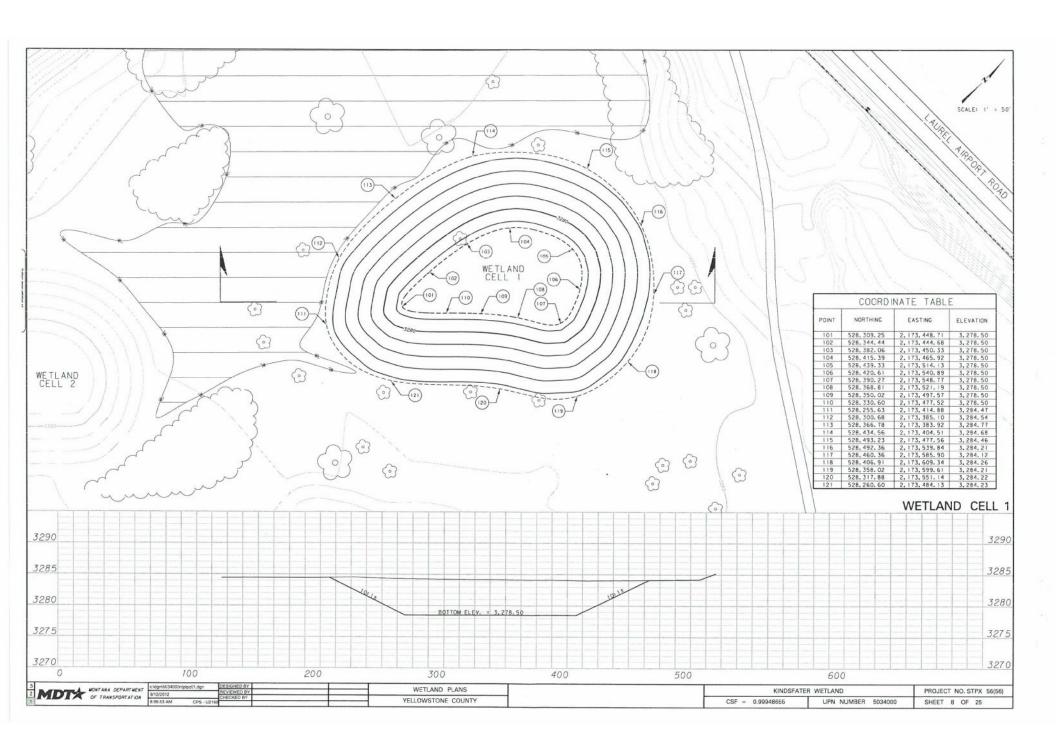
^{*} FOR INFORMATION ONLY

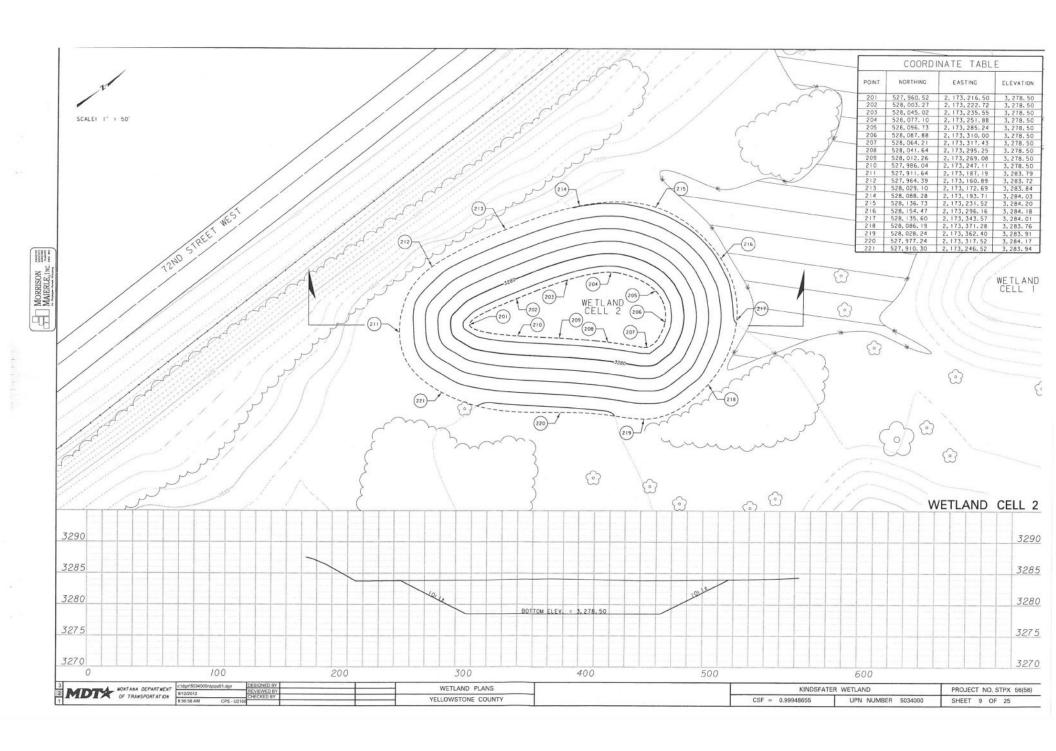
Mond	ADT WONT ANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	DEPARTMENT c:\dgni5034000rdsumz01.dgn	REVIEWED BY	WETLAND PLANS	KINDSFATER	WETLAND	PROJECT NO. STPX 56(56)
MUIX	OF TRANSPORTATION	8:56:02 AM CPS - U2160	CHECKED BY	YELLOWSTONE COUNTY	CSF = 0.99948655	UPN NUMBER 5034000	SHEET 4 OF 25

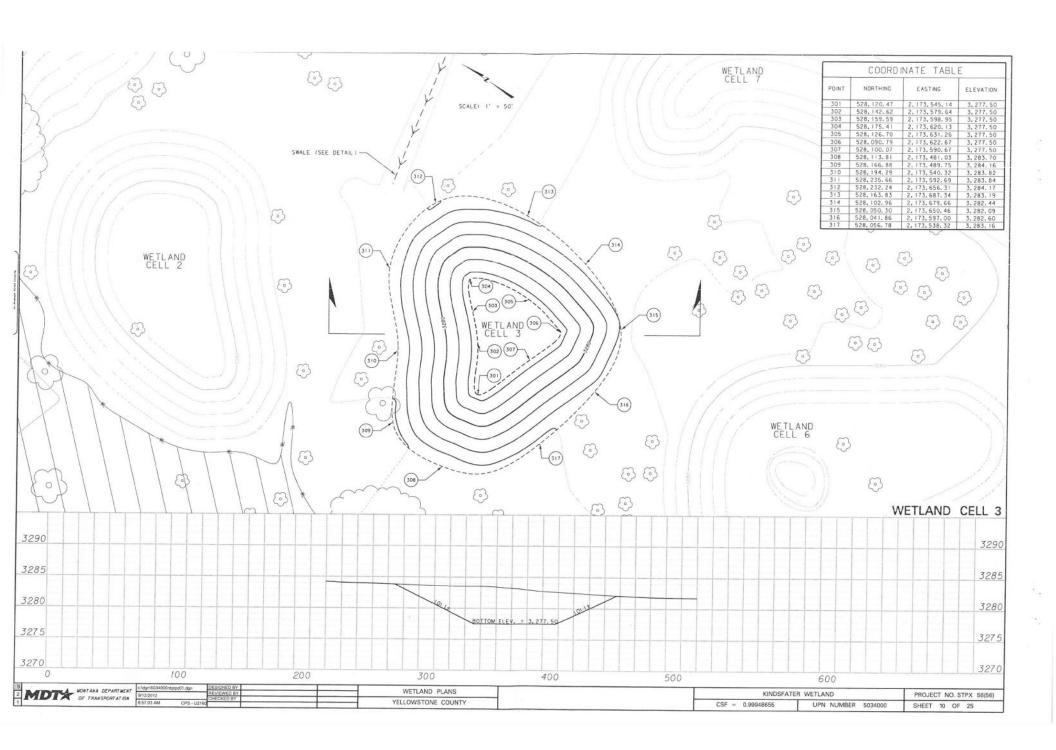


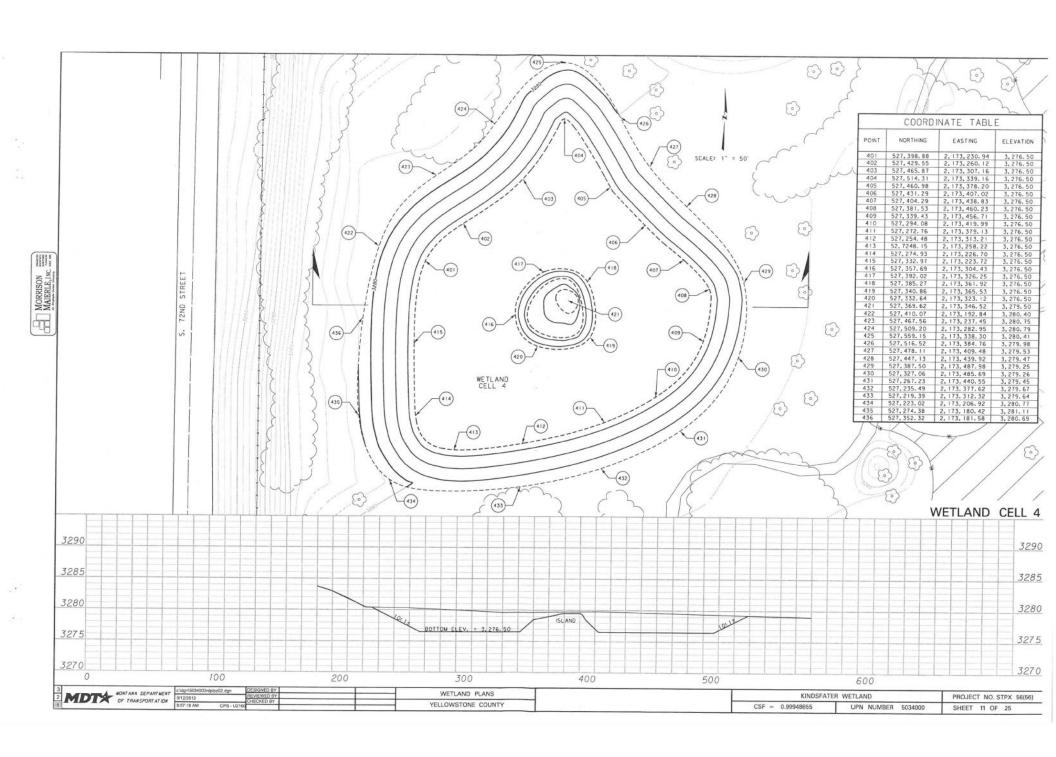


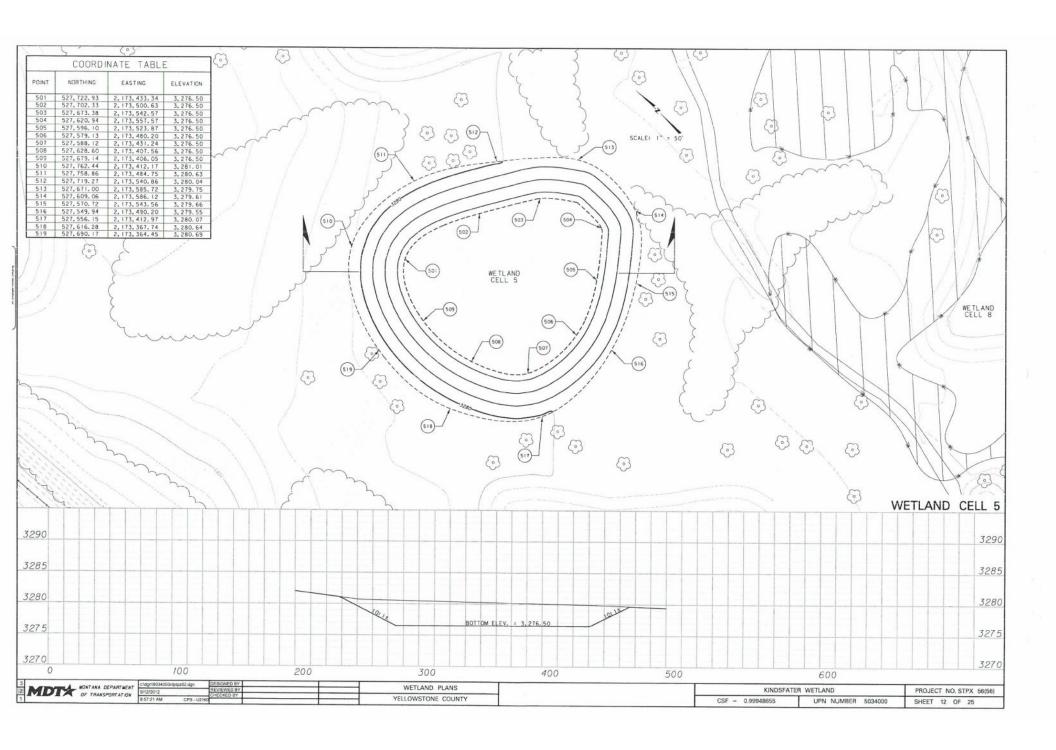


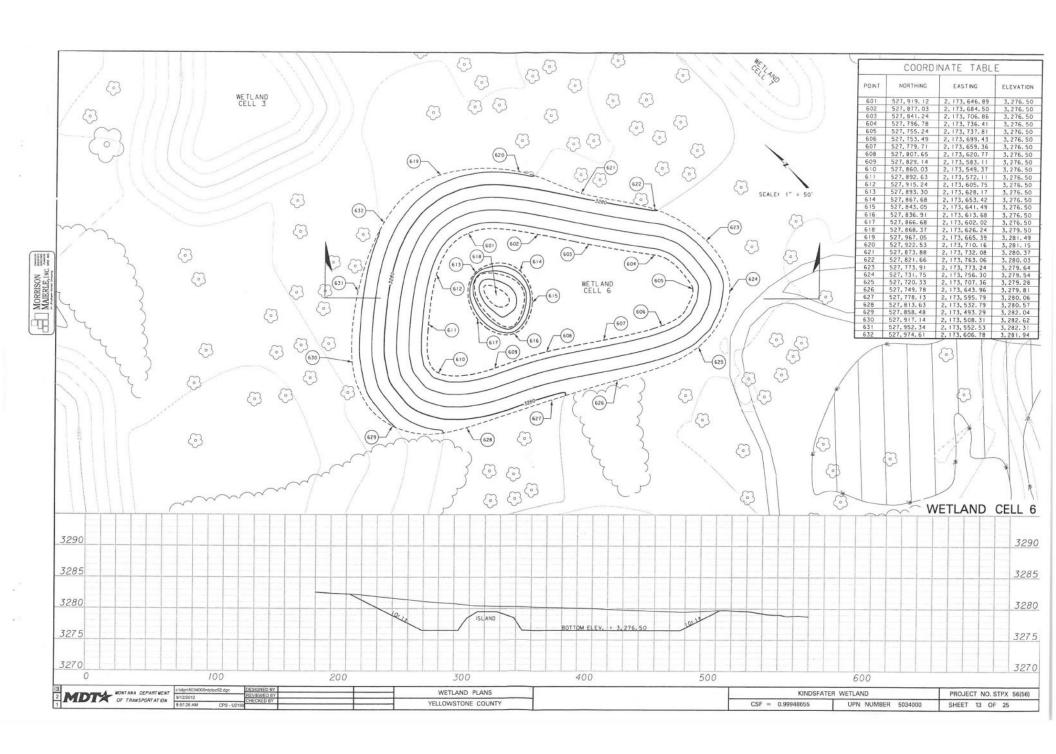


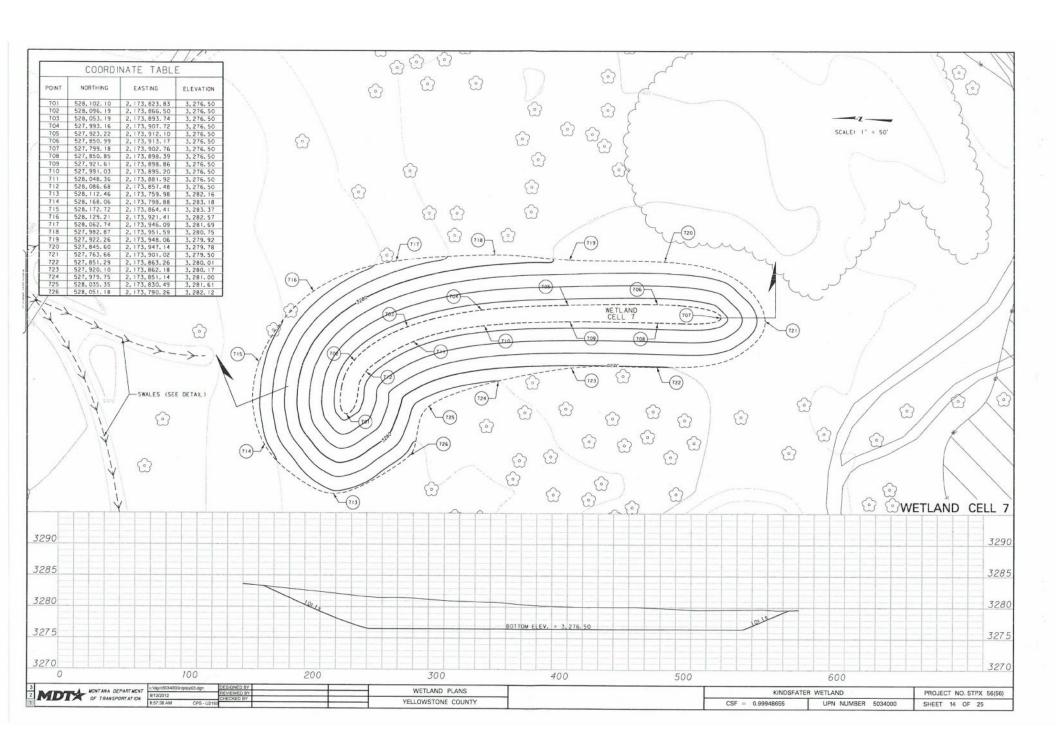


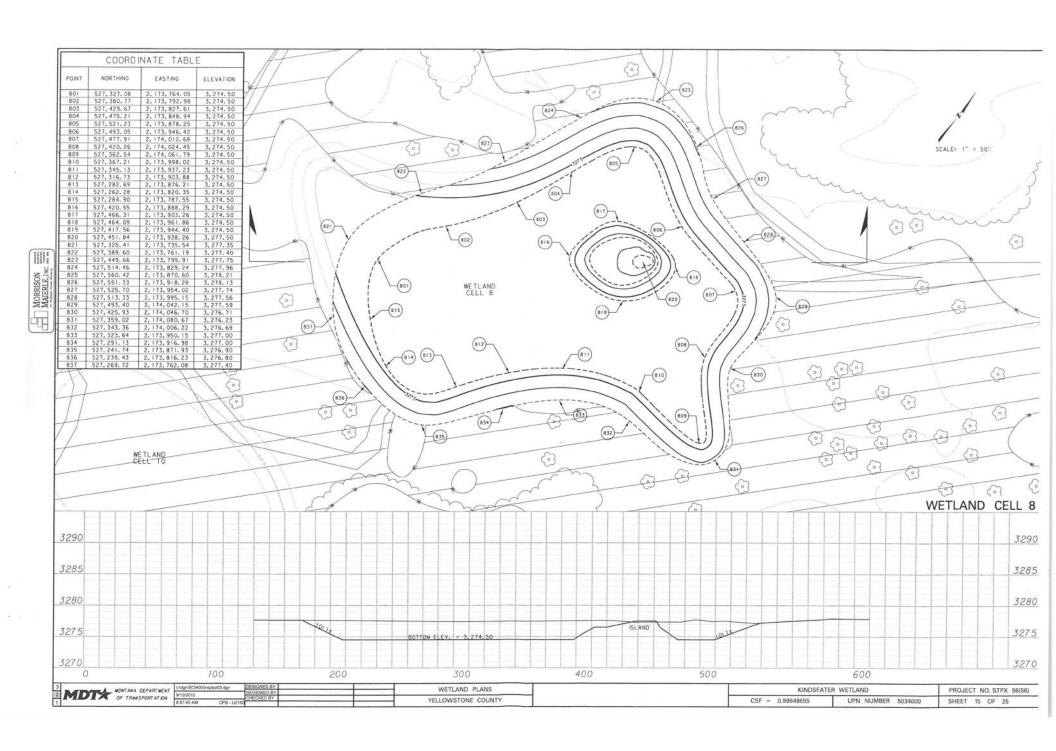


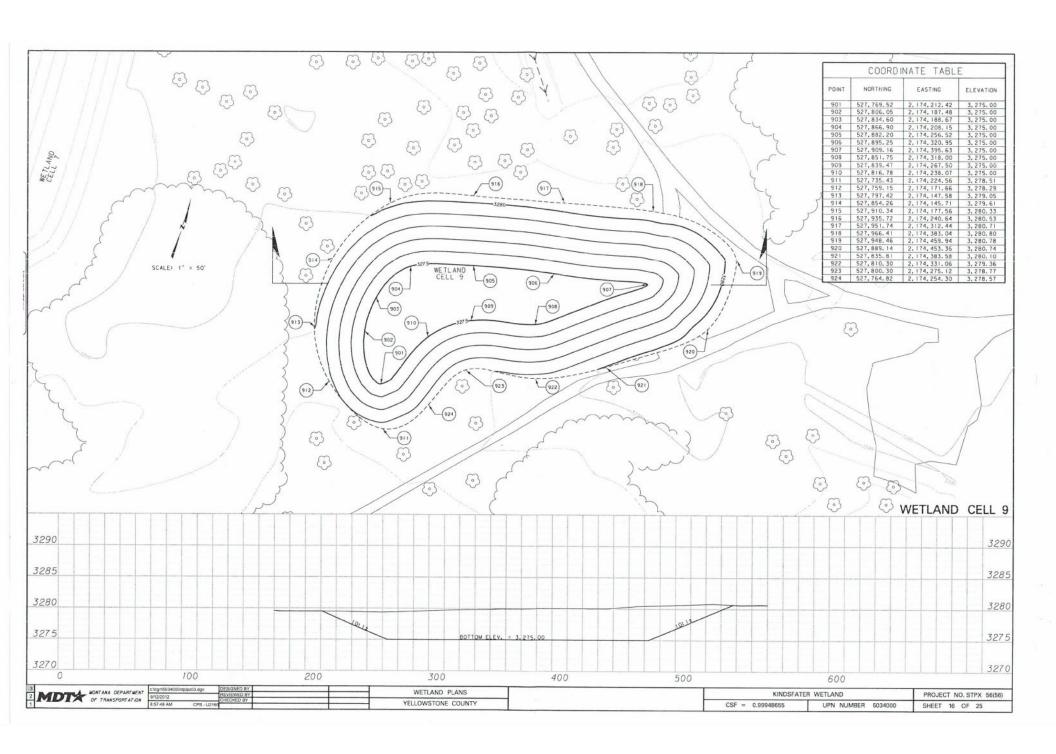


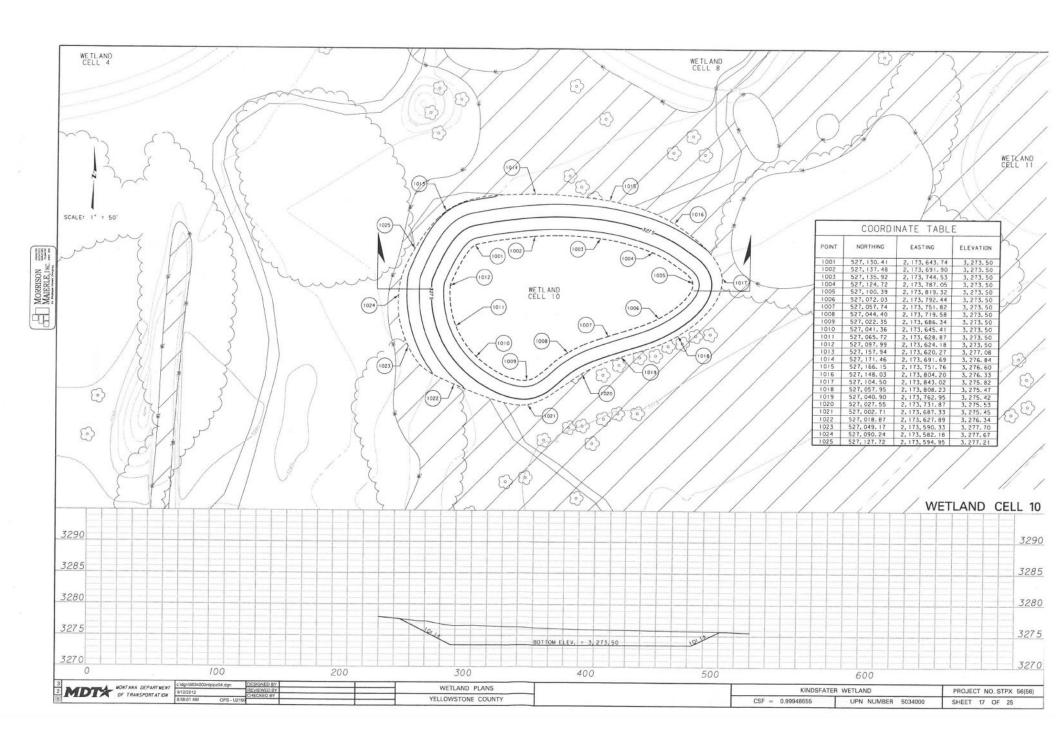


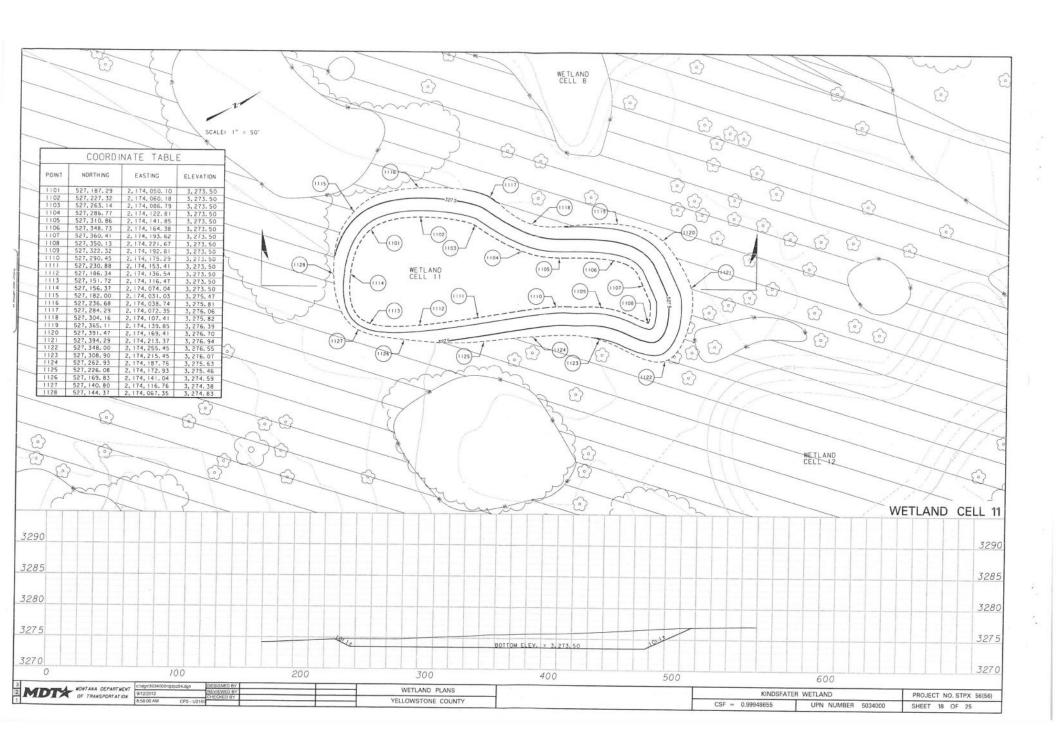


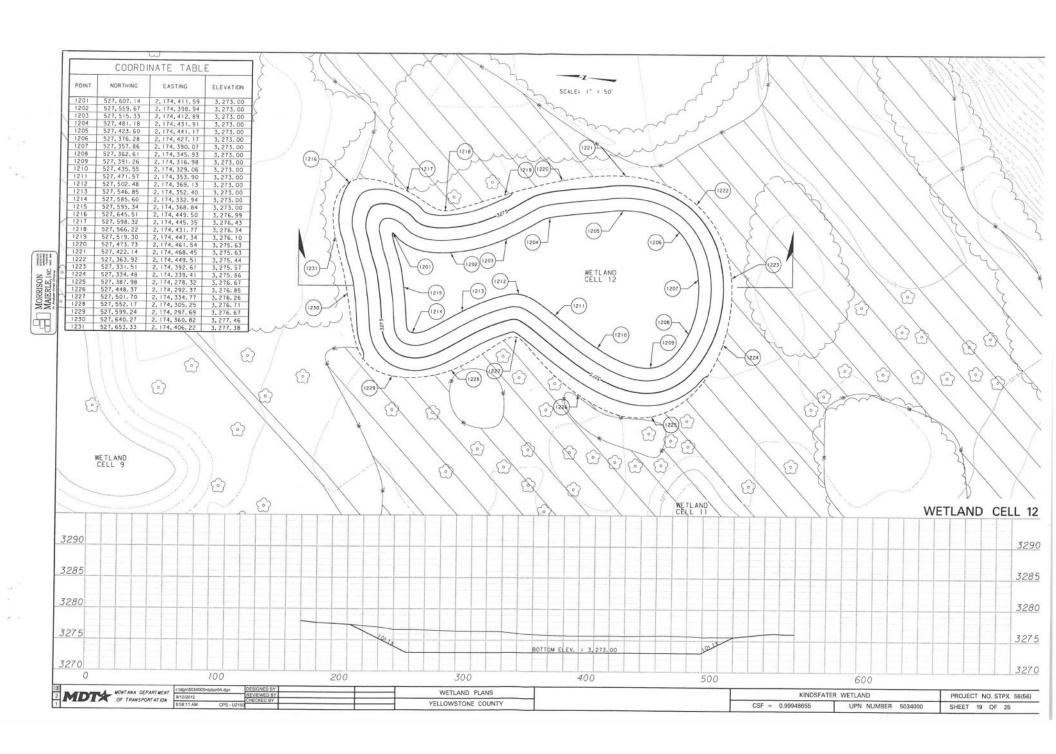


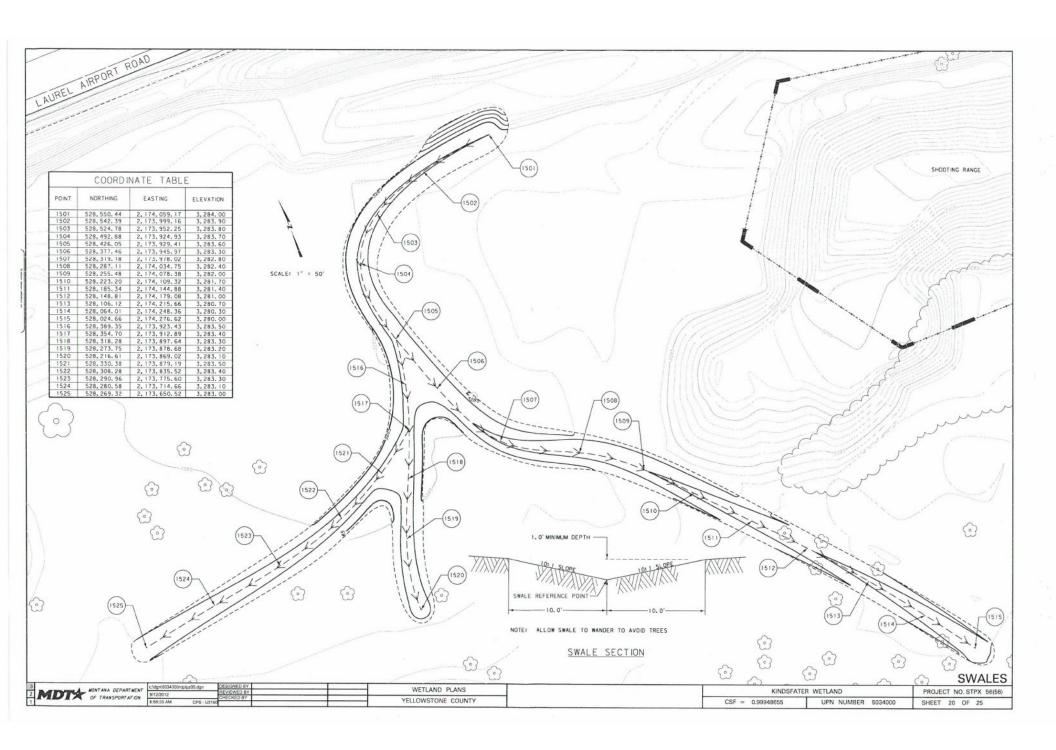








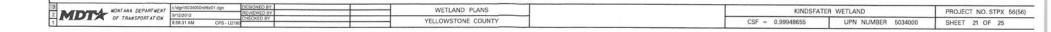




MORRISON MAIERLE, INC.

ADDITIVE ALTERNATE TABLE OF CONTENTS

NETLAND PLANS	SHEET NO.
TABLE OF CONTENTS	21
SUMMARY FRAMES	22
GRADING OVERVIEW	23
WETLAND CELL 13	24
WETLAND CELL 14	25



SUMMARY

			GRADI	NG
		cubic y	ards*	
STATION	UNCL. EXC.	UNCL. BORROW	EMB.	REMARKS
	297, 200			CRADING AREA
	5,665			METLAND CELL 13
	7,505			WETLAND CELL 14
TOTAL	310, 370			

^{*} QUANTITIES SHOWN ARE IN-PLACE, NO SHRINK/SWELL FACTORS HAVE BEEN APPLIED.

	CONSTRU	ICTION	SURVEY & LAYOUT
STAT	ION	lump	REMARKS
FROM	то		
		1.0	ADDITIVE ALTERNATE SURVEY
TOT	AL	1.0	

				REVEGET	ATION			
		ibic irds		acres		TREE & SHRUB PLANTING	REMARKS	
STATION	WETLAND SOIL SALVAGE	TOPSOIL SALVAGING	WETLAND	SEEDING	CONDITION			
		& PLACING	WETLAND	UPLAND				
						1.0	ADDITIVE ALTERNATE AREA	
		7,525	15.9		15.9		GRADING AREA	
			1.2		1.2		WETLAND CELL 13	
			1.6		1.6		WETLAND CELL 14	
TOTAL		7,525	18, 7		18, 7	1.0*		

* SEE SHEET 5.

							FE	NCING					
		linear feet			each			linear feet					
STATION	С	CHAIN LINK FENCE WILDLIFE FRIENDLY FENCE			CHAIN LINK PANEL WILDLIFE FRIENDLY FENCE PANEL			REMOVE CHAIN LINK G		INK GATE	FARM GATE	REMARKS	
	4'0"	5'0"	6'0"	(TYPE 1-FM)*	SINGLE	DOUBLE	SINGLE	DOUBLE	FENCE**	SINGLE DOUBLE		METAL TYPE G-3	
									498				
	-		-	991			2 2		1,064				EAST BOUNDARY
TOTAL				991			2	2	~		1000		

SMOOTH WIRE FOR INFORMATION ONLY

3		-0.4500E004000-4	DESIGNED BY					
MOTA	MDT OF TRANSPORTATION OF TRANSPORTATION 9/12/2012 GEORGE D BY CHECKED BY		WETLAND PLANS	KINDSFATER	WETLAND	PROJECT NO. STPX 56(56)		
1	OF TRANSPORTATION	8:58:38 AM CPS - U2160	CHECKED BY		YELLOWSTONE COUNTY	CSF = 0.99948655	UPN NUMBER 5034000	SHEET 22 OF 25
							0111 1101110E11 0001000	OTILLY EE OF ES

